Vim tips

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1 Text manipulation

1.1 Searching

Command	Description	
/joe/e	cursor set to end of match	
/joe/e+1	cursor set to end of match plus 1	
$/\mathrm{joe/s}$ -2	cursor set to start of match minus 2	
/^joe.*fred.*bill/	normal	
/^[A-J]\+/	search for lines beginning with one or more A-J	
$/\mathrm{begin}_{-}.*\mathrm{end}$	search over possible multiple lines	
$/fred_s*joe/i$	any whitespace including newline	
/fred joe	search for fred or joe	
/.*fred $&.*$ joe	search for fred and joe in any order	
/ <fred<math>>/i</fred<math>	search for fred but not alfred or frederick	
/\<\d\d\d\d\>	search for exactly 4 digit numbers	
$/\D\d\d\d$	search for exactly 4 digit numbers	
$/ < d {4} >$	same thing	
/\([^0-9]\ ^\)%.*%	search for absence of a digit or beginning of line	
$/^n \{3\}$	find 3 empty lines	
$/\(fred\).*\(joe\).*\2.*\1$	using rexexp memory in a search	
/^\([^,]*,\)\{8}	using rexexp memory in a search	
$/<$ \zs[^>]*\ze>	search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons (:h $/\zs$)	
/<\@<=[^>]*>\@=	search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons	
/<\@<=_[^>]*>\@=	search for tags across possible multiple lines	
/¡!p{-}-¿	search for multiple line comments	
/fred_s*joe/i	any whitespace including newline (\setminus_{-})	
$\frac{\log (\)}{bugs}$	bugs followed by bunny anywhere in file	
:h _	help	
:bufdo /searchstr/	multiple file search (use :rewind to recommence search)	
:bufdo %s/searchstr/&/gic	multiple file search better but cheating (n, then a to stop)	
<pre>?http://www.vim.org/</pre>	search backwards for a URL without backslashing	
$/\c\v([\hat{a}eiou]\&\a){4}$	search for 4 consecutive consonants	

1.1.1 Search for declaration of subroutine/function under cursor

:nmap gx yiw/^\(sub\<bar>function\)\s\+<C-R>"<CR>

1.1.2 Search for visually highlighted text

:vmap // y/<C-R>"<CR>

with spec chars

:vmap <silent> // y/<C-R>=escape(@", '\\/.*\$^~[]')<CR><CR>

1.2 Substitution

TEXT MANIPULATION

```
1.2 Substitution
 :%s/fred/joe/igc
                                                         general substitute command
 :\%s/\r//g
                                                         delete dos returns ^M
 :\%s/\r/\r/g
                                                         turn dos returns ^M into real returns (fixes joined lines)
 :%s= *$==
                                                         delete end of line blanks
 :%s= \+$==
                                                         same as above
 :\%s\#\s^*\r\?\$\#\#
                                                         clean both trailing spaces AND dos returns
 :%s#\s*\r*$##
                                                         same thing deleting empty lines
 :\%s/^n\{3}//
                                                         delete blocks of 3 empty lines
 :\%s/^\n\backslash +/\backslash r/
                                                         compressing empty lines
 :\%s\#<[^>]\+>\#g
                                                         delete html tags, leave text
 :'a,'bg/fred/s/dick/joe/igc
                                                         VERY USEFUL
 :\%s = [^] + = \&\& =
                                                         duplicate end column
 :\%s = \f\+\$=\&\&=
                                                         same as above
 :\%s = \S\+\$ = \&\&
                                                         usually the same
 : s/\backslash(.*\backslash):\backslash(.*\backslash)/\backslash2:\ \backslash1/
                                                         reverse fields separated by:
 :\%s/^(.*)\n\1$/\1
                                                         delete duplicate lines
 :\%s/^.\{-}pdf/new.pdf/
                                                         delete to 1st pdf only
 :\%s\#\c|xy|\tbl_[a-z_]\+\>#\L&#gc
                                                         lowercase with optional leading characters
 :%s///
                                                         delete possibly multi-line comments
 : help / \{-\}
                                                         help non-greedy
 :s/fred/a/g
                                                         sub "fred" with contents of register "a"
                                                         better alternative as register not displayed
 :s/fred/=@a/g
 :\%s/\f-\gif>/\r\&\r/g \ v/\gif\d \ \%s/gif/jpg/
                                                         multiple commands on one line
                                                         then use @: to repeat
 :%s/a/but/gie|:update|:next
 :%s/suck\|buck/loopy/gc
                                                         ORing (must break pipe)
 s/_{date_{-}}
                                                         insert datestring
 :\%s:\(\(\w\+\s\+\)\{2}\)str1:\1str2:
                                                         working with columns sub any str1 in col3
 :\%s:\(\w\+\)\(.*\s\+\)\(\w\+\):\3\2\1:
                                                         swapping first and last column (4 columns)
                                                         decrement numbers by 3
 :\%s/\d/+/=(submatch(0)-3)/
                                                         increment numbers by 6 on certain lines only
 :g/loc \setminus function/s/d/ = submatch(0)+6/
 :\%s\#txtdev\zs\d\#=submatch(0)+1\#g
                                                         better version of above
 :\%s/(gg))@<=\d\cdot+/=submatch(0)+6/
                                                         increment only numbers gg\d\d by 6 (another way)
 :let i=10 \mid 'a,'bg/Abc/s/yy/=i/ \mid let i=i+1
                                                         convert yy to 10,11,12 etc
 :let i=10 | 'a,'bg/Abc/s/xx\zsyy\ze/\=i/ |let i=i+1
                                                         convert xxvv to xx11,xx12,xx13 (more presise)
 :\%s/"\setminus([^.]\setminus+\setminus).*\setminus zsxx/\setminus 1/
                                                         find replacement text, use \zs to simplify substitute
 :nmap z :\%s\#\\<=\expand("")\>\#
                                                         pull word under cursor into LHS of a substitute
 :vmap z :%s/\<*\>/
                                                         pull visually highlighted text into LHS of a substitute
```

