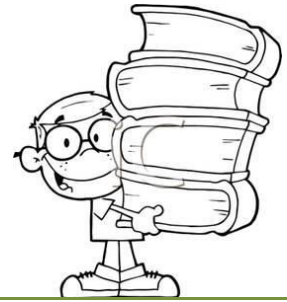


VOCABULARY



DRILL 1: SOLUTIONS

Exercise 1

1. Answer: a) Ambivalent (having mixed feelings or contradictory ideas about something or someone)
b) Ambidextrous (the ability to use both the hands equally well)
c) Ambiguous (open to more than one interpretation)
2. Answer: a) Benevolent (well meaning and kindly)
b) Benefactor (a person who gives money or other help to a person or a cause)
c) Benefit (an advantage or profit gained from something)
3. Answer: a) Philosophy (love and pursuit of wisdom using intellectual means)
b) Philanthropist (a lover of mankind)
c) Philip (lover or friend of horses)
4. Answer: a) Amphibian (an animal that can survive both in land and water)
b) Amphitheatre (An open centre stage for performance where audience can be seated all around the stage)
c) Ambiguous (open to more than one interpretation)
5. Answer: a) Circumvent (to come around something)
b) Circumstance (a fact or condition pertaining to an event or action)
c) Circumlocution (deliberately using more words than is required to be vague)

Exercise 2

1. Answer: Ignoble – not respectable
2. Answer: Illiterate- unable to read or write
3. Answer: Inaccurate-not precise
4. Answer: Cohabit- live together

5. Answer: Symmetric- having similarity in size, shape, etcetera

DRILL 2: SOLUTIONS

Exercise 1

1. Answer: Option B

'Misdemeanour' is related to 'wrong behaviour'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Misery- physical or mental distress
- b) Offense- an illegal act
- c) (Idolatry- the worship of idols)
- d) (Mystery- something that is difficult to explain or understand

Out of the given options the only one that is related in any way to one's behaviour is 'offense'.

2. Answer: Option C

'Entanglement' means a complicated relationship or situation. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Spark- a small particle thrown off from a fire
- b) Closure- the act of closing something
- c) Knot- make something tangled
- d) Procrastination- the action of delaying or postponing something

Hence it is clear that the word that is closest in meaning to entanglement is knot and hence the answer should be option C

3. Answer: Option A

'Blasphemy' is to say derogatory comments about God or sacred things. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Profanity- irreligious or irreverent behaviour
- b) Blandishment- a flattering or pleasing statement used to convince someone
- c) Reverence- deep respect for someone or something
- d) Squalid- extremely dirty or unpleasant

It is evident that the answer is option A.

4. Answer: Option B

The meaning of the word 'complacent' is to be pleased or satisfied with what one already has.

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Clear- easy to perceive, understand, or interpret
- b) Satisfied- contented; pleased
- c) Intractable- hard to control or deal with
- d) Truant- a pupil who stays away from school without leave or explanation

Hence the synonym should be option B, 'satisfied'.

5. Answer: Option C

The meaning of the word 'flabbergasted' is 'astonished'.

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Assaulted- make a physical attack on
- b) Impale- pierce with a sharp instrument
- c) Astounded- astonished
- d) Pleased- feeling pleasure or satisfaction

A word that has a similar meaning is 'astounded' and hence the answer should be option C.

6. Answer: Option B

The word 'maverick' is used in the context of 'unorthodox or different'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Orthodox- following or conforming to the traditional or accepted rules or beliefs
- b) Non-conformist- a person who remains different or unorthodox
- c) Hardened- having become or made harder
- d) Stentorian- loud and powerful voice of a person

Clearly, the answer is option B.

7. Answer: Option A

The word 'infuriate' means to make someone extremely angry and impatient. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Exacerbate- to make a situation or a feeling worse
- b) Fury- extreme anger
- c) Penetrate- go into or through something
- d) Pacify- appease; conciliate

'Fury' means extreme anger and 'exacerbate' means to make a situation or a feeling worse. A lot of students will mark 'Fury' as the answer. But it should be noted that 'fury' is a noun whereas 'infuriate' is a verb. 'Exacerbate' is also a verb and hence that should be the answer.

