Entra ID

Quiz: Understanding Active Directory Domain Services and Microsoft EntraID

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. What is Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) primarily used for?
 - A. Managing cloud-based applications
 - B. Storing directory data such as user accounts and passwords
 - o C. Providing multi-factor authentication
 - o D. Monitoring network traffic

Answer: B. Storing directory data such as user accounts and passwords

- 2. Which of the following is a core feature of Microsoft Entra ID that is not natively available in AD DS?
 - A. User account management
 - o B. Multi-factor authentication
 - C. Password management
 - o D. Network security

Answer: B. Multi-factor authentication

- 3. What does the Microsoft Entra Free tier include?
 - A. Advanced identity protection features
 - o B. Full-featured user management capabilities
 - o C. Basic identity management services
 - D. Extensive application management tools

Answer: C. Basic identity management services

- 4. In Microsoft Entra ID, what does the term "tenant" typically represent?
 - o A. A physical server in the cloud
 - o B. A subscription to a Microsoft cloud-based service
 - o C. A set of user policies and permissions
 - o D. A network configuration file

Answer: B. A subscription to a Microsoft cloud-based service

- 5. How does Microsoft Entra ID differ from AD DS in terms of managing computers and user settings?
 - A. It uses traditional Group Policy Objects (GPOs)
 - o B. It does not support computer domain membership

- o C. It organizes objects into hierarchical containers
- o D. It provides detailed network management tools

Answer: B. It does not support computer domain membership

True or False Questions

- 6. Microsoft Entra ID is part of the platform as a service (PaaS) offering by Microsoft.

 Answer: True
- 7. AD DS is primarily focused on providing identity management services to web-based apps.

Answer: False (AD DS is more focused on on-premises apps)

- 8. Each Microsoft Entra tenant can be associated with multiple Azure subscriptions.

 Answer: True
- The schema of Microsoft Entra ID includes a definition for the computer class.
 Answer: False
- 10. You can use Microsoft Entra ID to configure single sign-on (SSO) to cloud-based SaaS applications.

Answer: True

Short Answer Questions

11. What is the primary strength of Microsoft Entra ID?

Answer: The primary strength of Microsoft Entra ID lies in providing directory services, storing and publishing user, device, and application data, and handling the authentication and authorization of users, devices, and applications.

- 12. What kind of applications does Microsoft Entra ID primarily focus on?

 Answer: Microsoft Entra ID primarily focuses on providing identity management services to web-based applications.
- 13. What does the term "tenant" represent from a technical standpoint in Microsoft Entra ID?

Answer: From a technical standpoint, the term "tenant" represents an individual Microsoft Entra instance.

14. Why is it unnecessary for Microsoft Entra ID to include Organizational Units (OUs)?

Answer: It is unnecessary for Microsoft Entra ID to include Organizational Units (OUs) because OUs are primarily used for Group Policy scoping and delegation in AD DS, and similar arrangements can be achieved in Microsoft Entra ID by organizing objects based on their group membership.

15. What is the significance of the Application and servicePrincipal classes in Microsoft Entra ID?

Answer: Objects of the Application and servicePrincipal classes represent applications in Microsoft Entra ID. An object in the Application class contains an application definition, and an object in the servicePrincipal class constitutes its instance in the current Microsoft Entra tenant. This separation allows the definition of an application in one

tenant and its use across multiple tenants by creating a service principal object for the application in each tenant.

Quiz: Comparing AD DS and Microsoft Entra ID

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Which protocol does AD DS primarily use for authentication?
 - o A. OAuth
 - o B. SAML
 - o C. Kerberos
 - o D. OpenID Connect

Answer: C. Kerberos

- 2. Which of the following services is NOT part of the Windows Active Directory suite of technologies?
 - A. Active Directory Certificate Services (AD CS)
 - B. Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services (AD LDS)
 - C. Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
 - o D. Microsoft Entra ID

Answer: D. Microsoft Entra ID

- What communication protocols does Microsoft Entra ID primarily use?
 - o A. LDAP and Kerberos
 - B. HTTP and HTTPS
 - o C. DNS and RPC
 - o D. SMB and FTP

Answer: B. HTTP and HTTPS

- 4. How are users and groups structured in Microsoft Entra ID?
 - o A. Hierarchical structure with OUs
 - B. Flat structure with no OUs
 - o C. Tree structure with nested domains
 - o D. Circular structure with nested groups

Answer: B. Flat structure with no OUs

- 5. Which API does Microsoft Entra ID use for querying?
 - A. LDAP
 - B. REST API over HTTP and HTTPS
 - o C. RPC
 - o D. SOAP API over HTTPS

Answer: B. REST API over HTTP and HTTPS

6. What is a key characteristic of AD DS regarding its structure?

- o A. Flat structure with no hierarchical components
- o B. Hierarchical X.500-based structure
- o C. Circular structure with peer-to-peer nodes
- o D. Tree structure with no domain controllers

Answer: B. Hierarchical X.500-based structure

7. What does Microsoft Entra ID use instead of Kerberos for authentication?

- A. LDAP and NTLM
- o B. SAML, WS-Federation, and OpenID Connect
- o C. DNS and DHCP
- o D. SMB and FTP

Answer: B. SAML, WS-Federation, and OpenID Connect

8. Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of Microsoft Entra ID?

- o A. Multi-tenant directory service
- B. Uses OUs and GPOs for management
- o C. Primarily an identity solution for internet-based applications
- o D. Includes federation services

Answer: B. Uses OUs and GPOs for management

9. What must be configured when deploying AD DS on an Azure virtual machine?

- A. Using drive C for AD DS storage
- o B. Adding extra Azure data disks for AD DS storage
- C. Setting up a flat structure for users and groups
- o D. Using HTTP and HTTPS for communication

Answer: B. Adding extra Azure data disks for AD DS storage

10. Which statement is TRUE about federation in Microsoft Entra ID?

- A. It only supports Microsoft services.
- B. It does not include any federation services.
- o C. It includes federation services and supports third-party services like Facebook.
- D. It uses RPC and SMB protocols for federation.

Answer: C. It includes federation services and supports third-party services like Facebook.

