

Measure Theory: Exercises (not for credit)

Josephine Evans

October 21, 2021

This is a shorter sheet because last week was longer and you have the assignment as well. I think the most useful question is 3.

Question 1. Let A_n be a sequence of measurable sets. Show that 1_{A_n} converges to 0 in measure if and only if $\mu(A_n) \rightarrow 0$. Furthermore show that 1_{A_n} converges almost everywhere if and only if $\mu(\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \bigcup_{k=n}^{\infty} A_k) = 0$.

Question 2. Let $(f_n)_{n \geq 1}, f, g$ be Borel measurable functions from $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Suppose further that g is continuous. Show that if $f_n \rightarrow f$ almost everywhere then $g \circ f_n \rightarrow g \circ f$ almost everywhere. Can the conclusion fail if g is only continuous almost everywhere.

Question 3. Suppose that f is a measurable function from (E, \mathcal{E}, μ) to (F, \mathcal{F}) show that the image measure defined by $\nu(A) = \mu(f^{-1}(A))$ for all $A \in \mathcal{F}$ is indeed a measure.

Question 4. Suppose that (E, \mathcal{E}, μ) is a σ -finite measure space and f_n is a sequence of real valued measurable functions on E . Suppose that $f_n \rightarrow f$ almost everywhere. Show that there exists a sequence of sets A_n and a set B such that $E = \bigcup_n A_n \cup B$ and $\mu(B) = 0$ and f_n converges uniformly on each A_n .