

Experiment 1.1

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Branch: BE-CSE

Semester: 6

Subject Name: Advance Programming lab

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Date of Performance: 16-01-2024

Subject Code: 21CSP-251

1. Aim:

- To Solve the Jump Game II
- To Solve the 3 SUM Problem

To Solve the Jump Game II

Objective :

- You are given a 0-indexed array of integers nums of length n. You are initially positioned at nums[0].
 - Each element nums[i] represents the maximum length of a forward jump from index i. In other words, if you are at nums[i], you can jump to any nums[i + j] where:
 - $0 \leq j \leq \text{nums}[i]$ and
 - $i + j < n$
 - Return the minimum number of jumps to reach nums[n - 1]. The test cases are generated such that you can reach nums[n - 1].
- Given an integer array nums, return all the triplets [nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]] such that $i \neq j$, $i \neq k$, and $j \neq k$, and $\text{nums}[i] + \text{nums}[j] + \text{nums}[k] == 0$.

2. Algo./Approach:

```
class Solution {  
public:
```

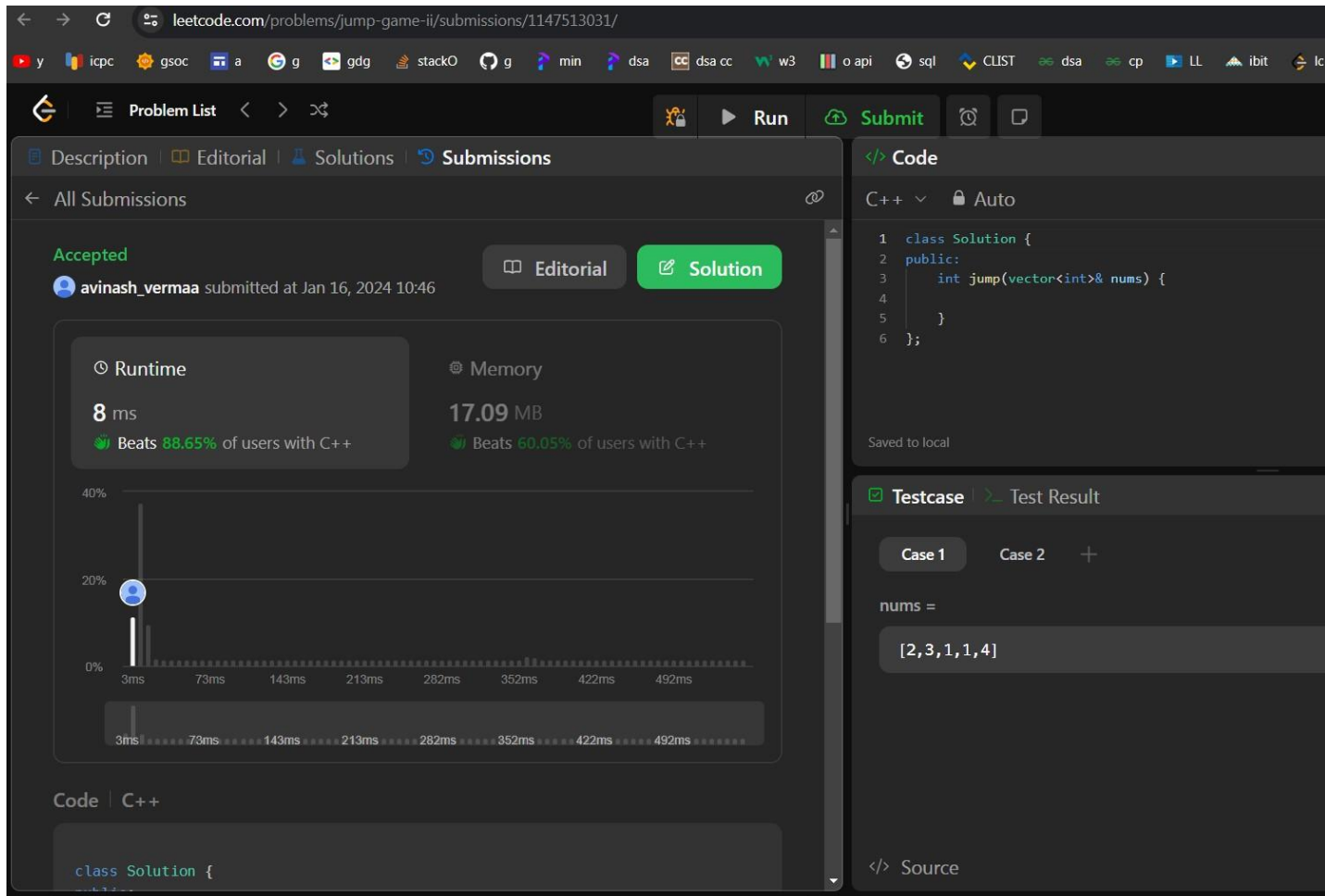
```
    int jump(vector<int>& nums) {  
  
        for(int i = 1; i < nums.size(); i++)  
        {
```

```
        nums[i] = max(nums[i] + i, nums[i-1]);
    }
    long long int index = 0, ans = 0;

    while(index < nums.size() - 1)
    {
        ans++;
        index = nums[index];
    }

    return ans;
}
};
```

