

Knowledge Distillation

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**Design IT.
Create Knowledge.**

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What is Knowledge Distillation?

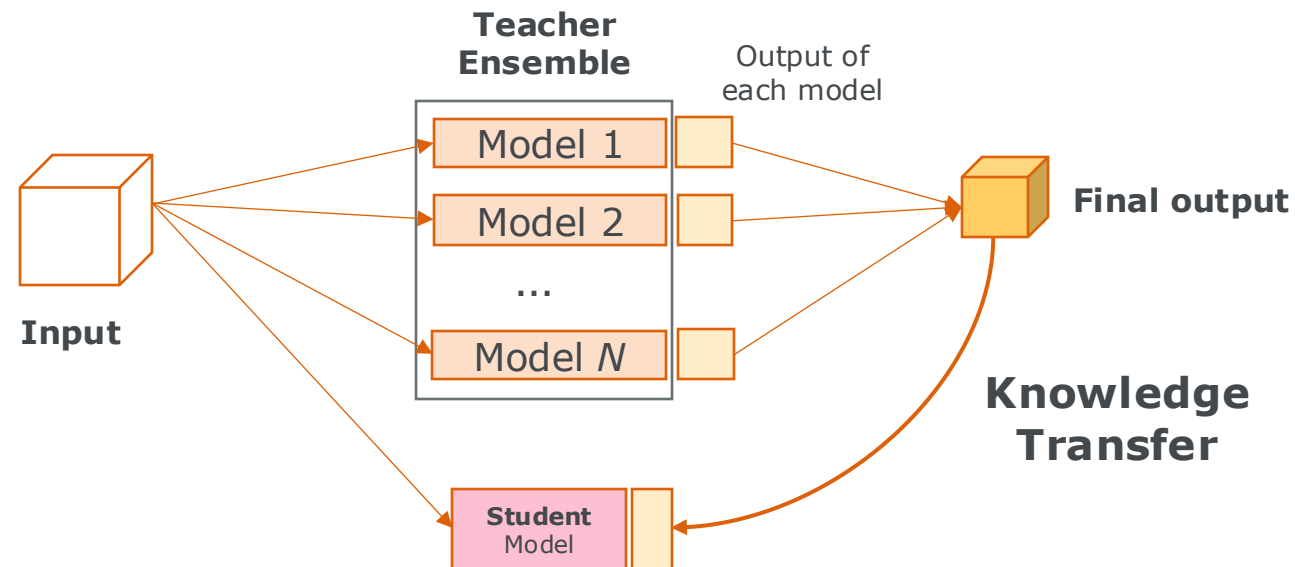
- Many insects have a larval and adult form.



- **Training** and **deployment** phases of large-scale machine learning systems
 - Different requirements on latency and computational resources
 - Therefore, the model can also have different forms at different phases
 - A method of transformation between forms is called "Knowledge Distillation"

What is Knowledge Distillation?

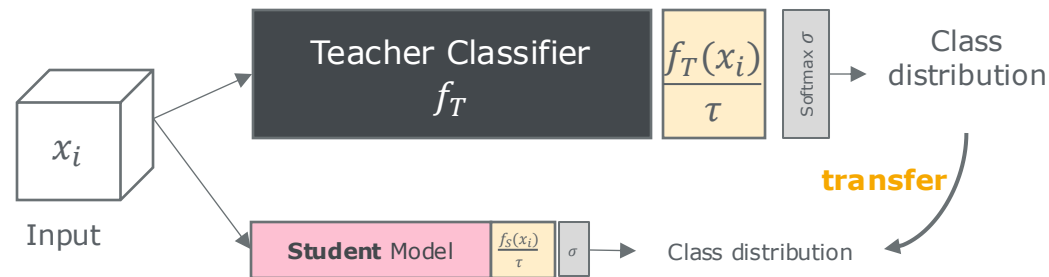
- A model ensemble improves performance but requires large computing resources.
- Buciluă et al. demonstrate that the knowledge acquired by a large ensemble of models can be transferred to a single small model.



What Knowledge can be Transferred?

