Python for Deep. Learning Project Increment-2

Traffic Signs Recognition

Team 7 contribution:

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Done so far:

Increment -1

- 1. Preprocessed the Data,
- Resizing the images
- Scaling the data
- One hot encoding using to_categorial
- 2. Building our CNN Model using keras.
- 3. Plotted the loss and accuracy using history object.
- 4. Displayed a sample image from the test data set
- 5. Predicting the accuracy of our model with test labels data file

Increment -2

- 6. Modifying our CNN Model with different hyperparameters to improve the accuracy.
- 7. Implemented callback functions such as Early stopping in our model
- 8. Created a Desktop Application using Tkinter python library to upload the image and classify it.

Remaining Parts to be Done for Final Increment:

- Make sure to classify the images on real world images too, other than from the test data set.
- Creating a Web application using flask and will classify the images. If possible, will try to host the site so that it can be accessible to the public.

Challenges faced:

- Running the environment in local machine is quite hard with package dependency issues.
- Even with Google Co-Lab's gpu and tpu, to train the large dataset is tedious and time taking as it requires the Colab pro, so we preferred running it on Jupyter Notebook instead.
- Running more epochs again and again when changing the model features is such a drag.

Screenshots:

Importing the Libraries,

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
import cv2
from PIL import Image
import os
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPool2D, Dense, Flatten, Dropout
from keras.utils import to_categorical
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

Loading the data and resizing it,

```
data=[]
labels=[]
height = 30
width = 30
channels = 3
classes = 43
n_inputs = height * width * channels
for i in range(classes) :
    path = "/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/{0}/".format(i)
    print(path)
    Class=os.listdir(path)
    for a in Class:
        try:
            image=cv2.imread(path+a)
            image_from_array = Image.fromarray(image, 'RGB')
            size image = image from array.resize((height, width))
            data.append(np.array(size image))
            labels.append(i)
        except AttributeError:
            print(" ")
data=np.array(data)
labels=np.array(labels)
#Randomizing the order of the input images
s=np.arange(data.shape[0])
np.random.seed(43)
np.random.shuffle(s)
data=data[s]
labels=labels[s]
```

```
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/0/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/1/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/2/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/3/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/4/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/5/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/6/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/7/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/8/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/9/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/10/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/11/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/12/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/13/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/14/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/15/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/16/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/17/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/18/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/19/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/20/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/21/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/22/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/23/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/24/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/25/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/26/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/27/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/28/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/29/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/30/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/31/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/32/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/33/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/34/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/35/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/36/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/37/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/38/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/39/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/40/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/41/
/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Train/42/
```

Preprocessing the data,

- Splitting and scaling the data
- One hot encoding

```
#Preprocessing the Dataset
#Spliting the images into train and validation sets
(X_train,X_val)=data[(int)(0.2*len(labels)):],data[:(int)(0.2*len(labels))]
X_train = X_train.astype('float32')/255
X_val = X_val.astype('float32')/255
(y_train,y_val)=labels[(int)(0.2*len(labels)):],labels[:(int)(0.2*len(labels))]
#Using one hot encoding for the train and validation labels with to_categorial
y_train = to_categorical(y_train, 43)
y_val = to_categorical(y_val, 43)
```

Building the CNN Model and Compiling it,

For Increment 1:

```
#Building our CNN Model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), activation='tanh', input_shape=X_train.shape[1:]))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
model.add(Dense(43, activation='sigmoid'))
#Compilation of the model
model.compile(
    loss='categorical crossentropy',
    optimizer='adam',
   metrics=['accuracy']
```

Training the model with 10 epochs,

```
#Training the model
epochs = 10
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size=32, epochs=epochs,
validation_data=(X_val, y_val))
Train on 31368 samples, validate on 7841 samples
Epoch 1/10
al accuracy: 0.9589
Epoch 2/10
Epoch 3/10
al accuracy: 0.9898
Epoch 4/10
31368/31368 [====
     al_accuracy: 0.9908
31368/31368 [
      al_accuracy: 0.9922
Epoch 6/10
al_accuracy: 0.9939
Epoch 7/10
al_accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 8/10
al_accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 9/10
al accuracy: 0.9943
al_accuracy: 0.9943
```

For Increment 2:

