```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fstream>
#include <ctime>
#include <complex>
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include "../MASTER-FILES/AtomParams.h"
using namespace std;
int countGrapheneAtoms (struct vect a1, struct vect a2, struct vect a3, struct vect b1, struct
vect b2, struct vect b3)
{
 struct vect B1, B2, B12, C1, C2, C12;
    // Define TSB super-lattice vectors
 B1 = 4.0*b1;
 B2 = 4.0 * b2;
 B12 = B1 + B2;
    // Define boundaries of TSB super-lattice vectors (purely for calculation)
 C1 = B1 + 2.0*b3;
  C2 = B2 + 2.0*b3;
  C12 = B12 + 2.0*b3;
 double slopeC1 = (C1.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C1.x - 2.0*b3.x);
 double slopeC2 = (C2.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C2.x - 2.0*b3.x);
 double yInterceptC1 = C1.y - slopeC1*C1.x;
 double yInterceptC2 = C2.y - slopeC2*C2.x;
 double yIntercept1C12 = C12.y - slopeC1*C12.x;
  double yIntercept2C12 = C12.y - slopeC2*C12.x;
    // Initialize graphene basis vectors, where "1" and "2" denote basis atoms of the graphene
    unit cell
  struct vect positionG1 = 2.0*b3;
  struct vect positionG2 = 2.0*b3;
    // Initialize a sufficiently large grid to scan for atoms inside the boundaries
  int maxUnitCells1 = 500;
  int maxUnitCells2 = 500;
  int nAtomsPerLayer = 0;
    // Calculate atomic positions, counting nAtomsPerLayer
  for (int i=-maxUnitCells1; i<maxUnitCells1; i++)</pre>
    for (int j=-maxUnitCells2; j<maxUnitCells2; j++)</pre>
      positionG1 = i*a1 + j*a2 + a3;
      positionG2 = i*a1 + j*a2 + 2.0*a3;
```

```
double xLowerLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yInterceptC2 );
     double yLowerLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yInterceptC1;
     double xUpperLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yIntercept2C12);
     double yUpperLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yIntercept1C12;
     double xLowerLimitG2 = (1.0/\text{slopeC2})*(\text{positionG2.y} - \text{yInterceptC2});
     double yLowerLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yInterceptC1;
     double xUpperLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yIntercept2C12);
     double yUpperLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yIntercept1C12;
     if ( positionG1.x >= xLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.x <= xUpperLimitG1 )</pre>
   if ( positionG1.y >= yLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.y <= yUpperLimitG1 )</pre>
     nAtomsPerLayer++;
     }
     if ( positionG2.x >= xLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.x <= xUpperLimitG2 )</pre>
   if ( positionG2.y >= yLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.y <= yUpperLimitG2 )</pre>
   {
     nAtomsPerLayer++;
   1
 }
//account for missing atoms here, which must be checked by hand, unless we write a flag
here for atoms that are very close to the boundary
// nAtomsPerLayer++;
return nAtomsPerLayer;
void assignGrapheneParams (AtomParams **Graphene, struct vect a1, struct vect a2, struct vect a3,
struct vect b1, struct vect b2, struct vect b3)
 struct vect B1, B2, B12, C1, C2, C12;
   // Define TSB super-lattice vectors
 B1 = 4.0*b1;
 B2 = 4.0*b2;
 B12 = B1 + B2;
   // Define boundaries of TSB super-lattice vectors (purely for calculation)
```

```
C1 = B1 + 2.0*b3;
C2 = B2 + 2.0*b3;
C12 = B12 + 2.0*b3;
double slopeC1 = (C1.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C1.x - 2.0*b3.x);
double slopeC2 = (C2.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C2.x - 2.0*b3.x);
double yInterceptC1 = C1.y - slopeC1*C1.x;
double yInterceptC2 = C2.y - slopeC2*C2.x;
double yIntercept1C12 = C12.y - slopeC1*C12.x;
double yIntercept2C12 = C12.y - slopeC2*C12.x;
  // Initialize graphene basis vectors, where "1" and "2" denote basis atoms of the graphene
  unit cell
