

Practical Functional JavaScript

Oliver Steele
Ajax Experience
Wednesday, 1 October 2008

Teasers

- AJAX is all about waiting for someone*, and remembering what you were going to do when they got back to you.
- Functions : interactions :: objects : domains
- You didn't really want threads anyway. (Most of the time.)

* user, web server, other server, wall clock, plugin

About Me

| where? | what? | implementing | | using | |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | | graphics | languages | graphics | languages |
| Oblong Industries | Ruby bindings for "Minority Report"-style interfaces | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Entrepreneurial & Consulting | BrowseGoods StyleShare Faremap Webtop Calendar | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Laszlo Systems | OpenLaszlo | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Apple Advanced Technology Group | Dylan (programming language) | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Apple System Software | Skia (graphics library) | ✓ | | ✓ | |

About You

Raise your hand if you know*:

- Closures
- Ruby / Smalltalk
- XHR / AJAX
- An AJAX framework (Prototype / jQuery / ...)
- Threads

* none of these are required; this just helps me calibrate the talk

Agenda

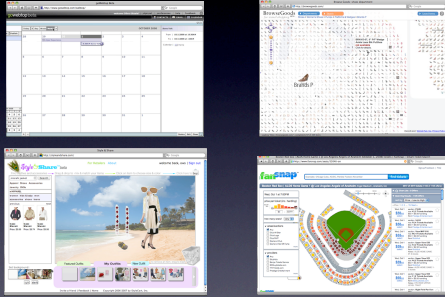
- Some Context
 - Case Studies
 - MVC on the Client
- Fundamentals
 - Perspectives on Function
 - Closures (review)
 - Making Functions
 - Decorating Functions
 - Some Idioms
- Callbacks
 - Threaded Callbacks
 - Registered Callbacks
 - Order & Serializing
 - Retries, Guards, Timeouts
- Q&A

Non-Agenda

- Comet, Bayeux, Gears
- Frameworks*
- Theory (this isn't your Monad or CPS fix)
- Security (standard practices apply)

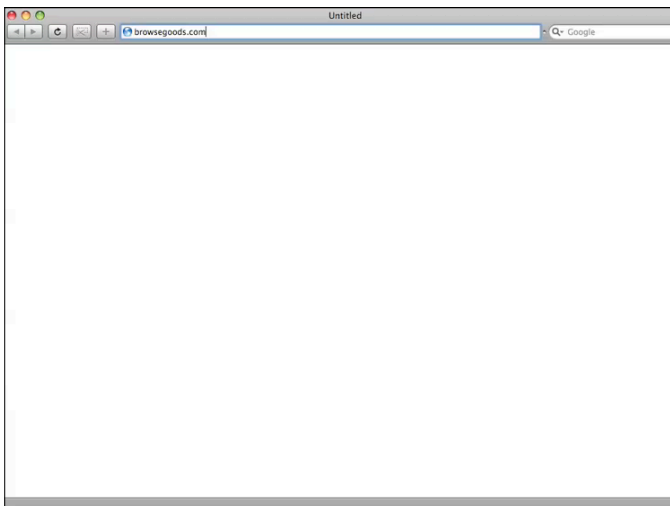
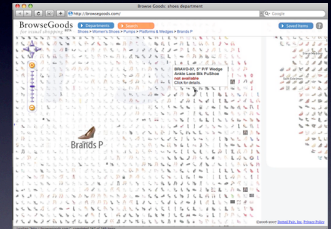
* This talk should help you understand their *implementation* and use, but doesn't explore their *APIs* in any depth

