

(b) `# s starts as an empty stack`  
`for i in range(5)`  
 `s.push(i)`

Stack1

$5 \times (1) \text{ steps} = 5 \text{ steps}$

Stack2

when we push 1<sup>st</sup> 2<sup>nd</sup> 3<sup>rd</sup> 4<sup>th</sup> 5<sup>th</sup>  
stack has 0 1 2 3 4  
└ └ └ └ └  
1 step + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5  
= 15 steps