Quiz: Microsoft Entra ID P1 and P2 Features

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Which edition of Microsoft Entra ID provides advanced security reports and alerts?
 - o A. Free Edition
 - o B. Office 365 Edition
 - o C. P1 Edition
 - o D. Basic Edition

Answer: C. P1 Edition

- 2. What feature of Microsoft Entra ID P1 allows users to manage their own groups?
 - o A. Microsoft Entra Privileged Identity Management
 - o B. Self-service group management
 - o C. Microsoft Entra Connect Health
 - o D. Cloud App Discovery

Answer: B. Self-service group management

- 3. Which feature is exclusive to the Microsoft Entra ID P2 edition?
 - o A. Multi-factor authentication
 - B. Password reset with writeback
 - C. Microsoft Entra ID Protection
 - o D. Conditional Access

Answer: C. Microsoft Entra ID Protection

- 4. Which Microsoft Entra ID feature allows self-service password resets that follow on-premises password policies?
 - o A. Multi-factor authentication
 - o B. Password reset with writeback
 - o C. Microsoft Entra Privileged Identity Management
 - o D. Microsoft Entra Connect Health

Answer: B. Password reset with writeback

- 5. What is guaranteed by the Enterprise SLA for Microsoft Entra ID P1 or P2?
 - o A. 99.5% availability
 - o B. 99.7% availability
 - o C. 99.9% availability
 - o D. 100% availability

Answer: C. 99.9% availability

6. Which feature of Microsoft Entra ID P1 helps discover the most frequently used cloud-based applications?

- o A. Cloud App Discovery
- B. Microsoft Entra Connect Health
- C. Advanced security reports
- D. Self-service group management

Answer: A. Cloud App Discovery

7. Microsoft Entra Privileged Identity Management, a feature of the P2 edition, is used to:

- A. Discover cloud applications
- o B. Manage self-service groups
- o C. Provide enhanced security for privileged users
- o D. Enable multi-factor authentication

Answer: C. Provide enhanced security for privileged users

8. Which of the following is NOT a communication protocol used by Microsoft Entra ID for authentication?

- o A. Kerberos
- o B. SAML
- o C. WS-Federation
- o D. OpenID Connect

Answer: A. Kerberos

9. What additional service is included with Microsoft Entra ID P1 for hybrid identity solutions?

- o A. Microsoft Entra Connect Health
- o B. Microsoft Identity Manager (MIM) licensing
- C. Cloud App Discovery
- o D. Conditional Access

Answer: B. Microsoft Identity Manager (MIM) licensing

10. Which feature of Microsoft Entra ID P1 or P2 allows you to gain operational insight and monitor performance counters?

- A. Advanced security reports
- B. Microsoft Entra Connect Health
- o C. Microsoft Entra ID Protection
- o D. Microsoft Entra Privileged Identity Management

Answer: B. Microsoft Entra Connect Health

Quiz: Microsoft Entra Domain Services

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. What is a key benefit of using Microsoft Entra Domain Services instead of deploying replica domain controllers in Azure?
 - A. Requires more administrative effort
 - B. Provides Group Policy management and domain joining without additional domain controllers
 - C. Authentication traffic must cross a VPN
 - D. Requires deployment of additional domain controllers in the cloud

Answer: B. Provides Group Policy management and domain joining without additional domain controllers

- 2. Which tier of Microsoft Entra ID includes Microsoft Entra Domain Services?
 - o A. Free Tier
 - o B. Office 365 Edition
 - o C. P1 or P2 Tier
 - o D. Basic Edition

Answer: C. P1 or P2 Tier

- 3. What protocol compatibility does Microsoft Entra Domain Services provide for applications?
 - o A. LDAP, NTLM, and Kerberos
 - o B. SAML, WS-Federation, and OpenID Connect
 - C. OAuth and SOAP
 - o D. DNS and HTTP

Answer: A. LDAP, NTLM, and Kerberos

- 4. Which of the following is NOT a limitation of Microsoft Entra Domain Services?
 - A. Only the base computer Active Directory object is supported
 - o B. The schema can be extended
 - o C. The organizational unit (OU) structure is flat
 - o D. Built-in Group Policy Objects (GPOs) exist for computer and user accounts

Answer: B. The schema can be extended

- 5. How can you enable Microsoft Entra Domain Services?
 - A. By using the Azure portal
 - B. By deploying additional domain controllers
 - C. By configuring a site-to-site VPN
 - o D. By using Windows PowerShell scripts

Answer: A. By using the Azure portal

6. What is a primary administrative benefit of using Microsoft Entra Domain Services?

- A. Need to manage, update, and monitor domain controllers
- o B. Need to deploy and manage Active Directory replication
- C. No need to manage domain controllers
- o D. Requirement of Domain Admins or Enterprise Admins groups

Answer: C. No need to manage domain controllers

7. What type of GPOs does Microsoft Entra Domain Services provide?

- A. Customizable GPOs for specific OUs
- o B. Built-in GPOs for computer and user accounts
- C. GPOs that support WMI filters
- D. Security-group targeted GPOs

Answer: B. Built-in GPOs for computer and user accounts

8. Which approach allows authentication traffic to stay in the cloud rather than crossing a VPN?

- o A. Site-to-site VPN between local infrastructure and Azure laaS
- o B. Deploying replica domain controllers in Azure
- C. Using Microsoft Entra Domain Services
- D. Deploying domain controllers on-premises

Answer: B. Deploying replica domain controllers in Azure

9. What type of applications can be migrated using Microsoft Entra Domain Services without needing domain controllers in the cloud?

- A. Applications using SAML or OpenID Connect
- B. Applications using LDAP, NTLM, or Kerberos
- C. Applications using HTTP or HTTPS
- D. Applications using OAuth or SOAP

Answer: B. Applications using LDAP, NTLM, or Kerberos

10. How is Microsoft Entra Domain Services billed?

- A. Per user per month
- B. Per hour based on the size of your directory
- o C. Per transaction
- o D. Annual subscription fee

Answer: B. Per hour based on the size of your directory

1. What is a benefit of using Microsoft Entra ID versus Active Directory (AD)?

Microsoft Entra ID is a cloud-based identity solution

Correct. Microsoft Entra authenticates using one identity across Microsoft services (such as Microsoft 365, Dynamics 365, and Azure). AD functions as a directory service. AD uses stored passwords, certificates, for authentication and access.

2. In addition to the free features of Microsoft Entra ID, what is the minimum Premium version licensing needed to implement risk-based sign-ins?

Microsoft Entra ID P2

Correct. Microsoft Entra ID P2 edition provides additional identity protection features, such as risk-based conditional access.

LAB 1 Manage Microsoft Entra ID Identities

Quiz: Managing Microsoft Entra ID Identities

Task 1: Create and Configure User Accounts

In this task, you will create and configure user accounts. User accounts will store user data such as name, department, location, and contact information.