8. Answer: Option B

The meaning of 'inculcate' is to 'instil by persistent instruction'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Liberate- set free from imprisonment, slavery, or oppression
- b) Instil- gradually but firmly establish an idea or an attitude in a person's mind
- c) Refer- mention or allude to
- d) Inert- lacking the ability or strength to move

Hence the answer is option B.

9. Answer: Option A

The commonly accepted meaning of the word 'console' is to alleviate sadness. But it is also used to refer to the 'cabinet' used for keeping a stereo or a television. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Cabinet- a cupboard for storing or displaying articles
- b) Enlighten- give greater knowledge and understanding about a subject or situation
- c) Stupefy- make someone unable to think or feel properly
- d) Conceal- hide

Hence the answer is option A.

10. Answer: Option B

'Perfunctory' is related to an action that is carried out without real interest, feeling or effort. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Fulsome- generous or abundant
- b) Superficial- an action carried outwardly just for the sake of showing others that something is being done
- c) Excellent- extremely good
- d) Mortuary- the room in which dead bodies are kept

Hence the answer is option B.

Exercise 2

1. Answer: Option A

The meaning of the word 'deference' is polite submission and respect. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Disobedience- failure or refusal to obey rules or someone in authority
- b) Similarity- the state or fact of being similar
- c) Accordance- in a manner conforming with
- d) Consensus- a general agreement

It is evident that from the given options the word that is farthest in meaning to 'deference' is 'disobedience'. Hence the answer is option A.

2. Answer: Option B

'Impertinent' means not showing proper respect or being rude. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Impudent- impertinent
- b) Respectful- feeling or showing respect
- c) Meretricious- apparently attractive but having no real value
- d) Scrutinizing- examine or inspect closely and thoroughly

Hence the answer is option B.

3. Answer: Option A

'Abstemious' means indulging only very moderately in something, especially food and drink. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Greedy- having an excessive desire or appetite for food
- b) Temperate- showing moderation or self-restraint
- c) Haughtiness- the quality or appearance of being arrogantly superior and disdainful
- d) Helm- a tiller or wheel for steering a boat or ship

Hence the answer is option A.

4. Answer: Option B

'Trite' is used to refer to something that lacks originality or something that has become dull owing to overuse. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Pasquinade- a satire that is originally displayed or delivered in a public place
- b) Exceptional- unusual; not typical
- c) Tare- it is another name given to a herbaceous plant belonging to the pea family
- d) Vellicate- to twitch or to cause to twitch

Hence the answer is option B

5. Answer: Option A

'Alienate' means to make someone feel isolated or estranged. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Associate- connect with someone else or something else
- b) Earthling- an inhabitant of the earth
- c) Falsify- alter information so as to mislead
- d) Truncate- shorten something by cutting off the top or the end

Hence the answer is option A.

6. Answer: Option D

'Edible' means fit to be eaten. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Unabashed- not embarrassed, disconcerted or ashamed
- b) Unassailable- unable to be attacked questioned or defeated
- c) Unbefitting- not appropriate, unsuitable
- d) Unpalatable- not pleasant to taste; difficult to eat

Hence the answer is option D.

7. Answer: Option B

'Browbeat' means to intimidate someone to do something. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Threaten- state one's intention to take hostile action against someone
- b) Tyrannize- rule or treat someone cruelly
- c) Extol- praise enthusiastically
- d) Censure- criticize

Hence the answer is option B.

8. Answer: Option A

'Clemency' means mercy or lenience. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Mercilessness- the trait of showing no mercy
- b) Unhygienic- not clean or sanitary
- c) Refusal- the act of expressing unwillingness to do something
- d) Satanic- of or characteristic of Satan

Hence the answer is option A.

9. Answer: Option D

'Altercation' means a noisy argument or disagreement. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Combat- fighting between armed forces
- b) Persistence- continuing in an opinion or course of action in spite of difficulty or opposition
- c) Singular- referring to just one person or thing
- d) Concord- agreement or harmony between people or groups

Hence the answer is option D.

