```
In [ ]:
                                                                                          H
 1 # file handling
 2 -a file is a named location to store relative information.python supports file handling
 3 to handles files i.e., to read and write files
    -a file is collection of data
    -compared to other programming languages handling the file is very easy in python.
 6
 7 ### steps in file handling
 8 -open a file.
    -doing the opearation.
 9
10 -close a file.
11
12 #### open function
13
    -we use open function in python to open a file in read or write mode.
    -open()will return a file object.
14
    -open function will accepts two arguments i.e., file name and the mode.
16
17
        syntax:open(filename, mode)
18
    #### There are kinds of modes to open a file
19
    -'r' for reading
20
   -'w' for writing
21
22 -'s' for appending
23 -r+'for both reading and writing.
   -Note :-by default the file will be be opened in 'r' mode.
In [7]:
 1 f=open('datafile/data.txt','r')
 2 fh=f.read()
 3 print(fh)
summer online python programming
apssdc
avinash
In [8]:
                                                                                          H
 1 f = open('datafile/data.txt')
 2 fh = f.read()
 3
   print(fh)
summer online python programming
```

apssdc avinash

```
In [12]:
 1
    with open('datafile/data.txt','r')as f:
        fh = f.read()
 2
        print(fh)
 3
        f.close()
 4
summer online python programming
apssdc
avinash
In [20]:
                                                                                            H
 1 | f= open('datafile/data.txt','r')
 2 fh = f.read(5)
 3 print(fh)
pytho
In [21]:
                                                                                            H
 1 f= open('datafile/data.txt','r')
 2 | fh = f.read(20)
 3 print(fh)
python programming
In [22]:
                                                                                            H
 1 | f= open('datafile/data.txt','w')
 2 | fh = f.write('python programming \n')
 3 print(fh)
20
In [24]:
                                                                                            H
 1 f= open('datafile/data.txt','a')
   fh = f.write(' summer online python programming \n')
In [25]:
 1 # readlines function
 2 | f= open('datafile/data.txt','r')
 3 fh = f.readlines()
 4 print(fh)
['python programming \n', ' summer online python programming \n', ' summer o
nline python programming \n']
```

```
In [44]:
 1 | f = open('datafile/data2.txt','rt')
 2 fh= f.read()
 3 words = fh.split()
 4 print(words)
 5 print('Number of words in text file :',len(words))
['python', 'programming', '12', '12.5', 'apssdc', 'located', 'at', 'vijiayaw
ada', '2008', 'summer', 'online', 'python', 'program', '123']
Number of words in text file : 14
In [41]:
                                                                                           M
 1
total words count is: 14
In [42]:
                                                                                           H
 1 | f = open('datafile/data2.txt','rt')
 2 fh= f.read()
 3 words = fh.split()
 4 print(words)
 5 print('Number of words in text file :',len(words))
['python', 'programming', '12', '12.5', 'apssdc', 'located', 'at', 'vijiayaw
ada', '2008', 'summer', 'online', 'python', 'program', '123']
Number of words in text file : 14
In [*]:
                                                                                           H
 1 f = open('data2.txt','r')
 2 data = f.read()
 3 l=data.split()
 4 print(words)
 5 | char=[]
 6
    a=[]
 7
    b=[]
    for data in 1:
 9
        if(data.isdigit()):
10
            a.append(data)
11
        elif(data.isalpha()):
            char.append(data)
12
13
        else:
            b.appened(data)
14
15
    print(a)
16 print(b)
    print(char)
In [ ]:
                                                                                           H
 1
```

In []:	H
1	
In []:	Н
1	