Filter all form elements into paste register

```
:redir @*|sil exec 'g#<\(input\|select\|textarea\|/\=form\)\>#p'|redir END
:nmap .z :redir @*<Bar>sil exec
   \ 'g@<\(input\<Bar>select\<Bar>textarea\<Bar>/\=form\)\>@p'<Bar>redir END<CR>
```

1.2.2 Substitue within substituion

```
:\%s,\(all/.*\)\@<=/,_,g
                                                                        replace all / with _ AFTER "all/"
:s\#all/zs.*\#=substitute(submatch(0), '/', '-', 'g')\#
                                                                        same thing
```

```
1.3 Global command display 1 TEXT MANIPULATION :s#all/#&^M#|s#/#_#g|-j! sub by splitting line, re-joining :%s/.*/\='cp '.submatch(0).' all/'.substitute(submatch(0),'/','_-','g')/ sub inside sub
```

1.2.3 Substituting a visual area

```
:'<,'>s/Emacs/Vim/g | remember you DONT type the '<.'> gv | re-select the previous visual area (ULTRA)
```

1.3 Global command display

```
:g/gladiolli/#
                                              display with line numbers (YOU WANT THIS!)
:g/fred.*joe.*dick/
                                              display all lines fred, joe & dick
:g/\<fred\>/
                                              display all lines fred but not freddy
\begin{array}{l} :g/^\s^*\$/d \\ :g!/^dd/d \end{array}
                                              delete all blank lines
                                              delete lines not containing string
:v/^dd/d
                                              delete lines not containing string
:g/fred/,/joe/d
                                              not line based (very powerfull)
:g/-----/.-10,.d
                                              delete string & 10 previous lines
g/{/ \cdot /}/- s/n+/r/g
                                              delete empty lines but only between {...}
:v/\S/d
                                              delete empty lines (both types)
                                              compress empty lines
:v/./,/./-j
:g/^$/,/./-j
                                              compress empty lines
:g/<input \le form/p
                                              ORing
                                              double space file (pu = put)
:g/^/put_
:g/^/m0
                                              reverse file (m = move)
:'a,'b/^/m'b
                                              reverse a section a to b
:g/^/t.
                                              duplicate every line
:g/fred/t$
                                              copy lines matching fred to EOF
                                              copy lines matching stage to marker a
:g/stage/t'a
g/\langle I[^I]^* \rangle 
                                              delete all lines containing at least 80 tabs
:'a,'bg/somestr/co/otherstr/
                                              match all lines containing "somestr" between markers a & b
:'a,'bg/str1/s/str1/&&&/|mo/str2/
                                              as above but also do a substitution
:%norm jdd
                                              delete every other line
:., g/^d/exe "norm! 
                                              increment numbers
:'a,'bg/\d\+/norm! ^A
                                              increment numbers
:g/fred/v A
                                              append all lines fred to register a (empty reg a first with qaq.)
:g/fred/v A \mid :let @*=@a
                                              put into paste buffer
:let @a="|g/Barratt/y A |:let @*=@a
:'a,'b g/^Error/. w >> errors.txt
                                              write out to errors.txt
:g/./yank|put|-1s/'/"/g|s/.*/Print '&'/
                                              duplicate every line in a file wrap a print " around each duplicate
:g/^MARK$/r tmp.ex | -d
                                              replace string with contents of a file, -d deletes the "mark"
:g//z#.5
                                              display with context
:g//z#.5|echo "======="
                                              display beautifully
:g/|/norm 2f|r^*
                                              replace 2nd | with a star
:nmap :redir @a:g//:redir END:new:put! a
                                              send output of previous global command to a new window
```