10. Answer: Option C

The meaning of the word 'testimony' is 'a formal written or spoken statement, especially one given in a court of law'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Affidavit- a written statement confirmed by oath or affirmation, for use as evidence in court.
- b) Ratification- to make a treaty, agreement, etcetera official by signing it or voting for it
- c) Denial- the action of denying something
- d) Substantiation- provide evidence to support or prove the truth of

Hence the answer is option C.

DRILL 3: SOLUTIONS

Exercise 1

- 1. Answer: Shoes are worn to cover the feet.
- 2. Answer: Arrows are stored in a quiver
- 3. Answer: 'Brittle' is one of the qualities that a glass can have.
- 4. Answer: A bag is used to carry things.
- 5. Answer: Straight is the opposite of crooked.

Exercise 2

- 1. Answer: Hearing-aid: ears
Bridge: Spectacles are used to help with the functioning of eyes.
Hearing-aid is used to help with the functioning of ears.
- 2. Answer: Cool: solidify
Bridge: Here, the cause is heat and result is evaporate.
In the same way cool is the cause and effect is solidify.
- 3. Answer: Cobbler: shoes
Bridge: Goldsmith is the person who makes gold jewellery.
Similarly, a cobbler is a person who makes shoes.
- 4. Answer: Warm: scalding
Bridge: Shout is moderate while scream is extreme.
In the same way, warm is moderate while scalding is extreme.
- 5. Answer: Sea: shore
Bridge: The land near the river is known as bank.

Likewise, the land near sea is known as shore.

Exercise 3

1. Answer: A bridge is built across a river. A terrace is not built across a staircase.
2. Answer: A pen can work only with ink. This bridge does not exist for blood and bank.
3. Answer: A pharmacist sells tablets; a doctor does not sell stethoscopes.
4. Answer: Illicit and illegal are synonyms. Implicit and open are antonyms.
5. Answer: Green with envy is an idiom. Grimace and anger do not form any such idiom.

DRILL 4: SOLUTIONS

Exercise 1

1. Answer: *Piece of cake*- something easily achieved
2. Answer: *Two heads are better than one*- It is helpful to have the advice or opinion of a second person
3. Answer: *Burning the midnight oil*- study or work late until night
4. Answer: *With flying colours*- with great success

Exercise 2

1. Answer: *Wet blanket*- A dull or depressing person who spoils other people's enjoyment
2. Answer: *Beat about the bush*- be deliberately ambiguous or unclear in order to mislead or withhold information
3. Answer: *Dog in the manger*- a person who prevents others from having or using things even though he or she does not need them.
4. Answer: *Whistle in the dark*- to guess blindly
5. Answer: *Silver lining*- a hopeful or comforting prospect in the midst of a difficult situation
6. Answer: *Bury the hatchet*- to make peace
7. Answer: *A light at the end of the tunnel*- Something that makes you believe that a difficult or unpleasant situation will come to an end
8. Answer: *Bell the cat*- To tackle a dangerous or difficult task
9. Answer: *Cross swords*- have an argument or dispute
10. Answer: *The devil and the deep (blue) sea*- to choose between two undesirable situations

Exercise 3

1. Answer: Up
(Blow up- to make an existing situation seem worse)
2. Answer: Out
(Bring out- uncover; make visible)

3. Answer: Down to
(Comes down to- be dependent on)
4. Answer: On
(Calling on- pay a visit to someone)
5. Answer: Back
(Give back- to return)
6. Answer: In
(Broken in- {past participle of 'break in'}to enter premises forcibly or illegally)
7. Answer: Up
(Hang up- to disconnect a call)
8. Answer: In
(Turn in- to deliver or submit)
9. Answer: Away
(Give away- to make a present of)
10. Answer: On
(Take on- to contend with an opponent)

Exercise 4

1. Answer: Wound
Meaning 1- an injury
e.g. The wound took a long time to heal.
Meaning 2- (past tense of wind) wind- to make into a coil
e.g. The wire was wound around the stick.
2. Answer: Lead
Meaning 1- initiative in an action; an example for others to follow
e.g. He has the skills required to lead the team to victory.
Meaning 2- an element in the periodic table
e.g. The fishes died of lead-poisoning.
3. Answer: Tear
Meaning 1- Fluid appearing in or flowing from the eye

e.g. Her eyes were filled with tears when she knew that she had failed.