struct vect positionG1 = 2.0*b3;
struct vect positionG2 = 2.0*b3;
  // Initialize a sufficiently large grid to scan for atoms inside the boundaries
int maxUnitCells1 = 500;
int maxUnitCells2 = 500;
  //assign appropriate graphene atom positions and atom indices to class AtomParams
int atomCount = 0;
for (int i=-maxUnitCells1; i<maxUnitCells1; i++)</pre>
  for (int j=-maxUnitCells2; j<maxUnitCells2; j++)</pre>
    positionG1 = i*a1 + j*a2 + a3;
    positionG2 = i*a1 + j*a2 + 2.0*a3;
    double xLowerLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yInterceptC2 );
    double yLowerLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yInterceptC1;
    double xUpperLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yIntercept2C12);
    double yUpperLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yIntercept1C12;
    double xLowerLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yInterceptC2 );
    double yLowerLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yInterceptC1;
    double xUpperLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yIntercept2C12);
    double yUpperLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yIntercept1C12;
    if ( positionG1.x >= xLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.x <= xUpperLimitG1 )</pre>
  if ( positionG1.y >= yLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.y <= yUpperLimitG1 )</pre>
    Graphene[atomCount] = new AtomParams(positionG1, atomCount+1);
    atomCount++;
  }
    }
    if ( positionG2.x >= xLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.x <= xUpperLimitG2 )</pre>
    {
```

```
if ( positionG2.y >= yLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.y <= yUpperLimitG2 )</pre>
   {
     Graphene[atomCount] = new AtomParams(positionG2, atomCount+1);
     atomCount++;
   }
     }
   }
 }
//account for missing atoms here
// struct vect missingAtomPosition;
// missingAtomPosition.x = -2.507;
// missingAtomPosition.v = 46.151;
//
  missingAtomPosition.z = 0.000;
//
// Graphene[atomCount] = new AtomParams(missingAtomPosition, atomCount+1);
// atomCount++;
}
void writeTOP (AtomParams **Atom, AtomParams **Graphene, int nCarbon, int nQuarter, int
nAtomsPerTSB, int nAtomsPerLayer)
   // Create output TOP file
 stringstream outStream;
 outStream << "tsb35-c" << nCarbon << " 0" << nQuarter << "-quarter TOP.top";
 ofstream OUT(outStream.str().c str());
 OUT << setiosflags(ios::fixed) << setprecision(3);
 cout << "TOP file to generate: " << outStream.str() << endl;</pre>
   // topology file header
 OUT << "27 1" << endl;
 OUT << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                             1.00800 H ! nonpolar, aliphatic H" << endl;
                 1 HGA2
 OUT << "MASS
                2 HGA3
                             1.00800 H ! nonpolar, aliphatic H" << endl;
                 3 HGR61 1.00800 H ! aromatic H" << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
 OUT << "MASS
                4 HGA4 1.00800 H ! alkene H " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                5 CG2R61A
                            12.01100 C ! aromatic C (see notes for convention) " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                6 CG2R61B
                            12.01100 C ! aromatic C (see notes for convention) " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                7 CG2R61C
                            12.01100 C ! aromatic C (see notes for convention) " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                8 CG2R61D
                            12.01100 C ! aromatic C (see notes for convention) " << endl;
                9 CG321
 OUT << "MASS
                            12.01100 C ! aliphatic sp3 C for CH2" << endl;
               10 CG331
 OUT << "MASS
