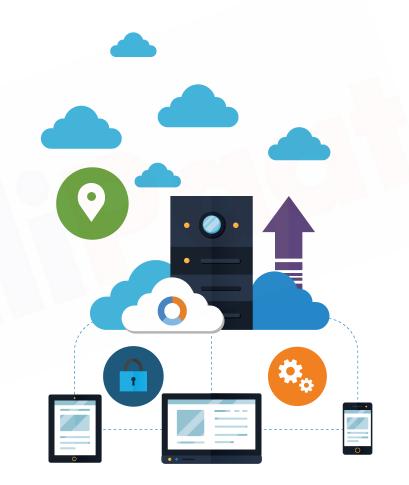


#### AZ – 203 Developer Training

**Introduction to Cloud Computing** 



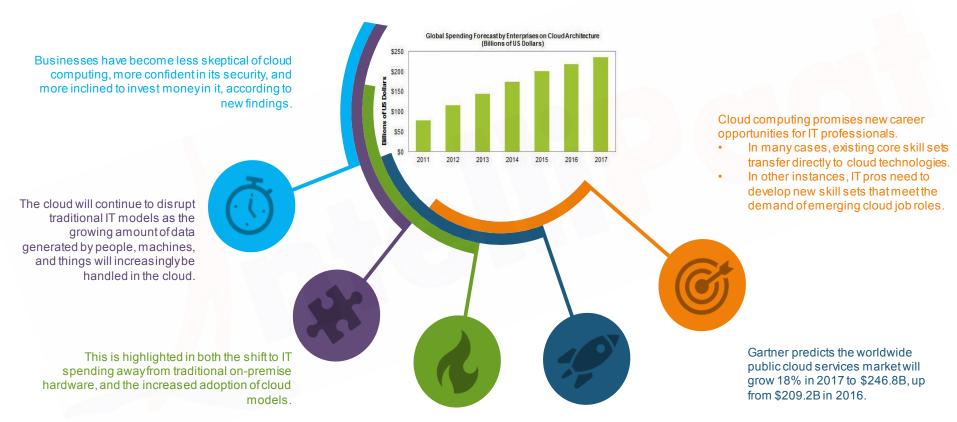
## Agenda



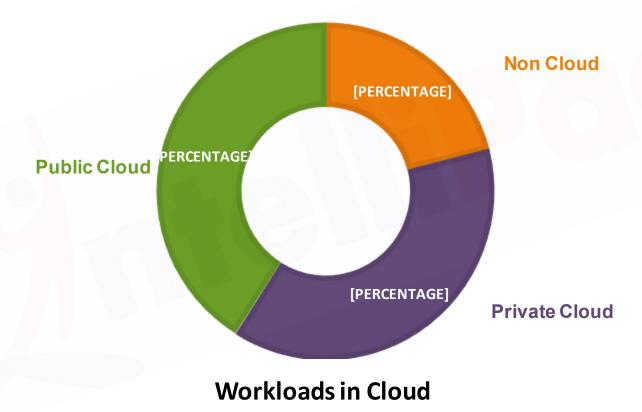
- ☐ Why Cloud Computing
  - Workloads in Cloud
  - Cloud Challenges
- ☐ Overview of Cloud Computing
  - What is Cloud Computing
  - Definition of Cloud Computing
  - On-premises vs Service Models
  - Advantages & Disadvantages of Cloud Computing
  - Traditional vs Cloud Computing
  - Security issues
  - Pricing Model
  - Use cases