1. What is the primary tool used to manage Microsoft Entra ID identities?

- o A. Windows Admin Center
- o B. Azure portal
- o C. Microsoft 365 Admin Center
- o D. System Center Configuration Manager

Answer: B. Azure portal

2. What should you do if you are new to the Azure portal?

- A. Immediately start creating user accounts
- B. Watch the Getting started in the Azure portal video
- o C. Contact Azure support
- o D. Skip the Quickstart Center

Answer: B. Watch the Getting started in the Azure portal video

3. What does a tenant in Microsoft Entra ID represent?

- A. A subscription to Azure services
- B. A specific instance of Microsoft Entra ID containing accounts and groups
- C. A physical server running Azure

o D. A security policy configuration

Answer: B. A specific instance of Microsoft Entra ID containing accounts and groups

- 4. Where can you manage and assign licenses in Microsoft Entra ID?
 - o A. Users
 - o B. Groups
 - o C. Licenses
 - o D. Properties

Answer: C. Licenses

- 5. What is the User principal name of the new user created in the lab?
 - o A. user1
 - o B. admin1
 - o C. az104-user1
 - o D. itlab-user1

Answer: C. az104-user1

- 6. What job title is assigned to the new user created in the lab?
 - o A. System Administrator
 - B. IT Lab Manager
 - o C. IT Lab Administrator
 - o D. Lab Engineer

Answer: C. IT Lab Administrator

- 7. What should you do after creating a new user to confirm the creation?
 - o A. Sign out and sign in again
 - o B. Refresh the page
 - o C. Create another user
 - o D. Contact support

Answer: B. Refresh the page

- 8. Which of the following information is included in the Properties tab when creating a user?
 - o A. Email address
 - o B. Phone number
 - o C. Job title
 - o D. Password

Answer: C. Job title

9. When inviting an external user, what should you check to send an invite message?

- A. Send welcome email
- o B. Send invite message
- o C. Notify user
- o D. Enable account

Answer: B. Send invite message

10. What message is suggested to include in the invite message for the external user?

- o A. Welcome to Azure and our team
- B. Welcome to Azure and our group project
- C. You have been invited to Azure
- o D. Join our Azure project

Answer: B. Welcome to Azure and our group project

11. What job title is assigned to the invited external user?

- A. IT Support
- o B. IT Specialist
- o C. IT Lab Administrator
- o D. IT Technician

Answer: C. IT Lab Administrator

12. What should you do after inviting an external user to confirm the invitation?

- A. Sign out and sign in again
- o B. Refresh the page
- C. Send another invite
- o D. Check the user's email

Answer: B. Refresh the page

Task 2: Create Groups and Add Members

In this task, you create a group account. Group accounts can include user accounts or devices. These are two basic ways members are assigned to groups: Statically and Dynamically. Static groups require administrators to add and remove members manually. Dynamic groups update automatically based on the properties of a user account or device. For example, job title.

13. What are the two basic ways members are assigned to groups?

- A. Dynamically and Manually
- o B. Statically and Dynamically
- C. Automatically and Manually
- o D. Directly and Indirectly

Answer: B. Statically and Dynamically

14. Which membership type requires an Entra ID Premium P1 or P2 license?

- o A. Static
- o B. Dynamic
- o C. Manual
- o D. Direct

Answer: B. Dynamic

15. What should you configure to specify a group lifetime in days?

- A. Group Type
- o B. Expiration
- o C. Naming Policy
- o D. Membership Type

Answer: B. Expiration

16. Which setting allows you to configure blocked words and add a prefix or suffix to group names?

- o A. Expiration
- o B. Naming Policy
- o C. Group Type
- o D. Membership Type

Answer: B. Naming Policy

17. What type of group is created in the lab?

- o A. Distribution
- B. Security
- o C. Mail-enabled
- o D. Dynamic

Answer: B. Security

18. What is the group name of the new group created in the lab?

- A. IT Lab Managers
- o B. IT Lab Engineers
- o C. IT Lab Administrators
- o D. IT Administrators

Answer: C. IT Lab Administrators

19. What description is given to the new group in the lab?

- A. Administrators that manage the lab
- o B. Administrators that manage the IT department

- C. Administrators that manage the IT lab
- o D. IT Lab team

Answer: C. Administrators that manage the IT lab

20. Who is selected as the owner of the new group?

- o A. az104-user1
- o B. The external user
- o C. Yourself
- o D. IT Manager

Answer: C. Yourself

21. Who are the members added to the new group?

- A. az104-user1 and the external user
- o B. az104-user1 and yourself
- C. The external user and yourself
- o D. IT Lab Administrators

Answer: A. az104-user1 and the external user

22. What should you do after creating the group to confirm its creation?

- o A. Sign out and sign in again
- o B. Refresh the page
- o C. Create another group
- o D. Contact support

Answer: B. Refresh the page

23. Where can you review the members and owners of the new group?

- o A. Overview blade
- o B. Group settings
- C. Members and Owners tab
- o D. Properties

Answer: C. Members and Owners tab

24. What feature allows dynamic updating of group membership based on user properties?

- o A. Static Membership
- o B. Conditional Access
- o C. Dynamic Membership
- o D. Group Policy

Answer: C. Dynamic Membership

25. Which membership type is selected for the new group created in the lab?

- o A. Static
- o B. Dynamic
- o C. Assigned
- o D. Automatic

Answer: C. Assigned

26. What type of license is required for using dynamic membership?

- o A. Entra ID Free
- o B. Entra ID Basic
- o C. Entra ID Premium P1 or P2
- o D. Entra ID Enterprise

Answer: C. Entra ID Premium P1 or P2

27. What does the expiration setting in group configuration define?

- o A. Group creation date
- o B. Group deletion date
- o C. Group lifetime in days
- o D. Group owner

Answer: C. Group lifetime in days

28. What prefix is used for the user principal name of the new user created in the lab?

- o A. admin
- o B. user
- o C. az104
- o D. lab

Answer: C. az104

29. What is the email used to invite an external user?

- A. Any email address
- o B. Your email address
- o C. Admin's email address
- D. Default email address

Answer: B. Your email address

30. Which blade in the Azure portal allows you to manage group settings like expiration and naming policy?

- o A. Overview
- o B. Properties
- o C. Licenses
- o D. All groups

Answer: D. All groups

Lab 2a Manage Subscriptions and RBAC

Quiz: Manage Subscriptions and RBAC Lab

Task 1: Implement Management Groups

In this task, you will create and configure management groups. Management groups are used to logically organize subscriptions. Subscriptions should be segmented and allow for RBAC and Azure Policy to be assigned and inherited to other management groups and subscriptions. For example, if your organization has a dedicated support team for Europe, you can organize European subscriptions into a management group to provide the support staff access to those subscriptions (without providing individual access to all subscriptions). In our scenario everyone at the Help Desk will need to create a support request across all subscriptions.

