Work with Cloud Manager Environments

Agenda:

- Cloud Manager environments
- Adobe Experience Manager (AEM) Logging
- Continuous Integration (CI)/Continuous Deployment (CD) pipelines

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- Developer Console
- Package Manager

Cloud manager environments

An AEM application deployment within a Program

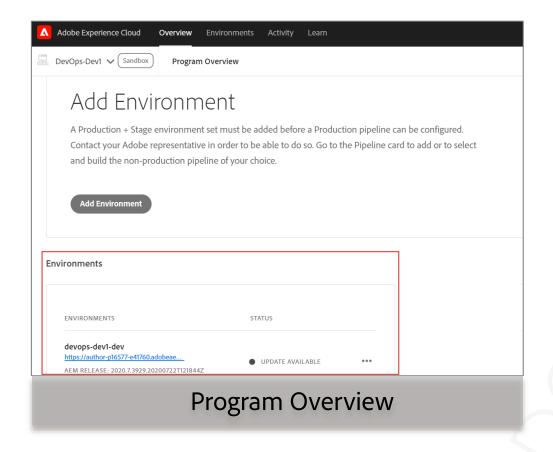
For AEM, an environment consists of :

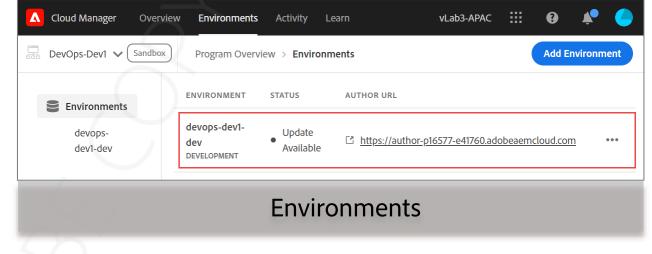
- An author service (optionally with additional cold standby author service)
- Zero or more publish services

Accessed from **Program Overview** and **Environments** pages in Cloud Manager

Cloud manager environments

Accessed from Program Overview and Environments pages of Cloud Manager





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Environment types

Production and Stage

Available as a duo

Used for testing and production

Development

Used for development and testing

Associated with non-production pipelines

Actions on environments

Action	Description
Add Environment	Adds a new environment to the program
Download Logs	Access a list of available log files for the environment
Update	Updates the pipeline associated with the environment to the latest release and execute the pipeline
Developer Console	Generates system status, resolve package dependencies, and is used for debugging
Delete	Deletes the selected environment

Capabilities of environments

Capability	Local	AEM as a Cloud Service					
	AEM SDK Quickstart	Dev author	Dev publish	Stage author	Stage publish	Prod author	Prod publish
Local admin user	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
CRXDE Lite	Yes	Yes - limited	NA	No	No	No	No
Publishing Author > Publish	Classic UI Replicati on AgentsManual	Distributionn Agentsauto-configured	No	Distributionn Agentsauto-configured	No	Distribution	No
Package Manager UI	Yes	Yes – mutable content only	NA	Yes – mutable content only	NA	Yes – mutable content only	
Asset Processing	DAM Update Workflow	Asset Compute	None	Asset Compute	None	Asset Compute	None

Capabilities of environments

Capability	Local	AEM as a	Cloud Serv	ice			
	AEM SDK Quickstart	Dev author	Dev publish	Stage author	Stage publish	Prod author	Prod publish
i18n dictionary translation UI	Yes (author)	No	N/A	No	N/A	No	N/A
Page Editor Developer Mode	Yes (author)	No	N/A	No	N/A	No	N/A
Create custom rollout configs	Yes (author)	No	N/A	No	N/A	No	N/A
SSL Configuration	Manual through UI	Auto- configured	Auto- configured	Auto- configured	Auto- configured	Auto- configured	Auto- configured

