### **Azure CLI Practice Lab**

### What is Azure CLI?

Azure CLI (az) is a **cross-platform command-line tool** for managing Azure resources. It lets you create, inspect, update and delete Azure services from your terminal or scripts (Bash, PowerShell, Windows CMD). Why use it?

- Scriptable and automatable (CI/CD, automation runs).
- Works interactively or in non-interactive scripts (service principals).
- Outputs JSON/table/TSV and supports --query (JMESPath) for extracting data.
- Available locally or via **Azure Cloud Shell** in the portal (no install).

## **Quick prerequisites**

- An Azure subscription (free/trial or pay-as-you-go).
- Terminal (macOS/Linux/WSL/PowerShell/CMD).
- Install Azure CLI (or use Cloud Shell in the portal).

## Quick install & verify (one-liners)

```
macOS (Homebrew):

brew update && brew install azure-cli

Debian/Ubuntu:

curl -sL https://aka.ms/InstallAzureCLIDeb | sudo bash

Windows (winget):

winget install --id Microsoft.AzureCLI

Verify:

az version
```

If you don't want to install: open https://shell.azure.com or use **Cloud Shell** from portal.azure.com (Bash or PowerShell).

# Lab: step-by-step practical exercises (progressive, with use-cases)

Each lab contains exact az commands and short explanation. Replace placeholders (<...>) with your values. Use the **same resource group** (e.g., Labre) for easier cleanup.

## Lab 1 — Basics & Resource Management (use-case: organize resources)

**Goal:** learn login, subscription, create/list resource groups, query outputs, tagging, and export an ARM template.

#### 1. Login

```
az login
(If headless: az login --use-device-code)
```

#### 2. Check subscriptions and set the one you want

```
az account list -o table
az account set --subscription "Your Subscription Name or ID"
```

#### 3. Create a resource group

```
az group create -n LabRG -l eastus
```

#### 4. List resource groups & show details

```
az group list -o table
az group show -n LabRG -o json
```

#### 5. Tag the resource group

```
az group update -n LabRG --set tags.Environment=Practice Owner=Venkat
```

#### 6. List resources in the RG

```
az resource list -g LabRG -o table
```

#### 7. Export an ARM template for the RG (useful for infra-as-code)

```
az group export -n LabRG > LabRG-template.json
```

#### 8. Use -- query to format results

```
az resource list -g LabRG --query "[].{Name:name, Type:type}" -o table
```

#### Practice tasks (Lab 1):

- Create another RG in a different region and compare.
- Use --query to list only resources of type Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines.

## Lab 2 — Storage + Virtual Machine (use-case: host a small app or store files)

Goal: create storage, upload files, create a Linux VM, SSH into it.

#### 1. Create a storage account

Storage account names must be globally unique, lowercase, 3–24 chars.

```
az storage account create -n labstorage(date + ssN \mid cut -c1-6) -g LabRG - l eastus --sku Standard_LRS
```

2. Get a storage account key (to authenticate storage CLI operations)

```
STORAGE_NAME=$(az storage account list -g LabRG --query "[0].name" -o tsv) STORAGE_KEY=$(az storage account keys list -g LabRG -n $STORAGE_NAME -- query "[0].value" -o tsv)
```

#### 3. Create a container and upload a file

```
az storage container create --name mycontainer --account-name $STORAGE_NAME
--account-key $STORAGE_KEY
echo "Hello from Azure CLI lab" > hello.txt
az storage blob upload --account-name $STORAGE_NAME --account-key
$STORAGE_KEY --container-name mycontainer --file hello.txt --name hello.txt
```

#### 4. Create an Ubuntu VM (auto-generates SSH keys if not present)

az vm create -g Lab<br/>RG -n Lab VM --image Ubuntu<br/>LTS --admin-username azureuser --generate-ssh-keys --size Standard\_B1s

#### 5. Open SSH port

```
az vm open-port --port 22 --resource-group LabRG --name LabVM
```

#### 6. Get public IP and SSH

```
PUBLIC_IP=$(az vm show -d -g LabRG -n LabVM --query publicIps -o tsv)
ssh azureuser@$PUBLIC IP
```

## 7. (Optional) Upload files from your machine to blob and download inside VM via curl/wget if you make them public or use SAS

To find the static website endpoint or blob URL:

az storage blob url --container-name mycontainer --name hello.txt -account-name \$STORAGE\_NAME

#### Practice tasks (Lab 2):

• Configure a **static website** on the storage account:

```
az storage blob service-properties update -n $STORAGE_NAME --static-website --index-document index.html --404-document 404.html --account-key $STORAGE_KEY # Upload website files to $web container az storage blob upload-batch -s ./site -d '$web' --account-name $STORAGE_NAME --account-key $STORAGE_KEY az storage account show -n $STORAGE_NAME -g LabRG --query "primaryEndpoints.web" -o tsv
```

• Create a second data disk, attach to VM, format & mount it (practice disk operations).

