Vim tips

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1 Text manipulation

1.1 Searching

Command	Description
/joe/e	cursor set to end of match
/joe/e+1	cursor set to end of match plus 1
/joe/s-2	cursor set to start of match minus 2
/^joe.*fred.*bill/	normal
/^[A-J]\+/	search for lines beginning with one or more A-J
/begin_.*end	search over possible multiple lines
/fred_s*joe/i	any whitespace including newline
/fred|joe	search for fred or joe
/.*fred\&.*joe	search for fred and joe in any order
/\<fred\>/i	search for fred but not alfred or frederick
/\<\d\d\d\d\>	search for exactly 4 digit numbers
/\D\d\d\d\d\D	search for exactly 4 digit numbers
/\<\d\{4}\>	same thing
/\([^0-9]|^\)%.*%	search for absence of a digit or beginning of line
/^\n\{3}	find 3 empty lines
/\(fred\).*\(joe\).*\2.*\1	using rexexp memory in a search
/^\([^,]*,\)\{8}	using rexexp memory in a search
/<\zs[^>]*\ze>	search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons (:h /\zs)
/<\@<=[^>]*>\@=	search for tag contents, ignoring chevrons
/<\@<=_[^>]*>\@=	search for tags across possible multiple lines
/¡!–p{-}–¿	search for multiple line comments
/fred_s*joe/i	any whitespace including newline (_)
/bugs\(_.\)*bunny	bugs followed by bunny anywhere in file
:h _	help
:bufdo /searchstr/	multiple file search (use :rewind to recommence search)
:bufdo %s/searchstr/&/gic	multiple file search better but cheating (n, then a to stop)
?http://www.vim.org/	search backwards for a URL without backslashing
/\c\v([^aeiou]&\a){4}	search for 4 consecutive consonants

1.1.1 Search for declaration of subroutine/function under cursor

:nmap gx yiw/\(sub\<bar>function\)\s\+<C-R>”<CR>

1.1.2 Search for visually highlighted text

:vmap <silent>// y/<C-R>”<CR>
:vmap <silent> // y/<C-R>=escape(@”, ’\\/.*^~[]’)<CR><CR> (with spec chars)

1.2 Substitution

:%s/fred/joe/igc	general substitute command

:%s/\r//g	delete dos returns ^M
:%s/\r/\r/g	turn dos returns ^M into real returns (fixes joined lines)
:%s= *$==	delete end of line blanks
:%s= \+$==	same as above
:%s#\s*\r\?$##	clean both trailing spaces AND dos returns
:%s#\s*\r*$##	same thing deleting empty lines
:%s/^\n\{3}//	delete blocks of 3 empty lines
:%s/^\n\+/\r/	compressing empty lines
:%s#<[^>]\+>##g	delete html tags, leave text
:'a,'bg/fred/s/dick/joe/igc	VERY USEFUL
:%s= [^]\+$=&&=	duplicate end column
:%s= \f\+$=&&=	same as above
:%s= \S\+$=&&	usually the same
:s/\(.*\):\(.*\)/\2 : \1/	reverse fields separated by :
:%s/^\(.*\)\n\1$/\1/	delete duplicate lines
:%s/^.\{-}pdf/new.pdf/	delete to 1st pdf only
:%s#\<[zy]\?tbl_[a-z_]\+\>#\L&#gc	lowercase with optional leading characters
:%s///	delete possibly multi-line comments
:help /\{-}	help non-greedy
:s/fred/a/g	sub "fred" with contents of register "a"
:s/fred/\=@a/g	better alternative as register not displayed
:%s/\f\+\.gif\>/\r&\r/g | v/\.gif$/d | %s/gif/jpg/	multiple commands on one line
:%s/a/but/gie|:update|:next	then use @: to repeat
:%s/suck|buck/loopy/gc	ORing (must break pipe)
:s/__date__/\=strftime("%c")/	insert datestring
:%s:\(\(\w\+\s\+\)\{2}\)str1:\1str2:	working with columns sub any str1 in col3
:%s:\(\w\+\)\(.*\s\+\)\(\w\+\)$:\3\2\1:	swapping first and last column (4 columns)
:%s/\d\+/\=(submatch(0)-3)/	decrement numbers by 3
:g/loc|function/s/\d/\=submatch(0)+6/	increment numbers by 6 on certain lines only
:%s#txtdev\zs\d#\=submatch(0)+1#g	better version of above
:%s/\(gg\)\@<=\d\+/\=submatch(0)+6/	increment only numbers gg\d\d by 6 (another way)
:let i=10 | 'a,'bg/Abc/s/yy/\=i/ |let i=i+1	convert yy to 10,11,12 etc
:let i=10 | 'a,'bg/Abc/s/xx\zsyy\ze/\=i/ |let i=i+1	convert xxyy to xx11,xx12,xx13 (more presise)
:%s/"\([^.]\+\).*\zsxx/\1/	find replacement text, use \zs to simplify substitute
:nmap z :%s#\<=expand("")\>#	pull word under cursor into LHS of a substitute
:vmap z :%s/\<*\>/	pull visually highlighted text into LHS of a substitute