OUTPUT 1:



leetcode.com/problems/jump-game-ii/submissions/1147513031/

Problem List < > >

Description | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted

avinash_vermaa submitted at Jan 16, 2024 10:46

Editorial Solution

Runtime: 8 ms
Beats 88.65% of users with C++

Memory: 17.09 MB
Beats 60.05% of users with C++

Code | C++

```
class Solution {
public:
    int jump(vector<int>& nums) {
        // ...
    }
};
```

Testcase | Test Result

Case 1 Case 2 +

nums =

[2, 3, 1, 1, 4]

Source

To Solve the 3 SUM Problem

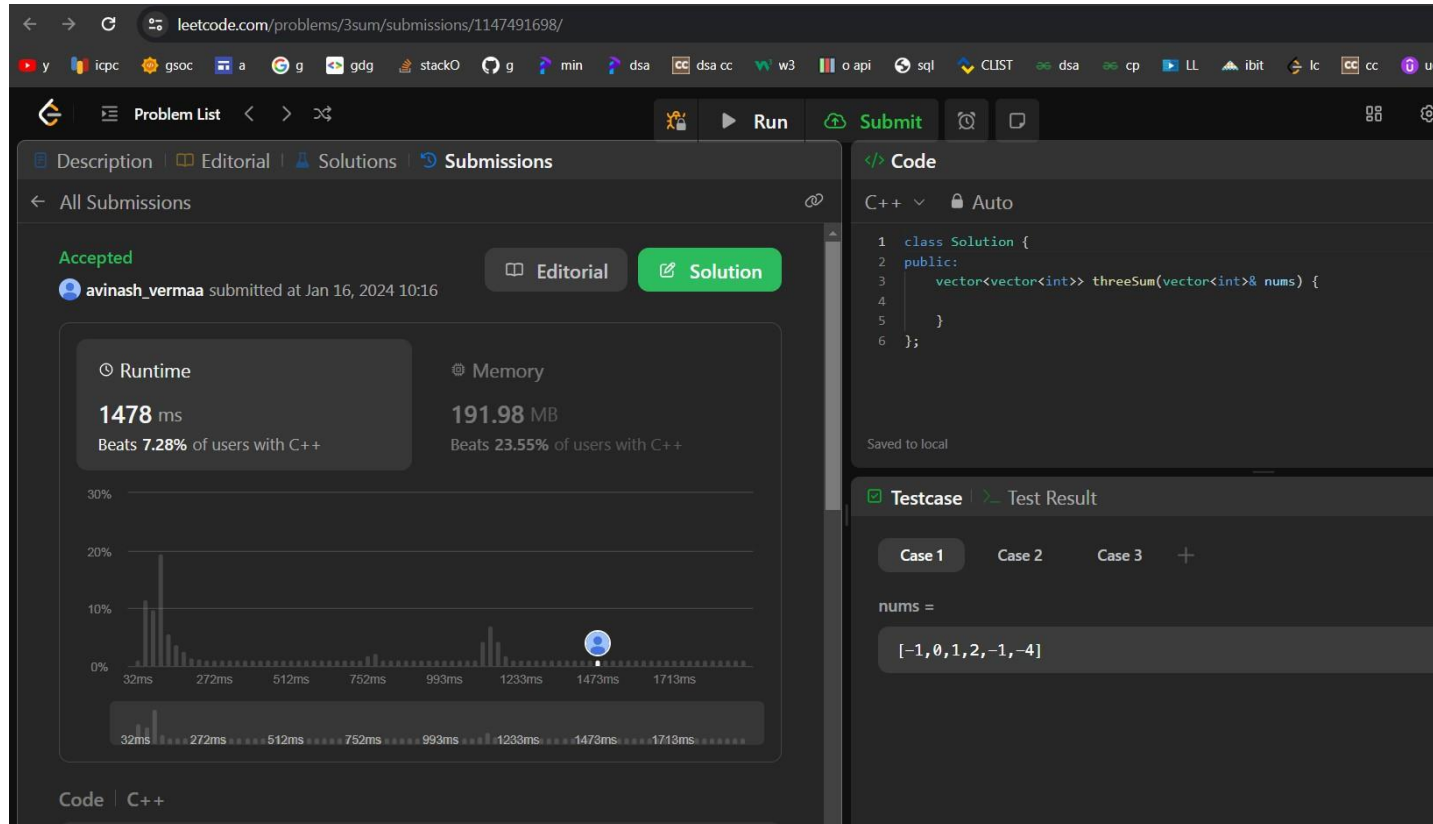
Objective :

- Given an integer array nums, return all the triplets [nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]] such that $i \neq j$, $i \neq k$, and $j \neq k$, and $nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k] == 0$.

Algo./Approach:

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> threeSum(vector<int>& nums) {
        int target = 0;
        sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
        set<vector<int>> s;
        vector<vector<int>> output;
        for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); i++){
            int j = i + 1;
            int k = nums.size() - 1;
            while (j < k) {
                int sum = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k];
                if (sum == target) {
                    s.insert({nums[i], nums[j], nums[k]});
                    j++;
                    k--;
                }
                else if (sum < target) {
                    j++;
                }
                else {
                    k--;
                }
            }
        }
        for(auto triplets : s)
            output.push_back(triplets);
        return output;
    }
};
```

OUTPUT 2:



3. Learning Outcomes:

- Learnt the concept of Arrays and use of indexing in Arrays.
- Learnt the concept of Conditionals and loops and how to apply the min problem solving.
- Learnt the basic concept of problem solving and competitive programming.