# Введение в Mininet

Лабораторная работа № 1

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#### Цели и задачи

Основной целью работы является развёртывание в системе виртуализации (например, в VirtualBox) mininet, знакомство с основными командами для рабо- ты с Mininet через командную строку и через графический интерфейс.

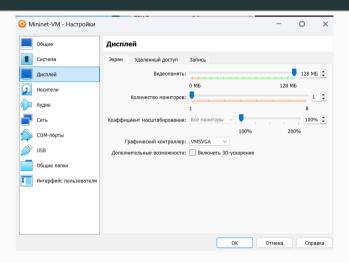


Рис. 1: настройка виртуальной машины

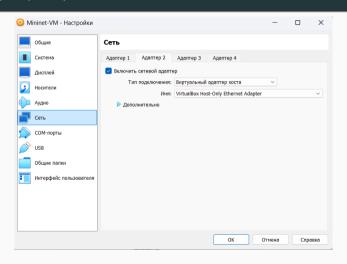


Рис. 2: настройка сетевого адаптера

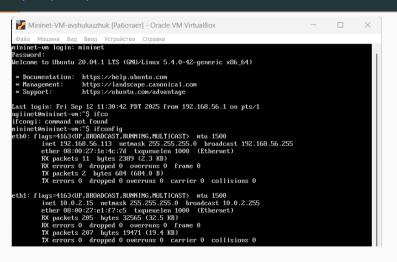


Рис. 3: запуск виртуальной машины и логин

Рис. 4: подключение к виртуальной машине из хостовой машины

# Настройка доступа к Интернет

```
ininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo dhclient eth1
 ininet@mininet-vm:~$ ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP.BROADCAST.RUNNING.MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.56.113 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.56.255
       ether 08:00:27:1e:4c:7d txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 567 bytes 107470 (107.4 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 531 bytes 101562 (101.5 KB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
eth1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255
       ether 08:00:27:e1:f7:c5 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 2 bytes 1180 (1.1 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 2 bytes 684 (684.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP.LOOPBACK.RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 2000 bytes 153200 (153.2 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 2000 bytes 153200 (153.2 KB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
  ninet@mininet-vm:~$
```

Рис. 5: активирование NAT адреса

## Настройка доступа к Интернет

```
ininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo apt install mc
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
 libssh2-1 mc-data unzip
Suggested packages:
 ari catdvi | texlive-binaries dbview djvulibre-bin epub-utils genisoimage gv imagemagick
  libaspell-dev links | w3m | lynx odt2txt poppler-utils python python-boto python-tz xpdf
  | pdf-viewer zip
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 libssh2-1 mc mc-data unzip
 upgraded, 4 newly installed, 0 to remove and 84 not upgraded.
Need to get 1.986 kB of archives.
After this operation, 8.587 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] v
Get:1 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 libssh2-1 amd64 1.8.0-2.1build1 [75.4 kB
Get:2 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 mc-data all 3:4.8.24-2ubuntu1 [1.265 kB]
Get:3 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 mc amd64 3:4.8.24-2ubuntu1 [477 kB]
Get:4 http://us.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/main amd64 unzip amd64 6.0-25ubuntu1 [169 kB]
Fetched 1.986 kB in 3s (601 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package libssh2-1:amd64.
(Reading database ... 55%
```

Рис. 6: установка тс

# Настройка доступа к Интернет

```
/etc/netplan/01-netcfg.yaml [-M--] 11 L:[ 1+ 9 10/ 11] *(214 / 220b)
# This file describes the network interfaces available on your system
# For more information, see netplan(5).
network:
    version: 2
    renderer: networkd
    ethernets:
        eth0:
            dhcp4: yes
        eth1:
            dhcp4: yes
```

