

Alvin, ART385, Blink Without Delay, 3/31/20

Statement: Use Blink Without Delay or [MSTimer](#) to create 'simultaneous' multiple outputs (and/or read multiple sensors (for example: apply 'Fading' to all 3 channels of an RGB LED))

Please include a simple [ART385 Design Document](#), which should be saved as a PDF and include the following sections:

Document Info

Restate the Assignment

Hand-drawn or digitally drawn schematic diagram (that shows how your components are connected)

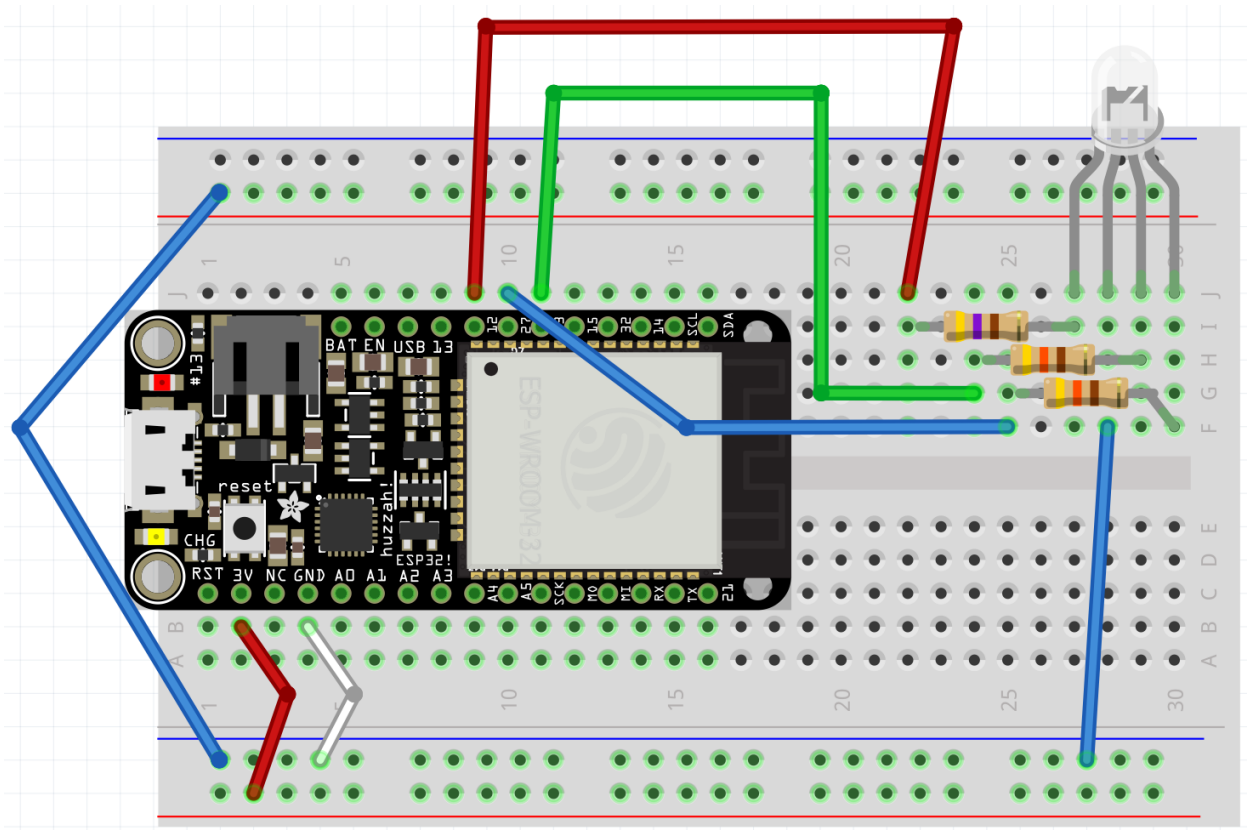
Reflections

You will be assessed on code legibility (specifically the comments), proper structure for the state machine, GitHub management, experimentation, the look-and-feel of the design document itself and following all the instructions.

