**Aids Allowed**: ONLY your *own notes* taken during lectures and office hours, the lecture *slides and recordings* (for all sections), and the *Course Notes* (textbook).

## **Submission Instructions**

- Submit your work directly on MarkUs—even if you are late!
- You may type your answers or hand-write them *legibly*, on paper or using a tablet and stylus.
- You may write your answers directly on the question paper, or on another piece of paper/document.
- You may submit your answers as a single file/document or as multiple files/documents. Each document may contain answers for only part of one question, an entire question, or multiple questions, but *please label each part of your answers* to make it clear what you are answering.
- There is no "required file", but please give short names to your file(s), like "Q2.png" or "TT4.pdf".
- You must submit your answers in PDF or as photos (JPEG/JPG/GIF/PNG/HEIC/HEIF). Other formats (e.g., Word documents, LATEX source files, ZIP files) are NOT accepted—you must export or compile documents to PDF, convert images into a supported format, and upload each file individually.

For all questions in this test, write your proofs *formally*, including a header and a proof body with justifications for each deduction. Remember that we are looking for evidence that you understand the conventions for writing correct proofs, so pay attention to the *structure* of your answers, in addition to their content!

## 2. [5 marks] Asymptotic Notation (Big-O/Omega/Theta)

Let  $f_0: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$  and for each  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ , define  $f_{k+1}: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$  as follows:  $f_{k+1}(n) = (f_k(n))^{k+1}$ , for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Suppose that  $f_0 \in \Omega(n)$ .

Use induction to prove that, for each  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $f_m \in \Omega(n^{m!})$ .

You may use the fact that  $(n^j)^k = n^{jk}$  for all  $n, j, k \in \mathbb{N}$ .