

# Abstract Data Types

- mathematical abstractions of data types
- An ADT specifies
  - A set of objects
  - A set of operations on the data or subsets

*Does not specify how the operations should be implemented*

## Lists

-  $A_0, A_1, A_2, \dots A_{n-1}$  - The size of the list is  $N$

## Iterators

- Need a way to navigate through the items in a container - A doubly linked list would need a different form than a simple linked list

```
// iterates through the array
for(int i=0; i != v.size(); i++){
    cout << v[i] << endl;
}
```

- A generalized type that helps in navigating any container
  - A way to initialize front and back
  - A way to move to the next
  - A way to detect the end

### Getting an Iterator

- tells you the location of the objects
- can be written as

```

for(vector<int>::iterator itr=v.begin(); itr = v.end();
itr++)
    cout << *itr << endl; // must dereference

// use auto as well, C++11
auto itr = v.begin();

```

## Adding / Removing

```

iterator insert(iteratorPos...)
iterator remove(iteratorPos...)

// Removing every other element from a list
auto itr = lst.begin();
while( itr != lst.end()){
    itr = lst.erase(itr);
    if(itr != lst.end())
        itr++;
}

// Before c++11
typename Container::iterator itr = lst.begin();

```

## Vector in C++ STL

```

int size() // num of elements
void clear() // removes all elements
bool empty() // t or f if empty
void push_back() // put in back of vector
void pop_back() // remove from vector {size--}

// Operators

```

```
Object& operator[](index) // return obj index
Object& at (int index) // object at location
int capacity() // internal capacity
void reserve() // set new capacity
void resize() // change the size of a vector (need to
copy)
```

## Vector Class Template

- Can be copied - The memory it uses automatically reclaimed -
- Maintains primitive array