



#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

- HELP International is an international humanitarian NGO that is committed to fighting poverty and
  providing the people of backward countries with basic amenities and relief during the time of
  disasters and natural calamities. It runs a lot of operational projects from time to time along with
  advocacy drives to raise awareness as well as for funding purposes.
- After the recent funding programmes, they have been able to raise around \$ 10 million. Now the CEO of the NGO needs to decide how to use this money strategically and effectively. The significant issues that come while making this decision are mostly related to choosing the countries that are in the direst need of aid.
- This is where i come in as a data analyst. My job is to categorise the countries using some socioeconomic and health factors that determine the overall development of the country. Then I need to suggest the countries which the CEO needs to focus on the most



### DATA AND LIBRARIES USED

#### **DATA USED:**

### 'Country\_data.csv' which contains the following info

Column Name	Description
country	Name of the country
child_mort	Death of children under 5 years of age per 1000 live births
exports	Exports of goods and services. Given as %age of the Total GDP
health	Total health spending as %age of Total GDP
imports	Imports of goods and services. Given as %age of the Total GDP
Income	Net income per person
Inflation	The measurement of the annual growth rate of the Total GDP
life_expec	The average number of years a new born child would live if the current mortality patterns are to remain the same
total_fer	The number of children that would be born to each woman if the current age-fertility rates remain the same.
gdpp	The GDP per capita. Calculated as the Total GDP divided by the total population.

# This project was entirely executed on python

#### Libraries Used:

- a) Numpy
- b) Pandas
- c) Scipy
- d) Sklearn
- e) Pyclustertend
- f) Copy



### The process

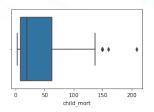
- Outlier Analysis and Treatment
- Dimensionality Reduction (PCA)
- K- means clustering
- Hierarchical clustering
- K-means vs Hierarchical clustering
- Cluster Analysis and Cluster validation
- REPORTING TOP 6 COUNTRIES IN DIRE NEED OF FINANCIAL AID

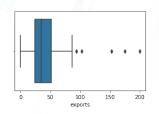


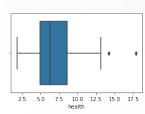


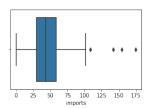
### **Outlier analysis**

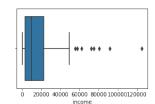
#### Spread of the features related to Help NGO

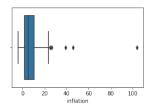


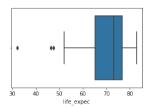


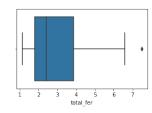


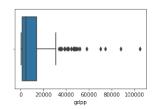












#### Countries removed after outlier analysis

```
'Australia',
                          Bahamas
'Austria',
'Bahrain',
                    Czech Republic
'Belgium',
'Brunei',
                            Greece
'Canada',
'Cyprus',
                             Israel
'Denmark',
'Equatorial Guinea
                             Malta
'Finland',
'France',
                          Portugal
'Germany',
'Iceland',
                          Slovenia
'Ireland',
'Italy',
'Japan',
```

'Kuwait', 'Luxembourg' 'Netherlands', 'New Zealand', 'Norway', 'Oman', 'Qatar', 'Saudi Arabia', 'Singapore', 'South Korea', 'Spain', 'Sweden', 'Switzerland', 'United Arab Emirates' 'United Kingdom', 'United States'}

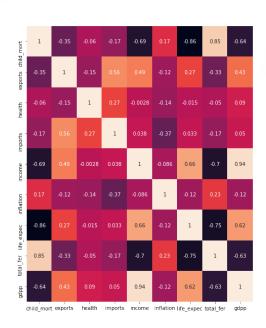
We can verify subjectively that all these countries are Developed Economies





# CO-REALTION BETWEEN FEATURES BEFORE PCA

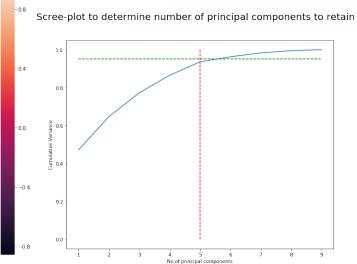
Co-relation matrix of features in HELP NGO

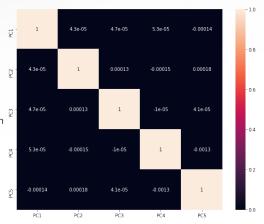


### Dimensionality Reduction (Pca)

Heatmap showing un co-related principal components after dimensionality reduction

