1. Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
2. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
3. Identify the highest-priced pizza.
4. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
5. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
6. Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
7. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
8. Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
9. Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
10. Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
create database pizzahut;

create table orders (
order_id  int not null,
order_date date not null,
order_time time not null,
primary key(order_id) );

create table orders_details (
order_details_id  int not null,
order_id int not null,
pizza_id text not null,
quantity int  not null,
primary key(order_details_id) );
```

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

SELECT
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_order
FROM
    orders;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

total_order
21350

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
FROM
    orders_details
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

total_sales
817860.05

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Identify the highest-priced pizza.

SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered

SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(orders_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

size	order_count
L	18526
M	15385
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

name	quantity
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

hour	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.


SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

category	COUNT(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS orders_quantity;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
138

Query 1 | SQL File 1* | SQL File 2* | SQL File 3* | SQL File 4* | SQL File 5* | SQL File 6* | SQL File 7* | SQL File 8* | SQL File 9* | SQL File 11*

Limit to 1000 rows

```sql
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

select pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name order by revenue desc limit 3;


```