Meaning 2- to pull something apart or into pieces

e.g. Make sure you don't tear the dress while playing.

4. Answer: Conduct

Meaning 1- the manner in which a person behaves

e.g. He received the best student award because of his good conduct throughout the year.

Meaning 2- organize and carry out

e.g. The organization conducted the blood donation camp successfully.

5. Answer: Resume

Meaning 1- to continue

e.g. The program will be resumed after lunch.

Meaning 2- a brief account of personal, educational and professional information of a person

e.g. My quality of resume was instrumental in attaining this job.

Exercise 5

1. Answer: Desert

Meaning 1- abandon

e.g. The King deserted his palace after losing the war.

Meaning 2- A dry area of land with little or no vegetation

e.g. Sahara is the biggest desert in the world.

2. Answer: Dove

Meaning 1- a kind of bird

e.g. Dove is the symbol of peace.

Meaning 2- (past tense of dive) dive- move quickly or suddenly in a specified direction

e.g. A bullet passed close to his head and he dove for cover.

3. Answer: Invalid

Meaning 1- A person who is made weak or disabled by illness.

e.g. She spent the rest of her life as an invalid.

Meaning 2- Not valid; not true

e.g. The latest discovery proved his theory invalid.

4. Answer: Refuse

Meaning 1- decline

e.g. He refused accept anybody's help.

Meaning 2- rubbish; waste

e.g. The garbage-can toppled and the refuse was spread all over the road.

5. Answer: Close

Meaning 1- only a short distance away

e.g. Mercury is very close to the Sun when compared to the other planets.

Meaning 2- move so as to cover an opening

e.g. By the time she reached the gate, it was closed.

Exercise 6

1. Answer: Option B

Stationery- writing and other office material

2. Answer: Option B

Elicit- Evoke or draw out

3. Answer: Option A

Dual- consisting of two parts or aspects

4. Answer: Option B

Discreet- careful in one's speech or actions

5. Answer: Option A

Cord- thin, flexible rope or string

CONCEPT REVIEW QUESTIONS

1. Answer: Option A

'Gullible' means easily persuaded to believe something. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Credulous- having or showing too great a readiness to believe things
- b) Guide- a person who advises others
- c) Dubitable- open to doubts
- d) Stable- firmly fixed

2. Answer: Option B

The meaning of the word 'stoic' is a person who can endure pain or hardship without showing his feelings or complaining. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Picturesque- Visually attractive
- b) Impassive- not feeling or showing emotion
- c) Tonic- a medicinal substance taken to give a feeling of vigour or well-being
- d) Discharge- allow a fluid to flow out

3. Answer: Option B

'Replenish' means to fill something up again. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Retrieve- get or bring back
- b) Restore- return to original condition

- c) Reserve- retain for future use
- d) Redress- remedy

4. Answer: Option C

'Aplomb' means 'self-confidence'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Bomb- a container, filled with explosive material, designed to explode
- b) Apple- a fruit
- c) Confidence- trust
- d) Apathy- lack of interest, enthusiasm or concern

5. Answer: Option A

'Serene' means calm, peaceful and quiet. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Quiet- absence of noise or bustle; calm
- b) Senseless- lacking common sense; foolish
- c) Bayonet- a stabbing blade stuck to the muzzle of a rifle
- d) Marine- related to sea

6. Answer: Option B

'Warp' means 'to bent or twist out of shape'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Cover- put something on top of or in front of something in order to protect it or conceal it
- b) Twist- form into a bent, curling or distorted shape
- c) Womanly- relating to or characteristic of a woman
- d) Roll- spin; rotate

7. Answer: Option D

'Weary' means feeling extreme tiredness. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Dress- clothing
- b) Bond- an agreement with legal obligations
- c) Dry- devoid of moisture
- d) Tired- in need of sleep or rest

8. Answer: Option D

'Quarters' means a specified place arranged for accommodation. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) One- fourth- the word used to refer to this is 'quarter'
- b) One-third- one part out of three equal parts
- c) Bungalow- a type of building
- d) Accommodation- a room or building in which someone may live or stay