1.4 Global combined with substitute (power editing)

```
:'a,'bg/fred/s/joe/susan/gic can use memory to extend matching non-line based (ultra) i:/fred/;/joe/-2,/sid/+3s/sally/alley/gIC find fred before beginning search for joe
```

1.5 Changing case

guu	lowercase line
gUU	uppercase line
Vu	lowercase line
VU	uppercase line
$g\sim\sim$	flip case line
vEU	upper case word
${ m vE}{\sim}$	flip case word
ggguG	lowercase entire file
vmap ,c :s/\<\(.\)\(\k*\)\>/\u\1\L\2/g	titlise visually selected text (map for .vimrc)
$:\%s/[.!?]_s\+\a/\U\&\E/g$	uppercase first letter of sentences
g <c-g></c-g>	count words in text file

1.6 Reformatting text

```
gql format a paragraph ggVGgq format a paragraph reformat a paragraph reformat entire file current line sr.\\{.69\}\ break lines at 70 chars, if possible after a ';'
```

1.7 Deletion without destroying buffer

```
"_d what you've ALWAYS wanted delete word (use blackhole)
```

1.8 Essential

1 TEXT MANIPULATION

1.8 Essential * # g* g# find word under cursor () (forwards/backwards) % match brackets and tags $\{\}$, [], (), etc. repeat last modification @: repeat last: command (then @@) <C-N><C-P>word completion in insert mode <C-X><C-L>line complete SUPER USEFUL /<C-R><C-W>pull onto search/command line /<C-R><C-A> pull onto search/command line :set ignorecase you nearly always want this :syntax on colour syntax in perl, HTML, PHP etc. list all help topics containing regexp (TAB to step through list) :h regexp :nmap ,s :source \$VIM/_vimrc read from vimrc :nmap ,v :e \$VIM/_vimrc open and edit local vimrc :vmap sb "zdi<C-R>z<ESC>wrap around VISUALLY selected text :vmap st "zdi<?= <C-R>z ?><ESC> wrap <?=?> around VISUALLY selected text

2 File Manipulation

2.1 Exploring

```
:Exp(lore)
                                     file explorer (note: capital E)
:Sex(plore)
                                     file explorer in split window
:ls
                                     list of buffers
:cd ..
                                     move to parent directory
                                     list of files
:args
:lcd %:p:h
                                     change to directory of current file
                                     change to directory of current file automatically <sup>1</sup> (put in _vimrc)
:autocmd Buf
Enter * lcd %:p:h
                                     buffer explorer list of buffers
\be
\backslash bs
                                     buffer explorer (split window)
```

2.2 Opening files & other tricks

gf	open file name under cursor (SUPER)
:nnoremap gF :view	open file under cursor, create if necessary
ga	display hex,ascii value of char under cursor
ggVGg?	rot13 whole file
ggg?G	rot13 whole file (quicker for large file)
:8 normal VGg?	rot13 from line 8
:normal 10GVGg?	rot13 from line 8
,	increment, decrement number under cursor
=5*5	insert 25 into text (mini-calculator)
:e main_	tab completes
main_	include NAME of file in text (insert mode)

2.3 Multiple files management

:bn	goto next buffer
:bp	goto previous buffer
:wn	save file and move to next (super)
:wp	save file and move to previous
:bd	remove file from buffer list (super)
:bun	buffer unload (remove window but not from list)
:badd file.c	file from buffer list
:b 3	go to buffer 3
:b main	go to buffer with main in name eg main.c (ultra)
:sav php.html	save current file as php.html and "move" to php.html
:sav! %<.bak	save current file to alternative extension (old way)
:say! %:r.cfm	save current file to alternative extension