Modified the CNN Model with different Hyperparameters,

Model 1

```
#Building our CNN Model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(X_train.shape[1:]), padding='same', activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu', kernel_constraint=maxnorm(3)))
model.add(Dropout(0.3))
model.add(Dense(43, activation='softmax'))
#Compilation of the model
epochs = 10
lrate = 0.001
decay = lrate/epochs
sgd = Adam(lr=lrate)
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=sgd, metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Training Model 1

```
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size=32, epochs=epochs,
validation_data=(X_val, y_val))
Train on 31368 samples, validate on 7841 samples
31368/31368 [=
      al_accuracy: 0.8445
al_accuracy: 0.8980
31368/31368 [
         al accuracy: 0.9449
Epoch 4/10
31368/31368 [
         al accuracy: 0.9517
Epoch 5/10
al_accuracy: 0.9699
Epoch 6/10
31368/31368 [==============] - 114s 4ms/step - loss: 0.5133 - accuracy: 0.8318 - val_loss: 0.1615 - v
al_accuracy: 0.9680
Epoch 7/10
al accuracy: 0.9762
Epoch 8/10
al accuracy: 0.9733
Epoch 9/10
31368/31368 [=============] - 114s 4ms/step - loss: 0.4359 - accuracy: 0.8578 - val loss: 0.1425 - v
al accuracy: 0.9778
Epoch 10/10
31368/31368 [
      al accuracy: 0.9770
```

The Accuracy is 86.5% and the Validation Accuracy is 97.7% for Model 1.

Model 2

```
#Definition of the DNN model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=(5,5), activation='relu', input shape=X train.shape[1:]))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
model.add(Dense(43, activation='softmax'))
#Compilation of the model
model.compile(
    loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    optimizer='adam'
    metrics=['accuracy']
```

Training Model 2

```
#Training the model
epochs = 10
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size=32, epochs=epochs,
validation_data=(X_val, y_val))
WARNING:tensorflow:From //anaconda/envs/pythonproject/lib/python3.6/site-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py
:422: The name tf.global variables is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.global variables instead.
Train on 31368 samples, validate on 7841 samples
Epoch 1/10
31368/31368 [======
           ========== ] - 139s 4ms/step - loss: 1.5208 - accuracy: 0.5640 - val_loss: 0.4277 - v
al_accuracy: 0.9329
Epoch 2/10
al accuracy: 0.9754
Epoch 3/10
31368/31368 [=
           =========] - 129s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2489 - accuracy: 0.9188 - val loss: 0.1218 - v
al_accuracy: 0.9816
Epoch 4/10
al accuracy: 0.9871
Epoch 5/10
al accuracy: 0.9916
Epoch 6/10
al accuracy: 0.9860
Epoch 7/10
31368/31368 [=
           al_accuracy: 0.9911
Epoch 8/10
31368/31368 [=
        al_accuracy: 0.9939
           31368/31368 [=
al accuracy: 0.9944
31368/31368 [=
         al_accuracy: 0.9950
```

Model 3

```
#Building our CNN Model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), activation='tanh', input_shape=X_train.shape[1:]))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='tanh'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='tanh'))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
model.add(Dense(43, activation='sigmoid'))
#Compilation of the model
model.compile(
    loss='categorical crossentropy',
    optimizer='adam',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)
```

Training Model 3

```
#Training the model
epochs = 10
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size=32, epochs=epochs,
validation_data=(X_val, y_val))
Train on 31368 samples, validate on 7841 samples
Epoch 1/10
1_accuracy: 0.9589
Epoch 2/10
31368/31368 [
                 ========] - 72s 2ms/step - loss: 0.2338 - accuracy: 0.9364 - val_loss: 0.0720 - va
1_accuracy: 0.9832
Epoch 3/10
31368/31368 [
        1 accuracy: 0.9898
Epoch 4/10
31368/31368 [
        1_accuracy: 0.9908
Epoch 5/10
31368/31368 [
        ================================ ] - 77s 2ms/step - loss: 0.0881 - accuracy: 0.9755 - val_loss: 0.0309 - va
1_accuracy: 0.9922
Epoch 6/10
        31368/31368 [
1_accuracy: 0.9939
Epoch 7/10
        =============================== ] - 80s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0722 - accuracy: 0.9794 - val_loss: 0.0273 - va
31368/31368 [
1_accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 8/10
31368/31368 [=============] - 89s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0709 - accuracy: 0.9790 - val loss: 0.0281 - va
1_accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 9/10
1 accuracy: 0.9943
Epoch 10/10
             31368/31368 [
1 accuracy: 0.9943
```

The Accuracy is 97.9% and the Validation Accuracy is 99.4% for Model 2.

Model 4