9. Answer: Option D

'Abject' refers to 'something bad experienced or present to the maximum degree'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Thing- an object
- b) Aim- a purpose or intention; desired outcome
- c) Refuse- indicate that one is not willing to do something
- d) Severe- something bad or undesirable in great intensity

10. Answer: Option A

Apart from the commonly used meaning of 'page', it also has the following meaning; 'a boy, or young man, employed to as a personal attendant or run errands'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Boy servant- a boy employed as a servant
- b) Side- a position to the left or right of an object or place
- c) Publish- prepare and issue a book or piece of music
- d) Copy- a thing made to be similar to another

11. Answer: Option A

The meaning of 'malodorous' is related to 'having bad smell'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Fragrant- having a pleasant or sweet smell
- b) Affliction- a cause of pain or harm
- c) Refute- disprove
- d) Unique- one of a kind

12. Answer: Option B

Pique means 'to arouse or provoke'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Pungent- having a sharply strong taste or smell
- b) Soothe- to gently calm a person
- c) Annoy- irritate
- d) Acrid- pungent

13. Answer: Option A

'Brazen' means 'bold and without shame'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Bashful- shy
- b) Gully- a fielding position
- c) Aggravate- make worse or more serious
- d) Boisterous- noisy, energetic and cheerful

14. Answer: Option B

The word 'irascible' is used to refer to a person having a tendency to become angry easily. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Agitate- stir or disturb
- b) Placid- not easily upset or excited
- c) Amorous- relating to sexual desire
- d) Augment- increase

15. Answer: Option A

'Approbate' means to approve formally. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Condemn- express complete disapproval; censure
- b) Pliant- easily influenced
- c) Brevity- concise and exact use of words in writing or speech
- d) Deceive- cheat

16. Answer: Option B

'Philistine' is a person who is against or indifferent to art, science and culture. In other words this person can be described as an 'anti-intellectual'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Pious- devoutly religious
- b) Intellectual- a person possessing a highly developed intellect
- c) Recede- to move back
- d) Concede- surrender or yield

17. Answer: Option A

'Supercilious' means 'behaving or looking as though one thinks one is superior to others'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Meek- submissive
- b) Clamour- a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting
- c) Credulous- gullible
- d) Ingratitude- lack of gratitude

18. Answer: Option A

'Perilous' means 'full of danger and risk'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Safe- protected from danger
- b) Manic- related to or affected by mania
- c) Fortitude- courage in pain or adversity
- d) Reckless- rash; careless

19. Answer: Option C

'Entice' means 'tempt or allure'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Rage- violent uncontrollable anger
- b) Shaft- pole, stick, rod, etc.
- c) Repulse- cause to feel intense distaste or aversion

d) Tawny- of an orange-brown or yellowish-brown colour

20. Answer: Option B

'Vacillate' means 'to be unable to reach a decision'. The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Sever- divide by cutting or slicing
- b) Decide- make a choice
- c) Trench- a long, narrow ditch
- d) Glaze- cover with a smooth, shiny coating or finish

21. Answer: Option D

Bridge: 'Memorized' (learnt by-heart) is the antonym of 'Impromptu' (unprepared, unrehearsed)

- a) Verbose- talkative; using more words than is required

Simple- presenting no difficulty

It can be seen that the words are not antonyms of each other. Hence the option can be eliminated.

- b) Forced- obtained or imposed by coercion or physical power

Glib- fluent, but insincere and shallow

It can be seen that the words are not antonyms of each other. Hence the option can be eliminated.

- c) Recited- repeated aloud from memory

Read- look at and comprehend the meaning of written or printed matter

It can be seen that the words are not antonyms of each other. Hence the option can be eliminated.

- d) Rehearsed- prepared with a play, piece of music, or other word for later performance

Spontaneous- doing something without premeditation or preparation

It can be seen that it follows the same bridge as the lead pair and hence this is the answer.