## Lab 3 — App Service + Deployment + Database (use-case: deploy a simple web app connected to a DB)

**Goal:** Create App Service plan + Web App, deploy a zip app, and create Azure SQL DB and firewall rule.

1. Create App Service plan (Linux)

```
az appservice plan create -q LabRG -n LabPlan --is-linux --sku B1
```

2. Create a Web App (node example)

App name must be globally unique.

```
az webapp create -g LabRG -p LabPlan -n labwebapp$(date + ssN | cut -c1-6) --runtime "NODE|18-lts"
```

3. Deploy your app (zip deploy)

Prepare your app folder locally, then:

```
zip -r app.zip .
az webapp deployment source config-zip --resource-group LabRG --name
<YourAppName> --src app.zip
```

4. Tail logs

```
az webapp log tail -g LabRG -n <YourAppName>
```

5. Create Azure SOL server & DB

```
az sql server create -g LabRG -n labsqlserver(date + %sN \mid cut -c1-6) -l eastus -u sqladmin -p 'StrongPassw0rd!'
```

#### 6. Allow your client IP to connect to the SQL server

MYIP=\$(curl -s ifconfig.me)
az sql server firewall-rule create -g LabRG -s <server-name> -n AllowMyIP -start-ip-address \$MYIP --end-ip-address \$MYIP

#### 7. Connection string (example)

Server=tcp:<server-name>.database.windows.net,1433;Initial Catalog=LabDB;User ID=sqladmin;Password=StrongPassw0rd!;Encrypt=True;

#### Practice tasks (Lab 3):

- Configure connection string in App Service settings and test DB connection from your app.
- Scale App Service plan up/down and observe billing implications.

## Lab 4 — Automation, RBAC & Monitoring (use-case: CI/CD + secure automation)

Goal: Create a service principal for automation, assign role, view activity logs.

## 1. Create a service principal with Contributor rights to the resource group (use for CI/CD)

az ad sp create-for-rbac --name "http://LabAutomation\$(date +%s%N | cut c1-6)" --role Contributor --scopes /subscriptions/\$(az account show --query
id -o tsv)/resourceGroups/LabRG

Note returned values: appld, password, tenant. Use them in your pipeline to authenticate:

az login --service-principal -u <appId> -p <password> --tenant <tenant>

#### 2. Create a Reader role assignment for a user on the RG

az role assignment create --assignee user@domain.com --role "Reader" --scope /subscriptions/\$(az account show --query id -otsv)/resourceGroups/LabRG

#### 3. View recent activity logs

az monitor activity-log list --resource-group LabRG --max-events 20 -o table

#### 4. Create Log Analytics workspace (for logs/metrics collection)

az monitor log-analytics workspace create -g LabRG -n LabWorkspace

#### Practice tasks (Lab 4):

- Use service principal credentials in a sample GitHub Action to deploy an ARM template or run az commands.
- Assign a Managed Identity to your Web App and use it to access Key Vault secrets.

### Clean up (very important to avoid charges)

When you're finished, delete the resource group that contains everything:

```
az group delete -n LabRG --yes --no-wait
# or without --no-wait if you want the CLI to wait for completion
```

(If you used multiple RGs, delete them similarly.)

## Handy az shortcuts & tips (cheat-sheet)

- az login sign in.
- az account set --subscription <id|name> choose subscription.
- az group create -n <name> -l <location> create resource group.
- az resource list -g <rg> list resources in RG.
- az vm create ... create vm.
- az storage blob upload ... upload file to storage.
- az webapp deployment source config-zip ... deploy zip to webapp.
- az role assignment create ... RBAC assign.
- az ad sp create-for-rbac ... create service principal (for automation).
- --output table or -o tsv human-readable outputs; --query for filtering.

#### Formatting & parsing

• Use --query (JMESPath) to extract fields; combine with -o tsv to get easy scriptable values.

# Suggested progressive exercises (with increasing difficulty)

- 1. Create Labre, deploy a VM, SSH in, serve a static page from the VM.
- 2. Host a static website on Storage static website feature and point a custom domain (optional).
- 3. Deploy a Node/.NET sample app to App Service and connect to Azure SQL.

- 4. Create a service principal and deploy the same app from a local script using the service principal.
- 5. Create an ARM template from your deployed resources, then re-deploy from the template into a new RG.
- 6. Automate the whole flow in a Bash script: create RG → storage → VM → web app → SQL → output connection strings.