Consider the following Python dictionary data and Python list labels:

```
data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cranes', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4], 'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no']}

labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
```

1. Create a DataFrame birds from this dictionary data which has the index labels.

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', '
    labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
    import pandas as pd
    birds = pd.DataFrame(data = data, index=labels)
    birds.head(10)
```

Out[1]:

	birds	age	visits	priority
а	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
С	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
е	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

2. Display a summary of the basic information about birds DataFrame and its data.

```
In [2]: birds.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        Index: 10 entries, a to j
        Data columns (total 4 columns):
                     10 non-null object
        birds
                     8 non-null float64
        age
        visits
                     10 non-null int64
        priority
                     10 non-null object
        dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
        memory usage: 400.0+ bytes
        3. Print the first 2 rows of the birds dataframe
        print(birds[:2])
In [3]:
```

4. Print all the rows with only 'birds' and 'age' columns from the dataframe

```
In [4]: print(birds[['birds', 'age']])
                birds
                       age
        а
               Cranes
                      3.5
               Cranes 4.0
        b
              plovers 1.5
        С
        d
           spoonbills
                      NaN
           spoonbills 6.0
        e
        f
               Cranes 3.0
              plovers 5.5
        g
               Cranes NaN
        h
        i
           spoonbills 8.0
        j
           spoonbills 4.0
```

5. select [2, 3, 7] rows and in columns ['birds', 'age', 'visits']

6. select the rows where the number of visits is less than 4

```
In [6]:
         visit less than 4 = birds[birds['visits'] < 4]</pre>
         print(visit_less_than_4)
                              visits priority
                 birds
                         age
                         3.5
         а
                Cranes
                                    2
                                            yes
                                    3
               plovers
                         1.5
         c
                                             no
            spoonbills
                                    3
         e
                         6.0
                                             no
               plovers
                         5.5
                                    2
         g
                                             no
                                    2
                Cranes
         h
                         NaN
                                            yes
         i
           spoonbills
                         8.0
                                    3
                                             no
            spoonbills
         j
                         4.0
                                    2
                                             no
```

7. select the rows with columns ['birds', 'visits'] where the age is missing i.e NaN

8. Select the rows where the birds is a Cranes and the age is less than 4

9. Select the rows the age is between 2 and 4(inclusive)

```
      a
      Cranes
      3.5
      2
      yes

      b
      Cranes
      4.0
      4
      yes

      f
      Cranes
      3.0
      4
      no

      j
      spoonbills
      4.0
      2
      no
```

10. Find the total number of visits of the bird Cranes

```
In [10]: birds[birds['birds']=='Cranes']['visits'].sum()
Out[10]: 12
```

11. Calculate the mean age for each different birds in dataframe.

```
In [11]: birds[['birds','age']].groupby(['birds']).mean()
```

Out[11]:

birds 3.5
Cranes 3.5
plovers 3.5
spoonbills 6.0

12. Append a new row 'k' to dataframe with your choice of values for each column. Then delete that row to return the original DataFrame.

```
In [12]: new_row = pd.DataFrame({'birds':'Cranes', 'age':3.0, 'visits':2, 'priority': 'birds = birds.append(new_row)
    birds
```

Out[12]:

	birds	age	visits	priority
а	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
С	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
е	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no
k	Cranes	3.0	2	yes

```
In [14]: birds.drop(index='k', inplace=True)
birds
```

Out[14]:

	birds	age	visits	priority
а	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
С	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
е	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no

13. Find the number of each type of birds in dataframe (Counts)

14. Sort dataframe (birds) first by the values in the 'age' in decending order, then by the value in the 'visits' column in ascending order.

```
In [16]: birds.sort_values(['age', 'visits'], ascending=[False, True], axis=0)
```

Out[16]:

	birds	age	visits	priority
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
е	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no
b	Cranes	4.0	4	yes
а	Cranes	3.5	2	yes
f	Cranes	3.0	4	no
С	plovers	1.5	3	no
h	Cranes	NaN	2	yes
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes

15. Replace the priority column values with yes' should be 1 and 'no' should be 0

```
In [17]: # clone so that original one doesn't get affected
birds_clone = birds.copy(deep=True)
birds_clone['priority'] = birds_clone.apply(lambda x: 1 if x['priority'] == 'y
birds_clone
```

Out[17]:

	birds	age	visits	priority
а	Cranes	3.5	2	1
b	Cranes	4.0	4	1
С	plovers	1.5	3	0
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	1
е	spoonbills	6.0	3	0
f	Cranes	3.0	4	0
g	plovers	5.5	2	0
h	Cranes	NaN	2	1
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	0
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	0

16. In the 'birds' column, change the 'Cranes' entries to 'trumpeters'.

```
In [18]: # clone so that original one doesn't get affected
birds_clone = birds.copy(deep=True)

birds_clone['birds'] = birds.apply(lambda x: 'trumpeters' if x['birds']=='Cran
birds_clone
```

Out[18]:

	birds	age	visits	priority
а	trumpeters	3.5	2	yes
b	trumpeters	4.0	4	yes
С	plovers	1.5	3	no
d	spoonbills	NaN	4	yes
е	spoonbills	6.0	3	no
f	trumpeters	3.0	4	no
g	plovers	5.5	2	no
h	trumpeters	NaN	2	yes
i	spoonbills	8.0	3	no
j	spoonbills	4.0	2	no