

# מיני פרויקט בבסיסי נתונים – תרגיל בית 3

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# SHEKEM - בסיס נתונים לאחסון נתוני שקם

|   | תוכן עניינים |
|---|--------------|
| ? | פונקציה 1#   |
| ? | #1 פרוצדורה  |
| ? | תוכנית 1#    |
| ? | #2 פונקציה   |
| ? | #2 פרוצדורה  |
| ? | תוכנית 2#    |

## #1 פונקציה

הפונקציה מחשבת את כמות המוצרים בכל השקמים, ואת המוצר ממנו יש הכי הרבה.

```
-- Calculates total number of products in the system
-- and finds the product with the greatest amount
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Calculate Total Products
       (largest product name OUT VARCHAR2) RETURN INT IS
    total products INT := 0;
BEGIN
    -- Sums the amounts of each product
    SELECT SUM (Amount) INTO total products FROM Product;
    -- Finds the product with the largest amount
    SELECT Product name
    INTO largest product name
    FROM Product
    WHERE Amount = (SELECT MAX (Amount) FROM Product);
    RETURN total products;
EXCEPTION
    -- Handles case of no data
    WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
        largest product name := 'None';
       RETURN 0;
    -- Handles other exceptions
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        largest product name := 'Error';
        RETURN -1;
END Calculate Total Products;
```

#### #1 פרוצדורה

הפרוצדורה מוצאת את כל המשלוחים לפני התאריך הנוכחי (SYSDATE) שלא סומן שהושלמו, ומעדכנת את הסטטוס שלהם ל-"הושלם".

```
-- Procedure to update delivery statuses to 'Completed' if the delivery date has passed
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE Update Delivery Status IS
   -- Selects deliveries that are past due and not yet completed
    CURSOR delivery cursor IS
        SELECT Delivery num, Delivery date, Status FROM Delivery
        WHERE Delivery date < SYSDATE AND Status != 'Completed';
    delivery record delivery cursor%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
   OPEN delivery cursor;
   LOOP
        FETCH delivery cursor INTO delivery record;
        EXIT WHEN delivery_cursor%NOTFOUND;
        -- Checks if the status is not 'Completed'
        IF delivery record. Status != 'Completed' THEN
            -- Updates the status to 'Completed'
            UPDATE Delivery
           SET Status = 'Completed'
           WHERE Delivery num = delivery record. Delivery num;
        END IF;
    END LOOP;
    -- Closing cursor and updating database
    CLOSE delivery cursor;
    COMMIT;
EXCEPTION
    -- Undoes changes in case of error and outputs the error message
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
       ROLLBACK:
        DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('An error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
END Update Delivery Status;
```

#### תוכנה 1#

נריץ את השניים באמצעות הקוד הבא, שמדפיס את תוצאות ההרצות:

```
-- Executing the functions and procedures

DECLARE

total_products INT;
largest_product_name VARCHAR2(100);

BEGIN

-- Calls the function to calculate total products and find the largest product
total_products := Calculate_Total_Products(largest_product_name);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Products Available: ' || total_products);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Product with the Largest Amount: ' || largest_product_name);

-- Calls the procedure to update delivery statuses
Update_Delivery_Status;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Delivery statuses have been updated.');

END;
```

#### הפלט המתקבל עבור בסיס הנתונים שלנו הוא:

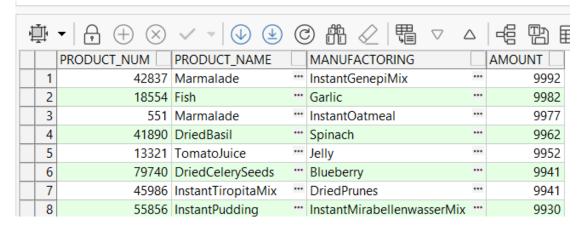
Total Products Available: 2429089

Product with the Largest Amount: Marmalade

Delivery statuses have been updated.

#### נבדוק שאכן השורה השנייה מדויקת:

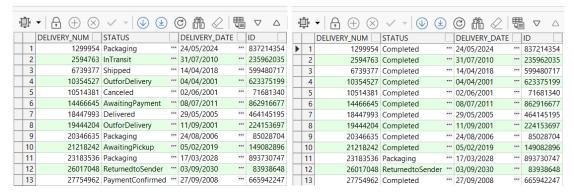
select \* from product
order by amount desc;



#### ונראה שסטטוס המשלוחים באמת עודכן. (כל משלוח עד היום עבר למצב "הושלם")

select \* from delivery order by delivery\_num;

select \* from delivery order by delivery\_num;



# #2 פונקציה

הפונקציה סופרת ומחזירה את כמות הנהגים ה"פעילים":

```
-- Function to count the number of active drivers
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Count Active Drivers RETURN INT IS
    active drivers count INT := 0;
BEGIN
    -- Counts the drivers with status 'Active'
    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO active drivers count FROM Driver
    WHERE Status = 'Active';
   RETURN active drivers count;
EXCEPTION
    -- Returns 0 if no active drivers are found
   WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
       RETURN 0;
    -- Returns -1 for any other error
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
       RETURN -1;
END Count Active Drivers;
```