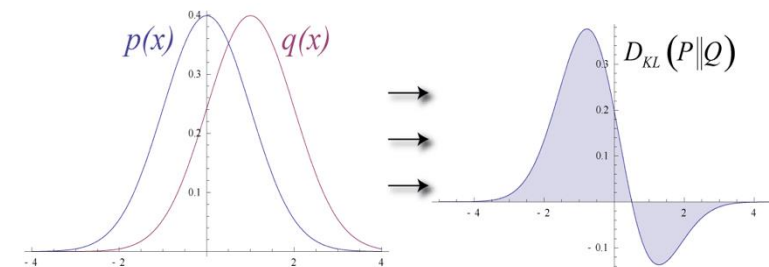
- Hinton et al. consider the neural network model a black box; knowledge can be regarded as the mapping from input to output.
- Transferring knowledge from a big model to a small model → **Model**

Compression



Kullback–Leibler divergence as distillation loss:

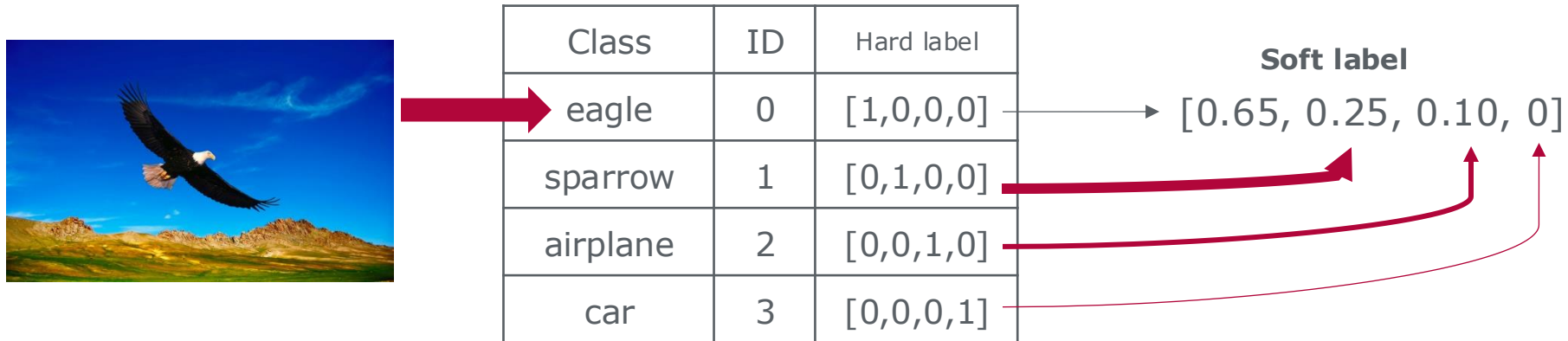
$$D_{KL} = \sum_{x_i \in X} KL(\text{softmax}\left(\frac{f_T(x_i)}{\tau}\right), \text{softmax}\left(\frac{f_S(x_i)}{\tau}\right))$$



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Why Distribution is Better than Hard Label?

- The class distribution or “soft labels” can offer more information about data than hard labels.
- Soft labels have less gradient variance → smoother training, faster convergence
- Reduces the reliance on labeled data



Knowledge Distillation for Large Language Model



Original Model Name	Mini Version Name	Release Date	Notes
GPT-4o	GPT-4o mini	July 18, 2024	A small-parameter model that retains strong performance while reducing costs by about 60%. Supports 50 languages. (zhanid.com)
o1	o1-mini	September 12, 2024	A faster version of OpenAI o1, available for ChatGPT Plus subscribers. (zh.wikipedia.org)
o3	o3-mini	January 31, 2025	A faster version of OpenAI o3, available for free ChatGPT users. (zh.wikipedia.org)

Summary



- KD is a method for model compression
 - Utilizes the fact that large models are often overparameterized
- Teacher-student paradigm
 - Student model learns based on soft labels produced by its teacher
 - Soft labels have multiple benefits
- KD can reduce energy consumption of AI computing
 - Train faster
 - Student model for deployment