1.2.1 Filter all form elements into paste register

:redir @*|sil exec 'g#<\(input\|select\|textarea\|/\=form\)\>#p'|redir END
:nmap ,z :redir @*sil exec 'g@<\(input\select\textarea\/\=form\)\>@p'redir END

1.2.2 Substitue within substituion

:%s,\(all/.*\)\@<=/,_,g	replace all / with _ AFTER "all/"
:s#all/\zs.*#\=substitute(submatch(0), '/', '_', 'g')#	same thing
:s#all/#&^M#|s#/#_#g|-j!	sub by splitting line, re-joining
:%s/.*/\='cp '.submatch(0).' all/'.substitute(submatch(0),'/','_','g')/	sub inside sub

1.2.3 Substituting a visual area

:'<,'>s/Emacs/Vim/g	remember you DONT type the '<.'>
gv	re-select the previous visual area (ULTRA)

1.3 Global command display

:g/gladiolli/#	display with line numbers (YOU WANT THIS!)
:g/fred.*joe.*dick/	display all lines fred,joe & dick
:g/\<fred\>/	display all lines fred but not freddy
:g/^\s*$/d	delete all blank lines
:g!/^dd/d	delete lines not containing string
:v/^dd/d	delete lines not containing string
:g/fred/,/joe/d	not line based (very powerfull)
:g/——-/.-10,.d	delete string & 10 previous lines
:g/{/ ,/}/- s/\n\+/\r/g	delete empty lines but only between {...}
:v/\S/d	delete empty lines (both types)
:v/./,/./-j	compress empty lines
:g/^$/,/./-j	compress empty lines
:g/<input|<form/p	ORing
:g/^/put_	double space file (pu = put)
:g/^/m0	reverse file (m = move)
:'a,'b/^/m'b	reverse a section a to b
:g/^/t.	duplicate every line
:g/fred/t$	copy lines matching fred to EOF
:g/stage/t'a	copy lines matching stage to marker a
:g/\(^I[^^I]*\)\{80}/d	delete all lines containing at least 80 tabs
:'a,'bg/somestr/co/otherstr/	match all lines containing "somestr" between markers a & b
:'a,'bg/str1/s/str1/&&&/|mo/str2/	as above but also do a substitution
:%norm jdd	delete every other line
:.,$g/^\d/exe "norm! \"	increment numbers
:'a,'bg/\d\+/norm! ^A	increment numbers
:g/fred/y A	append all lines fred to register a (empty reg a first with qaq.)
:g/fred/y A | :let @*=@a	put into paste buffer
:let @a="|g/Barratt/y A |:let @*=@a	
:'a,'b g/^Error/ . w >> errors.txt	write out to errors.txt
:g/./yank|put|-1s/'/"/g|s/.*/Print '&'/	duplicate every line in a file wrap a print " around each duplicate
:g/^MARK$/r tmp.ex | -d	replace string with contents of a file, -d deletes the "mark"
:g//z#.5	display with context
:g//z#.5|echo "=========="	display beautifully
:g/|/norm 2f|r*	replace 2nd | with a star
:nmap :redir @a:g//:redir END:new:put! a	send output of previous global command to a new window

1.4 Global combined with substitute (power editing)

:'a,'bg/fred/s/joe/susan/gic	can use memory to extend matching
:g/fred/,/joe/s/fred/joe/gic	non-line based (ultra)
:/fred/;/joe/-2,/sid/+3s/sally/alley/gIC	find fred before beginning search for joe