#### #2 פרוצדורה

הפרוצדורה מעלה בדרגה סמלים שהתגייסו לפני תאריך שניתן ע"י הקוד הראשי:

```
- Procedure to promote soldiers of samal rank who were enlisted before a given date
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE Promote Soldiers (promotion date DATE) IS
    -- Selects soldiers enlisted before the given promotion date
    CURSOR soldier cursor IS
       SELECT ID, Rank FROM Soldier WHERE Enlistment_Date < promotion_date;</pre>
BEGIN
     - Promotes the relevant soldiers based on their current rank
    FOR soldier record IN soldier cursor LOOP
        CASE soldier record.Rank
            WHEN 'Rav Samal' THEN
               UPDATE Soldier SET Rank = 'Rav Samal Rishon' WHERE ID = soldier_record.ID;
            WHEN 'Rav Samal Rishon' THEN
               UPDATE Soldier SET Rank = 'Rav Samal Mitkadem' WHERE ID = soldier record.ID;
            WHEN 'Rav Samal Mitkadem' THEN
               UPDATE Soldier SET Rank = 'Segen Mishneh' WHERE ID = soldier record.ID;
                 - Rank left unchanged if no promotion is available for their rank
               UPDATE Soldier SET Rank = Soldier.Rank;
       END CASE;
    END LOOP;
    -- Updates database
   COMMIT:
    -- Undoes changes in case of error and outputs the error message
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
       ROLLBACK;
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('An error occurred: ' || SQLERRM);
END Promote Soldiers;
```

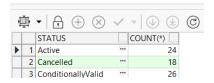
#### תוכנה 2#

נריץ את השניים באמצעות הקוד הבא, שמדפיס את תוצאות ההרצות:

```
-- Executing the function and procedure
DECLARE
  active_drivers_count INT;
  promotion_date DATE := TO_DATE('2020-01-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD');
BEGIN
   -- Calls the function to count active drivers
   active_drivers_count := Count_Active_Drivers;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Number of Active Drivers: ' || active drivers count);
    -- Calls the procedure to promote soldiers based on the promotion date
   Promote Soldiers (promotion date);
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Soldiers enlisted before ' || promotion date || ' have been promoted.');
END:
                                                                           נקבל:
Number of Active Drivers: 24
Soldiers enlisted before 01-JAN-20 have been promoted.
     נדגים מה קורה כאשר נכתוב בפרוצדורה קוד מוטעה וייעשה שימוש ב-Exception Manager.
BEGIN
    OPEN soldier cursor;
    -- Promotes the relevant soldiers based on their current rank
    FOR soldier record IN soldier cursor LOOP
       (במקרה זה, לולאת ה-for פותחת את ה-cursor בעצמה, ולכן זו טעות לפתוח אותו בנפרד.)
                                                                           :נקבל
Number of Active Drivers: 24
An error occurred: ORA-06511: PL/SQL: cursor already open
Soldiers enlisted before 01-JAN-20 have been promoted.
```

נבדוק שמספר הנהגים הפעילים אכן מדויק:

select status, count(\*) from driver
group by status order by status;



### נראה שהפרוצדורה אכן מעלה את הסמלים בדרגה: (מה שניתן לראות מהמנייה של "סגן משנה" ו-"רב סמל ראשון")

select rank, count(\*)
from soldier
group by rank
order by count(\*) desc;

select rank, count(\*)
from soldier
group by rank
order by count(\*) desc;

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|-----------------------|----|--------------------|-----|-----------|---|----|--------------------|----------|--------------|
|                       |    | RANK               |     | COUNT(*)  |   |    | RANK               |          | COUNT(*)     |
|                       | 1  | Rav Samal          | ••• | 40        | • | 1  | Segen Mishneh      | •••      | 73           |
|                       | 2  | Rav Turai          | ••• | 40        |   | 2  | Rav Turai          | •••      | 40           |
|                       | 3  | Segen Mishneh      | ••• | 40        |   | 3  | Rav Samal Rishon   | •••      | 39           |
|                       | 4  | Samal              | ••• | 39        |   | 4  | Samal              | •••      | 39           |
|                       | 5  | Rav Seren          | ••• | 38        |   | 5  | Rav Seren          | •••      | 38           |
|                       | 6  | Rav Samal Mitkadem | ••• | 35        |   | 6  | Turai Rishon       | •••      | 35           |
|                       | 7  | Seren              | ••• | 35        |   | 7  | Seren              | •••      | 35           |
|                       | 8  | Turai Rishon       | ••• | 35        |   | 8  | Segen Rishon       | •••      | 34           |
|                       | 9  | Samal Rishon       | ••• | 34        |   | 9  | Samal Rishon       | •••      | 34           |
|                       | 10 | Segen Rishon       | ••• | 34        |   | 10 | Rav Aluf           | •••      | 33           |
|                       | 11 | Aluf Mishne        | *** | 33        |   | 11 | Aluf Mishne        | •••      | 33           |
|                       | 12 | Rav Aluf           | ••• | 33        |   | 12 | Turai              | •••      | 32           |
|                       | 13 | Turai              | *** | 32        |   | 13 | Segen              | •••      | 31           |
|                       | 14 | Segen              | ••• | 31        |   | -  | Sgan Aluf          | •••      | 30           |
|                       | 15 | Tat Aluf           | ••• | 30        |   | 15 | Tat Aluf           | •••      | 30           |
| $\blacktriangleright$ | 16 | Sgan Aluf          | ••• | 30        |   | 16 | Aluf               | •••      | 26           |
|                       | 17 | Aluf               | ••• | 26        |   | 17 | Rav Samal Mitkadem | •••      | 24           |
|                       | 18 | Rav Samal Rishon   | ••• | 25        |   | -  | Rav Samal          | ***      | 4            |