NAME-AVIRAL SRIVASTAVA; UID-23BCC70028; SUB-FULL STACK

EXP-04

- <u>AIM:-</u> To develop a full-stack web application that displays the live character count as a user types into a text area and stores the entered text on a backend server.
- <u>THEORY:</u>- A live character counter is a common feature in text-based applications such as social media platforms, messaging apps, and form validations. It provides real-time feedback to the user on the number of characters typed, which can help maintain input constraints and improve user experience.
- ✓ In this experiment:
- ✓ Frontend (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) updates the character count dynamically using the input event listener.
- ✓ **Backend (Node.js + Express)** provides APIs to store and retrieve the text.
- ✓ AJAX (Fetch API) is used for communication between the frontend and backend without reloading the page.
- ✓ Key concepts:
- ✓ DOM manipulation to update count
- ✓ Event-driven programming using input events
- ✓ RESTful API handling in Express.js
- ✓ Serving static files using express.static()
 - CODE:-
- ✓ Server.js

```
const express = require("express");
const bodyParser = require("body-parser");
const cors = require("cors");
const path = require("path");

const app = express();
app.use(cors());
app.use(bodyParser.json());

// Serve static files from public folder
app.use(express.static(path.join(__dirname, "public")));

let savedText = "";
```

```
app.post("/save-text", (req, res) => {
  const { text } = req.body;
  savedText = text;
  console.log(`Received text: "${text}" (${text.length} characters)`);
  res.json({ message: "Text saved successfully!", length: text.length });
});

app.get("/get-text", (req, res) => {
  res.json({ text: savedText, length: savedText.length });
  n

app.listen(3000, () => {
  console.log(" ✓ Server running at http://localhost:3000");
});
```

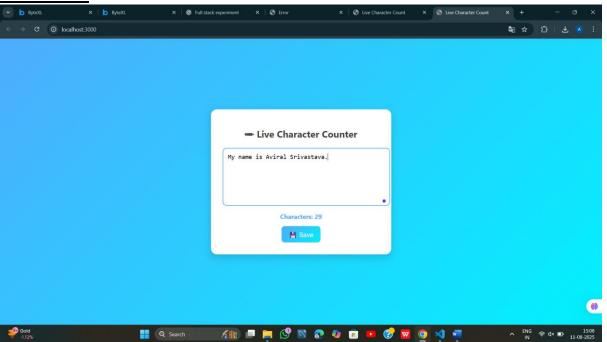
✓ Index.html:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Live Character Count</title>
        body {
            font-family: 'Segoe UI', Tahoma, Geneva, Verdana, sans-
serif;
            background: linear-gradient(135deg, #4facfe, #00f2fe);
            display: flex;
            justify-content: center;
            align-items: center;
            height: 100vh;
            margin: 0;
            color: #333;
        .container {
            background: white;
            padding: 30px;
            border-radius: 15px;
            box-shadow: 0 8px 20px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.15);
            width: 400px;
            text-align: center;
            animation: fadeIn 0.6s ease-in-out;
        h1 {
```

```
margin-bottom: 20px;
    font-size: 24px;
    color: #444;
textarea {
   width: 100%;
    height: 120px;
    padding: 12px;
    font-size: 16px;
    border: 2px solid #ddd;
    border-radius: 10px;
    resize: none;
    outline: none;
    transition: border-color 0.3s;
textarea:focus {
    border-color: #4facfe;
.count {
    margin-top: 12px;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-size: 16px;
    color: #4facfe;
button {
    margin-top: 15px;
    padding: 10px 18px;
    font-size: 16px;
    border: none;
    border-radius: 8px;
    background: linear-gradient(135deg, #4facfe, #00f2fe);
    color: white;
    cursor: pointer;
    transition: transform 0.2s ease, box-shadow 0.2s ease;
button:hover {
    transform: translateY(-2px);
    box-shadow: 0 5px 15px rgba(79, 172, 254, 0.4);
@keyframes fadeIn {
    from { opacity: 0; transform: translateY(15px); }
    to { opacity: 1; transform: translateY(0); }
```

```
</style>
</head>
<body>
   <div class="container">
        <h1>- Live Character Counter</h1>
       <textarea id="textArea" placeholder="Type something
amazing..."></textarea>
       <div class="count">Characters: <span</pre>
id="charCount">0</span></div>
       </div>
   <script>
        const textArea = document.getElementById("textArea");
       const charCount = document.getElementById("charCount");
       const saveBtn = document.getElementById("saveBtn");
       // Update count live
       textArea.addEventListener("input", () => {
           charCount.textContent = textArea.value.length;
       });
       // Save text to backend
       saveBtn.addEventListener("click", async () => {
           const res = await fetch("/save-text", {
               method: "POST",
               headers: { "Content-Type": "application/json" },
               body: JSON.stringify({ text: textArea.value })
           });
           const data = await res.json();
           alert(`${data.message} (${data.length} characters)`);
       });
       // Load saved text
       window.onload = async () => {
           const res = await fetch("/get-text");
           const data = await res.json();
           textArea.value = data.text;
           charCount.textContent = data.length;
       };
   </script>
    <script src="server.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

• OUTPUT:-



• LEARNING OUTCOMES:-

- ✓ Implement **real-time UI updates** using JavaScript event listeners.
- ✓ Create and consume **REST APIs** using Node.js and Express.
- ✓ Serve static frontend files from a backend server.
- ✓ Use **Fetch API** for asynchronous communication.
- ✓ Apply basic UI design for improved user experience.