Enabling Fastai Multi-GPU/DDP Training in Jupyter

- fastai: to make building high-performing AI application easy
 - Open source, free lessons videos + Jupyter notebooks
- Distributed Data Parallel (DDP):
 - o a multiprocess-based parallelism to speed up training with multiple GPUs/nodes.

"fastai + DDP" cmdline app is trivial [1], but ...

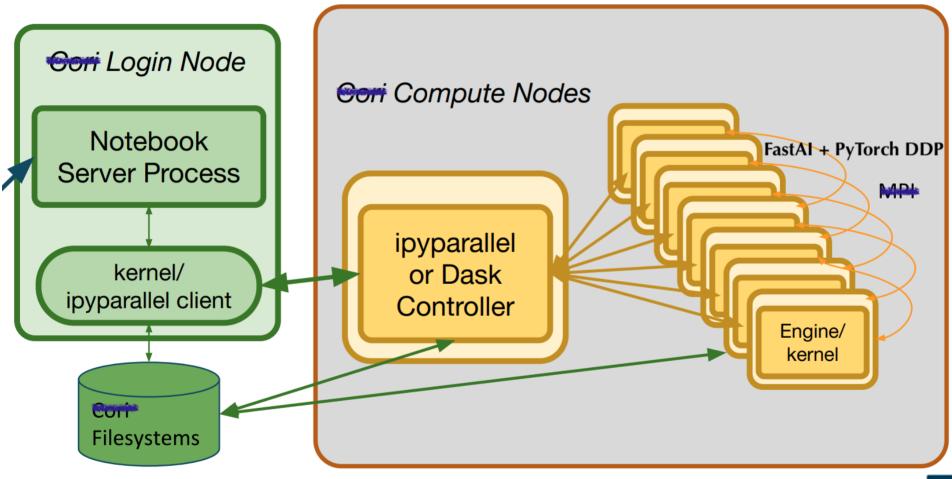
"Distributed training doesn't work in a notebook..."[2]

Ddip tries to bridge this gap.

- [1] See Reproducing DAWNBench winning results in a few lines of code
- [2] FastAI's tutorial on How to launch a distributed training
- [3] A neat diagram of the DDP architecture from this blog.

Ddip - **D**istributed **d**ata "interactive" **p**arallel

An iPython extension to control PyTorch DDP from within Jupyter, uses ipyparallel underneath.







Ddip - **D**istributed **d**ata "interactive" **p**arallel

Usage:

Control DDP and cell execution destination using % and %% magics

- \%load ext Ddip, to load the extension.
- %makedip ..., to start/stop/restart a DDP group, and an app, e.g. fastai v1.
- %%dip {remote, local, everywhere} ..., where to execute the cell.
- <code>%autodip {on,off}</code>, to automatically prepend <code>%%dip</code> to subsequent cells.
- <code>%dipush</code>, and <code>%dipull</code>, to pass objects between the notebook and the DDP namespaces.

Speedup in Training

| Notebook | [3-GPUs timing] | [Single-GPU timing] |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| lesson3-CamVid: | [3:30,4:24,12:00,12:52] | [7:33,9:12,31:50,33:40] |
| lesson3-planet: | [3:20,3:45,6:15,7:30] | [4:20,5:35,14:35,18:30] |
| lesson7-superres-imagenet: | [4:17] | [10:50] |
| lesson7-wgan: | [13:30/epoch] <i>Ouch</i> ! | [4:41/epoch] |

Limitations

- Works a single host only. Luckily ipyparallel does support cluster of nodes.
- Not all models gain: one model is flat, one has accuracy problem.
- a wgan model manages to achieve linear slow down!! 🗑

Ddip - **D**istributed **d**ata "**i**nteractive" **p**arallel

Fun Lessons learned:

- 1. Python's dynamic nature empowers: patch classes dynamically, toss objects/functions across multiple processes.
- 2. Hooks/callbacks architecture are truly flexible: Jupyter, fastai.
- 3. Multiprocess + multi-GPUs + Jupyter offer interesting complexity and opportunities
 - o data movement, race conditions, proc & mem mgmt.
- 4. Design choices:
 - o user semantics %, %% vs library calls
 - o deadlock solutions single proc or careful synchronization
 - o implicit vs explicit: what to automate, what to display

Looking Forward

- <u>fastai v2</u> is out already.
- <u>nbdev</u> as productivity boost.
- Support cluster of nodes.
- Feedbacks and contribution via github are welcome! (philtrade@winphil.net)

Github Repo: https://github.com/philtrade/Ddip/