                            12.01100 C ! aliphatic sp3 C for CH3" << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
               11 CG2DC1A
                            12.01100 C ! alkene C (adjacent to central ring) " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
               12 CG2DC1B
                            12.01100 C ! alkene C (adjacent to central ring)" << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                             12.01100 C ! alkene C (adjacent to central ring)" << endl;
               13 CG2DC1C
 OUT << "MASS
               14 CG2DC1D
                            12.01100 C ! alkene C (adjacent to peripheral ring) " << endl;
               15 OG301 15.99940 O ! ether O " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
                16 CG2R61 12.01100 C ! aromatic C (graphite) " << endl;
 OUT << "MASS
 OUT << endl;
 OUT << "AUTO ANGLES DIHE" << endl;
```

```
OUT << endl;
  // TSB molecule topology entry
OUT << "RESI TSB 0.00" << endl;
OUT << endl;
string atomName, atomType;
double charge;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerTSB; i++)</pre>
  atomName = Atom[i]->getAtomName();
  atomType = Atom[i]->getAtomType();
  charge = Atom[i]->getCharge();
  OUT << "ATOM " << left << setw(5) << atomName << right << setw(4) << atomType << right <<
  setw(8) << charge << endl;</pre>
}
OUT << endl;
struct bondList *temp;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerTSB; i++)</pre>
  atomName = Atom[i]->getAtomName();
  temp = Atom[i]->getBond();
  if (temp != NULL)
    OUT << "BOND ";
  while (temp !=NULL)
    OUT << left << setw(4) << atomName << " " << temp->atomName << " "
                                                                               ";
    temp = temp->next;
  if (Atom[i]->getBond() != NULL)
    OUT << endl;
OUT << endl;
 //
  // Graphene layer topology entry
OUT << "RESI GRAP
                    0.00" << endl;
OUT << endl;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerLayer; i++)</pre>
    // having trouble with object-orientated assignment of atomName in the header Atom.h, so
    I moved the if loop into this script
  stringstream ss;
  if (i < 1000) ss << "A" << i;</pre>
  else if (i < 2000) ss << "B" << (i-1000);</pre>
  else if (i < 3000) ss << "C" << (i-2000);</pre>
  else if (i < 4000) ss << "D" << (i-3000);
  else if (i < 5000) ss << "E" << (i-4000);</pre>
```

```
else if (i < 6000) ss << "F" << (i-5000);</pre>
  else if (i < 7000) ss << "G" << (i-6000);</pre>
  else if (i < 8000) ss << "H" << (i-7000);</pre>
  else if (i < 9000) ss << "I" << (i-8000);</pre>
  else if (i < 10000) ss << "J" << (i-9000);</pre>
  else if (i < 11000) ss << "K" << (i-10000);</pre>
  else if (i < 12000) ss << "L" << (i-11000);</pre>
  else if (i < 13000) ss << "M" << (i-12000);
  else if (i < 14000) ss << "N" << (i-13000);</pre>
  else if (i < 15000) ss << "0" << (i-14000);
  else if (i < 16000) ss << "P" << (i-15000);</pre>
  else if (i < 17000) ss << "Q" << (i-16000);</pre>
  else if (i < 18000) ss << "R" << (i-17000);</pre>
  else if (i < 19000) ss << "S" << (i-18000);
  else if (i < 20000) ss << "T" << (i-19000);</pre>
  else if (i < 21000) ss << "U" << (i-20000);</pre>
  atomName=ss.str();
  OUT << "ATOM " << left << setw(5) << atomName << right << setw(4) << "CG2R61" << right <<
  setw(8) << 0.000 << endl;
}
OUT << endl;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerLayer; i++)</pre>
  stringstream ss;
  if (i < 1000) ss << "A" << i;
  else if (i < 2000) ss << "B" << (i-1000);
  else if (i < 3000) ss << "C" << (i-2000);
  else if (i < 4000) ss << "D" << (i-3000);</pre>
  else if (i < 5000) ss << "E" << (i-4000);</pre>
  else if (i < 6000) ss << "F" << (i-5000);</pre>
  else if (i < 7000) ss << "G" << (i-6000);</pre>
  else if (i < 8000) ss << "H" << (i-7000);</pre>
  else if (i < 9000) ss << "I" << (i-8000);</pre>