AEM logging

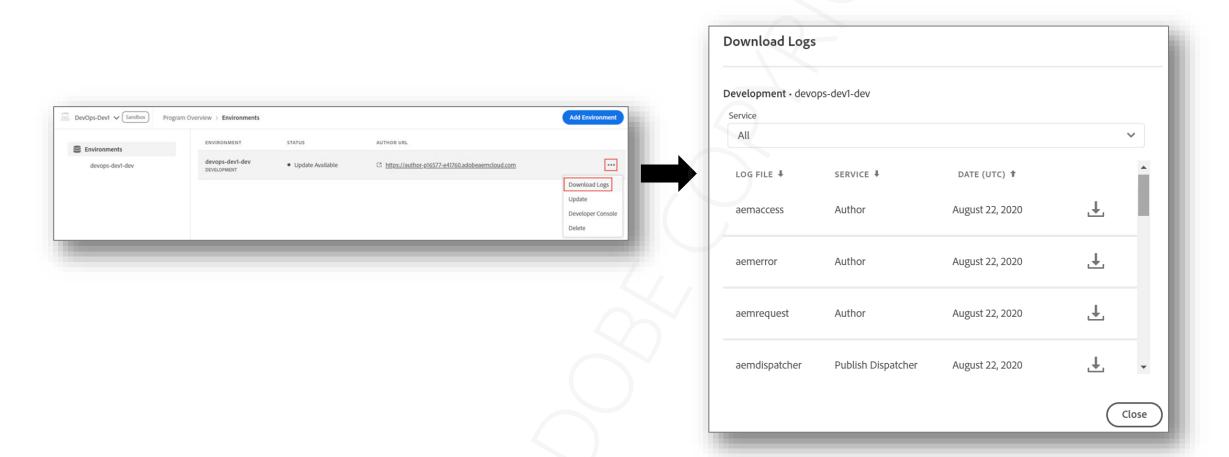
Critical function to debug and understand code execution

Categorized into two logical sets :

- AEM logging, which performs logging at the AEM application level
- Apache HTTPD Web Server/Dispatcher logging, which performs logging of the web server and Dispatcher on the Publish tier

Access logs

List of available log files for the selected environment from the **Environment** page



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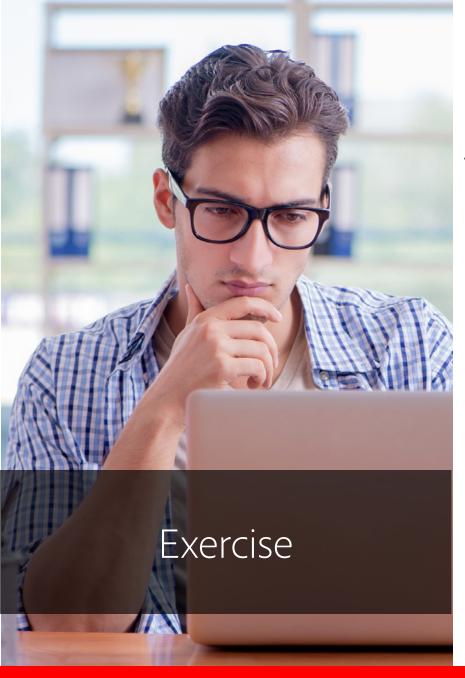
Log types

Source	Cloud log	Local log	Definition
AEM	aemerror.log	error.log	Error log for AEM
AEM	aemaccess.log	access.log	HTTP access request to the AEM service
AEM	aemrequest.log	request.log	HTTP request or response of AEM service
Apache log	aemdispatcher.lo	dispatcher.l og	Dispatcher log for requests, caching, and filtering
Apache log	httpdaccess.log	access.log	HTTP requests to the Apache server
Apache log	httpderror.log	error.log	Error log for Apache

Log format

Date and time	AEM as a Cloud Service node ID	Log level	Thread	Java class	Log message
29.04.2020 21:50:13.398	[cm-p1234- e5678-aem- author- 59555cb5b8- q7l9s]	*DEBUG*	qtp213057203 6-1472	com.example. approval.work flow.impl.Cust omApprovalW orkflow	No specified approver, defaulting to [Creative Approvers user group]

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Exercise 1: Download logs

Scenario: Your organization is using AEM as a Cloud Service for their marketing website. As an administrator, you will log in to Cloud Manager and observe different environments associated with the program. You will observe the server logs available on the author service and download today's aemerror.log to your machine.