- 1. What is the primary purpose of management groups in Azure?
 - A. To deploy virtual machines
 - o B. To organize subscriptions
 - C. To manage DNS zones
 - o D. To create resource groups

Answer: B. To organize subscriptions

- 2. What is the function of the root management group?
 - A. To apply global policies and Azure role assignments
 - o B. To deploy Azure resources
 - C. To manage virtual networks
 - o D. To create custom RBAC roles

Answer: A. To apply global policies and Azure role assignments

Task 2: Review and Assign a Built-in Azure Role

In this task, you will review the built-in roles and assign the VM Contributor role to a member of the Help Desk. Azure provides a large number of built-in roles.

3. Which built-in role allows managing virtual machines but not access to their operating system or network configurations?

- o A. Owner
- o B. Contributor
- o C. Reader
- D. Virtual Machine Contributor

Answer: D. Virtual Machine Contributor

4. What is the best practice for assigning Azure roles?

- A. Assign roles to individuals
- o B. Assign roles to service accounts
- C. Assign roles to groups
- o D. Assign roles to resources

Answer: C. Assign roles to groups

Task 3: Create a Custom RBAC Role

In this task, you will create a custom RBAC role. Custom roles are a core part of implementing the principle of least privilege for an environment. Built-in roles might have too many permissions for your scenario. In this task we will create a new role and remove permissions that are not be necessary. Do you have a plan for managing overlapping permissions?

5. What is the purpose of creating a custom RBAC role?

- A. To manage Azure subscriptions
- o B. To assign built-in roles
- o C. To remove unnecessary permissions
- D. To monitor activity logs

Answer: C. To remove unnecessary permissions

6. Which tab in the Azure portal is used to create a custom RBAC role?

- A. Overview
- o B. Permissions
- o C. Access control (IAM)
- o D. Activity log

Answer: C. Access control (IAM)

Task 4: Monitor Role Assignments with the Activity Log

In this task, you view the activity log to determine if anyone has created a new role.

7. What does the Azure Activity log provide insight into?

- A. Virtual machine performance
- o B. Subscription billing
- o C. Role assignments and resource-level events
- D. Network traffic

Answer: C. Role assignments and resource-level events

8. How can you filter the Azure Activity log for specific operations?

- o A. By date and time
- o B. By subscription name
- o C. By resource type
- D. By operation type

Answer: D. By operation type

General

9. What is the recommended approach for managing overlapping permissions in Azure?

- A. Assign all permissions to users
- o B. Remove all permissions
- o C. Assign permissions based on job role
- o D. Assign permissions based on resource type

Answer: C. Assign permissions based on job role

10. What is the purpose of Azure Resource Manager deployment model?

- A. To manage virtual machines
- B. To organize resources into resource groups
- C. To deploy classic resources
- D. To create DNS zones

Answer: B. To organize resources into resource groups

LAB 2b Manage Governance via Azure Policy

Quiz: Managing Governance via Azure Policy

Task 1: Create and Assign Tags via the Azure Portal

In this task, you will create and assign a tag to an Azure resource group via the Azure portal. Tags are a critical component of a governance strategy as outlined by the Microsoft Well-Architected Framework and Cloud Adoption Framework. Tags can allow you to quickly identify resource owners, sunset dates, group contacts, and other name/value pairs that your organization deems important. For this task, you assign a tag identifying the resource role ('Infra' for 'Infrastructure').

- 1. What is the primary tool used to manage Azure resources and governance?
 - o A. Windows Admin Center
 - o B. Azure portal
 - o C. Microsoft 365 Admin Center
 - D. System Center Configuration Manager

Answer: B. Azure portal

- 2. What is the purpose of applying resource tags in Azure?
 - A. To enhance security
 - o B. To attach important metadata to Azure resources
 - C. To monitor network traffic
 - D. To allocate storage space

Answer: B. To attach important metadata to Azure resources

- 3. What is the name of the resource group created in the lab?
 - o A. az104-rg1
 - o B. az104-rg2
 - o C. az104-rg3
 - o D. az104-rg4

Answer: B. az104-rg2

- 4. What location is used for the resource group in the lab?
 - o A. West US
 - o B. Central US

- o C. East US
- o D. North Europe

Answer: C. East US

- 5. What tag is created in the lab to be assigned to the resource group?
 - o A. Department
 - o B. Owner
 - o C. Cost Center
 - o D. Project

Answer: C. Cost Center

- 6. What is the value assigned to the 'Cost Center' tag in the lab?
 - o A. 001
 - o B. 010
 - o C. 100
 - o D. 000

Answer: D. 000

Task 2: Enforce Tagging via an Azure Policy

In this task, you will assign the built-in *Require a tag and its value on resources* policy to the resource group and evaluate the outcome. Azure Policy can be used to enforce configuration, and in this case, governance, to your Azure resources.

- 7. Which Azure feature can enforce configuration and governance to Azure resources?
 - o A. Azure Monitor
 - o B. Azure Policy
 - o C. Azure Security Center
 - o D. Azure Advisor

Answer: B. Azure Policy

- 8. Which built-in policy is used to enforce tagging in the lab?
 - A. Require a location tag on resources
 - o B. Require a department tag on resources
 - C. Require a tag and its value on resources
 - D. Require a cost center tag on resources

Answer: C. Require a tag and its value on resources

- 9. What scope is set for the policy assignment in the lab?
 - o A. Subscription level

- o B. Management group level
- o C. Resource group level
- o D. Individual resource level

Answer: C. Resource group level

10. What is the assignment name given to the policy in the lab?

- o A. Enforce Cost Center tag
- o B. Require Cost Center tag with Default value
- C. Apply Cost Center tag
- D. Default Cost Center tag

Answer: B. Require Cost Center tag with Default value

11. What is the tag name used in the policy parameters?

- A. Department
- o B. Owner
- o C. Project
- o D. Cost Center

Answer: D. Cost Center

12. What is the tag value set in the policy parameters?

- o A. 001
- o B. 010
- o C. 100
- o D. 000

Answer: D. 000

13. What message should you receive when trying to create a resource without the required tag?

- A. Validation passed
- o B. Validation failed
- o C. Resource created successfully
- o D. Resource not found

Answer: B. Validation failed

Task 3: Apply Tagging via an Azure Policy

In this task, we will use the new policy definition to remediate any non-compliant resources. In this scenario, we will make any child resources of a resource group inherit the Cost Center tag that was defined on the resource group.