Case Studies



BrowseGoods

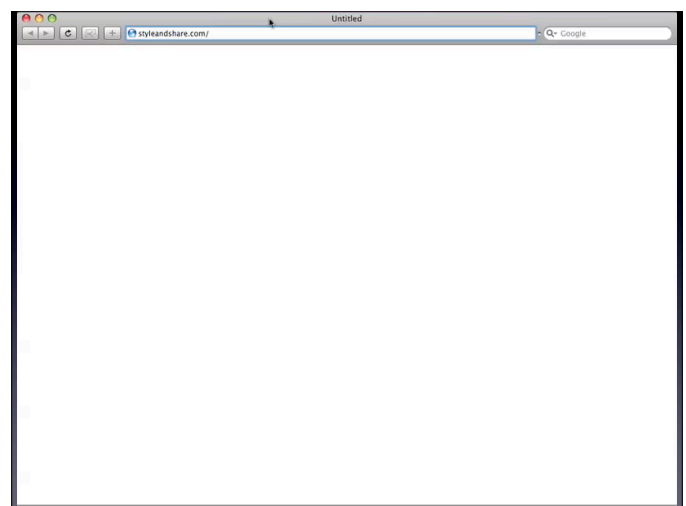
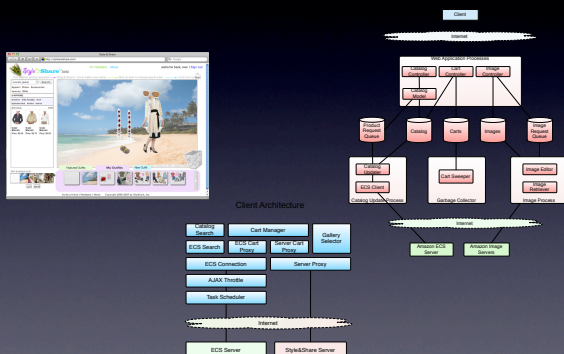
- Visually browse an Amazon department, graphically arranged
- Server: Ruby (layout, image processing, app server)
- Client: Prototype + Scriptaculous



BrowseGoods Capabilities

- Background prefetch of item maps
- Background fetch of saved items
- Operations on saved items are queued until initialization is complete

Style & Share

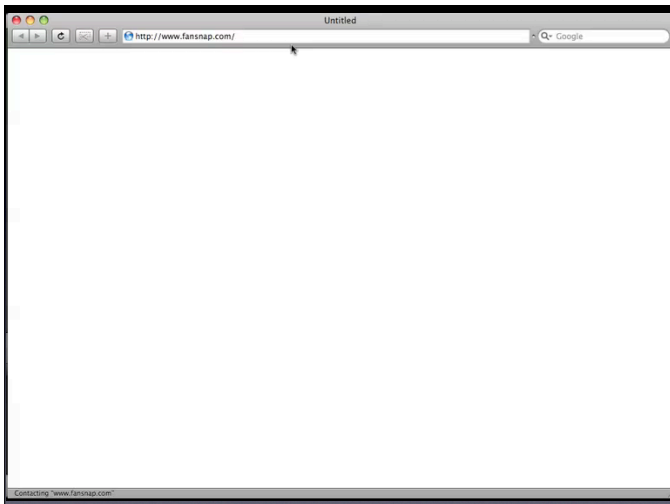
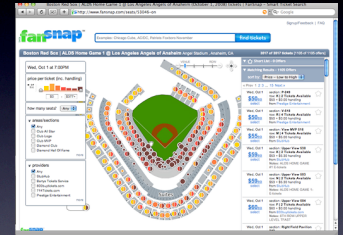


Style & Share Capabilities

- Retry with exponential backoff and failover
- Explicit queues to control serialization order
- Background prefetch for catalog items
- Multiple queues to prioritize user interaction

Fansnap

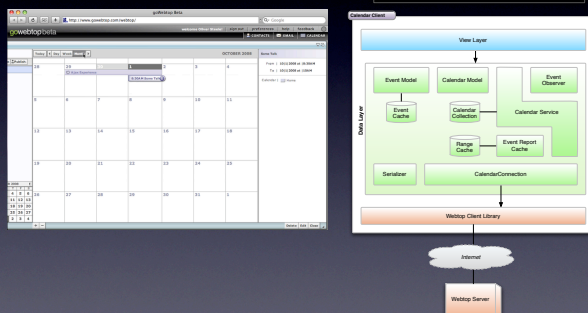
- Visualize available seats in a venue
- Seatmap is OpenLaszlo (compiled to Flash)
- Widgets are in jQuery



FanSnap Capabilities (Seatmap)

- Two-way asynchronous communication between the Flash plugin and the HTML
- Asynchronous communication between the Flash plugin and the server
- Again, initialization is particularly challenging

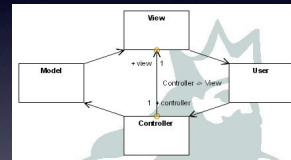
Webtop Calendar



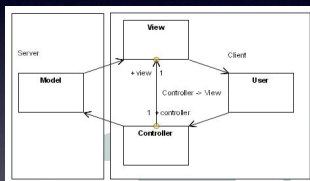
Webtop Calendar Capabilities (Data Model)

- Synchronizes local model with server model
- Local model is cache: some operations update it; others invalidate it
- Race conditions, where prefetch overlaps operations that invalidate the cache

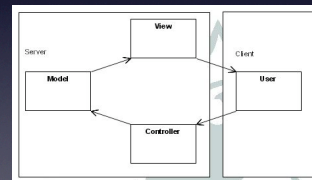
The Problem: Web MVC



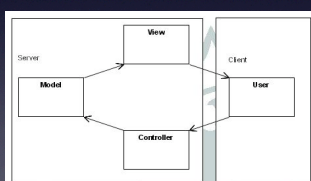
Waiting on the Server



Waiting on the User



Waiting on the Client



Function Fundamentals

What is a Function?