22. Answer: Option C

Bridge: 'Fatuous' (silly and pointless) is the synonym of 'Inane' (silly)

- a) Clever- intelligent

Inchoate- rudimentary; not fully formed or developed

It can be seen that the given words are not synonyms of each other. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- b) Fatal- causing death

Invigorating- making one feel strong, healthy and full of energy

It can be seen that the given words are not synonyms of each other. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- c) Portentous- warning; ominous

Ominous- giving the worrying impression that something bad is going to happen

It can be seen that the given words are synonyms of each other and follows the same bridge as the lead pair. Hence this is the answer.

- d) Cloying- disgusting or sickening someone with an excess of sweetness, richness or sentiment

Vicious- deliberately cruel or violent

It can be seen that the given words are not synonyms of each other. Hence this option can be eliminated.

23. Answer: Option D

Bridge: 'Perfection' is the result of 'practice'.

- a) 'Idealism' is not the result of 'notions'. Hence it can be eliminated.

(Idealism- pursuit of perfection)

(Notions- conceptions of beliefs about something)

- b) 'Pinnacle' is not the result of 'nadir'. Hence it can be eliminated.

(Pinnacle- the most successful point)

(Nadir- the lowest or the most unsuccessful point)

- c) 'Tardiness' is not the result of being 'energetic'. Hence it can be eliminated.

(Tardiness- the quality of being late)

(Energetic- full of energy)

- d) 'Strength' is the result of 'exercise'. This follows the same bridge as the lead pair and hence is the answer.

24. Answer: Option D

Bridge: 'Charcoal' is the product when 'wood' is burnt in the absence of air.

- a) 'Heat' is not the product when 'carbon' is burnt in the absence of air. Heat is obtained whenever anything is burnt and is not particular to 'burning carbon in the absence of air'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- b) 'Electricity' is not the product when 'gas' is burnt in the absence of air. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- c) 'Fire' is not the product when 'ash' is burnt in the absence of air. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- d) 'Coke' is the product when 'coal' is burnt in the absence of air. This follows the same bridge as the lead pair and hence is the answer.

25. Answer: Option C

Bridge: The 'murder' of a large number of people is known as 'Genocide'.

- a) 'Accident' and 'assault' doesn't follow the aforementioned bridge. Hence this option can be eliminated.

(Accident- anything that happens unexpectedly or unintentionally)

(Assault- a physical attack)

- b) 'Attack' and 'war' doesn't follow the bridge given in the question. Hence this option can be eliminated.
- c) 'Wind' in large quantities is known as 'Tornado'. This follows the same bridge as the lead pair and hence is the answer.
- d) 'Stultify' and 'invigorate' doesn't follow the bridge given in the question. Hence this option can be eliminated.
(Stultify- cause to lose enthusiasm and initiative; hamper, impede)
(Invigorate- give strength or energy to)

26. Answer: Option D

Bridge: An 'artist' works with 'paint' to make art-work.

- a) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'doctor' and 'patient'. Hence this option can be eliminated.
- b) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'mechanic' and 'car'. Hence this option can be eliminated
- c) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'physics' and 'formula'. Hence this option can be eliminated.
- d) A 'sculptor' works with 'clay' to make sculptures. This is similar to the bridge formed using the lead pair. Hence this is the answer.

27. Answer: Option B

Bridge: 'Hutch' is the cage where a 'rabbit' is housed.

- a) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'barn' and 'hay'. Hence this option can be eliminated.
- b) 'Sty' is the place where a 'pig' is housed. This is similar to the bridge formed using the lead pair. Hence this is the answer.
- c) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'dairy' and 'cow'. Hence this option can be eliminated.
- d) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'field' and 'corn'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

28. Answer: Option D

Bridge: A piece of broken 'glass' is known as 'shard' of glass.

- a) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'weight' and 'pound'. Hence this option can be eliminated.
(Pound is a unit of weight. 1 pound= 0.45 kilogram)
- b) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'ladder' and 'rung'. Hence this option can be eliminated.
(Rung- a horizontal support on a ladder for a person's foot)
- c) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'meat' and 'slice'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

(A slice of meat is will be cut out exactly as required whereas the shape of a 'shard' is always random)

- d) A piece of broken 'cookie' is known as 'crumb' of cookie. This is similar to the bridge formed using the lead pair. Hence this is the answer.

