Rearranging the terms, $J = \frac{-1}{N} \stackrel{\text{Z}}{=} \stackrel{\text{Z}}{=} \stackrel{\text{Yik}}{=} (\log \exp f_{k} - \log \stackrel{\text{Zexp}}{=} f_{c}) + \lambda \stackrel{\text{Zwkj}}{=} i \stackrel{\text{Zexp}}{=} i \stackrel{\text{Zexp}}{=}$

Since
$$\log e^2 = a$$
 N / k
 $J = -1 \leq \leq y | k / k + 1 \leq \leq \log \leq e^{fc} + \lambda \leq W | k / k = 1$
 $N = 1 / k$

For gradient we need to differentiate the function J wrt to wr $\frac{dJ}{dW} = \frac{d}{dW} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 2 & \text{yir fk} \\ \text{N} & \text{k} \end{bmatrix} + \frac{d}{dW} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 2 & \text{log} \\ \text{N} & \text{k} \end{bmatrix} = 1 & \text{k=1} \\ \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} y_{i} k \beta'(k) + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{e^{\int k} \cdot \beta'(k) + 2\omega k}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} e^{\int c}}$$

Taking common terms out.

According to the defination of Softmax $\frac{e^{k}}{\sum_{c=1}^{k} e^{k}} = P(C_{i}|X)$

The above equation becomes