¹Script required: bufexplorer.vim http://www.vim.org/script.php?script_id=42

2.6 Sessions (set of files)

2 FILE MANIPULATION

:!mv % %:r.bak rename current file (DOS use rename or del)

:e! return to unmodified file :w c:/aaa/% save file elsewhere

:e # edit alternative file (also cntrl-^)

:rew return to beginning of edited files list (:args)

:brew buffer rewind

:sp fred.txt open fred.txt into a split :sball,:sb split all buffers (super) :scrollbind in each split window

:map <F5> :ls<CR>:e # | pressing F5 lists all buffers, just type number

set hidden allows to change buffer w/o saving current buffer

2.4 File-name manipulation

:h filename-modifiers help :w % write to current file name :w %:r.cfm change file extention to .cfm :!echo %:p full path & file name :!echo %:p:h full path only $<\!\mathrm{C}\text{-R}\!>\!\%$ insert filename (insert mode) "%p insert filename (normal mode) /<C-R>%search for file name in text

2.5 Command over multiple files

:argdo %s/foo/bar/e | operate on all files in :args

:bufdo %s/foo/bar/e :windo %s/foo/bar/e

:argdo exe '%!sort'|w! | include an external command

2.6 Sessions (set of files)

gvim file1.c file2.c lib/lib.h lib/lib2.h | load files for "session"

:mksession create a session file (default session.vim)

gvim -S Session.vim reload all files

2.7 Modelines

```
vim:noai:ts=2:sw=4:readonly: makes readonly vim:ft=html: says use HTML syntax highlighting help with modelines
```

2.7.1 Creating your own GUI Toolbar entry

```
amenu Modeline.Insert\ a\ VIM\ modeline
  \ \ \ \esc>\esc>\gg\0vim:ff=\unix \ ts=4 \ ss=4\cdot CR\>\vim60:fdm=\unix \ ts=2 \ ss=4\cdot CR\\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\uniterranger\unit
```

2.8 Markers & moving about

·.	jump to last modification line (SUPER)
'.	jump to exact spot in last modification line
g;	cycle through recent changes (oldest first) ²
g,	reverse direction ³
:changes	show entire list of changes
:h changelist	help for above
<c-o></c-o>	retrace your movements in file (starting from most recent)
<c-i></c-i>	retrace your movements in file (reverse direction)
:ju(mps)	list of your movements
:help jump-motions	explains jump motions
:history	list of all your commands
:his c	commandline history
:his s	search history
q/	search history window (puts you in full edit mode)
q:	commandline history window (puts you in full edit mode)
:	history Window

2.9 Editing/moving within insert mode

```
<C-U>
<C-W>
<HOME><END>
<C-LEFTARROW><C-RIGHTARROW>
<C-X><C-E>,<C-X><C-Y>

delete all entered
delete last word
beginning/end of line
jump one word backwards/forwards
scroll while staying put in insert
```

 $^{^{2}}$ (new in vim 6.3)

³ (new in vim 6.3)

$2.10 \quad \text{Abbreviations \& maps }$

```
:map <f7> :'a,'bw! c:/aaa/x
:map < f8 > :r c:/aaa/x
:map <f11> :.w! c:/aaa/xr<CR>
:map <f12> :r c:/aaa/xr<CR>
:ab php
                                         list of abbreviations beginning php
:map,
                                         list of maps beginning,
set\ wak{=}no
                                         allow use of F10 for win32 mapping (:h winaltkeys)
<CR>
                                         enter
<ESC>
                                         escape
<BACKSPACE>
                                         backspace
                                         backslash
<LEADER>
<BAR>
\langle SILENT \rangle
                                         execute quietly
iab phpdb exit("<hr>Debug <C-R>a ");
                                         yank all variables into register a
```

2.10.1 Display RGB colour under the cursor eg #445588

:nmap <leader>c :hi Normal guibg=#<c-r>=expand("<cword>")<cr><cr>

3 Registers

3.1 List your registers

```
display contents of all registers
:reg
                                       display content of individual registers
:reg a
"1p....
                                       retrieve numeric registers one by one
:let @y='yy@"'
                                       pre-loading registers (put in .vimrc)
                                       empty register "q"
qqq
                                       clear register a
:let @a=@_
:let @a=""
                                       clear register a
:let @*=@a
                                       copy register a to paste buffer
map < F11 > "qyy:let @q=@q."zzz"
```