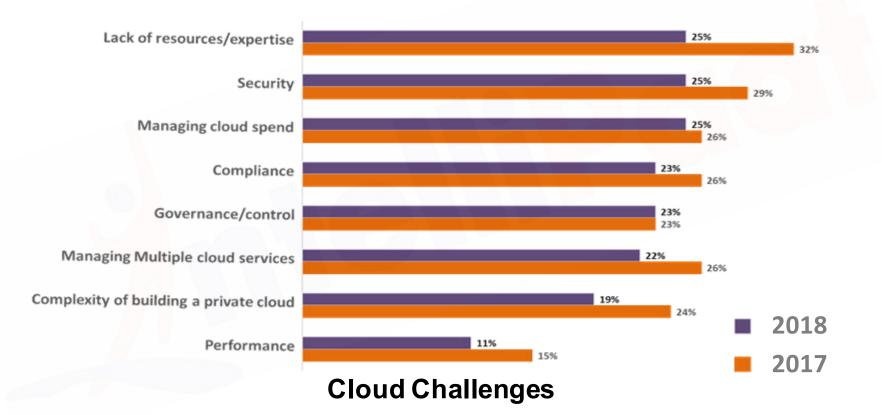














# **Overview of Cloud Computing**

## What is Cloud Computing?



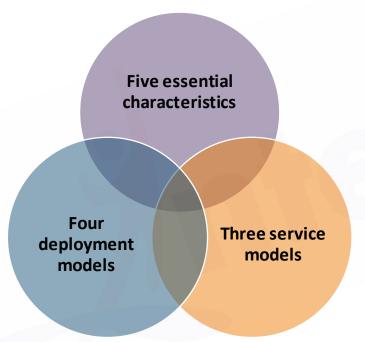


- Cloud computing is the delivery of computing services servers, storage, databases, networking, tools and software over the Internet.
- Cloud computing enables companies to consume a compute resource, such as a servers, storage or an application, as a utility like water or electricity, rather than having to build and maintain computing infrastructures in house.
- Companies offering these computing services are called cloud providers and they charge for cloud computing services based on usage.

## **Cloud Computing: Definition**



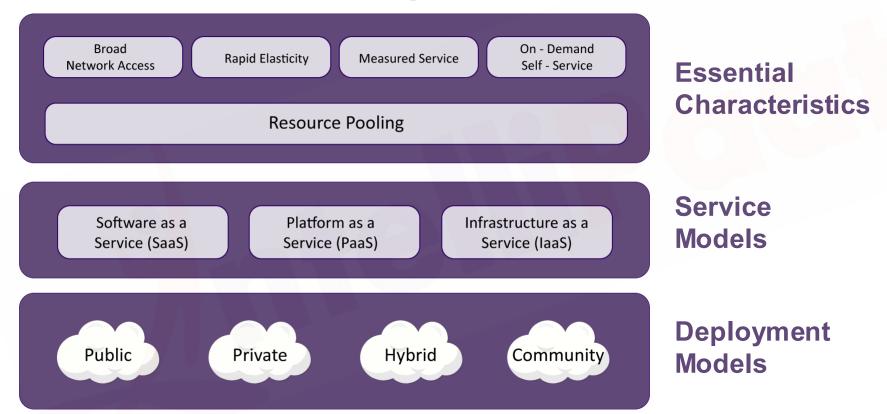
This cloud model is composed of



Cloud computing is a model for enabling ubiquitous, convenient, on-demand network access to a **shared pool** of configurable computing resources (e.g., networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly provisioned and released with minimal management effort or service provider interaction.

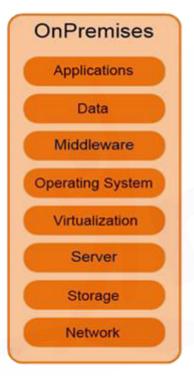
## **Cloud Computing: Definition**

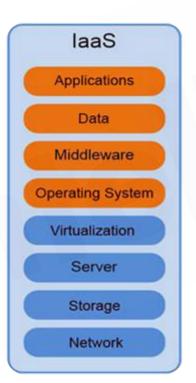


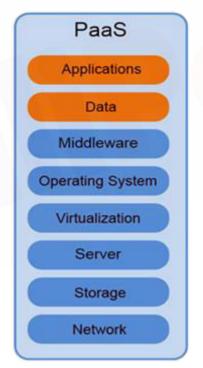




#### **On-premises vs Service Models**











#### **Advantages & Disadvantages**

Advantages

**Flexibility** 

**Availability** 

**Accessibility** 

Scalability

**Multi-tenancy** 

**Disaster Recovery** 

Cost of ownership

**Metered Services** 

**Downtime** 

**Vulnerability to attack** 

Security

Disadvantages



#### **Traditional vs Cloud Computing**

| Buying |    |                        |  |  |  |
|--------|----|------------------------|--|--|--|
|        |    |                        |  |  |  |
| !      | 1. | Money Up-front         |  |  |  |
| !      | 2. | Road Taxes             |  |  |  |
| :      | 3. | Ownership              |  |  |  |
| i      | 4. | Maintenance cost       |  |  |  |
| i i    | 5. | Insurance Cost         |  |  |  |
| I      | 6. | Driver Cost (optional) |  |  |  |
| I      | 7. | Fuel cost              |  |  |  |
| L      | 8. | Repair                 |  |  |  |

| Rental |                      |  |  |  |
|--------|----------------------|--|--|--|
|        |                      |  |  |  |
| 1.     | Money as per usage   |  |  |  |
| 2.     | No Other charges     |  |  |  |
| 3.     | Price                |  |  |  |
| 4.     | Affordability        |  |  |  |
| 5.     | Upgrade the Car type |  |  |  |
| 6.     | Dedicated or Share   |  |  |  |







