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#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fstream>
#include <ctime>
#include <complex>
#include <cstdio>
#include <string>
#include "../MASTER-FILES/AtomParams.h"
using namespace std;

int countGrapheneAtoms (struct vect a1, struct vect a2, struct vect a3, struct vect b1, struct
vect b2, struct vect b3)
{
    struct vect B1, B2, B12, C1, C2, C12;

    // Define TSB super-lattice vectors
    B1 = 4.0*b1;
    B2 = 4.0*b2;
    B12 = B1 + B2;

    // Define boundaries of TSB super-lattice vectors (purely for calculation)
    C1 = B1 + 2.0*b3;
    C2 = B2 + 2.0*b3;
    C12 = B12 + 2.0*b3;

    double slopeC1 = (C1.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C1.x - 2.0*b3.x);
    double slopeC2 = (C2.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C2.x - 2.0*b3.x);
    double yInterceptC1 = C1.y - slopeC1*C1.x;
    double yInterceptC2 = C2.y - slopeC2*C2.x;

    double yIntercept1C12 = C12.y - slopeC1*C12.x;
    double yIntercept2C12 = C12.y - slopeC2*C12.x;

    // Initialize graphene basis vectors, where "1" and "2" denote basis atoms of the graphene
    unit cell
    struct vect positionG1 = 2.0*b3;
    struct vect positionG2 = 2.0*b3;

    // Initialize a sufficiently large grid to scan for atoms inside the boundaries
    int maxUnitCells1 = 500;
    int maxUnitCells2 = 500;
    int nAtomsPerLayer = 0;

    // Calculate atomic positions, counting nAtomsPerLayer
    for (int i=-maxUnitCells1; i<maxUnitCells1; i++)
    {
        for (int j=-maxUnitCells2; j<maxUnitCells2; j++)
        {
            positionG1 = i*a1 + j*a2 + a3;
            positionG2 = i*a1 + j*a2 + 2.0*a3;
        }
    }
}

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double xLowerLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yInterceptC2 );
double yLowerLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yInterceptC1;

double xUpperLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yIntercept2C12);
double yUpperLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yIntercept1C12;

double xLowerLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yInterceptC2 );
double yLowerLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yInterceptC1;

double xUpperLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yIntercept2C12);
double yUpperLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yIntercept1C12;

if ( positionG1.x >= xLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.x <= xUpperLimitG1 )
{
if ( positionG1.y >= yLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.y <= yUpperLimitG1 )
{
nAtomsPerLayer++;
}
}

if ( positionG2.x >= xLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.x <= xUpperLimitG2 )
{
if ( positionG2.y >= yLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.y <= yUpperLimitG2 )
{
nAtomsPerLayer++;
}
}
}

//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
//    //account for missing atoms here, which must be checked by hand, unless we write a flag
//    here for atoms that are very close to the boundary
//    nAtomsPerLayer++;
//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

return nAtomsPerLayer;
}

void assignGrapheneParams (AtomParams **Atom, struct vect a1, struct vect a2, struct vect a3,
struct vect b1, struct vect b2, struct vect b3)
{
    struct vect B1, B2, B12, C1, C2, C12;

    // Define TSB super-lattice vectors
    B1 = 4.0*b1;
    B2 = 4.0*b2;
    B12 = B1 + B2;

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    // Define boundaries of TSB super-lattice vectors (purely for calculation)
    C1 = B1 + 2.0*b3;
    C2 = B2 + 2.0*b3;
    C12 = B12 + 2.0*b3;

    double slopeC1 = (C1.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C1.x - 2.0*b3.x);
    double slopeC2 = (C2.y - 2.0*b3.y) / (C2.x - 2.0*b3.x);
    double yInterceptC1 = C1.y - slopeC1*C1.x;
    double yInterceptC2 = C2.y - slopeC2*C2.x;

    double yIntercept1C12 = C12.y - slopeC1*C12.x;
    double yIntercept2C12 = C12.y - slopeC2*C12.x;

    // Initialize graphene basis vectors, where "1" and "2" denote basis atoms of the graphene
    unit cell
    struct vect positionG1 = 2.0*b3;
    struct vect positionG2 = 2.0*b3;

    // Initialize a sufficiently large grid to scan for atoms inside the boundaries
    int maxUnitCells1 = 500;
    int maxUnitCells2 = 500;