3.2 Appending to registers

Yank 5 lines into "a" then add a further 5

```
"а5уу
10ј
"А5уу
```

3.3 Using a register as a map (preload registers in .vimrc)

:let @m=":'a,'bs/"
:let @s=":
$$\%$$
!sort -u"

3.4 Redirection & paste register

```
:redir @*
                                                               redirect commands to paste buffer
:redir END
                                                               end redirect
:\!\!\operatorname{redir}>>\operatorname{out.txt}
                                                               redirect to a file
"*yy
                                                               yank to paste
"*p
                                                               insert from paste buffer
:'a,'by*
                                                               yank range into paste
:%y*
                                                               yank whole buffer into paste
                                                               yank current line to paster
:nmap p :let @* = substitute(@*,'[^[:print:]]',",'g')"*p
                                                              filter non-printable characters
```

3.5 Useful tricks 3 REGISTERS

3.4.1 Copy full path name

unix:

nnoremap <F2> :let @*=expand("%:p")<cr>

windows:

 $\label{eq:cond_prop_state} $$\operatorname{F2>}:$ let @*=substitute(expand("\%:p"), "/", "\\", "g")<cr>$

3.5 Useful tricks

"ayy@a execute "vim command" in a text file yy@" same thing using unnamed register execute command JUST typed in

:norm qqy\$jq | paste "normal commands" without entering insert mode

4.3 Recording 4 ADVANCED

4 Advanced

4.1 Command line tricks

```
cat xx | gvim - -c v/^dd^{\frac{3-9}{d}}
                                                        filter a stream
                                                        edit a stream!
ls | gvim -
gvim ftp://www.somedomain.com/index.html
                                                        uses netrw.vim
gvim -h
                                                        help
gvim -o file1 file2
                                                        open into a split
gvim -c "/main" joe.c
                                                        open joe.c & jump to "main"
gvim -c "%s/ABC/DEF/ge | update" file1.c
                                                        execute multiple command on a single file
gvim -c "argdo %s/ABC/DEF/ge | update" *.c
                                                        execute multiple command on a group of files
gvim -c "argdo /begin/+1,/end/-1g/^/d | update" *.c
                                                        remove blocks of text from a series of files
gvim -s "convert.vim" file.c
                                                        automate editing of a file (ex commands in convert.vim)
gvim -u NONE -U NONE -N
                                                        load vim without .vimrc and plugins (clean vim)
gvim -c 'normal ggdG"*p' c:/aaa/xp
                                                        access paste buffer contents (put in a script/batch file)
gvim -c 's/^/=@*/|hardcopy!|q!'
                                                        print paste contents to default printer
gvim -d file1 file2
                                                        vimdiff (compare differences)
                                                        "put" difference under cursor to other file
dp
                                                        "get" difference under cursor from other file
do
:grep somestring *.php
                                                        internal grep creates a list of all matching files
                                                        use :cn(ext) :cp(rev) to navigate list
:h grep
```

4.2 External programs

```
:r!ls.exe
                                    reads in output of ls
!!date
                                    same thing (but replaces/filters current line)
:%!sort -u
                                    sort unique content
:'a,'b!sort -u
                                    as above
!1} sort -u
                                    sorts paragraph (note normal mode!!)
map <F9> :w:!c:/php/php.exe %
                                    run file through php
map < F2 > :w:!perl -c \%
                                    run file through perl
:runtime! syntax/2html.vim
                                    convert txt to html
```

4.3 Recording

qq	record to q
q	end recording
@q	to execute
@@	to repeat
5@@	to repeat 5 times
"qp	display contents of register q (normal mode)
<ctrl-R $>$ q	display contents of register q (insert mode)
"qdd	put changed contacts back into q

4.6 vimrc essentials 4 ADVANCED

4.3.1 Operating a Recording on a Visual BLOCK

1. define recording/register

2. Define Visual BLOCK

V

3. hit : and the following appears

4. Complete as follows

4.4 Quick jumping between splits

$$\label{eq:map_constraint} \begin{array}{lll} \text{map} & <\text{C-J}> & <\text{C-W}>\text{j}<\text{C-W}>_\\ \text{map} & <\text{C-K}> & <\text{C-W}>\text{k}<\text{C-W}>_\\ \end{array}$$

