

# **COMP 4010A – Environment Demo**

## **RL for Tower Defense with Evolutionary Towers**

### **Fall 2025**

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Group 12

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## **Overview**

The initial environment is a simplified version of the final project. This document will outline the preliminary environment specifications and reinforcement learning algorithm.

## **Out of Scope**

The following features are out of scope for the initial environment:

1. Budget constraints
2. Multiple tower types
3. Multiple enemy types
4. Incremental increase in wave difficulty
5. Tower level-ups

## **MDP**

Below is a description of the `TowerDefenseWorld` environment as a Markov Decision Process.

### **State space**

State is currently represented by the layout of the grid at a given time step. Specifically, a single state is stored as a 3d box with shape  $(n, n, 3)$  where  $n$  represents the  $n \times n$  grid. We store an array of size three in the third dimension to hold additional information. The first value of the array is 0 or 1 to indicate if the cell is a part of a path or not. The second is the tower hp or 0 if no tower exists in that cell. The third is the enemy hp or 0 if no tower

exists in that cell.

The size of our state space is given by

$$((T + 1) \cdot (E + 1) \cdot 2)^{n \times n} \quad (1)$$

where

$T$  = the max hp of a tower

$E$  = the max hp of a enemy

$n \times n$  is the number of cells in the grid

Currently our environment has

$T = 28$

$E = 13$

$n = 5$

This results in a total state space size of:

$$((28 + 1) \cdot (13 + 1) \cdot 2)^{25} = 232^{25}$$

## Action Space

### Agent Actions

There are 26 total actions the agent can take at the beginning of a wave. Do nothing, or place a tower in one of the 25 positions.

```
self.action_space = spaces.Discrete(size * size + 1)
```

### Enemy Actions

Note, that the enemy actions are not a part of the action action space, however they are mentioned here for clarity.

The agents have 4 possible actions: do nothing, move down, move left, move right.

```
self.enemy_action_space = spaces.Discrete(4)
```

## Reward Structure

1. Enemy Defeated = +10
2. Tower Defeated = -5
3. Tower Damaged = -1
4. Enemy Reaches Base = -50
5. Tower Level's up = +5 (not utilized yet)
6. Wave Cleared = +20

7. All Waves Cleared = +200
8. Base Destroyed = -10

## Transition Dynamic

See `step()` function

## Essential Functions

### `__init__()`

1. Environment initialization
2. Setting up

### `reset()`

1. New episode

### `step()`

1. Transition to next state and emit a reward
2. Return (observation, reward, terminated, truncated, info)

### `render()`

1. Human readable output

## Code Walkthrough

### Q-Learning Demo