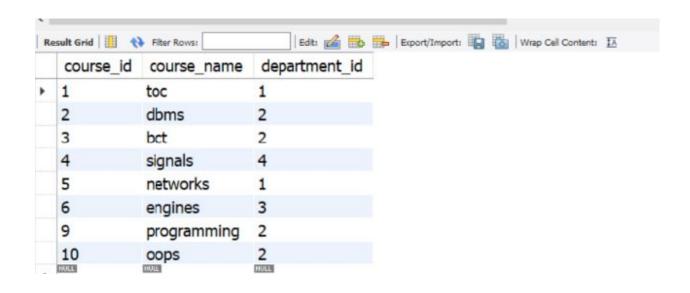
DBMS-LAB Assig5 - JOINS

Present database:

A database in assignment 4 is created with the names student, faculty, courses, library, department. Which gives the information regarding students who has taken a particular course in respective department.

facaulty_id	facaulty_name	facaulty_salary	course_id
1	akki	6000	5
2	uma	8000	2
3	supriya	6000	2
4	yayati	9000	1
5	sunil	7000	3
6	jagadeesh	6500	4
7	pooja	4000	5
8	ashwath	5500	6
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 akki 2 uma 3 supriya 4 yayati 5 sunil 6 jagadeesh 7 pooja 8 ashwath	1 akki 6000 2 uma 8000 3 supriya 6000 4 yayati 9000 5 sunil 7000 6 jagadeesh 6500 7 pooja 4000 8 ashwath 5500

	student_id	student_name	student_birthyear	student_age
١	1	lokesh	2001	19
	2	naval	2000	20
	3	avinash	2000	20
	4	geetha krishna	1999	21
	5	aditya	2001	19
	6	pranav	2000	20
	HULL	HALL	HULL	HULL



	book_id	book_name	department_id	student_id
٠	1	tcomputation	1	1
	2	control signals	2	3
	3	database	1	2
	4	computer networks	2	1
	5	engine function	3	2
	HOLL	HULL	NULL	HULL

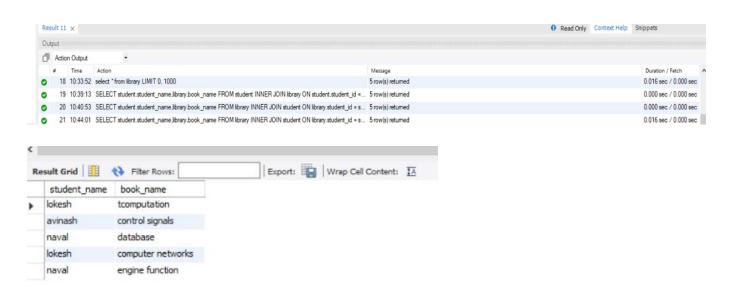
	department_id	department_name
١	1	cse
	2	ece
	3	mech
	4	eee
	5	civil
	HULL	HULL

1. INNER JOIN - 3 queries

Finding the students who have taken books from the library using join.

Query:

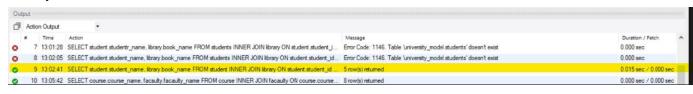
```
1  USE university_model;
2  show tables;
3  select * from library;
4  SELECT student.student_name,library.book_name
5  FROM library
6  INNER JOIN student
7  ON library.student_id = student.student_id;
```

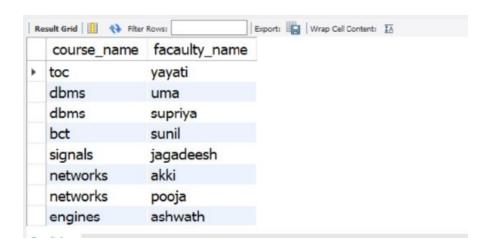


Finding the faculty who are teaching for certain subjects including labs in all departments using join.

Query:

```
Query 1 assign4 assign
```



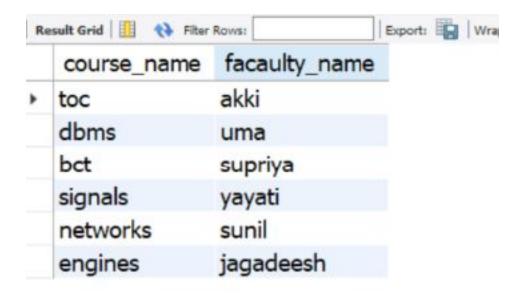


Finding the faculty who are teaching for certain subjects excluding labs in all departments using join.

Query:

```
SELECT course.course_name,facaulty.facaulty_name
FROM course
INNER JOIN facaulty
ON course.course_id = facaulty.facaulty_id;
```

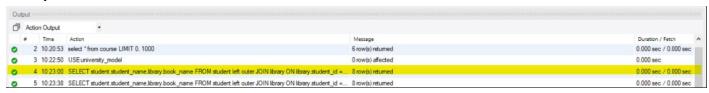


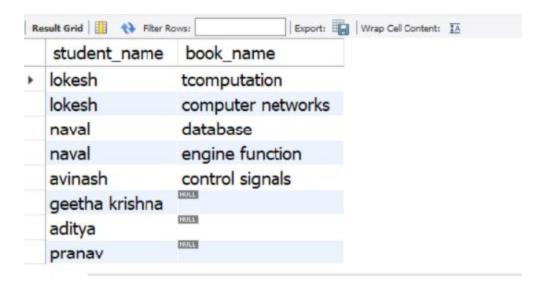


2. LEFT OUTER JOIN - 3 Queries

Finding the students who have taken books from the library and who have not taken using left outer join.