14. What is the next step after deleting the initial policy assignment?

- A. Assign a new policy
- o B. Recreate the resource group
- C. Delete the resource group
- o D. Create a new tag

Answer: A. Assign a new policy

15. Which policy definition is used to make child resources inherit a tag from the resource group?

- A. Require a tag and its value on resources
- B. Inherit a tag from the resource group if missing
- C. Apply a default tag on resources
- D. Set tag value on resources

Answer: B. Inherit a tag from the resource group if missing

16. What is the assignment name given to the new policy in the lab?

- o A. Inherit the Cost Center tag with default value
- o B. Apply the Cost Center tag from the parent resource
- C. Inherit the Cost Center tag and its value 000 from the resource group if missing
- o D. Set default Cost Center tag

Answer: C. Inherit the Cost Center tag and its value 000 from the resource group if missing

17. What must be enabled on the Remediation tab for the new policy?

- A. Automatic remediation
- B. Manual remediation
- o C. Create a remediation task
- D. Remediation alert

Answer: C. Create a remediation task

18. What happens to new resources created in the resource group after applying the new policy?

- A. They inherit the Cost Center tag
- o B. They fail validation
- o C. They are created without tags
- D. They are not affected by the policy

Answer: A. They inherit the Cost Center tag

19. What should you do if the policy enforcement takes time to take effect?

- A. Create a support ticket
- o B. Refresh the Azure portal

- o C. Wait for 5 to 10 minutes
- o D. Reassign the policy

Answer: C. Wait for 5 to 10 minutes

20. How can you verify the tag has been applied to a new resource?

- o A. By checking the resource properties
- B. By viewing the resource tags blade
- C. By running a PowerShell script
- D. By checking the resource's activity log

Answer: B. By viewing the resource tags blade

21. Where can you find the list of resources with a specific tag in the Azure portal?

- A. Resource groups
- o B. Tags
- o C. Activity log
- o D. Policy assignments

Answer: B. Tags

Task 4: Configure and Test Resource Locks

In this task, you configure and test a resource lock. Locks prevent either deletions or modifications of a resource.

22. What is the purpose of resource locks in Azure?

- A. To prevent unauthorized access
- o B. To prevent accidental deletion or modification of resources
- o C. To monitor resource usage
- D. To allocate additional resources

Answer: B. To prevent accidental deletion or modification of resources

23. Which type of lock prevents both deletions and modifications of a resource?

- o A. Delete lock
- o B. Read-only lock
- o C. Write-only lock
- o D. Full lock

Answer: B. Read-only lock

24. What is the name of the resource lock created in the lab?

- o A. lock1
- o B. rg-lock
- o C. delete-lock

o D. read-lock

Answer: B. rg-lock

25. Which lock type is selected for the resource lock in the lab?

- A. Read-only
- o B. Modify
- o C. Delete
- o D. Full

Answer: C. Delete

26. What should you do if you want to delete a resource group that has a lock?

- A. Remove the lock first
- o B. Override the lock
- o C. Contact Azure support
- D. Change the lock type

Answer: A. Remove the lock first

27. What is the warning message when trying to delete a locked resource group?

- A. Lock prevents deletion
- o B. Deleting this resource group is a permanent action and cannot be undone
- o C. Resource group not found
- o D. Resource group deletion failed

Answer: B. Deleting this resource group is a permanent action and cannot be undone

28. How do you remove a resource lock in Azure?

- A. Delete the lock from the resource group settings
- o B. Run a PowerShell command
- C. Contact Azure support
- D. Modify the lock settings

Answer: A. Delete the lock from the resource group settings

Cleanup Your Resources

29. What should you do to ensure resources are freed up and cost is minimized after completing the lab?

- A. Deactivate your Azure subscription
- B. Delete the lab resource group
- o C. Change the resource tags
- o D. Contact Azure support

Answer: B. Delete the lab resource group

30. Which Azure CLI command can be used to delete a resource group?

- A. az group remove --name resourceGroupName
- B. az group delete --name resourceGroupName
- o C. az resource delete --name resourceGroupName
- D. az resource group delete --name resourceGroupName

Answer: B. az group delete --name resourceGroupName

31. Which PowerShell command can be used to delete a resource group?

- o A. Remove-AzResource -Name resourceGroupName
- o B. Remove-AzResourceGroup -Name resourceGroupName
- o C. Delete-AzResourceGroup -Name resourceGroupName
- D. Remove-AzGroup -Name resourceGroupName

Answer: B. Remove-AzResourceGroup -Name resourceGroupName

General Knowledge

32. Which of the following is NOT a use of Azure tags?

- o A. Identifying resource owners
- o B. Grouping contacts
- o C. Monitoring network traffic
- o D. Defining sunset dates

Answer: C. Monitoring network traffic

33. Which of the following is a key benefit of using Azure Policy for governance?

- A. Real-time resource monitoring
- o B. Enforcing compliance and standards
- C. Automatic resource scaling
- o D. Data encryption

Answer: B. Enforcing compliance and standards

34. What is a Managed Identity in Azure used for?

- A. To manage user access
- o B. To enable secure access to Azure resources
- \circ C. To track resource usage
- D. To assign tags

Answer: B. To enable secure access to Azure resources

35. Which Azure service helps in monitoring and visualizing the compliance status of your resources?

- A. Azure Monitor
- o B. Azure Security Center

- o C. Azure Policy
- o D. Azure Advisor

Answer: C. Azure Policy

36. How can you view the built-in policy definitions available in Azure?

- o A. Through Azure Monitor
- B. Through Azure Security Center
- C. Through the Policy section in the Azure portal
- o D. Through the Resource groups section

Answer: C. Through the Policy section in the Azure portal

37. What effect does the "Modify" policy effect have in Azure Policy?

- A. Allows creation of new resources
- o B. Modifies existing resources to comply with policy
- o C. Deletes non-compliant resources
- D. Alerts on non-compliant resources

Answer: B. Modifies existing resources to comply with policy

38. What must be configured to use the Modify effect in Azure Policy?

- A. A service principal
- B. A managed identity
- o C. A resource lock
- D. A security group

Answer: B. A managed identity

39. How can you ensure a new storage account complies with the tagging policy?

- A. By assigning the tag manually
- o B. By applying a policy with inheritance
- o C. By using a script
- D. By contacting Azure support