  else if (i < 10000) ss << "J" << (i-9000);</pre>
  else if (i < 11000) ss << "K" << (i-10000);</pre>
  else if (i < 12000) ss << "L" << (i-11000);</pre>
  else if (i < 13000) ss << "M" << (i-12000);
  else if (i < 14000) ss << "N" << (i-13000);</pre>
  else if (i < 15000) ss << "0" << (i-14000);
  else if (i < 16000) ss << "P" << (i-15000);</pre>
  else if (i < 17000) ss << "Q" << (i-16000);
  else if (i < 18000) ss << "R" << (i-17000);</pre>
  else if (i < 19000) ss << "S" << (i-18000);
  else if (i < 20000) ss << "T" << (i-19000);</pre>
  else if (i < 21000) ss << "U" << (i-20000);</pre>
  atomName=ss.str();
  temp = Graphene[i]->getBond();
```

```
if (temp != NULL)
     OUT << "BOND ";
   while (temp !=NULL)
     OUT << left << setw(4) << atomName << " " << temp->atomName << "
     temp = temp->next;
   if (Graphene[i]->getBond() != NULL)
     OUT << endl;
 }
 OUT << endl;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
   // USER INPUT //
   if (argc != 3) {
   cout << "Must have 2 command line arguments (nCarbon, nQuarter)!" << endl;</pre>
 }
 int nCarbon = atoi(argv[1]);
 int nQuarter = atoi(argv[2]);
 float n1, n2;
 double latticeSpacing, domainAngle;
 if (nCarbon == 6) {
   n1 = 11.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;
   n2 = 3.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;
   if (nQuarter == 0) {
     latticeSpacing = 31.401;
     domainAngle = 11.742;
   } else if (nQuarter == 1) {
     latticeSpacing = 32.414;
     domainAngle = 12.331;
   } else if (nQuarter == 2) {
     latticeSpacing = 33.430;
     domainAngle = 12.885;
   } else if (nQuarter == 3) {
     latticeSpacing = 34.450;
     domainAngle = 13.407;
   } else if (nQuarter == 4) {
     latticeSpacing = 35.472;
     domainAngle = 13.898;
    } else {}
```

```
} else if (nCarbon == 10) {
  n1 = 15.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;
  n2 = 1.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;
  if (nQuarter == 0) {
    latticeSpacing = 38.182;
    domainAngle = 3.198;
  } else if (nQuarter == 1) {
    latticeSpacing = 39.135;
    domainAngle = 3.901;
  } else if (nQuarter == 2) {
    latticeSpacing = 40.095;
    domainAngle = 4.571;
  } else if (nQuarter == 3) {
    latticeSpacing = 41.059;
    domainAngle = 5.209;
  } else if (nQuarter == 4) {
    latticeSpacing = 42.028;
    domainAngle = 5.818;
  } else {}
} else {}
int nAtomsPerTSB = 54+6*(3*nCarbon+1);
int nAtomsTotal = nAtomsPerTSB;
  // Create Instance of the class AtomParams
AtomParams *Atom[nAtomsTotal];
  // Read TSB input files (from Gaussian09) //
  stringstream inStream1;
inStream1 << "../cpp-input/tsb35-c" << nCarbon << " cpp-input.dat";</pre>
ifstream in1(inStream1.str().c str());
cout << endl;</pre>
cout << "TSB input file to be read: " << inStream1.str() << endl;</pre>
string tempAtomName, tempAtomType, tempElementType;
struct vect tempPosition;
double tempCharge;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerTSB; i++)</pre>
  in1 >> tempAtomName >> tempAtomType >> tempPosition.x >> tempPosition.y >> tempPosition.z >>
   tempElementType >> tempCharge;
  Atom[i] = new AtomParams(tempAtomName, tempAtomType, tempPosition, tempElementType,
  tempCharge);
}
cout << "TSB input file read and stored in class AtomParams/Atom." << endl;</pre>
```

```
// Determine bonding order for the TSB molecule //
  struct vect position1, position2, distance;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerTSB; i++)</pre>
 for (int j=i+1; j<nAtomsPerTSB; j++)</pre>
   position1 = Atom[i]->getPosition();
   position2 = Atom[j]->getPosition();
   distance = position2 - position1;
   if (position1.Norm(distance) < 1.6)</pre>
   {
 Atom[i]->addBond(Atom[j]->getAtomName());
   }
 }
}
cout << "Bonding order for TSB done." << endl;</pre>
cout << endl;</pre>
 // Build lattice vectors //
