

## 2. b) Code for the specific modules

In [92]:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

%matplotlib inline
```

In [93]:

```
W = np.array([0., 0., 0.])

W_true = np.array([5, 12, 0.07]) # Ground truth:  $y = 5 + 12x_1 + 0.07x_2$ 

m = 1000
limit = 700

# instead of generating random numbers and normalising start with normalised data
X_train = np.array([np.ones(limit), np.random.randn(limit,), np.random.randn(limit,)], dtype=float)
X_test = np.array([np.ones(m-limit), np.random.randn(m-limit,), np.random.randn(m-limit,)], dtype=float)

Y_train = np.matmul(W_true, X_train)
Y_test = np.matmul(W_true, X_test)
```

In [68]:

```
def plot_error(error):
    plt.plot(range(len(error)), error, color="red")
    plt.title("error vs iteration")
    plt.show()
```

In [69]:

```
def SGD(w, learning_rate, momentum = 0, epochs=1):

    dw = np.zeros(len(w))
    error = []
    sum_dL = np.zeros(len(w))

    for epoch in range(epochs):
        for i in range(limit):
            Y_ = np.matmul(W, X_train)
            mse = np.mean((Y_train - Y_)**2)
            error.append(mse)
            dL_dw = np.array([ 2*(Y_train[i] - Y_[i])*x_j[i] for x_j in X_train])

            # update term
            dw = learning_rate*dL_dw + momentum*dw
            w += dw

        plot_error(error)
    return w, error
```

In [88]:

```
def Adagrad(w, learning_rate, epochs=1):

    dw = np.zeros(len(w))
    error = []
    sum_dL = np.zeros(len(w))

    for epoch in range(epochs):
        for i in range(limit):
            Y_ = np.matmul(w,X_train)
            mse = np.mean((Y_train-Y_)**2)
            error.append(mse)
            dL_dw = np.array([ 2*(Y_train[i] - Y_[i])*x_j[i] for x_j in X_train])

            # update term
            sum_dL += dL_dw**2
            dw = learning_rate*dL_dw*(sum_dL**-0.5)
            w += dw

    plot_error(error)
    return w, error
```

In [89]:

```
def RMSprop(w, learning_rate, epochs=1):

    dw = np.zeros(len(w))
    error = []
    sum_dL = np.zeros(len(w))

    for epoch in range(epochs):
        for i in range(limit):
            Y_ = np.matmul(w,X_train)
            mse = np.mean((Y_train-Y_)**2)
            error.append(mse)
            dL_dw = np.array([ 2*(Y_train[i] - Y_[i])*x_j[i] for x_j in X_train])

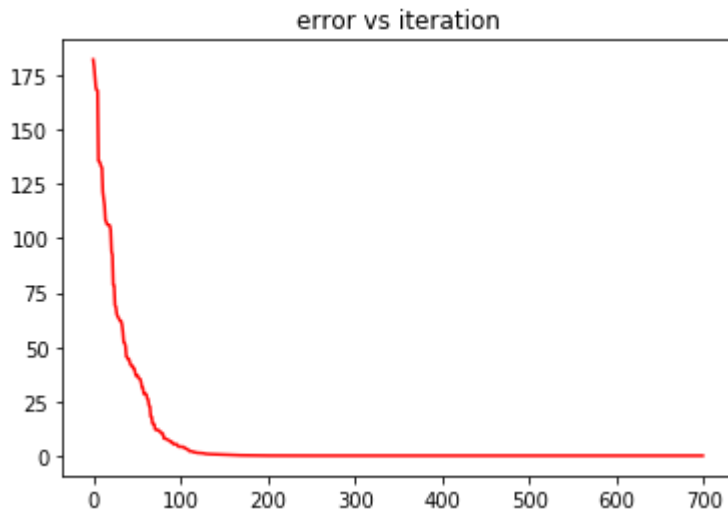
            # update term
            sum_dL = 0.9*sum_dL + 0.1*dL_dw**2
            dw = learning_rate*dL_dw*(sum_dL**-0.5)
            w += dw

    plot_error(error)
    return w, error
```

## 2. c) Plot for convergence of the loss function with number of iterations

In [55]:

```
w_sgd_plain, error_sgd_plain = SGD(W,0.01)
```



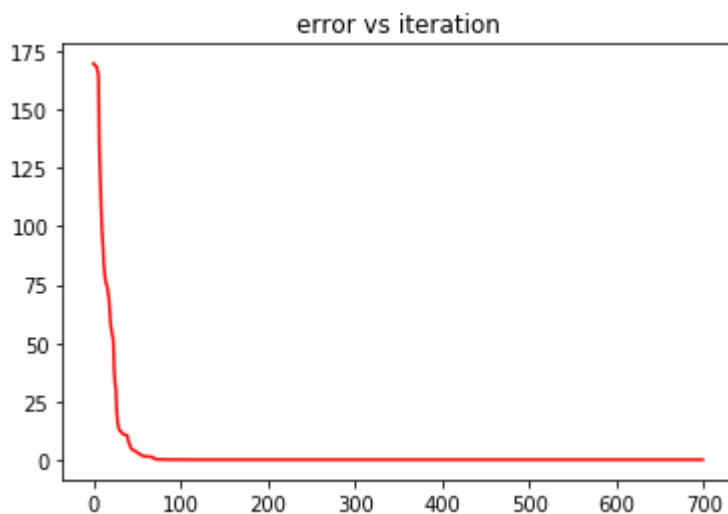
In [57]:

```
Y_ = np.matmul(w_sgd_plain,X_test)
mse = np.mean((Y_test-Y_)**2)
print("test_error : "+str(mse))
```

```
test_error : 8.2359623006e-12
```

In [60]:

```
w_sgd, error_sgd = SGD(W,0.01,0.5)
```



In [61]:

```
Y_ = np.matmul(w_sgd,X_test)
mse = np.mean((Y_test-Y_)**2)
print("test_error : "+str(mse))
```

```
test_error : 6.31907302521e-25
```