CI/CD pipelines

Enables
implementation teams
to quickly test and
deliver new or
updated code

Automates unit and performance testing processes to:

Increase deployment efficiency

Identify critical issues that are expensive to fix after deployment

Helps implementation teams to access a comprehensive code performance report:

Gain visibility into potential impact on Key
Performance
Indicators (KPIs)

Critical security
validations if the
code is deployed to
production

Are of two types:

Production Pipeline

Non-Production Pipeline



CI/CD pipelines

Production Pipeline

Build and deploy code through Stage to the Production environment, decreasing time to value

Non-Production Pipeline

Execute the maven build and code quality steps on a git branch

Execute option 1 then build and deploy the AEM image onto a Dev environment

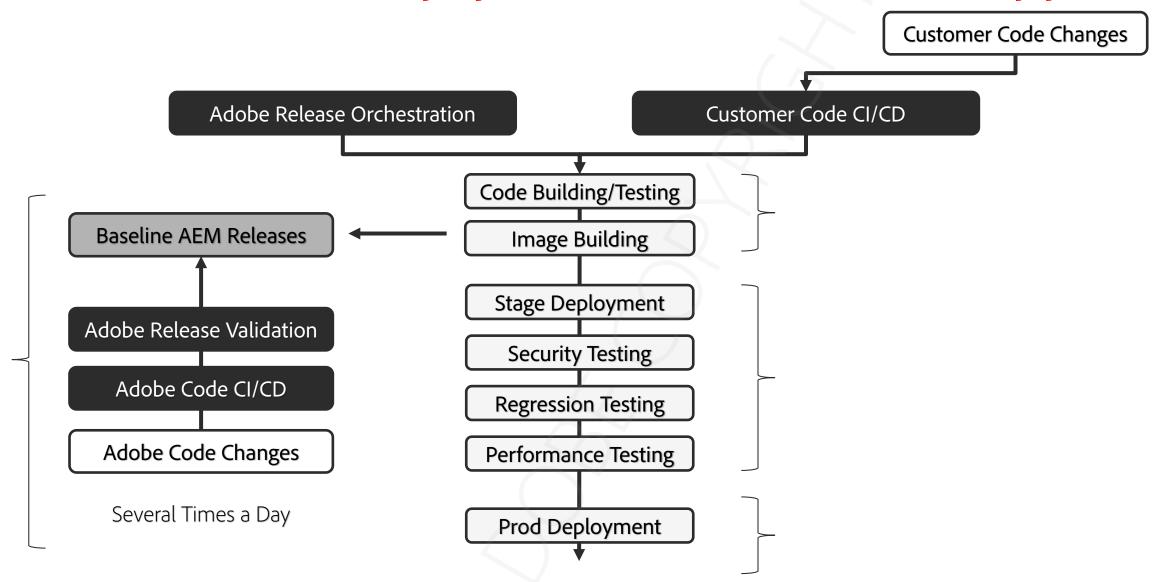
Configure CI/CD pipelines

Define the trigger that will start the pipeline

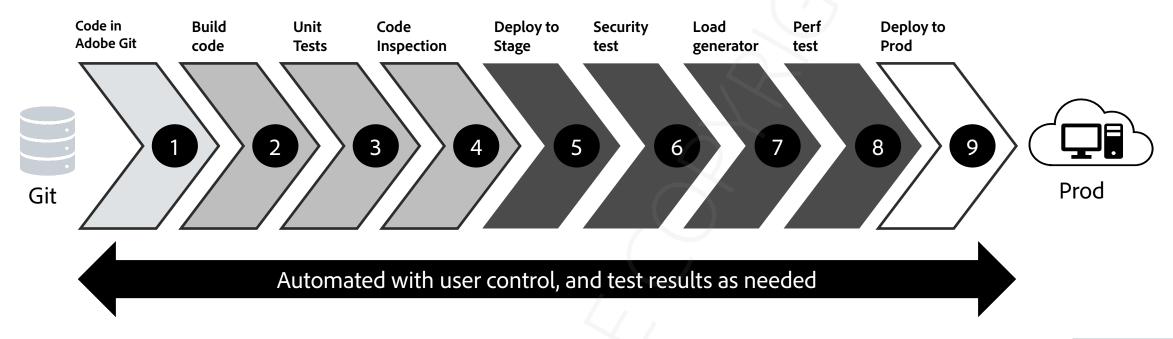
Define the parameters controlling the deployment

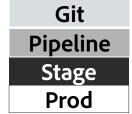
Configure the performance test parameters