Рис. 7: редактирование файла

#### Обновление версии Mininet

```
mininet@mininet-um:~$ mu ~/mininet ~/mininet.orig
mininet@mininet-um: "$ cd "
mininet@mininet-um:~$ git clone https://github.com/mininet/mininet.git
Cloning into 'mininet' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 10388, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (128/128), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (60/60), done.
remote: Total 10388 (delta 102), reused 68 (delta 68), pack-reused 10260 (from 3)
Receiving objects: 100% (10388/10388), 3.36 MiB | 885.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (6905/6905), done.
mininet@mininet-um: "$ cd ~/mininet
mininet@mininet-vm:~/mininet$ sudo male install
sudo: male: command not found
mininet@mininet-um: "/mininet$ sudo make install
cc -Wall -Wextra \
-DVERSION=\"`PYTHONPATH=. puthon -B bin/mn --version 2>&1`\" mnexec.c -o mnexec
install -D mnexec /usr/hin/mnexec
PYTHONPATH=, help2man -N -n "create a Mininet network." >
--no-discard-stderr "puthon -B bin/mn" -o mn.1
helpZman -N -n "execution utility for Mininet." \
-h "-h" -v "-v" --no-discard-stderr ./mnexec -o mnexec.1
install -D -t /usr/share/man/man1 mn.1 mnexec.1
puthon -m pip uninstall -u mininet || true
Found existing installation: mininet 2.3.0
Uninstalling mininet-2.3.0:
  Successfully uninstalled mininet-2.3.0
puthon -m pip install .
```

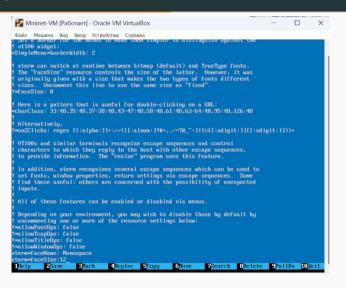
Рис. 8: обновлении версии

## Обновление версии Mininet

```
Building wheels for collected packages: mininet
Building wheel for mininet (setup.py) ... done
Created wheel for mininet: filename=mininet-2.3.1b4-py3-none-any.whl size=16094Z sha256=bd9937Z
9668706c418572ZZZaZ258Cc40Z060bc8d7164783af60Zcd36153
Stored in directory: /tmp/pip-ephem-wheel-cache-zaq47v1l/wheels/cd/7d/a7/aafe1b3eaff31efd6ba4e2
c9690a717bdf739db6cfe8d45
Successfully built minimet
Installing collected packages: minimet
Successfully installed minimet-2.3.1b4
minimet@minimet-wm:~minimet$ m --version
2.3.1b4
minimet@minimet-wm:~minimet$
minimet#minimet-wm:~minimet$
```

Рис. 9: проверка обновдения

#### Настройка параметров XTerm



# Настройка соединения Х11 для суперпользователя

```
mininet@mininet-vm:~$ xauth list $DISPLAY
mininet-vm/unix:11 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 583de15a3dd36497221f5d500990037f
mininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo -i
root@mininet-vm:~$ sudo -i
root@mininet-vm:~# xauth list
mininet-vm/unix:10 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 01f7e6007504688ee72ac8d165dd613e
root@mininet-vm:~# xauth add mininet-vm/unix:11 ^C
root@mininet-vm:~# xauth add mininet-vm/unix:11 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 583de15a3dd3
6497221f5d500990937f
root@mininet-vm:~# xauth list $DISPLAY
mininet-vm/unix:11 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 583de15a3dd36497221f5d500990037f
root@mininet-vm:~# xterm
```