#### **Security Issues**

**Data Breach** 

Access Management Insecure Interfaces Account Hijacking

System Vulnerabilities

Advanced Persistent Threats

Data Loss Malicious Insiders

Insufficient Due Diligence

Abuse and Nefarious Use

Denial of Service Shared Technology Vulnerabilities

# Cloud Computing Pricing Model



- ☐ Fixed Pricing includes pricing mechanism as:
  - Pay-per-use Pricing
  - Subscription Pricing
  - Hybrid Pricing Model
  - List Pricing Model
- □ **Dynamic Pricing** is calculated based on pricing mechanism whenever there is a request.

| Туре         | Service               | Pricing Scheme  |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| Pay-per-use  | Azure Virtual Machine | - Charges on hourly for usage of instance   |
| Subscription | Dropbox               | - Pricing assigned for stored in GB   |
| Hybrid       | Google / App Engine   | <ul><li>- Price assigned on monthly basis</li><li>- If limit exceeds then charge on per GB and processing power on hourly basis</li></ul> |

# Cloud Computing Use Cases



File Storage

**Email** 

Test and Development

Cloudbursting

Disaster Recovery

Backup

Virtual Desktop Proof of Concepts

Going Global



# QUIZ



#### Point out the correct statement:

- A Cloud architecture can couple software running on virtualized hardware in multiple locations to provide an on-demand service
- Cloud computing relies on a set of protocols needed to manage interprocess communications
- C Platforms are used to create more complex software
- All of the mentioned



#### Answer 1



#### Point out the correct statement:

- A Cloud architecture can couple software running on virtualized hardware in multiple locations to provide an on-demand service
- B Cloud computing relies on a set of protocols needed to manage interprocess communications
- C Platforms are used to create more complex software
- All of the mentioned





#### Point out the wrong statement:

- A cloud cannot be created within an organization's own infrastructure or outsourced to another datacenter
- B A composable component must be modular
- C A composable component must be stateless
- None of the mentioned



#### Answer 2



#### Point out the wrong statement:

- A cloud cannot be created within an organization's own infrastructure or outsourced to another datacenter
- B A composable component must be modular
- C A composable component must be stateless
- None of the mentioned





#### Full form of SAAS?

- A Storage-as-a- service
- B Security-as-a- service
- C Software-as-a- service
- D Server-as-a- service



#### Answer 3



#### Full form of SAAS?

- A Storage-as-a- service
- B Security-as-a- service
- C Software-as-a- service
- D Server-as-a- service





#### Full form of IAAS?

- A Information-as-a-service
- B Infrastructure-as-a-service
- C Indexing-as-a-service
- **D** All of the mentioned above



#### Answer 4



#### Full form of IAAS?

- A Information-as-a-service
- B Infrastructure-as-a-service
- C Indexing-as-a-service
- **D** All of the mentioned above





#### Full form of PAAS?

- A Purchase-as-a-service
- **B** Provisioning-as-a-service
- C Pipeline-as-a-service
- **D** Platform-as-a-service



#### Answer 5



#### Full form of PAAS?

- A Purchase-as-a-service
- B Provisioning-as-a-service
- C Pipeline-as-a-service
- **D** Platform-as-a-service





#### Hybrid cloud is\_\_\_\_\_

- A a third-party cloud
- B a privately accessed cloud
- **C** a publicly held cloud
- D a mixture of private and public cloud





#### Hybrid cloud is

- A a third-party cloud
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- D a mixture of private and public cloud





Companies fully hosted on cloud stores their data in their on-premise servers?

A True

B False



#### Answer 7



Companies fully hosted on cloud stores their data in their on-premise servers?

A True

в False















sales@intellipaat.com



24X7 Chat with our Course Advisor