AEM as a Cloud Service: Deployment architecture of Production pipeline

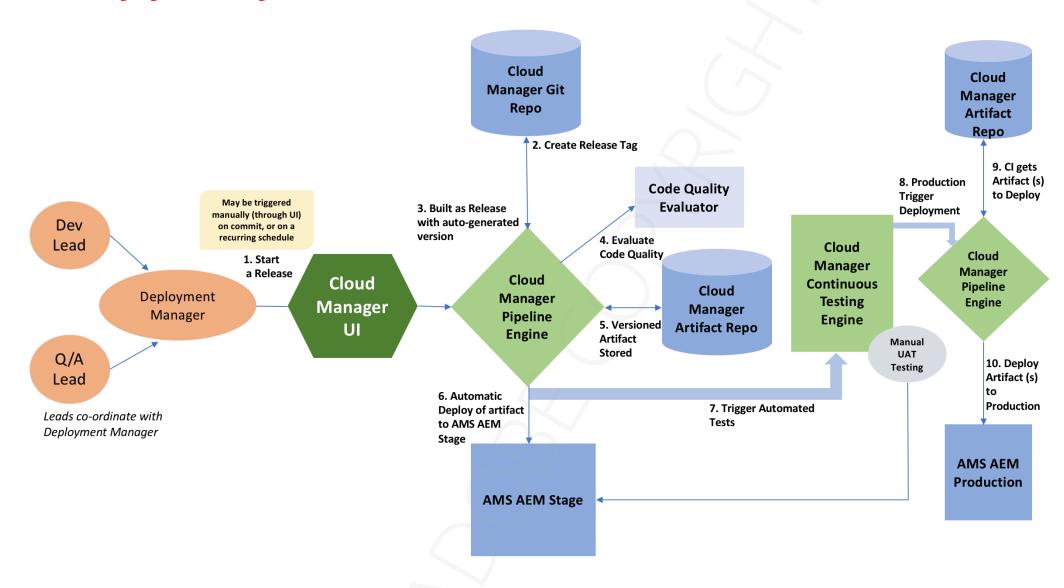


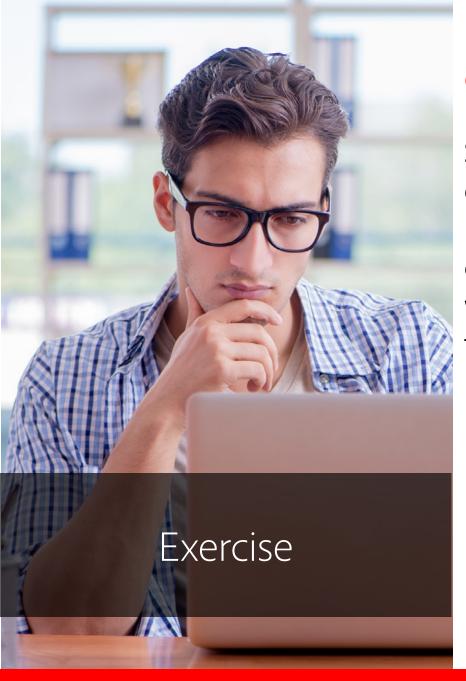
CI/CD process flow of Non-production pipeline





Production pipeline process



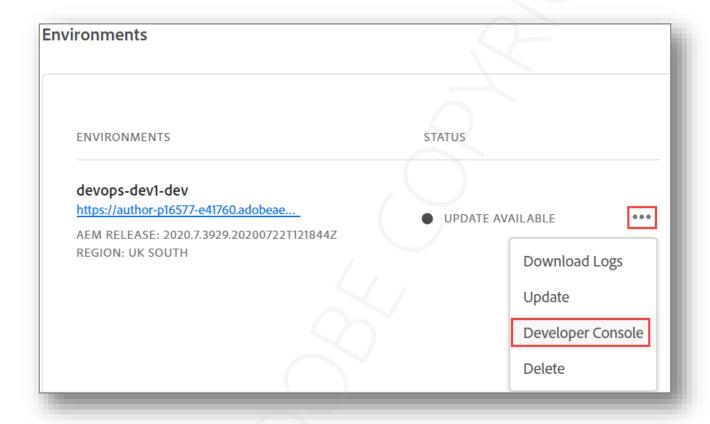


Exercise 2: Create an auto-executing Code Quality pipeline

Scenario: Depending on the build process, Cloud Manager offers a wide variety of pipeline configurations to start the pipeline manually or automatically. In this exercise, you will create a Code Quality Pipeline that will auto execute whenever the changes are pushed to Cloud Manager from the Git branch.

