Zero Install

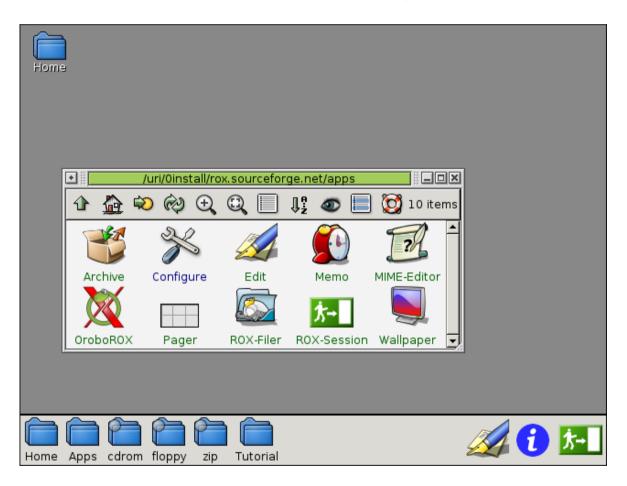
Decentralised cross-platform package management



Thomas Leonard / University of Cambridge / @talex5 OCaml 2014, Gothenburg, Sweden, September 5, 2014

History

Started the ROX desktop in 1999...



Distribution problems

- Multiple packages needed
 - Debian, Red Hat, SUSE, ...
- Poor, missing or out-of-date packages
 - Everyone should have access to every version
- Slow feedback cycle
 - Bug reports are for last year's version

Zero Install (2003)

- Make one package that works everywhere
 - Linux, OS X, Unix, Windows
- Packages can come directly from upstream
 - (or from distribution)
- Switch to latest version easily

Availability

Zero Install is in most Linux distributions, e.g.

```
$ yaourt -S zeroinstall-injector # Arch
$ sudo apt-get install zeroinstall-injector # Debian, Ubuntu
$ sudo yum install 0install # Fedora
$ sudo zypper install zeroinstall-injector # OpenSUSE
```

OS X bundle and Windows .exe available too.

http://Oinstall.net

Example: OPAM

\$ 0install add opam http://tools.ocaml.org/opam.xml



\$ opam --version 1.1.1

Where did it go?

(one Oinstall package and two distribution-provided dependencies)

Upgrading

By default, Oinstall prefers "stable" releases:

```
$ Oinstall update opam
A later version (http://tools.ocaml.org/opam.xml 1.2.0-pre4)
exists but was not selected. Using 1.1.1 instead.
To select "testing" versions, use:
Oinstall config help_with_testing True
```

Can change this globally, or by adding a local version restriction:

```
$ 0install update opam --not-before=1.2.0-pre4
http://tools.ocaml.org/opam.xml: 1.1.1 -> 1.2.0-pre4
$ opam --version
1.2.0~beta4
```

Viewing changes

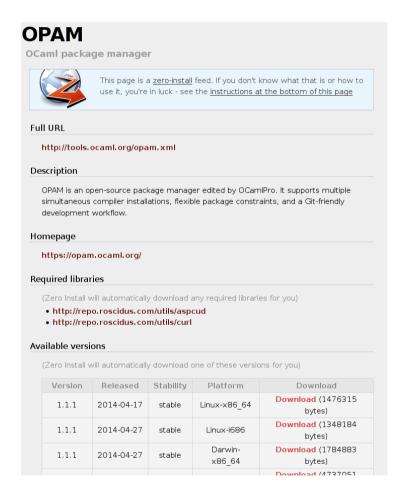
```
$ 0install whatchanged opam
Last checked : 2014-08-26 11:00
Last update : 2014-08-26
Previous update : 2014-07-03

http://tools.ocaml.org/opam.xml: 1.1.1 -> 1.2.0-pre4

To run using the previous selections, use:
0install run /home/tal/.config/0install.net/apps/opam/
    selections-2014-07-03.xml
```