Рис. 11: настройка соединения для графических приложений

#### Работа с Mininet из-под Windows

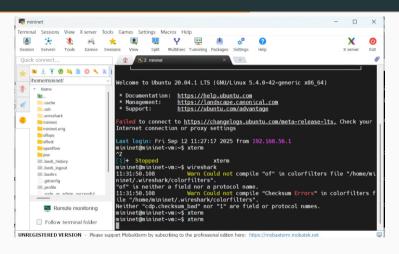


Рис. 12: работа с Mininet из-под Windows

```
mininet@mininet-vm:~/mininet$ cd
mininet@mininet-vm:~S sudo mn
*** Creating network
*** Adding controller
*** Adding hosts:
h1 h2
*** Adding switches:
s1
*** Adding links:
(h1, s1) (h2, s1)
*** Configuring hosts
h1 h2
*** Starting controller
c0
*** Starting 1 switches
s1 ...
*** Starting CLI:
```

```
mininet@mininet-vm: ~
*** Starting CLI:
mininet> help
Documented commands (type help <topic>):
       gterm iperfudp nodes
                                    pingpair
                                                         switch xterm
dpctl help link
                                   pingpairfull quit
                       noecho
                                                         time
      intfs links
                       pingall
                       pingallfull px
exit iperf net
                                                 source x
You may also send a command to a node using:
  <node> command {args}
For example:
  mininet> h1 ifconfig
The interpreter automatically substitutes IP addresses
for node names when a node is the first arg, so commands
 mininet> h2 ping h3
should work.
Some character-oriented interactive commands require
 noecho:
  mininet> noecho h2 vi foo.py
 However, starting up an xterm/gterm is generally better:
  mininet> xterm h2
mininet> nodes
available nodes are:
 c0 h1 h2 s1
 nininet>
```

Рис. 14: отображение доступных узлов

```
mininet> net
h1 h1-eth0:s1-eth1
h2 h2-eth0:s1-eth2
s1 lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:h2-eth0
c0
mininet> h1 ifconfig
h1-eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 10.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0 broadcast 10.255.255.255
        ether ea:bc:b4:a8:99:46 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
mininet> T
```

Рис. 15: просмотр конфигурации узлов

```
mininet> h1 ping 10.0.0.2
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp seg=1 ttl=64 time=1.11 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.204 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.056 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.070 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.062 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2; icmp seg=6 ttl=64 time=0.092 ms
--- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
6 packets transmitted, 6 received, 0% packet loss, time 5079ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.056/0.265/1.109/0.380 ms
mininet> exit
*** Stopping 1 controllers
*** Stopping 2 links
*** Stopping 1 switches
*** Stopping 2 hosts
h1 h2
*** Done
completed in 140.728 seconds
mininet@mininet-vm:~$
```

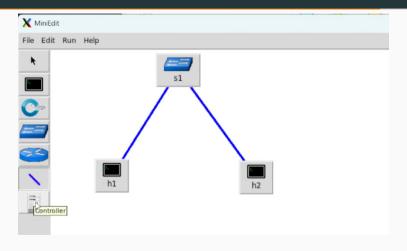


Рис. 17: запуск редактора MiniEdit и добавление топологии сети

X MiniEdit				-		×
Properties	VLAN Interfaces	External Inte	erfaces	Privat	e Direc	tories
Hostn	ame: h1	I				
IP Add	ress: 10.0.					
Default R	oute:					
Amount	CPU:		host -	-		
С	ores:					
Start Comm	nand:					
Stop Comm	nand:					
	1	1				
OK	Cancel					

Рис. 18: настройка ІР адресации вручную

```
**Host h2**@mininet-vm**

root@mininet-vm*:/home/mininet# ping 10.0.0.1

PING 10.0.0.1 (10.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.192 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.049 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.059 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.048 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.0.1: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.049 ms

^C

--- 10.0.0.1 ping statistics ---

5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4100ms

rrtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.048/0.079/0.192/0.056 ms

root@mininet-vm:/home/mininet#
```

Рис. 19: проверка связности

```
* "Host: h2"@mininet-vm
                                                                       Command 'ifconfog' not found, did you mean:
  command 'ifconfig' from deb net-tools (1.60+git20180626.aebd88e-lubuntul)
Try: apt install <deb name>
root@mininet-vm:/home/mininet# ifconfig
h2-eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 15.0.0.2 netmask 255.0.0.0 broadcast 15.255.255.255
       ether 32:a2:50:dd:42:f4 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 955 bytes 247284 (247.2 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 955 bytes 247284 (247.2 KB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
root@mininet-vm:/home/mininet#
```

Рис. 20: автоматическое назначение ІР-адресов

```
PS C:\> cd Users
PS C:\Users> cd airan
PS C:\Users\airan> scp mininet@192.168.56.113:~/work/lab01.mn .
100% 1654 807.6KB/s 00:00
PS C:\Users\airan> scp mininet@192.168.56.113:~/work/lab01.mn .
```

Рис. 21: сохранение файла на хостовую машину

# Выводы

#### Выводы

В результате выполнения лабораторной работы было проведено развёртывание в системе виртуализации mininet, знакомство с основными командами для работы с Mininet через командную строку и через графический интерфейс.