```
#Definition of the DNN model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(5,5), activation='relu', input_shape=X_train.shape[1:]))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(rate=0.5))
model.add(Dense(43, activation='softmax'))
#Compilation of the model
model.compile(
   loss='categorical_crossentropy',
   optimizer='adam',
   metrics=['accuracy']
```

Training Model 4

With Early Stopping as Callback Function

```
#using 20 epochs for the training and earlystopping
epochs = 20
monitor=EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', min_delta=le-3, patience=5, verbose=1, mode='auto',restore_best_weights=True)
history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, callbacks=[monitor], batch_size=32, epochs=epochs,
validation_data=(X_val, y_val))
```

When the model is trained with 20 Epochs, it is observed that Epoch 16 is the best Epoch and it stopped further and saved it the best accuracy to get.

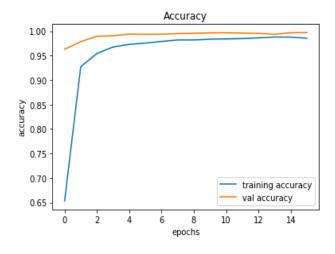
```
Epoch 12/20
al_accuracy: 0.9960
Epoch 13/20
al accuracy: 0.9955
Epoch 14/20
31368/31368 [===
            ============== ] - 104s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0391 - accuracy: 0.9881 - val loss: 0.0277 - v
al accuracy: 0.9935
Epoch 15/20
31368/31368 [=
             ========== ] - 101s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0404 - accuracy: 0.9879 - val loss: 0.0213 - v
al accuracy: 0.9968
Epoch 16/20
31368/31368 [===
            al accuracy: 0.9972
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch.
Epoch 00016: early stopping
```

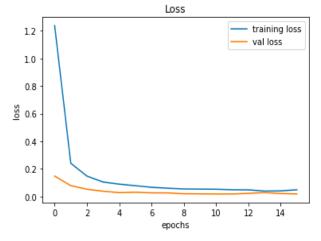
The Accuracy is 98.5% and the Validation Accuracy is 99.7% for Model 4.

After trying out different Hyperparameters and changing several combinations of layers and activation functions with different optimizers, we preferred **Model 4** as our best fit.

Plotting the Loss and Accuracy using the History Object,

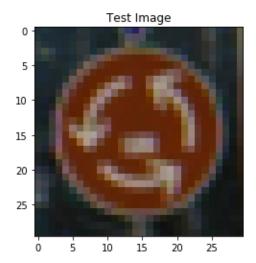
```
plt.figure(0)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='training accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='val accuracy')
plt.title('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epochs')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
plt.figure(1)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='training loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='val loss')
plt.title('Loss')
plt.xlabel('epochs')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





Displaying a Test Image,

```
plt.imshow(X_test[1123,:,:],cmap='gray')
plt.title('Test Image')
plt.show()
```



Predicting the model with Test data file and displaying the accuracy of the model,

```
#Predicting with the test data
y_test=pd.read_csv("/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Test.csv")
labels=y test['Path'].to numpy()
y_test=y_test['ClassId'].values
data=[]
for f in labels:
    image=cv2.imread('/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/data/Test/'+f.replace('Test/', ''))
    image_from_array = Image.fromarray(image, 'RGB')
   size_image = image_from_array.resize((height, width))
   data.append(np.array(size_image))
X_test=np.array(data)
X_test = X_test.astype('float32')/255
pred = model.predict_classes(X_test)
#Accuracy with the test data
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
accuracy_score(y_test, pred)
```

The Accuracy with the test data is 97.4%

0.9742676167854315

Saving the Model

model.save('/Users/avi/Documents/UMKC/PythonDL/project/model.h5')

Creating GUI (Desktop Application)

- Using Tkinter Python Library
- Loading the 'model.h5' binary file to the Python script to classify