1.5 Changing case

guu	lowercase line
gUU	uppercase line
Vu	lowercase line
VU	uppercase line
g∼∼	flip case line
vEU	upper case word
vE∼	flip case word
ggguG	lowercase entire file
vmap ,c :s/\<\(.\)\(\k*\)\>/\u\1\L\2/g	titlise visually selected text (map for .vimrc)
:%s/[.!?]_s\+\a/\U&\E/g	uppercase first letter of sentences
g<C-G>	count words in text file

1.6 Reformatting text

gq}	format a paragraph
gqap	format a paragraph
ggVGgq	reformat entire file
Vgq	current line
:s/.\{,69\};\s*|.\{,69\}\s\+/&\r/g	break lines at 70 chars, if possible after a ';'

1.7 Deletion without destroying buffer

"_d	what you've ALWAYS wanted
"_dw	delete word (use blackhole)

1.8 Essential

* # g* g#	find word under cursor () (forwards/backwards)
%	match brackets and tags {}, [], (), etc.

.	repeat last modification
@:	repeat last : command (then @@)
<C-N><C-P>	word completion in insert mode
<C-X><C-L>	line complete SUPER USEFUL
/<C-R><C-W>	pull onto search/command line
/<C-R><C-A>	pull onto search/command line
:set ignorecase	you nearly always want this
:syntax on	colour syntax in perl, HTML, PHP etc.
:h regexp	list all help topics containing regexp (TAB to step through list)
:nmap ,s :source $VIM/_vimrc	read from vimrc
:nmap ,v :e $VIM/_vimrc	open and edit local vimrc
:vmap sb "zdi<C-R>z<ESC>	wrap around VISUALLY selected text
:vmap st "zdi<?= <C-R>z ?><ESC>	wrap <?= ?> around VISUALLY selected text

2 File Manipulation

2.1 Exploring

:Exp(lore)	file explorer (note: capital E)
:Sex(plore)	file explorer in split window
:ls	list of buffers
:cd ..	move to parent directory
:args	list of files
:lcd %:p:h	change to directory of current file
:autocmd BufEnter * lcd %:p:h	change to directory of current file automatically [1] (put in _vimrc)
\be	buffer explorer list of buffers
\bs	buffer explorer (split window)

2.2 Opening files & other tricks

gf	open file name under cursor (SUPER)
:nnoremap gF :view	open file under cursor, create if necessary
ga	display hex,ascii value of char under cursor
ggVGg?	rot13 whole file
ggg?G	rot13 whole file (quicker for large file)
:8 | normal VGg?	rot13 from line 8
:normal 10GVGg?	rot13 from line 8
,	increment, decrement number under cursor
=5*5	insert 25 into text (mini-calculator)
:e main_	tab completes
main_	include NAME of file in text (insert mode)

2.3 Multiple files management

:bn	goto next buffer
:bp	goto previous buffer
:wn	save file and move to next (super)
:wp	save file and move to previous
:bd	remove file from buffer list (super)
:bun	buffer unload (remove window but not from list)
:badd file.c	file from buffer list
:b 3	go to buffer 3
:b main	go to buffer with main in name eg main.c (ultra)
:sav php.html	save current file as php.html and "move" to php.html
:sav! %<.bak	save current file to alternative extension (old way)
:sav! %:r.cfm	save current file to alternative extension

[1] Script required: bufexplorer.vim http://www.vim.org/script.php?script_id=42

:sav %:s/fred/joe/	do a substitute on file name
:sav %:s/fred/joe/:r.bak2	do a substitute on file name & ext.
:!mv % %:r.bak	rename current file (DOS use rename or del)
:e!	return to unmodified file
:w c:/aaa/%	save file elsewhere
:e #	edit alternative file (also cntrl-^)
:rew	return to beginning of edited files list (:args)
:brew	buffer rewind
:sp fred.txt	open fred.txt into a split
:sball,:sb	split all buffers (super)
:scrollbind	in each split window
:map <F5> :ls<CR>:e #	pressing F5 lists all buffers, just type number
:set hidden	allows to change buffer w/o saving current buffer