Answer: B. By applying a policy with inheritance

40. Which Azure service provides a framework for best practices in governance?

- o A. Azure Policy
- o B. Microsoft Well-Architected Framework
- o C. Azure Security Center
- o D. Azure Advisor

Answer: B. Microsoft Well-Architected Framework

41. What should you do if an Azure policy assignment is not enforcing as expected?

- A. Reassign the policy
- o B. Refresh the Azure portal
- o C. Wait for 5-10 minutes
- o D. Contact Azure support

Answer: C. Wait for 5-10 minutes

- 42. Which tag value is automatically assigned when a resource is created under the new inheritance policy?
 - o A. 001
 - o B. 010
 - o C. 000
 - o D. 100

Answer: C. 000

- 43. Which Azure CLI command is used to view the resources with a specific tag?
 - A. az tag list
 - o B. az resource list
 - o C. az tag show
 - o D. az resource tag

Answer: A. az tag list

- 44. Which component of the Microsoft Well-Architected Framework focuses on resource tagging?
 - A. Cost Management
 - o B. Operational Excellence
 - o C. Security
 - o D. Reliability

Answer: A. Cost Management

- 45. What is the primary benefit of enforcing resource tagging?
 - A. Improved resource performance
 - o B. Better resource management and reporting
 - C. Enhanced security
 - o D. Reduced costs

Answer: B. Better resource management and reporting

- 46. What must be done to an existing non-compliant resource to make it compliant?
 - A. Recreate the resource
 - B. Delete the resource
 - o C. Apply remediation via policy
 - o D. Ignore the resource

Answer: C. Apply remediation via policy

47. What is the default value used for the 'Cost Center' tag in the inheritance policy?

- o A. 001
- o B. 000
- o C. 010
- o D. 100

Answer: B. 000

48. What should you do before deleting a resource group with a lock?

- o A. Override the lock
- o B. Delete the lock
- o C. Contact Azure support
- o D. Change the lock type

Answer: B. Delete the lock

49. How can you check if a new policy is working correctly?

- o A. By creating a new resource and checking compliance
- B. By running an Azure Monitor report
- o C. By contacting Azure support
- o D. By checking the activity log

Answer: A. By creating a new resource and checking compliance

50. What is the role of the Remediation tab in the policy assignment process?

- A. To set policy parameters
- o B. To review policy details
- C. To create a remediation task
- o D. To define policy scope

Answer: C. To create a remediation task

This quiz covers various aspects of managing governance via Azure Policy, including creating and assigning tags, enforcing tagging policies, applying tags through inheritance, configuring resource locks, and cleaning up resources.

Lab 3b Manage Azure resources by using Azure Resource Manager Templates

Quiz: Manage Azure Resources by Using Azure Resource Manager Templates

Task 1: Create an Azure Resource Manager Template

In this task, we will create a managed disk in the Azure portal. Managed disks are storage designed to be used with virtual machines. Once the disk is deployed you will export a template that you can use in other deployments.

- 1. What is the primary purpose of using Azure Resource Manager templates?
 - o A. To monitor resource usage
 - o B. To automate resource deployments
 - C. To secure resources
 - D. To manage user access

Answer: B. To automate resource deployments

- 2. Which type of storage is created in Task 1?
 - o A. Blob Storage
 - o B. File Storage
 - o C. Managed Disk
 - o D. Table Storage

Answer: C. Managed Disk

- 3. What is the name of the resource group created in Task 1?
 - o A. az104-rg1
 - o B. az104-rg2
 - o C. az104-rq3
 - o D. az104-rg4

Answer: C. az104-rg3

4. What performance type is selected for the managed disk in Task 1?

- o A. Premium SSD
- o B. Standard SSD
- o C. Standard HDD
- o D. Premium HDD

Answer: C. Standard HDD

5. What is the size of the managed disk created in Task 1?

- o A. 16 GiB
- o B. 32 GiB
- o C. 64 GiB
- o D. 128 GiB

Answer: B. 32 GiB

6. After creating the managed disk, where can you find the option to export the template?

- A. Under the Overview blade
- o B. Under the Automation blade
- o C. Under the Settings blade
- o D. Under the Tags blade

Answer: B. Under the Automation blade

7. What type of files are included in the downloaded template?

- A. YAML files
- o B. XML files
- o C. JSON files
- o D. CSV files

Answer: C. JSON files

Task 2: Edit an Azure Resource Manager Template and Redeploy

In this task, you use the downloaded template to deploy a new managed disk. This task outlines how to quicky and easily repeat deployments.

8. What change is made to the disks_az104_disk1_name parameter in the template?

- A. Changed to disk name
- o B. Changed to az104-disk2
- C. Changed to az104-disk3
- D. Changed to az104-rg3

Answer: A. Changed to disk_name

9. What is the new disk name set in the edited template?

- A. az104-disk1
- o B. az104-disk2
- o C. az104-disk3
- o D. az104-disk4

Answer: B. az104-disk2

10. What deployment setting is used to create the new disk in Task 2?

- o A. Quickstart template
- o B. Custom deployment
- C. Resource Manager template
- o D. Bicep template

Answer: B. Custom deployment

11. Which resource group is used for the custom deployment in Task 2?

- A. az104-rg1
- o B. az104-rg2
- o C. az104-rg3
- o D. az104-rg4

Answer: C. az104-rg3

12. What is verified on the Overview blade after creating the new disk?

- A. The deployment status
- o B. The disk size
- o C. The resource location
- D. The resource tags

Answer: A. The deployment status

Task 3: Configure the Cloud Shell and Deploy a Template with Azure PowerShell

In this task, you work with the Azure Cloud Shell and Azure PowerShell. Azure Cloud Shell is an interactive, authenticated, browser-accessible terminal for managing Azure resources. It provides the flexibility of choosing the shell experience that best suits the way you work, either Bash or PowerShell. In this task, you use PowerShell to deploy a template.

13. Which shell is selected for deploying the template in Task 3?

- o A. Bash
- o B. Zsh
- o C. PowerShell
- o D. CMD

Answer: C. PowerShell

14. What type of account is required for Cloud Shell?

- A. A storage account
- o B. A service account
- o C. A managed identity
- o D. A user account

Answer: A. A storage account

15. What command is used to deploy the template with Azure PowerShell?

- o A. New-AzResourceGroup
- o B. New-AzResourceGroupDeployment
- o C. New-AzDeployment
- o D. New-AzDiskDeployment

Answer: B. New-AzResourceGroupDeployment

16. Which parameter specifies the template file in the PowerShell command?

- o A. -TemplateUri
- o B. -TemplatePath
- o C. -TemplateFile
- o D. -TemplateLocation

Answer: C. -TemplateFile

17. Which command confirms the disk was created in PowerShell?

- o A. Get-AzResource
- o B. Get-AzDisk
- o C. Get-AzStorage
- o D. Get-AzDeployment

Answer: B. Get-AzDisk

Task 4: Deploy a Template with the CLI

Deploy the template using the Cloud Shell select Bash. Confirm your choice.