 struct vect a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3;
double a = sqrt(3.0)*1.42;
double triAngle = 60.0*(PI/180.0);
 // Define graphene lattice vectors
a1.x = a;
a1.y = 0.0;
a1.z = 0.0;
a2.x = a*cos(triAngle);
a2.y = a*sin(triAngle);
a2.z = 0.0;
a3 = (1.0/3.0)*(a1+a2);
 // Define TSB lattice vectors
b1 = n1*a1 + n2*a2;
b2 = (-1.0)*n2*a1 + (n1+n2)*a2;
b3 = (-1.0/3.0) * (b1+b2);
 // Use boundaries defined by TSB lattice vectors to calculate atom per graphene alyer
int nAtomsPerLayer = countGrapheneAtoms(a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3);
  // Create class for graphene atoms
AtomParams *Graphene[nAtomsPerLayer];
cout << "Graphene parameters read and stored in class AtomParams/Graphene." << endl;</pre>
 // Call to function to go back through grid and assign positions and atom names to the
 graphene atoms
```

```
assignGrapheneParams(Graphene, a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3);
  // Determine bonding order for graphene layer //
  struct vect positionG1, positionG2;
for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerLayer; i++)</pre>
{
  stringstream ss;
  if (i < 1000) ss << "A" << i;</pre>
  else if (i < 2000) ss << "B" << (i-1000);</pre>
  else if (i < 3000) ss << "C" << (i-2000);</pre>
  else if (i < 4000) ss << "D" << (i-3000);
  else if (i < 5000) ss << "E" << (i-4000);</pre>
  else if (i < 6000) ss << "F" << (i-5000);</pre>
  else if (i < 7000) ss << "G" << (i-6000);</pre>
  else if (i < 8000) ss << "H" << (i-7000);</pre>
  else if (i < 9000) ss << "I" << (i-8000);</pre>
  else if (i < 10000) ss << "J" << (i-9000);
  else if (i < 11000) ss << "K" << (i-10000);</pre>
  else if (i < 12000) ss << "L" << (i-11000);</pre>
  else if (i < 13000) ss << "M" << (i-12000);</pre>
  else if (i < 14000) ss << "N" << (i-13000);</pre>
  else if (i < 15000) ss << "0" << (i-14000);</pre>
  else if (i < 16000) ss << "P" << (i-15000);</pre>
  else if (i < 17000) ss << "Q" << (i-16000);</pre>
  else if (i < 18000) ss << "R" << (i-17000);</pre>
  else if (i < 19000) ss << "S" << (i-18000);</pre>
  else if (i < 20000) ss << "T" << (i-19000);</pre>
  else if (i < 21000) ss << "U" << (i-20000);</pre>
  string atomName=ss.str();
  for (int j=i+1; j<nAtomsPerLayer; j++)</pre>
  {
    positionG1 = Graphene[i]->getPosition();
    positionG2 = Graphene[j]->getPosition();
    distance = Graphene[j]->getPosition() - Graphene[i]->getPosition();
    if (positionG1.Norm(distance) < 1.6)</pre>
    {
  //Graphene[i]->addBond(Graphene[j]->getAtomName());
  stringstream ss;
  if (j < 1000) ss << "A" << j;
  else if (j < 2000) ss << "B" << (j-1000);</pre>
  else if (j < 3000) ss << "C" << (j-2000);</pre>
  else if (j < 4000) ss << "D" << (j-3000);</pre>
  else if (j < 5000) ss << "E" << (j-4000);
  else if (j < 6000) ss << "F" << (j-5000);</pre>
  else if (j < 7000) ss << "G" << (j-6000);</pre>
```

```
else if (j < 8000) ss << "H" << (j-7000);</pre>
  else if (j < 9000) ss << "I" << (j-8000);</pre>
  else if (j < 10000) ss << "J" << (j-9000);
  else if (j < 11000) ss << "K" << (j-10000);</pre>
  else if (j < 12000) ss << "L" << (j-11000);</pre>
  else if (j < 13000) ss << "M" << (j-12000);</pre>
  else if (j < 14000) ss << "N" << (j-13000);</pre>
  else if (j < 15000) ss << "0" << (j-14000);</pre>
  else if (j < 16000) ss << "P" << (j-15000);</pre>
  else if (j < 17000) ss << "Q" << (j-16000);</pre>
  else if (j < 18000) ss << "R" << (j-17000);</pre>
  else if (j < 19000) ss << "S" << (j-18000);</pre>
  else if (j < 20000) ss << "T" << (j-19000);</pre>
  else if (j < 21000) ss << "U" << (j-20000);</pre>
  string nextAtomName=ss.str();
  Graphene[i]->addBond(nextAtomName);
  }
}
cout << "Bonding order for graphene done." << endl;</pre>
cout << endl;</pre>
writeTOP(Atom, Graphene, nCarbon, nQuarter, nAtomsPerTSB, nAtomsPerLayer);
return 0;
```