2.4 File-name manipulation

:h filename-modifiers	help
:w %	write to current file name
:w %:r.cfm	change file extention to .cfm
:!echo %:p	full path & file name
:!echo %:p:h	full path only
<C-R>%	insert filename (insert mode)
"%p	insert filename (normal mode)
/<C-R>%	search for file name in text

2.5 Command over multiple files

:argdo %s/foo/bar/e	operate on all files in :args
:bufdo %s/foo/bar/e	
:windo %s/foo/bar/e	
:argdo exe '%!sort'|w!	include an external command

2.6 Sessions (set of files)

gvim file1.c file2.c lib/lib.h lib/lib2.h	load files for "session"
:mksession	create a session file (default session.vim)
gvim -S Session.vim	reload all files

2.7 Modelines

vim:noai:ts=2:sw=4:readonly:	makes readonly
vim:ft=html:	says use HTML syntax highlighting
:h modeline	help with modelines

2.7.1 Creating your own GUI Toolbar entry

amenu Modeline.Insert\ at\ VIMt\ modeline <Esc><Esc>ggOvim:ff=unix ts=4 ss=4
<CR>vim60:fdm=marker<Esc>gg

(All on one line!)

2.8 Markers & moving about

'.	jump to last modification line (SUPER)
`.	jump to exact spot in last modification line
g;	cycle through recent changes (oldest first) [2]
g,	reverse direction [3]
:changes	show entire list of changes
:h changelist	help for above
<C-O>	retrace your movements in file (starting from most recent)
<C-I>	retrace your movements in file (reverse direction)
:ju(mps)	list of your movements
:help jump-motions	explains jump motions
:history	list of all your commands
:his c	commandline history
:his s	search history
q/	search history window (puts you in full edit mode)
q:	commandline history window (puts you in full edit mode)
:	history Window

2.9 Editing/moving within insert mode

<C-U>	delete all entered
<C-W>	delete last word
<HOME><END>	beginning/end of line
<C-LEFTARROW><C-RIGHTARROW>	jump one word backwards/forwards
<C-X><C-E>,<C-X><C-Y>	scroll while staying put in insert

[2] (new in vim 6.3)
[3] (new in vim 6.3)

2.10 Abbreviations & maps

:map <f7> :'a,'bw! c:/aaa/x	
:map <f8> :r c:/aaa/x	
:map <f11> :.w! c:/aaa/xr<CR>	
:map <f12> :r c:/aaa/xr<CR>	
:ab php	list of abbreviations beginning php
:map ,	list of maps beginning ,
set wak=no	allow use of F10 for win32 mapping (:h winaltkeys)
<CR>	enter
<ESC>	escape
<BACKSPACE>	backspace
<LEADER>	backslash
<BAR>	|
<SILENT>	execute quietly
iab phpdb exit("<hr>Debug <C-R>a ");	yank all variables into register a

2.10.1 Display RGB colour under the cursor eg #445588

:nmap <leader>c :hi Normal guibg=#<c-r>=expand("<cword>")<cr><cr>

3 Registers

3.1 List your registers

:reg	display contents of all registers
:reg a	display content of individual registers
"1p....	retrieve numeric registers one by one
:let @y='yy@"'	pre-loading registers (put in .vimrc)
qqq	empty register "q"
:let @a=@_	clear register a
:let @a=""	clear register a
:let @*=@a	copy register a to paste buffer
map <F11> "qyy:let @q=@q."zzz"	

3.2 Appending to registers

Yank 5 lines into "a" then add a further 5

1. "a5yy
2. 10j
3. "A5yy

3.3 Using a register as a map (preload registers in .vimrc)

:let @m=":'a,'bs/"	
:let @s=":%!sort -u"	

3.4 Redirection & paste register

:redir @*	redirect commands to paste buffer
:redir END	end redirect
:redir >> out.txt	redirect to a file
"*yy	yank to paste
"*p	insert from paste buffer
:'a,'by*	yank range into paste
:%y*	yank whole buffer into paste
:.y*	yank current line to paster
:nmap p :let @* = substitute(@*,'[^[:print:]]',",'g')"*p	filter non-printable characters

3.4.1 Copy full path name

unix: nnoremap <F2> :let @*=expand("%:p")
win32: nnoremap <F2> :let @*=substitute(expand("%:p"), "/", "\\", "g")