18. Which shell is selected for deploying the template in Task 4?

- o A. Bash
- o B. Zsh
- o C. PowerShell
- o D. CMD

Answer: A. Bash

19. What command is used to deploy the template with the CLI?

- A. az group create
- o B. az deployment create
- o C. az deployment group create
- D. az resource deploy

Answer: C. az deployment group create

20. Which command confirms the disk was created in the CLI?

- A. az disk show
- o B. az disk list
- o C. az disk get
- o D. az disk describe

Answer: B. az disk list

21. What is the new disk name set in the CLI deployment?

- o A. az104-disk2
- o B. az104-disk3
- o C. az104-disk4
- o D. az104-disk5

Answer: C. az104-disk4

Task 5: Deploy a Resource by Using Azure Bicep

In this task, you will use a Bicep file to deploy a managed disk. Bicep is a declarative automation tool that is built on ARM templates.

22. What is Azure Bicep?

- A. A programming language for Azure functions
- o B. A declarative language for resource deployment
- C. A tool for monitoring Azure resources
- o D. A command-line interface for Azure

Answer: B. A declarative language for resource deployment

23. What file extension is used for Bicep templates?

- o A. .json
- o B. .yaml
- o C. .bicep
- o D. .xml

Answer: C. .bicep

24. What command is used to deploy the Bicep template?

- A. az group deploy
- o B. az deployment group create
- o C. az bicep create
- o D. az bicep deploy

Answer: B. az deployment group create

25. What value is changed for the managedDiskName in the Bicep template?

- o A. Disk1
- o B. Disk2
- o C. Disk3
- o D. Disk4

Answer: D. Disk4

26. What SKU name is set for the disk in the Bicep template?

- A. StandardHDD LRS
- o B. PremiumSSD LRS
- o C. StandardSSD LRS
- o D. UltraSSD_LRS

Answer: C. StandardSSD LRS

General Knowledge

27. Which Azure feature allows you to export templates for resource groups or specific resources?

- o A. Azure Monitor
- o B. Azure Resource Graph
- o C. Azure Automation
- o D. Azure Resource Manager

Answer: D. Azure Resource Manager

28. What is the primary benefit of using ARM templates for resource deployment?

- A. Improved resource security
- o B. Automated and consistent deployments
- o C. Reduced cost of resources
- D. Increased resource performance

Answer: B. Automated and consistent deployments

29. Which command in PowerShell lists the available disks?

- o A. Get-AzResource
- o B. Get-AzDisk

- o C. Get-AzStorageAccount
- o D. Get-AzVM

Answer: B. Get-AzDisk

- 30. What format are ARM templates written in?
 - o A. XML
 - o B. JSON
 - o C. YAML
 - o D. CSV

Answer: B. JSON

- 31. What Azure feature provides an interactive, browser-accessible terminal for managing resources?
 - o A. Azure CLI
 - o B. Azure Cloud Shell
 - o C. Azure PowerShell
 - o D. Azure Portal

Answer: B. Azure Cloud Shell

- 32. What is the maximum size for a Standard HDD managed disk in Azure?
 - o A. 1 TB
 - o B. 2 TB
 - o C. 4 TB
 - o D. 32 TB

Answer: D. 32 TB

- 33. Which deployment scope allows for resource group, subscription, management group, or tenant deployment?
 - A. Azure Resource Group
 - o B. Azure Subscription
 - o C. Azure Management Group
 - D. Azure Tenant

Answer: D. Azure Tenant

- 34. Which command in the CLI lists the available disks?
 - o A. az resource list
 - o B. az disk show
 - o C. az disk list
 - o D. az vm list

Answer: C. az disk list

35. What does the Azure Bicep language primarily simplify?

- o A. Security configurations
- o B. Network management
- o C. Infrastructure as code
- o D. Monitoring and logging

Answer: C. Infrastructure as code

36. What is the primary use of the "New-AzResourceGroupDeployment" command in PowerShell?

- A. To create a new resource group
- o B. To deploy resources to a resource group
- o C. To delete a resource group
- o D. To list resources in a resource group

Answer: B. To deploy resources to a resource group

37. In Task 2, which file is uploaded alongside the template file during deployment?

- o A. Configuration file
- o B. Parameter file
- o C. Log file
- o D. Deployment script

Answer: B. Parameter file

38. What is the purpose of the "az deployment group create" command?

- A. To create a resource group
- o B. To deploy resources to a resource group
- C. To delete a resource group
- o D. To list resource groups

Answer: B. To deploy resources to a resource group

39. Which Azure service provides a set of pre-built templates for common tasks?

- A. Azure Quickstart Templates
- o B. Azure Blueprints
- o C. Azure Automation
- D. Azure DevOps

Answer: A. Azure Quickstart Templates

40. What is the main advantage of using Bicep over traditional ARM templates?

- A. Better performance
- o B. Simpler syntax
- o C. Enhanced security
- o D. Lower cost

Answer: B. Simpler syntax

41. What file format is used for parameters in ARM templates?

- o A. YAML
- o B. XML
- o C. JSON
- o D. CSV

Answer: C. JSON

42. In Task 3, which icon is used to access the Cloud Shell in the Azure Portal?

- o A. The Bell icon
- o B. The Cloud icon
- o C. The Terminal icon
- o D. The User icon

Answer: B. The Cloud icon

43. Which Azure service helps in managing the deployment of ARM templates and tracking their status?

- A. Azure Monitor
- o B. Azure DevOps
- o C. Azure Automation
- o D. Azure Resource Manager

Answer: D. Azure Resource Manager

44. What is the primary purpose of the Azure Cloud Shell?

- A. To monitor Azure resources
- B. To provide a command-line interface for managing Azure resources
- C. To store Azure resource logs
- D. To create Azure resource groups

Answer: B. To provide a command-line interface for managing Azure resources

45. Which Azure CLI command verifies the list of available disks?

- o A. az disk list
- o B. az resource list
- C. az storage list
- o D. az vm list