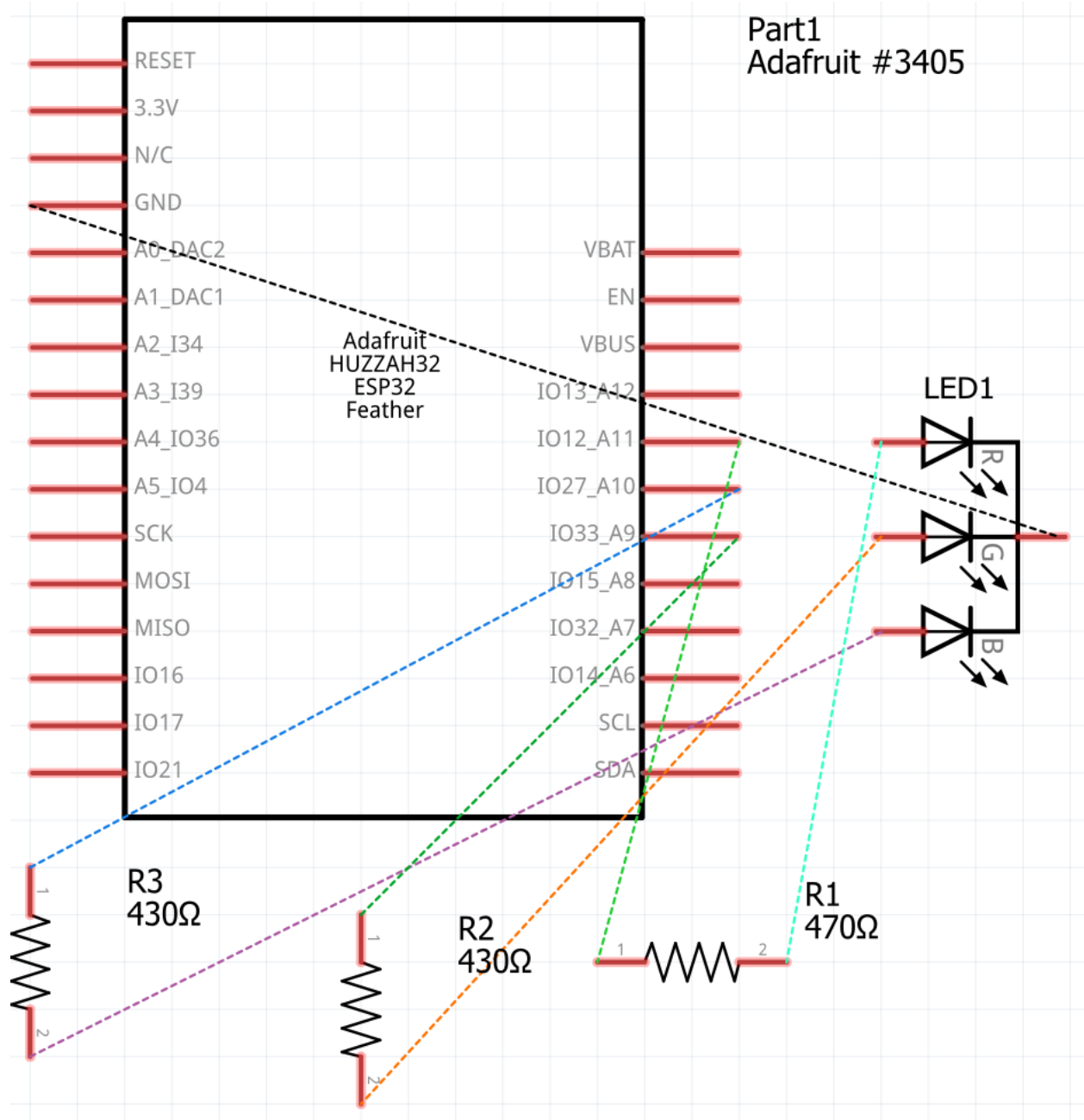
The GitHub repo should be Called “**BlinkWithoutDelay**” and should include a README.md and LICENSE file and the Art385 Design Document (called DesignDocument.pdf).