4.5 Visual mode basics

V	enter visual mode
V	visual mode whole line
<C-V $>$	enter VISUAL BLOCK mode
gv	reselect last visual area (ultra)
О	navigate visual area
"*y	yank visual area into paste buffer
V%	visualise what you match
VJ	join visual block (great)
VgJ	join visual block w/o adding spaces
0 < C-V > 10j2ld	delete first 2 characters of 10 successive lines

4.6 vimrc essentials

set incsearch	jumps to search word as you type
set wildignore=*.o,*.obj,*.bak,*.exe	tab complete now ignores these
set shiftwidth=3	for shift/tabbing
set vb $t_vb=$ ".	set silent (no beep!)
set browsedir=buffer	make 'open directory' use current directory

4.6.1 Launching IE

```
:nmap ,f :update<CR>:silent !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe file://%:p<CR>
:nmap ,i :update<CR>: !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe <cWORD><CR>
```

4.6.2 FTPing from vim

```
cmap ,r :Nread ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
cmap ,w :Nwrite ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
gvim ftp://www.somedomain.com/index.html # uses netrw.vim
```

4.6.3 Autocmd

```
autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F1> :!latex % programming keys depending on file type autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F2> :!xdvi -hush %<.dvi& launch xdvi with current file dvi autocmd BufRead * silent! %s/[\r\t]\+$//e autocmd BufEnter *.php :%s/[\t\r]\+$//e same but only for php files
```

4.7 Conventional shifting and indenting

```
:'a,'b>>
:vnoremap < <gv | visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
:vnoremap > >gv | visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
>i{ | block shifting (magic) |
>a{ | >% | <% |
```

4.8 Pulling objects onto command/search line

4.13 Numbering lines 4 ADVANCED

4.9 Capturing output of current script

```
:new | r!perl # opens new buffer,read other buffer same with named file :new+read!ls create a new buffer, paste a register "q" into it, then sort new buffer
```

4.10 Inserting DOS carriage returns

```
\begin{array}{lll} :\%s/\$/\backslash\&/g & | \  \, that's \ what \ you \ type \\ :\%s/\$/\backslash\&/g & | \  \, for \ Win32 \\ :\%s/\$/\backslash^M\&/g & | \  \, what \ you'll \ see \ where \ ^M \ is \ ONE \ character \\ :set \ list & | \  \, display \ "invisible \ characters" \end{array}
```

4.11 Perform an action on a particular file or file type

```
autocmd VimEnter c:/intranet/note011.txt normal! ggVGg?
autocmd FileType *.pl exec('set fileformats=unix')

Retrieving last command line command for copy & pasting into text
i<c-r>:

Retrieving last Search Command for copy & pasting into text
i<c-r>/
```

4.12 Inserting line number

4.13 Numbering lines

```
:set number :map <F12> :set number!<CR> :%s/^/\=strpart(line('.')." ",0,&ts) :'a,'b!perl -pne 'BEGIN{$a=223} substr($_-,2,0)=$a++' qqmnYP'n^Aq in recording q repeat with @q increment existing numbers to end of file generate a list of numbers 23-64
```

4.14 Advanced incrementing

```
let g:I=0
function! INC(increment)
    let g:I =g:I + a:increment
    return g:I
end function
```

4.14.1 Create list starting from 223 incrementing by 5 between markers a,b

```
:let I=223
:'a,'bs/^/\=INC(5)/
```

4.14.2 Create a map for INC

```
cab viminc :let I=223 \mid 'a,'bs/$/=INC(5)/
```

4.15 Digraphs (non alpha-numerics)

4.16 Complex vim

```
:%s/\<\(on\|off\)\>/\=strpart("offon", 3 * ("off" == submatch(0)), 3)/g | swap two words :vnoremap <C-X> <Esc>'."gvP"P | swap two words
```

4.17 Syntax highlighting

```
:set syntax=perl
:set syntax off
:colorscheme blue
vim:ft=html:
:syn match DoubleSpace " "
:hi def DoubleSpace guibg=#e0e0e0
```

force Syntax coloring for a file that has no extension .pl remove syntax coloring (useful for all sorts of reasons) change coloring scheme (any file in \sim vim/vim??/colors) force HTML Syntax highlighting by using a modeline example of setting your own highlighting sets the editor background