CHOOSING 5 PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS CAPTURING ABOUT 95% OF VARIANCE





HEATMAP SHOWING ZERO CO-RELATION BETWEEN PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS

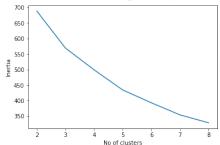




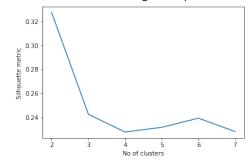
#### HOPKINS STATISTIC

my\_hopkins(pca\_df)
0.7660381292670496

#### Elbow-curve method for finding the optimal k for k-means

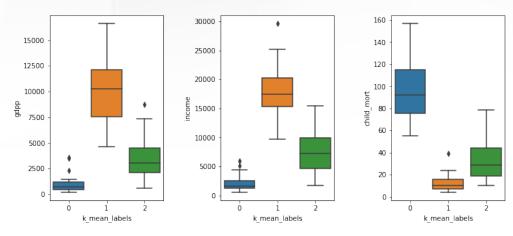


#### Silhouette method for finding the optimal k for k-means

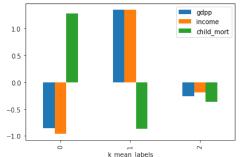


### **K-Means Clustering**

Boxplots to check inter cluster heteroscedasticity and intra cluster homoscedasticity using K means clustering



Mean of gdpp,income and child mortality across various cluster labels for K Means

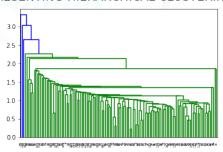


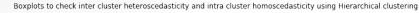


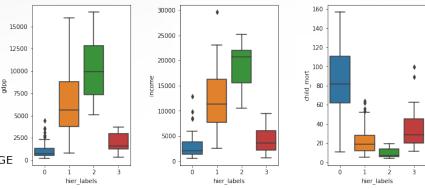


## **Hierarchical Clustering**

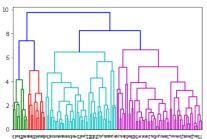
#### DENDROGRAM FOR REPRESENTING HIERARCHICAL CLUSTERING USING SINGLE LINKAGE



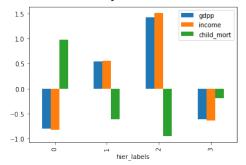




DENDROGRAM FOR REPRESENTING HIERARCHICAL CLUSTERING USING COMPLETE LINKAGE



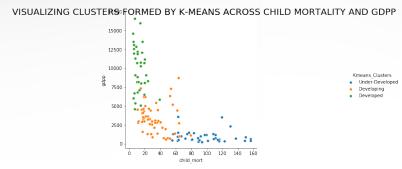
Mean of gdpp,income and child mortality across various cluster labels for Hierarchical



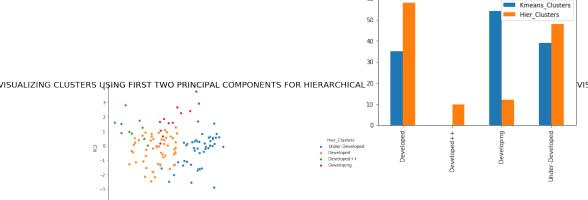


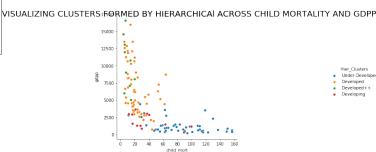
# K-means vs Hierarchical clustering, Cluster Analysis



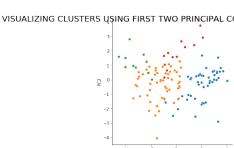


#### NO OF COUNTRIES UNDER EACH CLUSTER FOR KMEANS AND HIERARCHICAL





Hier Clusters







# REPORTING OF COUNTRIES

The countries in dire need of aid are:

- 1) Central African Republic
- 2) Congo
- 3) Guinea-Bissau
- 4) Niger
- 5) Sierra Leone

country	child_mort	exports	health	imports	income	inflation	life_expec	total_fer	gdpp
Central African Republic	149.0	11.8	3.98	26.5	888	2.01	47.5	5.21	446
Congo, Dem. Rep.	116.0	41.1	7.91	49.6	609	20.80	57.5	6.54	334
Guinea-Bissau	114.0	14.9	8.50	35.2	1390	2.97	55.6	5.05	547
Niger	123.0	22.2	5.16	49.1	814	2.55	58.8	7.49	348
Sierra Leone	156.6	16.8	13.10	34.5	1220	17.20	55.0	5.20	399