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MAVEN

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Why we use it :- So it is a Build tool or Manages dependencies. But the main thing is it is a Project Management tool. (Java)

Java Project Structure (Arinash Pandey)

- Source Code
- Test Code
- Project Structure (Artifact, Configuration, Runner)
- Dependencies / Library
- Configuration
- Task -> Runner -> build -> test -> Run
- Reporting

So this all process done by any Java project in this process we want to more manpower to reduce some their complexity we use maven.

Ant -> Maven -> Gradle

old version Current build & new version

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MAVEN →

(Arinal Redy)

Maven is an Automation and Project management tool developed by Apache Software foundation. It is based on (Pom) Project object Model: (Pom.xml)

→ Maven Can build any number of project into desired output such as *.jar, *.war, *.data.

→ Mostly used for java based project.

→ It was initially released on 13 July 2004.

→ Maven is written in java.

→ Maven "Accumulator of Knowledge."

→ Maven help in getting the right jar file for each project as their may be different version of separate packages.

→ To download dependencies it is no more needed to visit the official website of each software. It could now be easily done by visiting "mavenrepository.com"

Dependencies →

It refers to the Java libraries that are needed for the Project.

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Repositories →

Refers to the directories of packaged jar files.

Build tool →

C, C++	make file
.Net	Visual Studio
Java	Ant, Maven, gradle

Problems without Maven

1. Adding set of jars in each Project :-

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Case of struts, spring we need to add jar file in each project it must include all the dependencies of jar also.

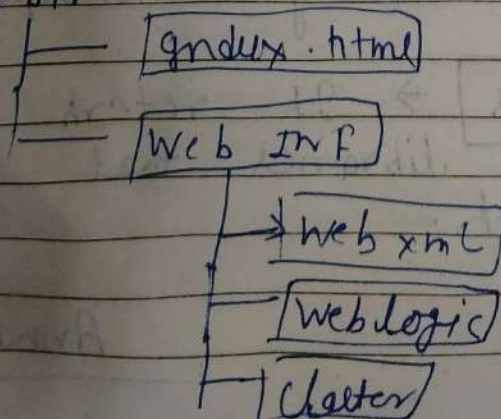
2. Creating the right project structure :-

we

must create the right project structure in Servlet, struts etc, otherwise it will not be executed.

for eg → .war file layout.

new jar



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3 Building and deploying the project:-

We must have to build and deploy the project so that it may work.

What MAVEN Does ?

- 1 It make project easy to build.
- 2 It Provide Project Information
(for ex- log document, cross Reference source mailing list, dependency list, unit test.)
- 3 Easy to add new dependencies
Therefore, Apache maven help to Manages.
 - i Build
 - ii Dependencies
 - iii Reports
 - iv Releases
 - v Distribution

What is build tool ?

A build tool take care everything for Building a project. It does following.

- Create Source Code
 - Create documentation from source code
 - Install the package code in local repo server repo or Central Repository
 - Compile source code.
 - Point Refers to the XML file that have all the information regarding project and configuration details.
- Main configuration file is pom.xml

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→ It has the description of the project, details regarding the versioning and Configuration management of the project

→ The xml file is in the project home directory.

pom xml Contains

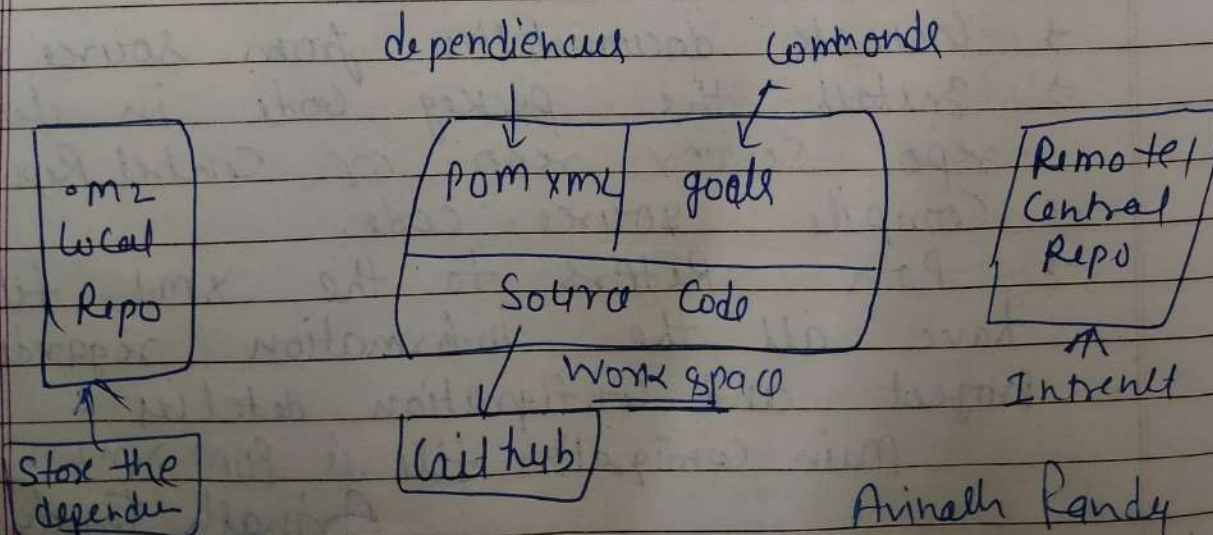
- ⇒ Metadata
- dependencies
- King of project
- Kind of output (Jar, War)
- Description

One project → One workspace → one pom.xml
Requirement for Build

- Source code (Present in workspace)
- Compiler (Remote repo → local repo → workspace)
- Dependencies (Remote repo → local repo → workspace)

Architecture of MAVEN

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Local Repo \Rightarrow It refers to the machine of the developers where all the project material is saved.

