Chapter 19.5: node.js

CS 80: Internet Programming

Instructor: Mark Edmonds

Overview

- Node (node.js) enables server-side JavaScript
- Not a programming language, but rather a server-side application that allows you to program server-side applications in JavaScript
- Much of what we did with PHP can be done with node.js
- Node has much more functionality than PHP; you can basically write whatever JavaScript program you want without needing to execute in a browser

Overview

- Node is designed to make it easy to write I/O-based programs that run of a server
- I/O-based programs include web servers, databases, etc.

Overview

- · Node uses event-based asynchronous processing
- We will use same event-listener and callbacks we learned in JavaScript

Installing Node

- Node can be installed from nodejs.org
- Node is a command-line program, and you start node with by typing node at your terminal/command prompt

Hello, world!

• Save the following in hello_world.js

```
1 console.log("Hello, world!");
```

· Launch the program with

```
1 node hello_world.js
```

Example: http_server.js

```
1 // basic HTTP server with an export
2 var http = require("http"); // require the node HTTP module
3
4 function onRequest(request, response)
5 {
     console.log("Request received.");
6
    response.writeHead(200,
7
9
       "Content-Type": "text/plain"
     }); // set HTTP response header
11
     response.write("Hello World"); // write content into HTTP request
     response.end(); // finishes the response
12
13 }
14
15 http.createServer(onRequest).listen(8888);
16
17 console.log("Server has started.");
```

Modules

- We wrote var http = require("http"); in the HTTP server example
- http is a module that our node application requires
- But we also want to write our own models
- This is accomplished using exports

Example: http_server_export.js

```
1 // basic HTTP server with an export
2 var http = require("http"); // require the node HTTP module
3
4 function start()
5 {
6 function onRequest(request, response)
```

```
console.log("Request received.");
9
       response.writeHead(200,
10
         "Content-Type": "text/plain"
11
       }); // set HTTP response header
12
       response.write("Hello World"); // write content into HTTP request
13
       response.end(); // finishes the response
14
     }
16
     http.createServer(onRequest).listen(8888);
17
18
     console.log("Server has started.");
19
  }
20
21 exports.start = start;
```

Example: index.js

```
1 var server = require("./http_server_export");
2
3 server.start();
```

Modules

- Modules are a core component of node.js
- They allow you to modularize code
- This breaks our I/O-based application easier to manage and scalable
- Each module can be responsible for a specific kind of I/O

Routing

- So far, every HTTP resquest was handled the same way
- Routing allows us to specify which modules process certain HTTP requests
- We'll look at the URL and the data in the GET/POST parameters and make a decision about where this HTTP request should be routed.

Example: router.js

Example: http_server_router.js

```
1 var http = require("http"); // require the node HTTP module
2 var url = require("url");
3
4 function start(route)
5 {
     function onRequest(request, response)
6
7
8
       var pathname = url.parse(request.url).pathname;
       console.log("Request for " + pathname + " received.");
9
       route(pathname);
11
12
13
       response.writeHead(200,
14
         "Content-Type": "text/plain"
       }); // set HTTP response header
16
       response.write("Request for " + pathname + " received."); // write
17
           content into HTTP request
18
       response.end(); // finishes the response
19
20
     http.createServer(onRequest).listen(8888);
21
     console.log("Server has started.");
23 }
24
25 exports.start = start
```

Example: index_router.js

```
1 var server = require("./http_server_router");
2 var router = require("./router");
3
4 server.start(router.route);
```

Fileserver

- But we actually want our webserver to do something.
- Let's write a basic webserver, capable of serving files to the client (similar to our Python Simple-HTTPServer we used earlier)

Example: http_fileserver.js

```
1 var http = require('http');
2 var url = require('url');
3 var fs = require('fs');
4
5 function start(route)
6 {
     function onRequest(request, response)
7
8
9
       // look for file in current directory
       var filename = "." + url.parse(request.url).pathname;
       console.log("Request for " + filename + " received.");
11
       fs.readFile(filename, function(err, data)
12
13
14
         // error getting the file, return a 404
         if (err)
15
         {
17
           response.writeHead(404,
18
              'Content-Type': 'text/html'
19
20
           });
           return response.end("404 Not Found");
21
22
         }
23
         // successfully retrieved file
24
         response.writeHead(200,
25
```

```
26
            'Content-Type': 'text/html'
27
         });
         // write the file's data into the response
28
         response.write(data);
29
         return response.end();
30
       });
32
     http.createServer(onRequest).listen(8888);
33
     console.log("Server has started.");
34
35 }
37 exports.start = start
```

Example: index_fileserver.js

```
1 var server = require("./http_fileserver");
2 var router = require("./router");
3
4 server.start(router.route);
```