3.5 Useful tricks

"ayy@a	execute "vim command" in a text file
yy@"	same thing using unnamed register
u@.	execute command JUST typed in
:norm qqy$jq	paste "normal commands" without entering insert mode

4 Advanced

4.1 Command line tricks

cat xx | gvim - -c "v/^\d\d|^[3-9]/d "	filter a stream
ls | gvim -	edit a stream!
gvim ftp://www.somedomain.com/index.html	uses netrw.vim
gvim -h	help
gvim -o file1 file2	open into a split
gvim -c "/main" joe.c	open joe.c & jump to "main"
gvim -c "%s/ABC/DEF/ge | update" file1.c	execute multiple command on a single file
gvim -c "argdo %s/ABC/DEF/ge | update" *.c	execute multiple command on a group of files
gvim -c "argdo /begin/+1,/end/-1g/^/d | update" *.c	remove blocks of text from a series of files
gvim -s "convert.vim" file.c	automate editing of a file (ex commands in convert.vim)
gvim -u NONE -U NONE -N	load vim without .vimrc and plugins (clean vim)
gvim -c 'normal ggdG"*p' c:/aaa/xp	access paste buffer contents (put in a script/batch file)
gvim -c 's/^/\=@*/|hardcopy!|q!'	print paste contents to default printer
gvim -d file1 file2	vimdiff (compare differences)
dp	"put" difference under cursor to other file
do	"get" difference under cursor from other file
:grep somestring *.php	internal grep creates a list of all matching files
:h grep	use :cn(ext) :cp(rev) to navigate list

4.2 External programs

:r!ls.exe	reads in output of ls
!!date	same thing (but replaces/filters current line)
:%!sort -u	sort unique content
:'a,'b!sort -u	as above
!1} sort -u	sorts paragraph (note normal mode!!)
map <F9> :w:!c:/php/php.exe %	run file through php
map <F2> :w:!perl -c %	run file through perl
:runtime! syntax/2html.vim	convert txt to html

4.3 Recording

qq	record to q
q	end recording
@q	to execute
@@	to repeat
5@@	to repeat 5 times
"qp	display contents of register q (normal mode)
<ctrl-R>q	display contents of register q (insert mode)
"qdd	put changed contacts back into q

@q	execute recording/register q
nnoremap] @l:wbd	combining a recording with a map (to end up in command mode)

4.3.1 Operating a Recording on a Visual BLOCK

1. define recording/register
   qq:s/ to/ from/gˆMq
2. Define Visual BLOCK
   V}
3. hit : and the following appears
   :'<,'>
4. Complete as follows
   :'<,'>norm @q

4.4 Quick jumping between splits

map <C-J> <C-W>j<C-W>_
map <C-K> <C-W>k<C-W>_

4.5 Visual mode basics

v	enter visual mode
V	visual mode whole line
<C-V>	enter VISUAL BLOCK mode
gv	reselect last visual area (ultra)
o	navigate visual area
"*y	yank visual area into paste buffer
V%	visualise what you match
V}J	join visual block (great)
V}gJ	join visual block w/o adding spaces
0<C-V>10j2ld	delete first 2 characters of 10 successive lines

4.6 vimrc essentials

set incsearch	jumps to search word as you type
set wildignore=*.o,*.obj,*.bak,*.exe	tab complete now ignores these
set shiftwidth=3	for shift/tabbing
set vb t_vb=".	set silent (no beep!)
set browsedir=buffer	make 'open directory' use current directory

4.6.1 Launching IE

nmap ,f :update:silent !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe file://%:p
nmap ,i :update: !start c:\progra~1\intern~1\iexplore.exe

4.6.2 Ftping from vim

cmap ,r :Nread ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html
cmap ,w :Nwrite ftp://209.51.134.122/public_html/index.html

4.6.3 Autocmd

autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F1> :!latex %	programming keys depending on file type
autocmd bufenter *.tex map <F2> :!xdvi -hush %<.dvi&	launch xdvi with current file dvi
autocmd BufRead * silent! %s/[\r \t]\+$//	automatically delete whitespace, trailing dos returns
autocmd BufEnter *.php :%s/[\t\r]\+$//e	same but only for php files