Developer console

Accessed from the drop-down menu in the Environments page of Cloud Manager



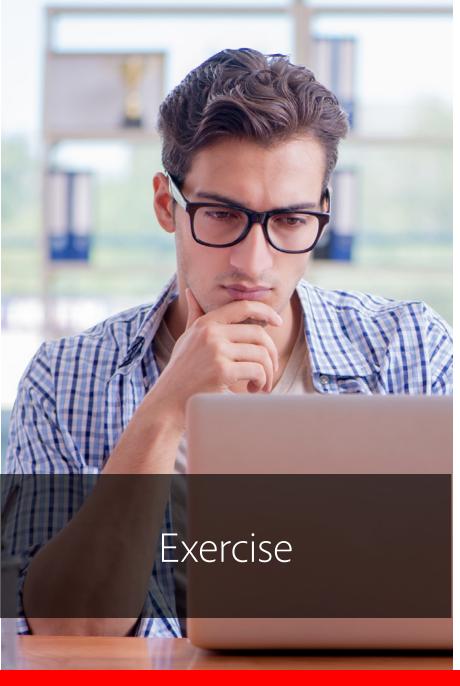
Developer console

Access to text or Java
Script Object
Notification (JSON)
dumps of data from the
Web Console

Hibernate and dehibernate the Sandbox Program Environments

Generate statuses
information that include
the state of bundles,
components, OSGI
configurations, oak
indexes, OSGi services,
and Sling jobs

Resolve package dependencies and servlets



Exercise 3: Access and explore the Developer Console

Content package to feature model converter (cpfm)

Cloud Manager transforms locally assembled content packages into an artifact conforming to the Sling Feature Model, which is how an AEM as a Cloud Service application is described when running in a cloud environment:

- Extract OSGi bundles, OSGi configurations, resources
- Iteratively scan nested content packages from an input content package
- Create one or more Sling Feature model files
- Deploy the extracted OSGi bundles in a directory structure compliant with maven repository conventions

Content package versus Sling feature

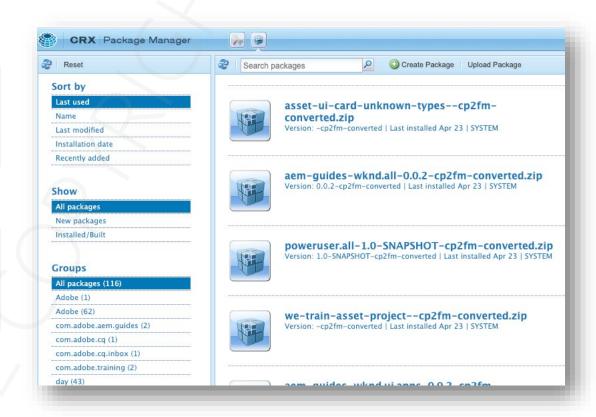
Content package	Sling Feature
 Zipped archives 	Describe an entire OSGi-based
OSGi bundles	application based on reusable components
OSGi configurations	 Includes everything related to
 Resources, including nested content-packages 	this application such as, bundles, configuration,
 Used to install content into a JCR repository 	framework properties, capabilities, requirements, and custom artifacts

Cloud Manager and Content packages

Custom code is deployed to cloud environments by Cloud Manager through content packages

Cloud Manager transforms immutable content packages into artifacts conforming to the Sling Feature Model

- Package names include cp2fm
- Packages have all metadata removed
- Packages cannot be downloaded, replicated, or opened



Content separation – A review

AEM requires a separation of content and code

Content packages cannot mix mutable and immutable content

Allows the cloud service to be auto-updated

When content packages mix mutable and immutable content, Cloud Manager pipeline fails

- Immutable Content (/apps) components and clientlibs
- Mutable Content (/content, /conf) configurations, pages, and assets
- Adobe (/libs) AEM product code