    //assign appropriate graphene atom positions and atom indices to class AtomParams
    int atomCount = 0;
    for (int i=-maxUnitCells1; i<maxUnitCells1; i++)
    {
        for (int j=-maxUnitCells2; j<maxUnitCells2; j++)
        {
            positionG1 = i*a1 + j*a2 + a3;
            positionG2 = i*a1 + j*a2 + 2.0*a3;

            double xLowerLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yInterceptC2 );
            double yLowerLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yInterceptC1;

            double xUpperLimitG1 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG1.y - yIntercept2C12);
            double yUpperLimitG1 = slopeC1*positionG1.x + yIntercept1C12;

            double xLowerLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yInterceptC2 );
            double yLowerLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yInterceptC1;

            double xUpperLimitG2 = (1.0/slopeC2)*( positionG2.y - yIntercept2C12);
            double yUpperLimitG2 = slopeC1*positionG2.x + yIntercept1C12;

            if ( positionG1.x >= xLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.x <= xUpperLimitG1 )
            {
                if ( positionG1.y >= yLowerLimitG1 && positionG1.y <= yUpperLimitG1 )
                {
                    Atom[atomCount] = new AtomParams(positionG1, atomCount+1);
                    atomCount++;
                }
            }
        }
    }

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    if ( positionG2.x >= xLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.x <= xUpperLimitG2 )
    {
    if ( positionG2.y >= yLowerLimitG2 && positionG2.y <= yUpperLimitG2 )
    {
        Atom[atomCount] = new AtomParams(positionG2, atomCount+1);
        atomCount++;
    }
    }
}

//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
//    //account for missing atoms here
//    struct vect missingAtomPosition;
//    missingAtomPosition.x = -2.507;
//    missingAtomPosition.y = 46.151;
//    missingAtomPosition.z = 0.000;
//
//    Graphene[atomCount] = new AtomParams(missingAtomPosition, atomCount+1);
//    atomCount++;
//!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
}

void writePDB(AtomParams **Atom, int nCarbon, int nQuarter, int segmentID, double Bmag, double
domainAngle, int nAtomsPerLayer)
{
    stringstream outStream;
    outStream << "tsb35-c" << nCarbon << "_0" << nQuarter << "-quarter_LAY" << segmentID <<
    "-PDB.pdb";
    ofstream OUT(outStream.str().c_str());
    OUT << setiosflags(ios::fixed) << setprecision(3);

    struct vect position;
    string atomName;
    int atomIndex;

    OUT << "CRYST1 " << Bmag << " " << Bmag << " 100.000 " << domainAngle << " " <<
    domainAngle << " " << domainAngle << "          P 1          1" << endl;

    for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerLayer; i++)
    {
        stringstream ss;

        if (i < 1000) ss << "A" << i;
        else if (i < 2000) ss << "B" << (i-1000);
        else if (i < 3000) ss << "C" << (i-2000);
        else if (i < 4000) ss << "D" << (i-3000);
        else if (i < 5000) ss << "E" << (i-4000);
        else if (i < 6000) ss << "F" << (i-5000);
        else if (i < 7000) ss << "G" << (i-6000);
        else if (i < 8000) ss << "H" << (i-7000);

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else if (i < 9000) ss << "I" << (i-8000);
else if (i < 10000) ss << "J" << (i-9000);
else if (i < 11000) ss << "K" << (i-10000);
else if (i < 12000) ss << "L" << (i-11000);
else if (i < 13000) ss << "M" << (i-12000);
else if (i < 14000) ss << "N" << (i-13000);
else if (i < 15000) ss << "O" << (i-14000);
else if (i < 16000) ss << "P" << (i-15000);
else if (i < 17000) ss << "Q" << (i-16000);
else if (i < 18000) ss << "R" << (i-17000);
else if (i < 19000) ss << "S" << (i-18000);
else if (i < 20000) ss << "T" << (i-19000);
else if (i < 21000) ss << "U" << (i-20000);

atomName=ss.str();

position = Atom[i]->getPosition();
Atom[i]->setPosition(position);

OUT << "ATOM " << setw(6) << i+1;
OUT << " " << setw(4) << atomName << " GRAP    1    ";
OUT << setw(7) << position.x << " " << setw(7) << position.y << " " << setw(7) << position.z
    << " ";
OUT << "0.00  1.00    " << "LAY" << segmentID << endl;
}