Remote Repo :-

It refers to the repository present in the webserver which is used when maven needs to download dependencies. This Repo same as a Central Repo. Whenever anything is needed from remote repo it is first downloaded to the local repo and then it is used.

Central Repository :-

It refers to the Maven Community that comes into action when there is need of dependencies and these dependencies cannot be found in the local Repo.

MAVEN Life - Cycle

- 1 Generate Resources (Dependencies)
- 2 Compile Code (Source Code to Machine Code)
- 3 Unit test
- 4 (Build) Package (Jar file war file)
- 5 Install (into local repo & artifactory)
- 6 Deploy (to Server)

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7 clean (delete all runtime files)

Eg- mvn install

mvn clean package

1 to 6 Default & Sequence

7 → Not Default & It won't allow Sequence.

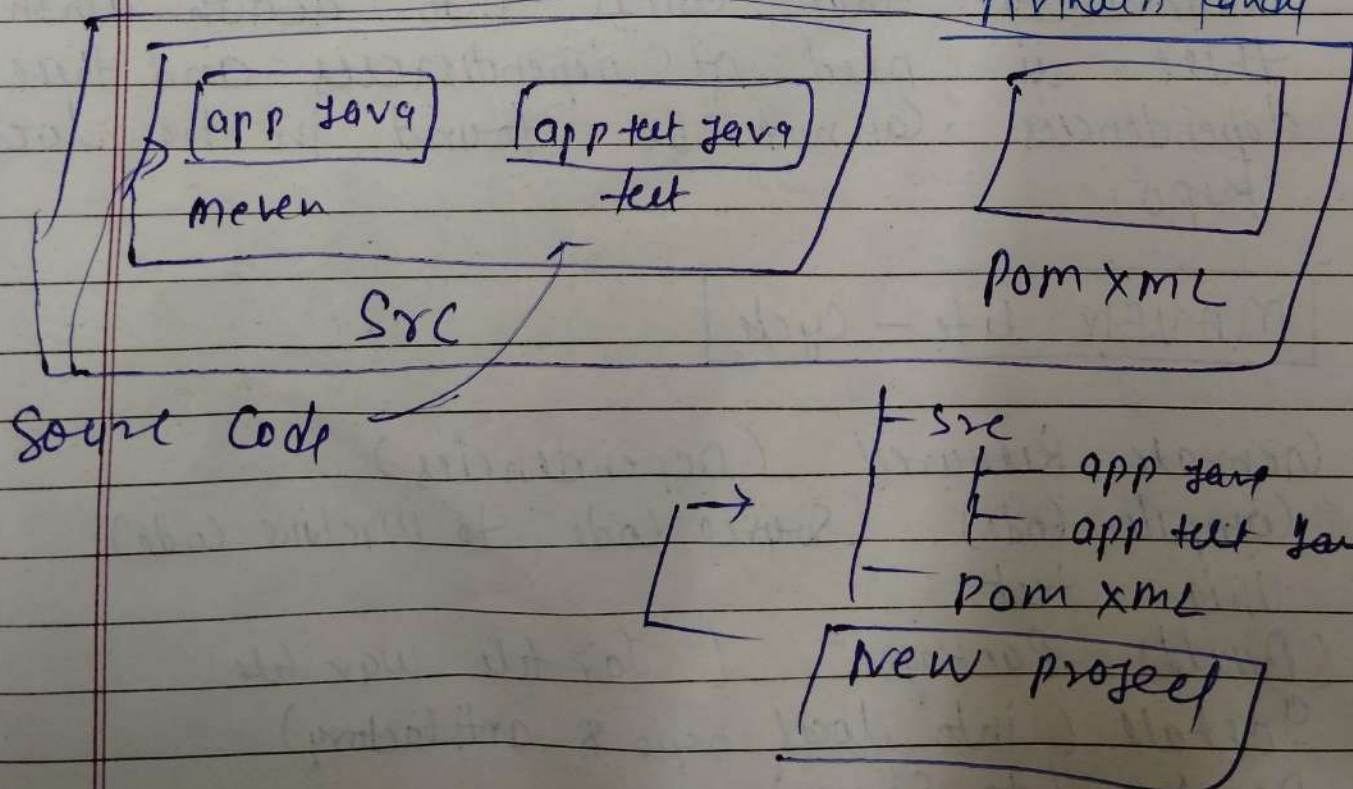
Build Life-cycle consist of a sequence of build phases and each build consist of a sequence of goals.

Each goal is responsible for a particular task

When phase is run all the goals related to that phase and its plug-ins are also completed

Directory Structure

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Ans

MAVEN

It does not has formal Conventions. So we need to provide information of the project structure in Build xml file

It has a convention to place source code, compiled code etc. So we don't need to provide to information about the project structures in pom.xml file.

It is procedural, we need to provide info about what to do and when to do though Code.

It is declarative, everything you define in the pom.xml file

There is no life-cycle

There is a life-cycle

It is a tool box

It is a framework

It is mainly a build tool

It is mainly Project Management tool

It is less preferred than maven

It is more preferred

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