4.18 Preventions and security

4.19 Taglist ⁴

```
:Tlist | display tags (list of functions)
<C-|> | jump to function under cursor
```

4.20 Folding

```
zf} | fold paragraph using motion v}zf | fold paragraph using visual zf'a | fold to mark zo | open fold zc | re-close fold
```

4.21 Renaming files

Rename files without leaving vim

```
:r! ls *.c
:%s/\(.*\).c/mv & \1.bla
:w !sh
:q!
```

4.22 Reproducing lines

⁴Script required: taglist.vim (http://www.vim.org/scripts/script.php?script_id=273)

4.23 Reading MS-Word documents ⁵

```
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set ro
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set hlsearch!
:autocmd BufReadPost *.doc %!antiword "%"
```

4.24 Random functions

4.24.1 Save word under cursor to a file

```
function! SaveWord()
   normal yiw
   exe ':!echo '.@O.' $>$$>$ word.txt'
endfunction
```

4.24.2 Delete duplicate lines

```
function! Del()
   if getline(".") == getline(line(".") - 1)
        norm dd
   endif
endfunction
```

4.24.3 Columnise a CSV file for display

```
:let width = 20
:let fill=' ' | while strlen(fill) < width | let fill=fill.fill | endwhile
:%s/\([^;]*\);\=/\=strpart(submatch(1).fill, 0, width)/ge
:%s/\s\+$//ge</pre>
```

4.24.4 Highlight a particular csv column

```
function! CSVH(x)
    execute 'match Keyword /^\([^,]*,\)\{'.a:x.'}\zs[^,]*/'
    execute 'normal ^'.a:x.'f,'
endfunction
command! -nargs=1 Csv :call CSVH(<args>)
```

Call with :Csv 5 to highlight fifth column

4.25 Miscallaenous commands

⁵Program required: Antiword (http://www.winfield.demon.nl)

4.27 Help 4 ADVANCED

4.26 Vim traps

In regular expressions you must backslash + (match 1 or more)

In regular expressions you must backslash | (or)

In regular expressions you must backslash ((group)

In regular expressions you must backslash { (count)

```
/fred +/
/(fred ) \{2,3\}/
/codes ((n - s))*where
/vcodes (n | s)*where
```

matches fred/freddy but not free note what you have to break normal regexp very magic

4.27 Help

:h quickref vim quick reference sheet (ultra) :h tips vim's own tips help :h visual<C-D><TAB>obtain list of all visual help topics :h ctrl<C-D>list help of all control keys :helpg uganda grep help files use :cn, :cp to find next :h :r help for :ex command :h CTRL-R normal mode $:h /\r$ what's $\$ in a regexp (matches a <CR>) $:h \setminus zs$ double up backslash to find \zs in help :h i_CTRL-R help for say <C-R> in insert mode :h c_CTRL-R help for say <C-R> in command mode :h v_CTRL-V visual mode :h tutor vim tutor < C-[>, < C-T>Move back & forth in help history gvim -h vim command line help :helptags /vim/vim64/doc rebuild all *.txt help files in /doc :help add-local-help

5 Fun

```
:h 42
:h holy-grail
:h!
vim -c ":%s%s*%Cyrnfr)fcbafbe[Oenz(Zbbyranne%|:%s)[[()])-)Ig|norm Vg?"}
```

6.4 Links 6 CONTACT

6 Contact

6.1 Author (David Rayner)

Please email any errors or further tips etc to david(at)rayninfo.co.uk Updated version at http://www.rayninfo.co.uk/vimtips.html

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Please email any comments, suggestions including spelling, grammatical and/or formatting issues with this document to gavin(at)brokentrain.net

Updated version available at: http://gavin.brokentrain.net/projects/vimtips/vimtips.pdf

6.3 Source

The source of this document is available at: http://github.com/gaving/vimtips/.

6.4 Links

```
http://www.vim.org/
http://chronos.cs.msu.su/vim/newsgroup.html
http://groups.yahoo.com/group/vim
http://u.webring.com/hub?ring=vim
http://www.truth.sk/vim/vimbook-OPL.pdf
http://vimdoc.sourceforge.net/
http://www.faqs.org/faqs/editor-faq/vim/
Official site
Newsgroup and Usenet
Specific newsgroup
VIM Webring
Vim Book
Searchable VIM Doc
```