29. Answer: Option D

Bridge: 'Pratfall' is the *cause* and 'embarrassment' is the *effect*.

(Pratfall- a fall onto one's buttocks)

(Embarrassment- a feeling of self-consciousness, shame or awkwardness)

- a) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'deadlock' and 'mortification'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

(Deadlock- a situation, usually involving opposing parties, in which no progress can be made)

(Mortification- great embarrassment and shame)

- b) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'check-up' and 'reluctance'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

(Check-up- a thorough examination to detect any problems)

(Reluctance- unwillingness to do something)

- c) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'downfall' and 'patience'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

(Downfall- a loss of power, prosperity or status)

- d) 'Windfall' is the *cause* and 'jubilation' is the *effect*. This is similar to the bridge formed using the lead pair. Hence this is the answer.

(Windfall- a large amount of money that is won or received unexpectedly)

(Jubilation- a feeling of great happiness and triumph)

30. Answer: Option C

Bridge: A 'vine' uses a 'tendrill' to move.

(Vine- a climbing woody stemmed plant)

(Tendrill- the support on which a vine grows)

- a) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'trunk' and 'tree'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- b) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'pollen' and 'flower'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

- c) An 'amoeba' uses 'pseudopodia' to move. This is similar to the bridge formed using the lead pair. Hence this is the answer.

(Pseudopodia- false feet)

- d) The aforementioned bridge cannot be formed using 'trellis' and 'honeysuckle'. Hence this option can be eliminated.

(Trellis- a framework used as a support for fruit trees or creepers)

(Honeysuckle- a climbing shrub)

31. Answer: Option C

Bury one's head in the sand- ignore or run away from unpleasant realities

32. Answer: Option B

Call on the carpet- to scold someone

33. Answer: Option A

Squirrel out of (something)- to manage to extricate oneself from a situation

34. Answer: Option C

Dark horse- a competitor about whom little is known or who unexpectedly wins

35. Answer: Option A

Make no bones about (something)- to state a fact in a way that allows for no doubt; to have no object to

36. Answer: Option D

Read (someone) the riot act- to give someone a severe scolding

37. Answer: Option C

Let the chips fall where they may- to do something without worrying about the consequences

38. Answer: Option A

To curry favour- to seek to gain favour by flattery or attention

39. Answer: Option C

Devil-may-care attitude- a casual and care-free attitude

40. Answer: Option C

Pull the rug from under- to suddenly take away help or support from someone

41. Answer: Option D

Here, the blank should be filled with a phrasal verb that has the meaning searched. Hence the answer is option D, 'looked for'.

(Look at- the act of directing eyes towards something and perceiving it)

(Look into- Investigate)

(Look up- to search for and find)

(Look for- to search for)

42. Answer: Option B

Here, the blank should be filled with a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'hit by a vehicle'.

Hence the answer should be option B 'run down'.

(Run into- to meet or find by chance; to encounter something)

(Run down- to collide with and knock down)

(Run with- to keep company; adopt)

(Run in- to insert or include as something extra; to pay a casual visit)

43. Answer: Option D

Here the blank should be filled with a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'end a relationship' with someone. Based on this, we can see that 'break up' should be the phrasal verb used here.

But it can be seen that for the sentence to be complete preposition 'with' is required and hence the answer should be option D, 'break up with'.

(Break out of- to emerge or escape)

(Break into- to enter; to interrupt; to begin suddenly)

(Break up- to separate or be separated in pieces; to bring or come to an end)

44. Answer: Option B

Here the blank should be filled with a phrasal verb that has the meaning, 'yielded or accept defeat'. Hence the answer should be option B, 'gave in'.

(Give up- to surrender; to lose hope)

(Give in- to hand in; yield)

(Give out- declare public; to distribute)

(Give away- To make a gift of; to reveal or make known; to betray)

45. Answer: Option C

Here the answer should be a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'increase in number or quantity'. Hence the answer should be option C, 'pile up'.