Hand Drawn Sketches:

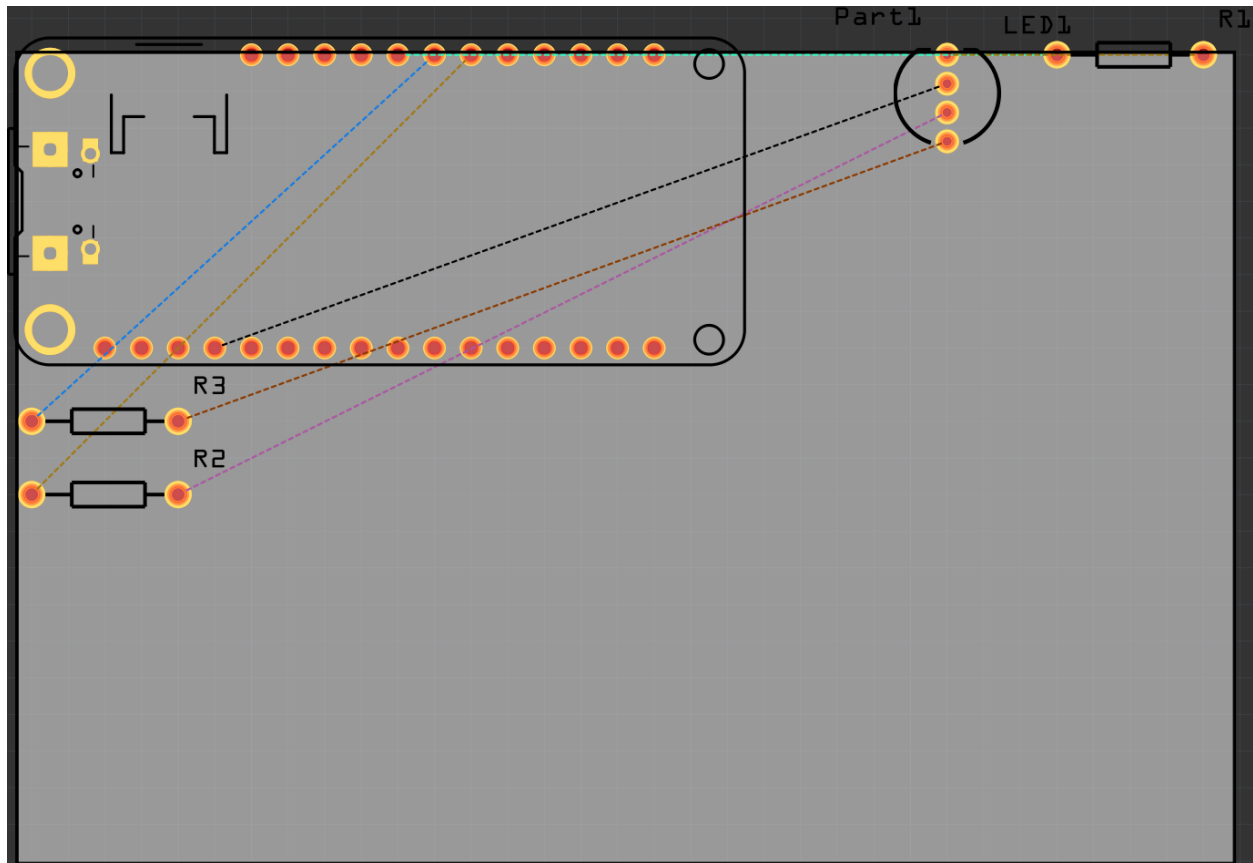
Breadboard:



Schematic:



PCB:



Reflections: This was the first assignment I had real trouble with. For one, I had no idea what the directions meant. Once I finally figured out that what the instructions were calling for, the next part was coding...which turned out to be *much* more difficult than I thought. For one, I had to figure out *which* sample code to use; whether the RGB_PWM, BlinkWithoutDelay (Hint: This one!) or the Fade worked the best.

Of course, I had to find out after much debugging that I had wired my board wrong. And then after that, I had to figure out how to trigger my different lights. My biggest problem was trying to turn off any lights I was not using. After *even* more trial and error, I settled on using a counter coupled with a modulo operator. True, the fact that it was a modulo meant that the RGB

pattern was randomized after the first three patterns. But I could not get how to turn off the lights I did not want on. With only two lights, I could get this to work flawlessly. With three lights however, it took some trial and error, and even then, it was somewhat flawed.

For Project 2, I would most likely use the same board setup, except I would also add a button and the LDR. Of course, it turns out that wiring the board turned out to be the easy part for me in this class. If I follow the rules and color-code my wires correctly, my board should work. It is the coding that is kicking my butt; I consider myself an average coder at best. And if I lack any means to double-check my work on an actual board, I fear that the rest of the semester is going to be miserable for me.