4.7 Conventional shifting and indenting

:'a,'b>>	conventional Shifting/Indenting
:vnoremap < <gv	visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
:vnoremap > >gv	visual shifting (builtin-repeat)
>i{	block shifting (magic)
>a{	
>%	
<%	

4.8 Pulling objects onto command/search line

<C-R><C-W>	pull word under the cursor into a command line or search
<C-R><C-A>	pull WORD under the cursor into a command line or search
<C-R>-	pull small register (also insert mode)
<C-R>[0-9a-z]	pull named registers (also insert mode)
<C-R>%	pull file name (also #) (also insert mode)
<C-R>=somevar	pull contents of a variable (eg :let sray="ray[0-9]")

4.9 Capturing output of current script

:new | r!perl #	opens new buffer,read other buffer
:new! x.out | r!perl #	same with named file
:new+read!ls	
:new +put q|%!sort	create a new buffer, paste a register "q" into it, then sort new buffer

4.10 Inserting DOS carriage returns

:%s/$/\&/g	that's what you type
:%s/$/\&/g	for Win32
:%s/$/\^M&/g	what you'll see where ^M is ONE character
:set list	display "invisible characters"

4.11 Perform an action on a particular file or file type

autocmd VimEnter c:/intranet/note011.txt normal! ggVGg?
autocmd FileType *.pl exec('set fileformats=unix')

" Retrieving last command line command for copy & pasting into text
i:
" Retrieving last Search Command for copy & pasting into text
i/

4.12 Inserting line number

:g/^/exec "s/^/".strpart(line(".")." ", 0, 4)
:%s/^/\=strpart(line(".")." ", 0, 5)
:%s/^/\=line('.'). ' '

4.13 Numbering lines

:set number	show line numbers
:map <F12> :set number!<CR>	map to toggle line numbers
:%s/^/\=strpart(line('.')." ",0,&ts)	
:'a,'b!perl -pne 'BEGIN{$a=223} substr($_,2,0)=$a++'	number lines starting from arbitrary number
qqmnYP‘n^Aq	in recording q repeat with @q
:.,$g/^\d/exe "normal! \"	increment existing numbers to end of file
o23qqYpq40@q	generate a list of numbers 23-64

4.14 Advanced incrementing

```
let g:I=0
function! INC(increment)
    let g:I =g:I + a:increment
    return g:I
 end function
```

4.14.1 Create list starting from 223 incrementing by 5 between markers a,b

:let I=223
:'a,'bs/^/\=INC(5)/

4.14.2 Create a map for INC

cab viminc :let I=223 \| 'a,'bs/$/\=INC(5)/

4.15 Digraphs (non alpha-numerics)

:digraphs	display table
:h dig	help
i<C-K>e'	enters
i<C-V>233	enters (Unix)
i<C-Q>233	enters (Win32)
ga	View hex value of any character
:::yl/<C-R>"	Pull a non-ascii character onto search bar

4.16 Complex vim

:%s/\<\(on|off\)\>/\=strpart("offon", 3 * ("off" == submatch(0)), 3)/g	swap two words
:vnoremap <C-X> <Esc>`."gvP"P	swap two words

4.17 Syntax highlighting

:set syntax=perl	force Syntax coloring for a file that has no extension .pl
:set syntax off	remove syntax coloring (useful for all sorts of reasons)
:colorscheme blue	change coloring scheme (any file in ~vim/vim??/colors)
vim:ft=html:	force HTML Syntax highlighting by using a modeline
:syn match DoubleSpace " "	example of setting your own highlighting
:hi def DoubleSpace guibg=#e0e0e0	sets the editor background

4.18 Preventions and security

:set noma (non modifiable)	prevents modifications
:set ro (Read Only)	protect a file from unintentional writes
:X	encryption (do not forget your key!)

4.19 Taglist [4]

:Tlist	display tags (list of functions)
<C-]>	jump to function under cursor

4.20 Folding

zf}	fold paragraph using motion
v}zf	fold paragraph using visual
zf'a	fold to mark
zo	open fold
zc	re-close fold

4.21 Renaming files

Rename files without leaving vim
:r! ls *.c
:%s/\(.*\).c/mv & \1.bla
:w !sh
:q!