No separation validation on local quickstart

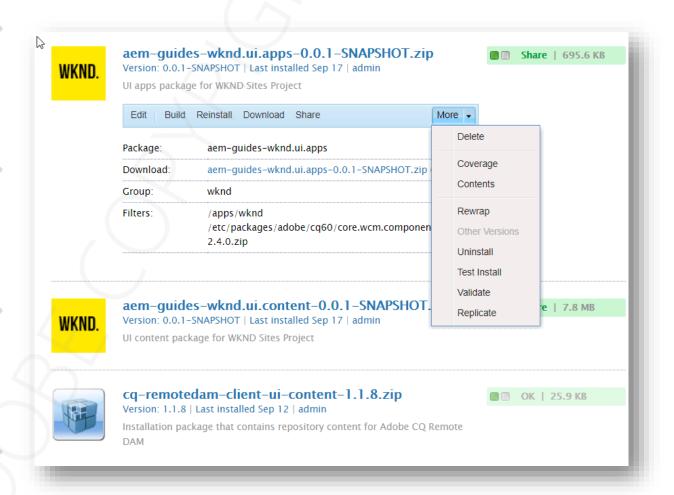
Package Manager – A review

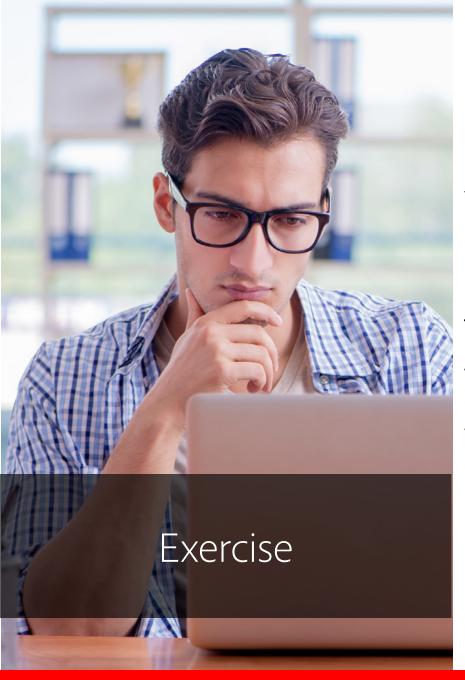
Create and build packages in your browser

Packages may be shared or downloaded as *.zip files

Immutable package can only be installed locally

Use Groups to identify and label packages



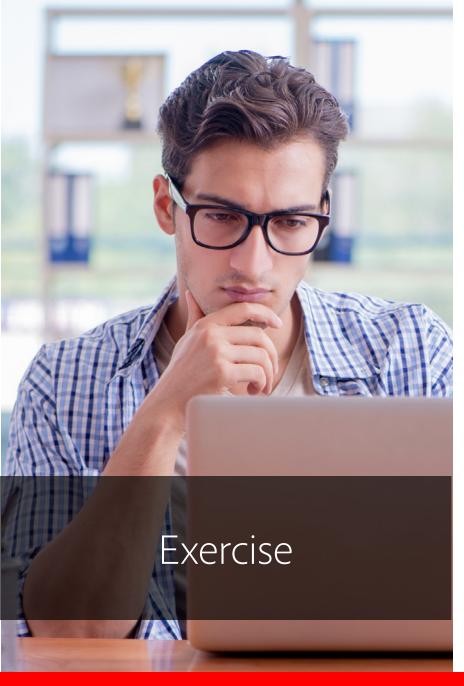


Exercise 4: Observe and attempt to upload immutable content packages

Scenario: As an administrator, you want to verify whether you can upload immutable content by using the Package Manager.

Tasks to perform:

- 1. Observe immutable content packages
- 2. Attempt to upload an immutable content package



Exercise 5: Create, upload, and install mutable content packages

Scenario: An author, participating in User Acceptance Testing (UAT) wants to validate and test pages, created from their templates and components, in the AEM as a Cloud Service development environment. At the end of the test, the author would like to return the environment to the original state so that the next test can begin.

Tasks to perform:

- 1. Create new content
- 2. Create a content package containing test content and download it
- 3. Upload a mutable content package of test content
- 4. Reinstall the WKND mutable content package



- The Cloud Manager AEM environment consists of an author service and zero or more publish services
- Logging is a critical function for debugging and understanding code execution on local and cloud development environments.
- The CI/CD pipeline automates unit and performance testing to increase deployment efficiency and identify critical issues that are expensive to fix after deployment
- Developer Console provides access to developer tools available in local installs
- cp2fm transforms locally assembled content packages into an artifact conforming to the Sling Feature Model
- Content packages cannot mix mutable and immutable content