```
class Employee {
          public name: string;
          public address: string;
          public retired = false;
          public manager: Employee = null;
          public reports: Employee[] = [];
      }
is equivalent to
      class Employee {
          public name: string;
          public address: string;
          public retired: boolean;
          public manager: Employee;
          public reports: Employee[];
          constructor() {
               this.retired = false;
               this.manager = null;
               this.reports = [];
           }
      }
```

## 8.4.2 Member Function Declarations

A member function declaration declares an instance member function or a static member function.

```
MemberFunctionDeclaration: \\ MemberFunctionOverloads_{opt} & MemberFunctionImplementation \\ \\ MemberFunctionOverloads: \\ MemberFunctionOverload \\ MemberFunctionOverloads & MemberFunctionOverload \\ \\ MemberFunctionOverload: \\ PublicOrPrivate_{opt} & static_{opt} & PropertyName & CallSignature \\ \\ PublicOrPrivate_{opt} & static_{opt} & PropertyName & CallSignature \\ \\ PublicOrPrivate_{opt} & static_{opt} & PropertyName & CallSignature \\ \\ FunctionBody & \\ \}
```

A member function declaration is processed in the same manner as an ordinary function declaration (section 6), except that in a member function this has a known type.

All overloads of a member function must have the same accessibility (public or private) and kind (instance or static).