



# PYTHON SEMINAR 2018

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# Plan for today



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- Homework

# How to use Python

- Ipython
- Sublime + terminal
- PyCharm (IDEs)
- Jupyter notebook

# Ipython console

- Code highlighting + autocorrection
- Fast and easy
- Perfect to test code snippets

# Sublime (+ terminal)

- Code highlighting + autocorrection
- Very powerful text editor (also LaTeX)
- Code execution in Sublime is possible
- Several cursors handling

# Jupyter notebook

- Highlighting + autocorrection + docu
- Integration of graphics, text (HTML...)
- Magic functions
- Data analysis

# PyCharm

- Code highlighting + autocorrection
- Git integration
- Live code analysis  
(syntax, logic, PEP-8, ...)
- Debug mode





# Homework

Present and explain your solution





# Classes

- Define your own object
- Functions of a class are called methods
- You can create instances of a class (object)

`a = 5` :

```
class int(object):  
    def __init__(self):  
        ...  
    def bit_length(self):  
        ...  
    ...
```



# Definition

- Definition of function with `class` statement
- Specify a name
- Define the `__init__()` method

```
class MyClassName:  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.value = 50  
  
    def my_class_method(self):  
        return self.value
```

# Example

```
class Student:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name
        self.age = age
        self.knowledge = 0

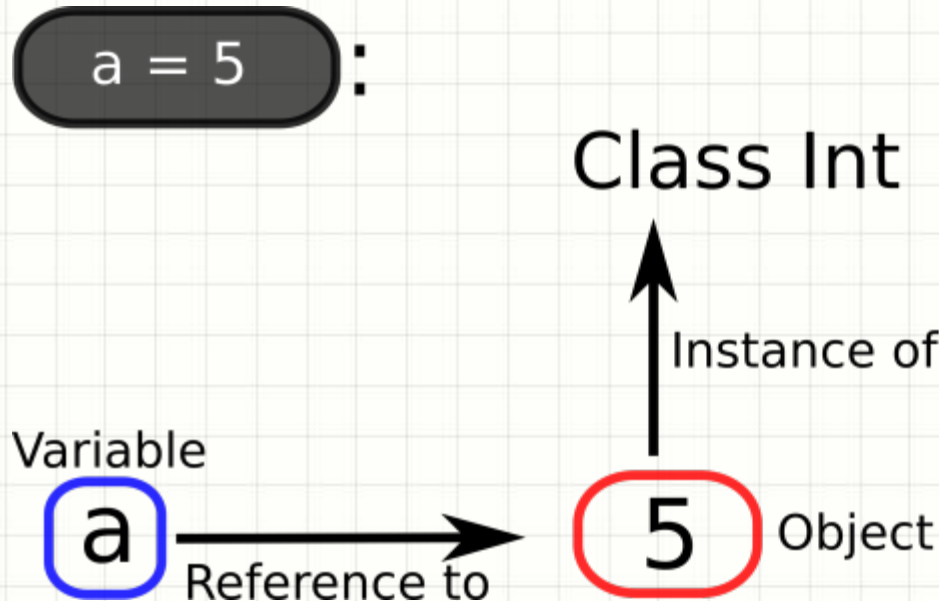
    def study(self):
        self.age += 1
        self.knowledge += 1

    def write_thesis(self):
        if self.knowledge >= 5:
            return 'Good work!'
        else:
            return 'Keep studying'
```

# Create an object

```
jens = student('Jens Hahn', 20)
```

- **jens** is the **reference** to the **object** which is an **instance** of the **class Student**



```
class Int(object):  
    def __init__(self):  
        ...  
    def bit_length(self):  
        ...
```

# Default values

- Set a value to the usual value

```
class ClassName:
    def __init__(self, value=5):
        self.value = value

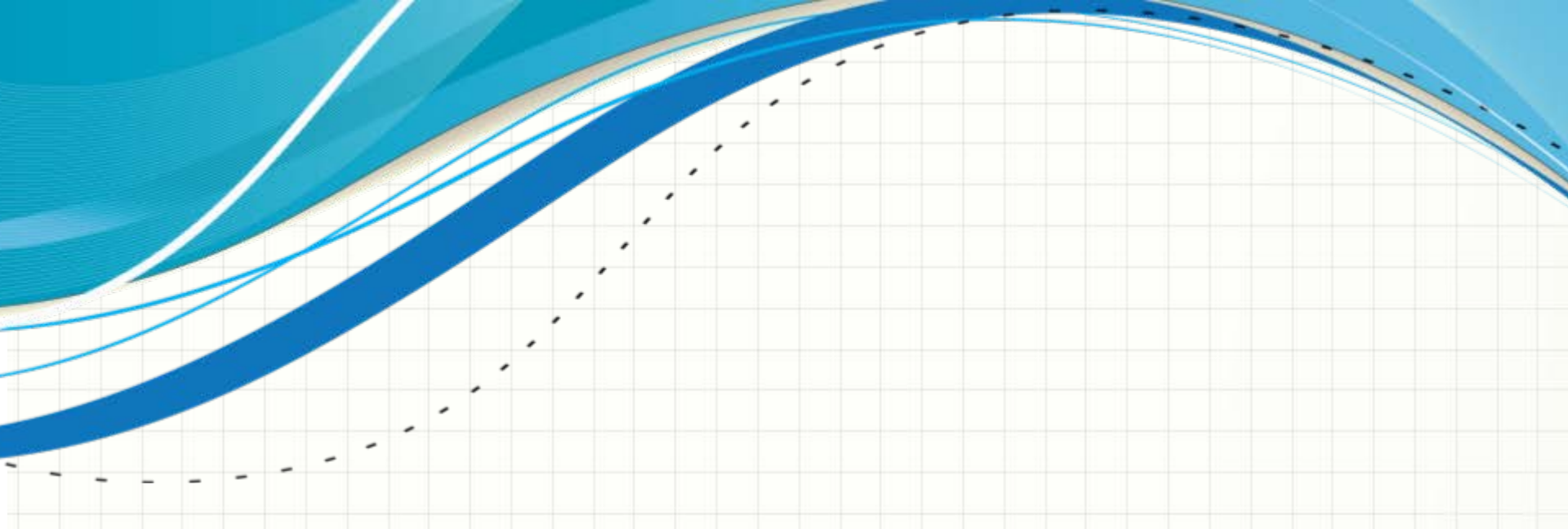
    def class_method(self):
        .....
```

# Doc strings

- Same as for functions
- Also use it for the class methods!!
- String is displayed when you call the `help()` function

```
class ClassName:
    """class description"""
    def __init__(self):
        """my constructor description"""
        self.value = 50

    def my_class_method(self):
        """my method description"""
```



# **HOMEWORK**



# Rock, paper, scissors class

- Take the class structure
- Fill the methods and add owns if you like
- Create an object of this class
- Is it mutable or immutable?