- Math: rule that maps inputs to outputs
- Computer science: abstracted computation with effects and outputs
- Software engineering: one of several units for documentation, testing, assertions, and analysis
- Source code: unit of source text with inputs and outputs
- Runtime: invocable parameterized behavior

Callbacks

```
function callback(x) {  
  log('received "' + x + '"');  
}  
  
function request() {  
  $.get('/request', callback);  
}  
  
request();
```

Results
21:35s → received "response"

Run

Making Functions

```
function makeConst1() {  
  return function() { return 1; };  
}  
  
function const1a() { return 1; }  
var const1b = function() { return 1; }  
var const1c = makeConst1();  
  
log(const1a());  
log(const1b());  
log(const1c());
```

Results
21:35s → 1
21:35s → 1
21:35s → 1
21:35s → 1

Closures

```
var get, set;  
function setAccessors() {  
  var x = 1;  
  get = function() { return x; }  
  set = function(y) { x = y; }  
}  
  
setAccessors();  
log(get());  
set(10);  
log(get());
```

Results
21:35s → 1
21:35s → 10

Closures

```
function makeAccessors() {  
  var x;  
  return {get: function() { return x; },  
         set: function(y) { x = y; } };  
}  
  
var gf1 = makeAccessors();  
var gf2 = makeAccessors();  
gf1.set(10);  
gf2.set(20);  
log(gf1.get());  
log(gf2.get());
```

Results
21:35s → 10
21:35s → 20

Idioms

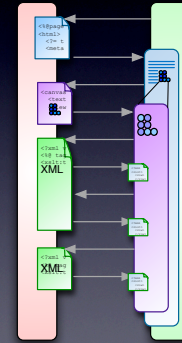
```
// 'this' and 'arguments' are special  
function f() {  
  logArguments(this, arguments);  
}  
  
f();  
f('a');  
f('a', 'b');
```

Results
21:35s → this = [object DOMWindow]
21:35s → arguments = []
21:35s → this = [object DOMWindow]
21:35s → arguments = [a]
21:35s → this = [object DOMWindow]
21:35s → arguments = [a, b]

Summary

- Functions are values
 - Functions can be arguments, return values, array elements, property values
 - Functions can be created and “modified”
- Argument lists can be saved, modified, and replayed

Case Study: Callbacks



Callback Scenarios

- Chained Callbacks
- Queues and Priority
- Throttling
- Caching
- Timeouts
- Retry and Fallback
- Conjunctive-Trigger Callbacks
- Conditional Callbacks
- Outdated Responses

Throttling

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
$.get('/services/time', log);
```

Results

```
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success  
21:35s → 21:35s success
```

Retry and Fallback

```
$.getWithRetry = function(url, k) {  
  var countdown = 10;  
  $.ajax({url:url, success:k, error:retry});  
  function retry() {  
    if (--countdown >= 0) {  
      log('retry');  
      $.ajax({url:url, success:k, error:retry});  
    }  
  }  
};  
$.getWithRetry('/services/error', log);
```

Results

```
21:35s → retry
```

Caching

```
var gRequestCache = {};  
$.cachedGet = function(url, k) {  
  if (url in gRequestCache)  
    k(gRequestCache[url], 'success');  
  else  
    $.get(url, adviseBefore(k, function() {  
      if (status == 'success')  
        gRequestCache[url] = true;  
    }));  
};  
$.cachedGet('/services/random', log);  
$.cachedGet('/services/random', log);  
$.cachedGet('/services/echo/1', log);  
$.cachedGet('/services/echo/2', log);  
setTimeout(function() {$.cachedGet('/services/random', 1
```

Results

```
21:35s → 1991311625 success  
21:35s → 998995759 success  
21:35s → 1 success  
21:35s → 2 success
```

Summary

- Functions-as-objects allow separation of concerns
- Factor *how*, *when*, and *whether* from *what*
- *Functions* are to *interaction patterns* as *objects* are to *domains*

Q&A

Thanks!

– Oliver Steele
<http://osteele.com>