(Stink up- cause to smell bad; fill with a bad smell)

(Smell off- there is no such phrasal verb)

(Pile up- to gather or accumulate) (Accumulate- acquire an increasing number of)

(Fade off- there is no such phrasal verb)

46. Answer: Option D

Here the answer should be a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'have a resemblance'. Hence the answer should be option D, 'takes after'.

(Take down- to put down in writing; dismantle)

(Take out- to remove; to kill someone; to give vent to)

(Take up- to accept an option or a challenge as offered)

(Take after- to resemble in appearance, temperament, or character)

47. Answer: Option C

Here, the answer should be a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'to continue'. The phrasal verb that has a similar meaning is 'put up'. But for the sentence to be grammatically correct the preposition with should be there and hence the answer is option C, 'put up with'.

(Put up- to offer for sale; to carry on)

(Put out- to extinguish; to expel; to offend or irritate)

48. Answer: Option D

Here, the answer should be a phrasal verb that has the meaning, 'delayed'. Hence the answer should be option D, 'held up'.

(Hold onto- to continue to keep something)

(Hold in- there is no such phrasal verb)

(Hold out- to continue to resist; to continue to be in supply)

(Hold up- to obstruct or delay; to rob while armed)

49. Answer: Option D

Here, the answer should be a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'escape without facing the consequences'. Hence the answer should be option D, 'get away with'.

(Get out of- avoid something you dislike)

(Get atop of- there is no such phrasal verb)

(Get in to- get involved in or with)

(Get away with- escape blame, punishment or undesirable consequences of some action)

50. Answer: Option C

Here, the answer should be a phrasal verb that has the meaning 'be deceived by'. Hence the answer is option C, 'fall for'.

(Fall in- takes one place in a formation)

(Fall at- there is no such phrasal verb)

(Fall for- fall in love with; be deceived by something)

(Fall out- become detached or drop out; have an argument with someone)

51. Answer: Option C

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

a) Adapt- modify

b) Adopt- choose to take up or follow

c) Adept- highly skilled

d) Adduct- move a part of the body towards the midline of the body or towards another part

52. Answer: Option D

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

a) Allude- suggest indirectly; hint

b) Elude- escape from or avoid something or someone

c) Include- make part of a whole or set

- d) Collude- to conspire; come to secret understanding

53. Answer: Option C

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Illusion- an instance of wrong or misinterpreted perception of a sensory experience
- b) Collision- an instance of one moving object or person striking violently against another
- c) Delusion- a false belief; a belief or impression maintained despite being contradicted by reality or rational argument
- d) Derision- contemptuous ridicule or mockery

54. Answer: Option A

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Alternative- a choice between things; two or more possibilities or options
- b) Alternate- occur in turn repeatedly; one after the other
- c) Alternately- the adverb of alternate
- d) Alternatively- as another option or possibility

55. Answer: Option B

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Cite- refer to a passage, book or author; praise someone in an official report
- b) Site- location or scene; a place where a particular event or activity is occurring or has happened
- c) Sight- the power of seeing; a thing that one sees or can be seen
- d) Mite- a small insect

56. Answer: Option D

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Competent- having the necessary skill, knowledge, or skill to do something successfully
- b) Complement- contribute extra features to something so as to improve its qualities
- c) Complacent- showing satisfaction with one's achievements
- d) Compliment- a polite expression of praise or admiration

57. Answer: Option C

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Concise- brief but comprehensive
- b) Conscious- aware of and responding to one's surroundings
- c) Conscience- an inner sense of right or wrong
- d) Conscientious- wishing to do one's duty or work well and thoroughly

58. Answer: Option C

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Wave- move one's hand to and fro in greeting or as a signal

- b) Weave- form a piece of fabric by interlacing long threads
- c) Waive- to give up; refrain from using a right or claim
- d) Wean- be strongly influenced by something or someone

59. Answer: Option B

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Uninterested- not interested
- b) Disinterested- being impartial
- c) Indifferent- having no particular interest or sympathy
- d) Unmoved- not affected by emotion or excitement

60. Answer: Option B

The meanings of the given options are as follows;

- a) Bilateral- having or relating to two sides
- b) Biennial- taking place every two years
- c) Biannual- occurring twice a year
- d) Bilinear- relating to two straight lines