4.22 Reproducing lines

imap] @@@hhkyWjl?@@@P/@@@3s	reproduce previous line word by word
nmap] i@@@hhkyWjl?@@@P/@@@3s	reproduce previous line word by word

[4] Script required: taglist.vim (http://www.vim.org/scripts/script.php?script_id=273)

4.23 Reading MS-Word documents [5]

:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set ro
:autocmd BufReadPre *.doc set hlsearch!
:autocmd BufReadPost *.doc %!antiword "%"

4.24 Random functions

4.24.1 Save word under cursor to a file

```
function! SaveWord()
    normal yiw
    exe ':!echo '.@0.' $>$$>$ word.txt'
endfunction
```

4.24.2 Delete duplicate lines

```
function! Del()
    if getline(".") == getline(line(".") - 1)
        norm dd
    endif
endfunction
```

4.24.3 Columnise a CSV file for display

:let width = 20
:let fill=' ' | while strlen(fill) < width | let fill=fill.fill | endwhile
:%s/\([^;]*\);\=/\=strpart(submatch(1).fill, 0, width)/ge
:%s/\s\+$//ge

```
function! CSVH(x)
    execute 'match Keyword /\^{}$\backslash$([\^{},]*,$\backslash$)$\backslash$\{'.a:x.'\}$\backsla
    execute 'normal \^{}'.a:x.'f,'
endfunction
```

command! -nargs=1 Csv :call CSVH()
:Csv 5 : highlight fifth column

4.25 Miscallaenous commands

:scriptnames	list all plugins, _vimrcs loaded (super)
:verbose set history?	reveals value of history and where set
:function	list functions
:func SearchCompl	List particular function

[5] Program required: Antiword (http://www.winfield.demon.nl)

4.26 Vim traps

In regular expressions you must backslash + (match 1 or more)

In regular expressions you must backslash | (or)

In regular expressions you must backslash ((group)

In regular expressions you must backslash { (count)

/fred\+/	matches fred/freddy but not free
/\(fred\)\{2,3}/	note what you have to break
/codes\(\n\—\s\)*where	normal regexp
/\vcodes(\n|\s)*where	very magic

4.27 Help

:h quickref	vim quick reference sheet (ultra)
:h tips	vim's own tips help
:h visual<C-D><TAB>	obtain list of all visual help topics
:h ctrl<C-D>	list help of all control keys
:helpg uganda	grep help files use :cn, :cp to find next
:h :r	help for :ex command
:h CTRL-R	normal mode
:h /\r	what's \r in a regexp (matches a <CR>)
:h \\zs	double up backslash to find \zs in help
:h i_CTRL-R	help for say <C-R> in insert mode
:h c_CTRL-R	help for say <C-R> in command mode
:h v_CTRL-V	visual mode
:h tutor	vim tutor
<C-[>, <C-T>	Move back & forth in help history
gvim -h	vim command line help
:helptags /vim/vim64/doc	rebuild all *.txt help files in /doc
:help add-local-help	

5 Fun

```
:h 42
:h holy-grail
:h!
vim -c ":%s%s*%Cyrnfr)fcbafbe[Oenz(Zbbyranne%|:%s)[[()])-)Ig|norm Vg?"}
```

6 Contact

6.1 Author (David Rayner)

Please email any errors or further tips etc to david(at)rayninfo.co.uk

Updated version at http://www.rayninfo.co.uk/vimtips.html

6.2 Maintainer (Gavin Gilmour)

Please email any comments, suggestions including spelling, grammatical and/or formatting issues with this document to gavin(at)brokentrain.net

Updated version available at: http://gavin.brokentrain.net/projects/vimtips/vimtips.pdf

6.3 Source

The source of this document is available at: http://github.com/gaving/vimtips/.

6.4 Links

http://www.vim.org/	Official site
http://chronos.cs.msu.su/vim/newsgroup.html	Newsgroup and Usenet
http://groups.yahoo.com/group/vim	Specific newsgroup
http://u.webring.com/hub?ring=vim	VIM Webring
http://www.truth.sk/vim/vimbook-OPL.pdf	Vim Book
http://vimdoc.sourceforge.net/	Searchable VIM Doc
http://www.faqs.org/faqs/editor-faq/vim/	VIM FAQ