}

void Translate(AtomParams **Atom, struct vect translation, int nAtomsPerLayer)
{
    struct vect tempPosition, position;

    for (int i=0; i<nAtomsPerLayer; i++)
    {
        position = Atom[i]->getPosition();
        tempPosition = position + translation;
        Atom[i]->setPosition(tempPosition);
    }
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    ////////////////
    // USER INPUT //
    ////////////////
    if (argc != 3) {
        cout << "Must have 2 command line arguments (nCarbon, nQuarter)!" << endl;
    }
}

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```
int nCarbon = atoi(argv[1]);
int nQuarter = atoi(argv[2]);

float n1, n2;
double latticeSpacing, domainAngle;
if (nCarbon == 6) {

    n1 = 11.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;
    n2 = 3.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;

    if (nQuarter == 0) {
        latticeSpacing = 31.401;
        domainAngle = 11.742;
    } else if (nQuarter == 1) {
        latticeSpacing = 32.414;
        domainAngle = 12.331;
    } else if (nQuarter == 2) {
        latticeSpacing = 33.430;
        domainAngle = 12.885;
    } else if (nQuarter == 3) {
        latticeSpacing = 34.450;
        domainAngle = 13.407;
    } else if (nQuarter == 4) {
        latticeSpacing = 35.472;
        domainAngle = 13.898;
    } else {}

} else if (nCarbon == 10) {

    n1 = 15.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;
    n2 = 1.0 + float(nQuarter)*0.25;

    if (nQuarter == 0) {
        latticeSpacing = 38.182;
        domainAngle = 3.198;
    } else if (nQuarter == 1) {
        latticeSpacing = 39.135;
        domainAngle = 3.901;
    } else if (nQuarter == 2) {
        latticeSpacing = 40.095;
        domainAngle = 4.571;
    } else if (nQuarter == 3) {
        latticeSpacing = 41.059;
        domainAngle = 5.209;
    } else if (nQuarter == 4) {
        latticeSpacing = 42.028;
        domainAngle = 5.818;
    } else {}

} else {}

//////////
// Build lattice vectors //
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//////////
struct vect a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3;
double a = sqrt(3.0)*1.42;
double triAngle = 60.0*(PI/180.0);

// Define graphene lattice vectors
a1.x = a;
a1.y = 0.0;
a1.z = 0.0;
a2.x = a*cos(triAngle);
a2.y = a*sin(triAngle);
a2.z = 0.0;
a3 = (1.0/3.0)*(a1+a2);

// Define TSB lattice vectors
b1 = n1*a1 + n2*a2;
b2 = (-1.0)*n2*a1 + (n1+n2)*a2;
b3 = (-1.0/3.0)*(b1+b2);

double Bmag = 4.0*sqrt(b1.x*b1.x + b1.y*b1.y + b1.z*b1.z);

// Use boundaries defined by TSB lattice vectors to calculate atom per graphene alyer
int nAtomsPerLayer = countGrapheneAtoms(a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3);
// Create class for graphene atoms
AtomParams *Atom[nAtomsPerLayer];

cout << "Graphene parameters read and stored in class AtomParams/Atom." << endl;

// Call to function to go back through grid and assign positions and atom names to the
graphene atoms
assignGrapheneParams(Atom, a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3);

struct vect position, layerTranslate;
layerTranslate.x = 0.0;
layerTranslate.y = 0.0;
layerTranslate.z = -3.366;

int nALayers = 3;
int nBLayers = 3;
int segmentID;

//write odd-numbered (A) layers
for (int i=0; i<nALayers; i++)
{
    Translate(Atom, 2*i*layerTranslate, nAtomsPerLayer);

    segmentID = 2*i+1;
    writePDB(Atom, nCarbon, nQuarter, segmentID, Bmag, domainAngle, nAtomsPerLayer);

    Translate(Atom, (-1)*2*i*layerTranslate, nAtomsPerLayer);
}

struct vect ABshift;

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ABshift.x = 1.23;
ABshift.y = 0.0;
ABshift.z = 0.0;

Translate(Atom, ABshift, nAtomsPerLayer);

//write even-numbered (B) layers, offset by 1.23 angstroms from odd-numbered layers
for (int i=0; i<nBLayers; i++)
{
    Translate(Atom, (2*i+1)*layerTranslate, nAtomsPerLayer);

    segmentID = 2*i+2;
    writePDB(Atom, nCarbon, nQuarter, segmentID, Bmag, domainAngle, nAtomsPerLayer);

    Translate(Atom, (-1)*(2*i+1)*layerTranslate, nAtomsPerLayer);
}

return 0;
}
```