# LTCC Based L-Band Bandpass Filters for Communication Devices

- → Determining Specifications
  - Centre frequency
  - Bandwidth
  - Insertion Loss
  - Return Loss
- → Determining Topology
  - Coupled resonator
  - Inter-digital filter
  - Hairpin filter
  - Stepped Impedance filter
  - Piezoelectric tuned filter
- → Designing in Matlab
  - Signal processing
  - Filter design tools
- → Simulating filter in CST Design Suite (Microwave)
- → I plan to design 3 filters using above parameters, then see results of each simulation and select the best/most efficient one.

**Selected filters:** hairpin, stepped impedance and inter-digital.

# **Stepped Impedance Filter**

#### **Specifications:-**

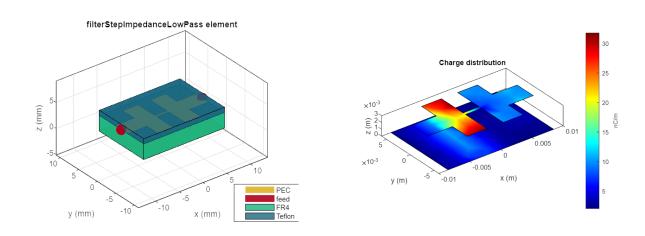
- Centre frequency(f<sub>o</sub>): 2.65 GHz

- 3dB bandwidth(B): 50 MHz

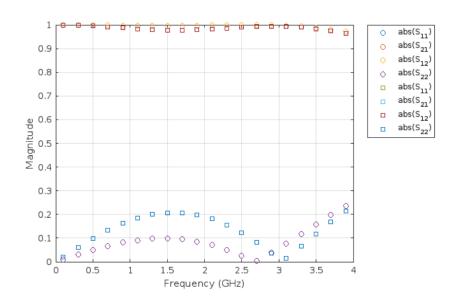
- Number of stages(N): 3

- Characteristic impedance(Z₀): ~50 Ohms

#### Design:-



### Response Plot (freq, amplitude):-



# **Hairpin Filter**

### **Specifications:-**

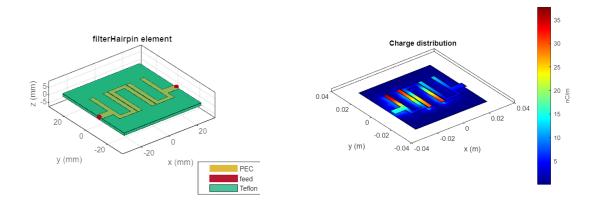
- Centre frequency(f<sub>o</sub>): 1.25 GHz

- 3dB bandwidth(B): 50 MHz

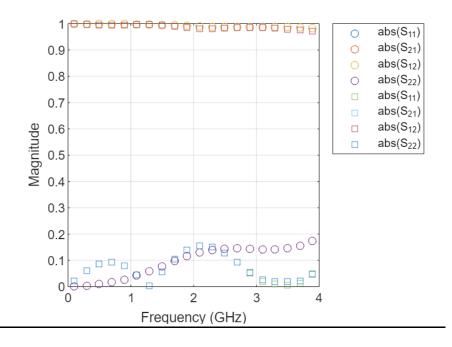
- Number of stages(N): 3

- Characteristic impedance(Z<sub>o</sub>): ~50 Ohms

### Design:-



### Response Plot (freq, amplitude):-



# **Inter-digital Filter**

### **Specifications:-**

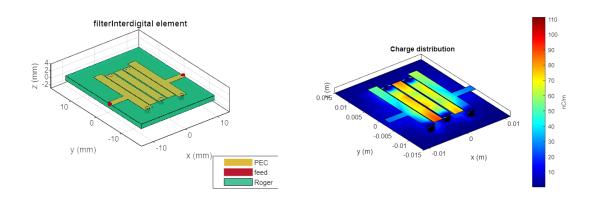
- Centre frequency(f<sub>o</sub>): >4 GHz

- 3dB bandwidth(B): 50 MHz

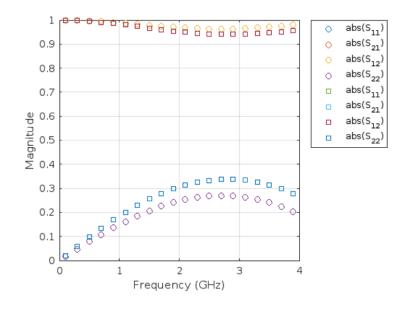
- Number of stages(N): 5

- Characteristic impedance(Z₀): ~50 Ohms

#### Design:-



### Response Plot (freq, amplitude):-



# **Conclusion**

By simulating above 3 designs we find that the best suited filter for L-Band Microwave is the Hairpin filter, as it has a centre frequency of 1.25 GHz hence we use this design to construct and simulate in CST Studio.