

Code Implementation:

Answer(1):

```
tree = {  
    'A' : ['B' , 'C'],  
    'B' : ['D' , 'E'],  
    'C' : ['F' , 'G'],  
    'D' : [],  
    'E' : [],  
    'F' : [],  
    'G' : [],  
}  
print(tree)
```

Output:

{'A': ['B', 'C'], 'B': ['D', 'E'], 'C': ['F', 'G'], 'D': [], 'E': [], 'F': [], 'G': []}

Answer(2):

```
tree = {  
    'A': ['B', 'C'],  
    'B': ['D', 'E'],  
    'C': ['F', 'G'],  
    'D': [],  
    'E': [],  
    'F': [],  
    'G': [],  
}  
  
def dfs(graph, start, goal):  
    visited = set()  
    parent = {}  
  
    def dfs_recursive(node):  
        if node == goal:
```

```
        return True

    visited.add(node)
    for neighbor in graph[node]:
        if neighbor not in visited:
            parent[neighbor] = node
            if dfs_recursive(neighbor):
                return True
    return False

if dfs_recursive(start):
    return reconstruct_path(parent, start, goal)
else:
    return None

def reconstruct_path(parent, start, goal):
    path = []
    current = goal
    while current != start:
        path.append(current)
        current = parent[current]
    path.append(start)
    return path[::-1]

start = 'A'
goal = 'G'
path = dfs(tree, start, goal)
if path:
    print("Path found:", path)
else:
    print("No path found.")
```

Output:

Path found: ['A', 'C', 'G']