Answer: A. az disk list

46. What is the benefit of exporting a template from an existing resource in Azure?

- A. Reducing costs
- B. Simplifying the redeployment of resources

- o C. Enhancing security
- o D. Improving performance

Answer: B. Simplifying the redeployment of resources

47. Which command is used to clear the command window in Cloud Shell?

- o A. clear
- o B. cls
- o C. reset
- o D. clean

Answer: B. cls

48. What does the "ProvisioningState" indicate in the deployment command output?

- o A. The location of the resource
- o B. The type of resource
- C. The current status of the deployment
- o D. The cost of the deployment

Answer: C. The current status of the deployment

49. Which file format is primarily used for Azure Resource Manager templates?

- o A. XML
- o B. JSON
- o C. YAML
- o D. CSV

Answer: B. JSON

50. What is the main function of the Azure Resource Manager?

- o A. To provide a graphical interface for managing Azure resources
- o B. To enable the deployment and management of Azure resources via templates
- o C. To monitor Azure resources
- D. To secure Azure resources

Answer: B. To enable the deployment and management of Azure resources via templates

Lab 4 Implement Virtual Networking

Quiz: Implement Virtual Networking Lab

Task 1: Create a virtual network with subnets using the portal

The organization plans a large amount of growth for core services. In this task, you create the virtual network and the associated subnets to accommodate the existing resources and planned growth. In this task, you will use the Azure portal.

- 1. What is the primary goal of the organization in this lab scenario?
 - A. To implement virtual networks
 - o B. To accommodate existing resources and plan for growth
 - o C. To reduce network latency
 - D. To optimize cloud costs

Answer: B. To accommodate existing resources and plan for growth

- 2. Which region is used for creating the CoreServicesVnet virtual network?
 - o A. East US
 - B. West US
 - o C. North Europe
 - o D. Southeast Asia

Answer: A. East US

- 3. What is the IP address space assigned to the CoreServicesVnet virtual network?
 - o A. 10.10.0.0/16
 - o B. 10.20.0.0/16
 - o C. 10.30.0.0/16
 - o D. 192.168.0.0/16

Answer: B. 10.20.0.0/16

- 4. How many subnets are created for the CoreServicesVnet virtual network?
 - o A. 1
 - o B. 2
 - o C.3
 - o D. 4

Answer: B. 2

- 5. What subnet size is used for the SharedServicesSubnet?
 - o A. /24
 - o B. /25
 - o C./26
 - o D. /27

Answer: A. /24

- 6. Which tab is used to add subnets in the Azure portal?
 - o A. Basics
 - o B. IP Addresses
 - o C. Security
 - D. Review + create

Answer: B. IP Addresses

- 7. Where can you find the option to export the ARM template for the virtual network created?
 - o A. Overview blade
 - o B. Networking blade
 - o C. Automation section
 - o D. Subnets blade

Answer: C. Automation section

Task 2: Create a virtual network and subnets using a template

In this task, you create the ManufacturingVnet virtual network and associated subnets. The organization anticipates growth for the manufacturing offices so the subnets are sized for the expected growth. For this task, you use a template to create the resources.

- 8. Which file is used to create the ManufacturingVnet virtual network and subnets?
 - A. Template.json
 - o B. Parameters.json
 - o C. Configuration.json
 - D. Script.json

Answer: A. Template.json

- 9. What IP address space is used for the ManufacturingVnet virtual network?
 - o A. 10.10.0.0/16
 - o B. 10.20.0.0/16
 - o C. 10.30.0.0/16
 - o D. 192.168.0.0/16

Answer: C. 10.30.0.0/16

- 10. How many subnets are created for the Manufacturing Vnet virtual network?
 - o A. 1
 - o B. 2
 - o C. 3
 - o D. 4

Answer: B. 2

- 11. What subnet size is used for the SensorSubnet1?
 - o A. /24
 - o B. /25
 - o C./26
 - o D. /27

Answer: A. /24

- 12. Which tab is used to associate subnets with a virtual network in the Azure portal?
 - o A. Basics
 - o B. IP Addresses
 - o C. Security
 - o D. Review + create

Answer: B. IP Addresses

- 13. What is the purpose of the parameters.json file in deploying the template?
 - A. It contains the ARM template structure
 - B. It defines the properties of the virtual network
 - C. It provides input values for the ARM template
 - o D. It specifies the deployment location

Answer: C. It provides input values for the ARM template

Task 3: Create and configure communication between an Application Security Group and a Network Security Group

In this task, we create an Application Security Group and a Network Security Group. The NSG will have an inbound security rule that allows traffic from the ASG. The NSG will also have an outbound rule that denies access to the internet.

- 14. What is the primary purpose of an Application Security Group (ASG)?
 - A. To manage virtual machine resources
 - B. To manage network security rules
 - C. To group VMs for applying network security rules
 - o D. To monitor network traffic

Answer: C. To group VMs for applying network security rules

15. Which type of traffic is allowed by the inbound security rule named "AllowASG"?

- A. Internet traffic
- o B. Traffic from other virtual networks
- o C. Traffic from the ASG
- o D. Outbound traffic

Answer: C. Traffic from the ASG

16. What is the priority of the outbound security rule named "DenyAnyCustom8080Outbound"?

- o A. 100
- o B. 1000
- o C. 4096
- o D. 65001

Answer: C. 4096

17. Which action does the outbound security rule "DenyAnyCustom8080Outbound" perform?

- o A. Allows outbound traffic to the internet
- o B. Denies outbound traffic to the internet
- C. Allows outbound traffic to specific IP addresses
- D. Denies outbound traffic to specific IP addresses

Answer: B. Denies outbound traffic to the internet

18. What type of traffic is denied by the outbound security rule "DenyAnyCustom8080Outbound"?

- A. Traffic from other virtual networks
- o B. Traffic to specific IP addresses
- C. Internet traffic
- o D. Traffic to the ASG

Answer: C. Internet traffic

Task 4: Configure public and private Azure DNS zones

In this task, you will create and configure public and private DNS zones.

19. What is the purpose of a public DNS zone in Azure?

- A. To resolve hostnames within virtual networks
- o B. To provide private name resolution services
- o C. To resolve hostnames on the public internet
- o D. To restrict access to specific IP addresses

Answer: C. To resolve hostnames on the public internet

20. Which DNS zone is accessible only from linked virtual networks?

- o A. Public DNS zone
- o B. Private DNS zone
- o C. Custom DNS zone
- o D. Secure DNS zone

Answer: B. Private DNS zone

End of Quiz