

CSC209H Worksheet: Makefiles

In this worksheet we will examine the **Makefile** for Assignment 2 for a previous offering of the course. Remember that the purpose of **make** is to automate the build process so that

- we don't have to type a long compile command every time we want to compile our code, and
- dependencies between files are tracked and source files are only recompiled when necessary.

1. Before we look at the full **Makefile**, consider the following **Makefile** rule:

```
test_print: test_print.o ptree.o
    gcc -Wall -g -std=gnu99 -o test_print test_print.o ptree.o
```

(a) Circle the target.

(b) Underline the prerequisites. What is another term for prerequisites?

(c) How many actions does this rule have?

(d) What does a file that ends in `.o` contain? How is it generated?

2. The remaining questions are about the **Makefile** on the other side of this page.

Suppose that the only files in the current working directory are the source files, the header files, and the **Makefile**. In other words, this is the first time any compilation happens.

(a) If we were to run `make test_load_data` which rule is evaluated first?

(b) What new files would be created?

(c) What is the *last* action that is executed in the **make** command above?

(d) Which files will the pattern rule `(%.o : %.c)` match on?

(e) If we the modify `dectree.c` and run `make test_load_data` again, which rules are evaluated? Which actions are executed?

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Here are two versions of the same Makefile: the first doesn't use the special variables or pattern rule:

```
FLAGS = -Wall -g -std=gnu99

all: classifier test_load_data

classifier : dectree.o classifier.o
    gcc ${FLAGS} -o classifier dectree.o classifier.o -lm

test_load_data : dectree.o test_load_data.o
    gcc ${FLAGS} -o test_load_data dectree.o test_load_data.o -lm

classifier.o : classifier.c dectree.h
    gcc ${FLAGS} -c classifier.c

test_load_data.o : test_load_data.c dectree.h
    gcc ${FLAGS} -c test_load_data.c

dectree.o : dectree.c dectree.h
    gcc ${FLAGS} -c dectree.c

datasets : datasets.tgz
    tar xzf datasets.tgz

.PHONY: clean all
clean:
    rm classifier test_load_data *.o
```

The second Makefile is shorter and arguably easier to add to and modify because it uses the variables.

```
FLAGS = -Wall -g -std=gnu99

all: classifier test_load_data

classifier : dectree.o classifier.o
    gcc ${FLAGS} -o $$ $^ -lm

test_load_data : dectree.o test_load_data.o
    gcc ${FLAGS} -o $$ $^ -lm

%.o : %.c
    gcc ${FLAGS} -c $<

datasets : datasets.tgz
    tar xzf datasets.tgz

.PHONY: clean all
clean:
    rm classifier test_load_data *.o
```

Makefile syntax

Variable	Meaning
\$\$	Target
\$<	First prerequisite
\$?	All out of date prerequisites
\$^	All prerequisites