Query:

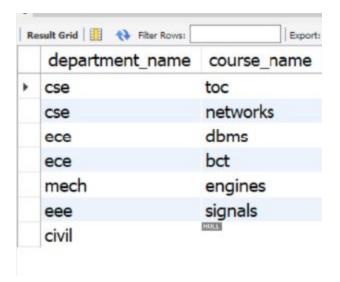




Finding the courses of each department whether the department has course or not using left outer join

Query:



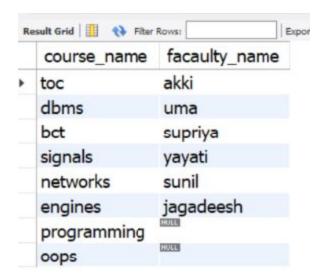


Finding the faculty of each course whether the course has faculty or not using left outer join

Query:

```
• SELECT course.course_name, facaulty.facaulty_name
FROM course
left outer JOIN facaulty
ON course.course_id = facaulty.facaulty_id;
```



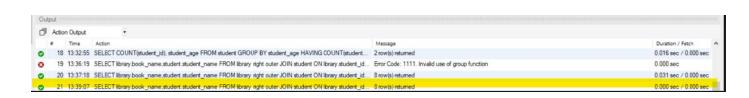


3. RIGHT OUTER JOINS - 3 QUERIES

Finding the students who have taken books from the library and who have not taken using the right outer join.

Query:

```
SELECT library.book_name,student.student_name
FROM library
right outer JOIN student
ON library.student_id = student.student_id;
```



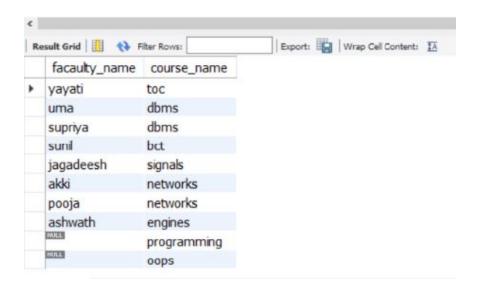
A	
tcomputation	lokesh
computer networks	lokesh
database	naval
engine function	naval
control signals	avinash
HULL	geetha krishna
MULL	aditya
MULL	pranav
	computer networks database engine function control signals

Finding the faculty of each course whether the course has faculty or not using right outer join

Query:

```
3 · select * from facaulty;
4 · SELECT facaulty.facaulty_name,course.course_name
5 FROM facaulty
6 right outer JOIN course
7 ON facaulty.course_id = course.course_id;
```



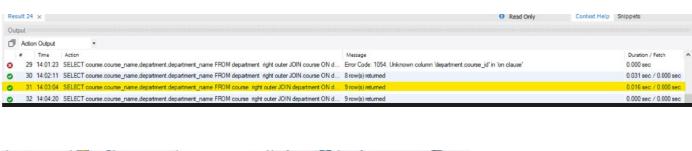


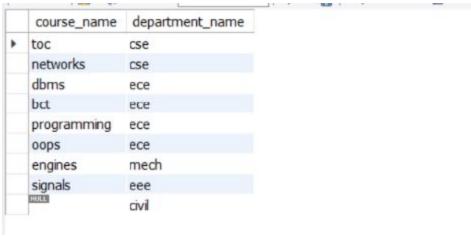
Finding the courses of each department whether the department has course or not using right outer join

Query:

```
4 • SELECT course.course_name,department.department_name
FROM course
right outer JOIN department
ON department.department_id = course.department_id;

8
```



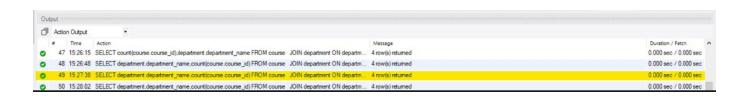


4. Make use of different types of operators and clauses within all the queries.

Finding each department has how many courses using join and with operator "group by".

Query:

```
SELECT department.department_name,count(course.course_id)
FROM course
JOIN department
ON department.department_id = course.department_id
group by course.department_id;
```





Finding the books taken from the library by students having >1 and <3 using join and with the "and" operator

Query:

```
SELECT student.student_name,count(library.student_id)

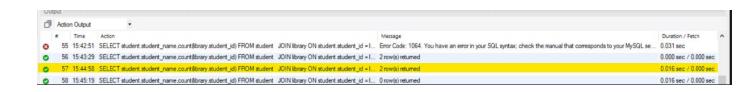
FROM student

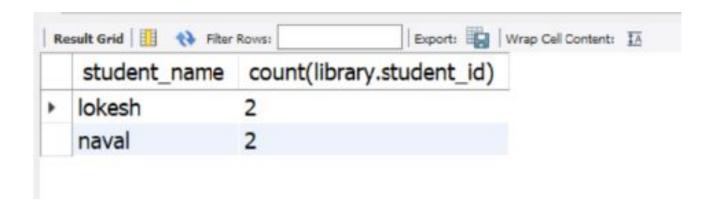
JOIN library

ON student.student_id = library.student_id

group by student.student_id

having count(library.student_id)>1 and count(library.student_id)<3;
```





Finding the no of faculty members for specific courses like having course id >1 and <3 using join and "or" operator.

Query:

```
SELECT course.course_name,count(facaulty.course_id)

FROM facaulty

JOIN course

ON facaulty.course_id = course.course_id

group by course.course_id

having count(facaulty.course_id)>1 or count(facaulty.course_id)<3;
```