Publishing

Put up a web-page with your package's details:



It's actually XML

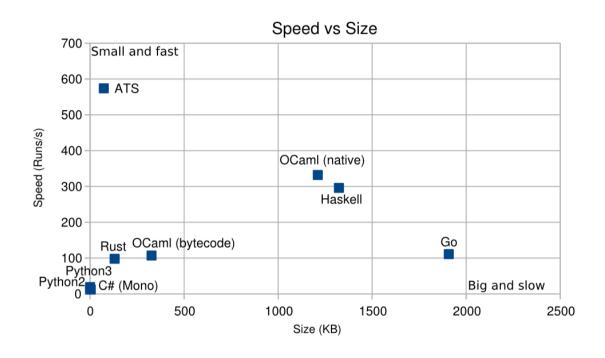
End of Part I

Questions?

Python problems (2013)

- Python Oinstall too slow:
 - On mobile platforms
 - Running small utilities
- Too unreliable:
 - No static checking
 - Python 3 breakage
 - PyGTK breakage
- So started looking for a new language...

Language comparison



http://roscidus.com/blog/blog/2013/06/09/choosing-a-python-replacement-for-0install/

OCaml: 1st impressions

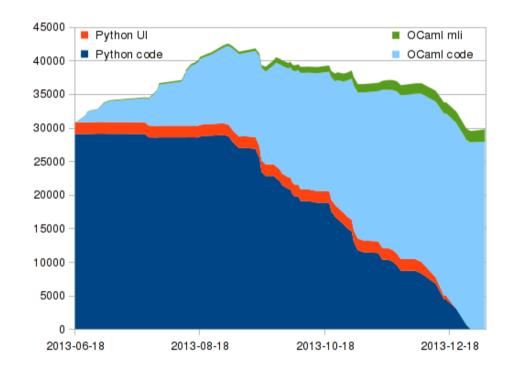
- Bad:
 - Top-level: no readline support!?!
 - Syntax errors hard to find
 - (not sensitive to indentation errors)
 - Unhelpful errors: Not_found
 - Binary compatibility (of OCaml libraries)
- Good:
 - Fast!
 - Reliable
 - Mature
 - Direct equivalents to Python features
 - "Obvious" compiler behaviour

Suggestion: OCaml for...

- Python users: fast, static checking, unicode
- Java users: fast startup, no NullPointerExceptions
- Everyone: polymorphic variants, functors, abstract types http://roscidus.com/blog/blog/2014/02/13/ocaml-what-you-gain/

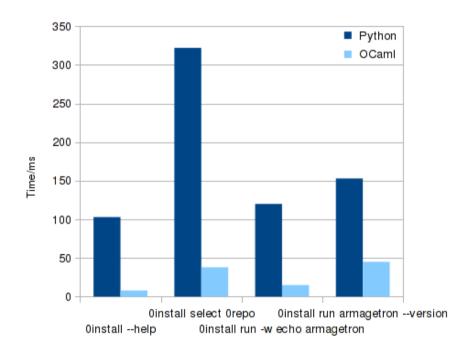
Porting process

- Used old Python and new OCaml parts together.
- Communication was via JSON.
- Literal translation first; refactor later in OCaml.



Results

- Similar LOC (OCaml slightly shorter)
- OCaml around 10x faster
- Seems very reliable
- Community very helpful!



http://roscidus.com/blog/blog/2014/06/06/python-to-ocaml-retrospective/

Feedback

"I found modifying an unfamiliar OCaml codebase much easier than a Python one. [...] the explicit .mli files give a good summary of each module's surface area, [...] modifying the type of something and then fixing the errors gives you a good way to start figuring out how to actually enact a certain change."

-- Tim Cuthbertson (Oinstall developer)

THE END

For more information:

http://Oinstall.net/

http://roscidus.com/blog/blog/categories/ocaml/

Questions?