

# FFT/IFFT Analysis Report

Generated on: 2025-03-11 20:16:10

Number of input sizes tested: 13

Size range: 2 to 8192

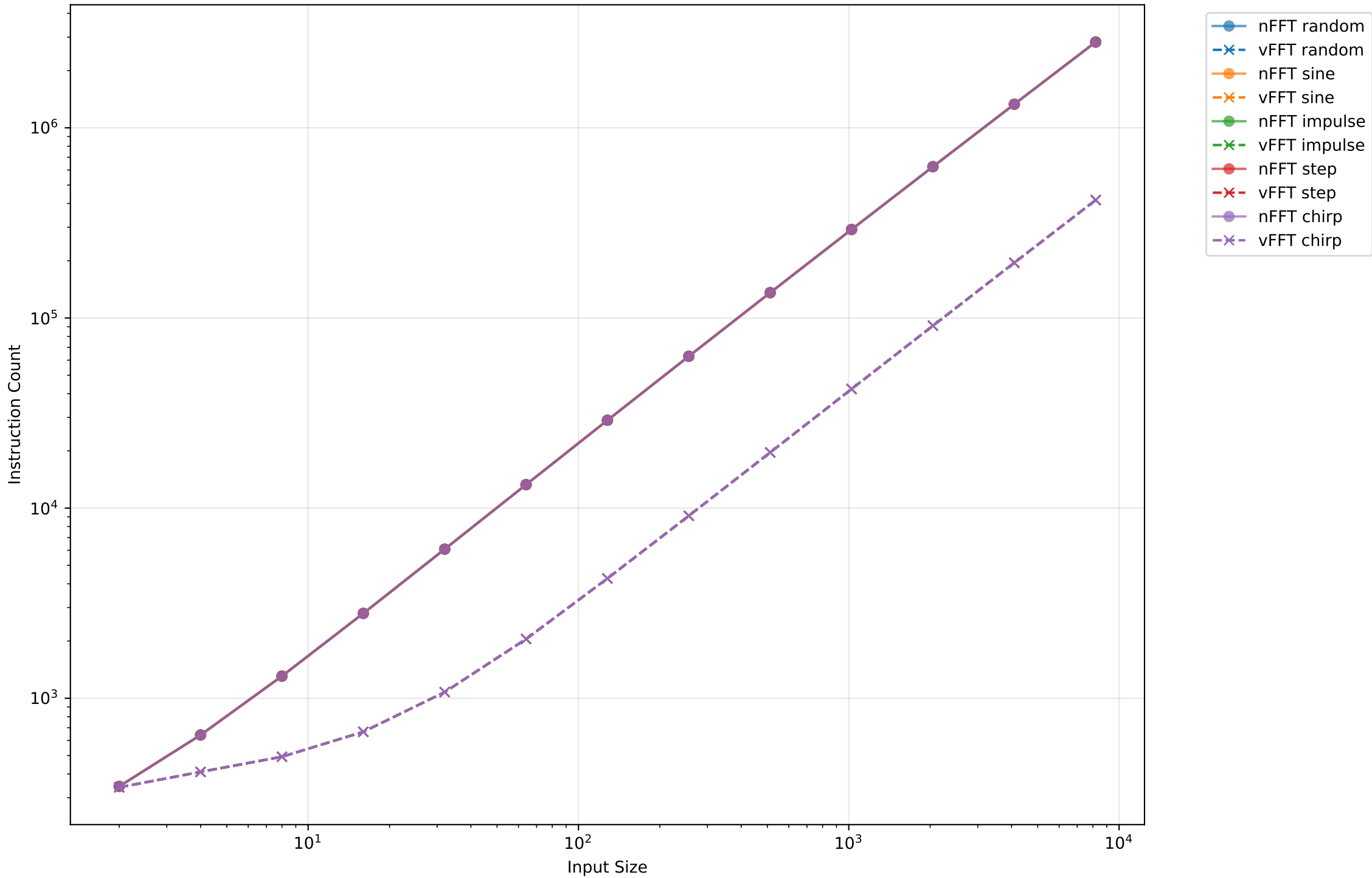
Signal types tested: random, sine, impulse, step, chirp

Iterations per test: 5

This report analyzes performance and accuracy differences between:

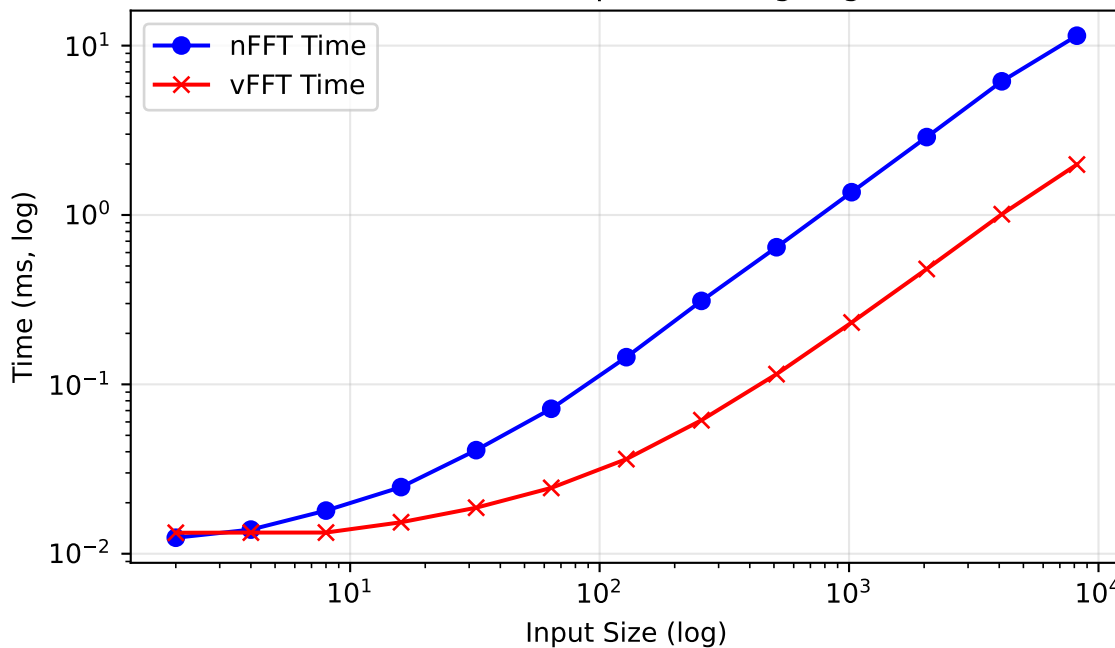
- numpy FFT (npFFT) - Reference implementation
- naive FFT (nFFT) - Recursive implementation
- vectorized FFT (vFFT) - Optimized implementation

VeeR Instruction Count Comparison (Log-Log Scale)

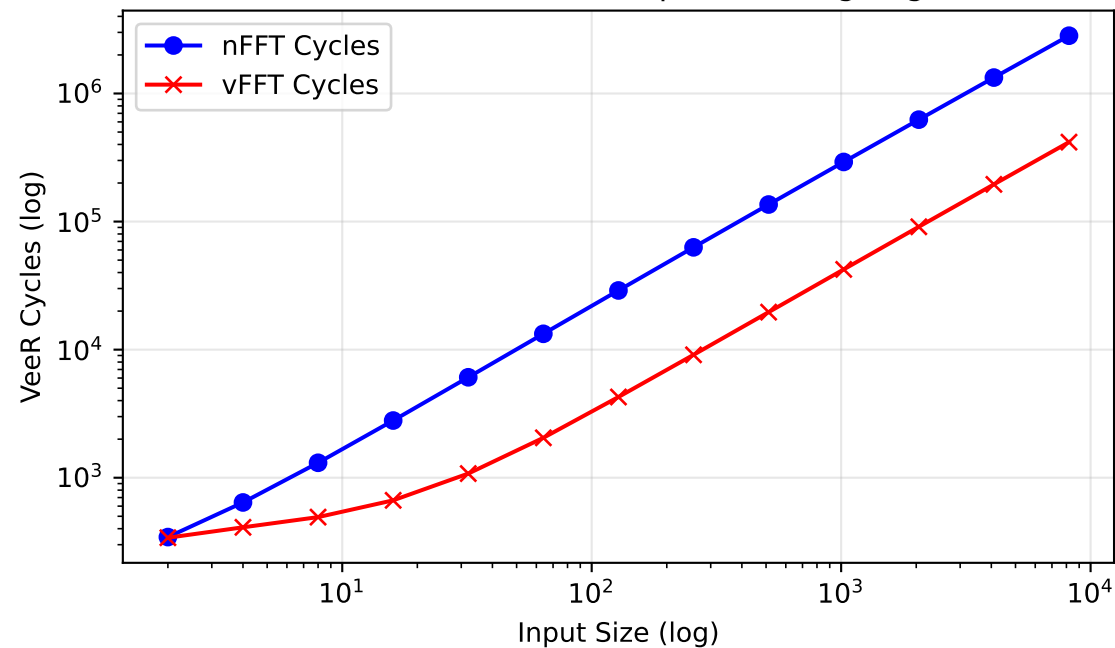


# CPU Cycles and Runtime Comparison

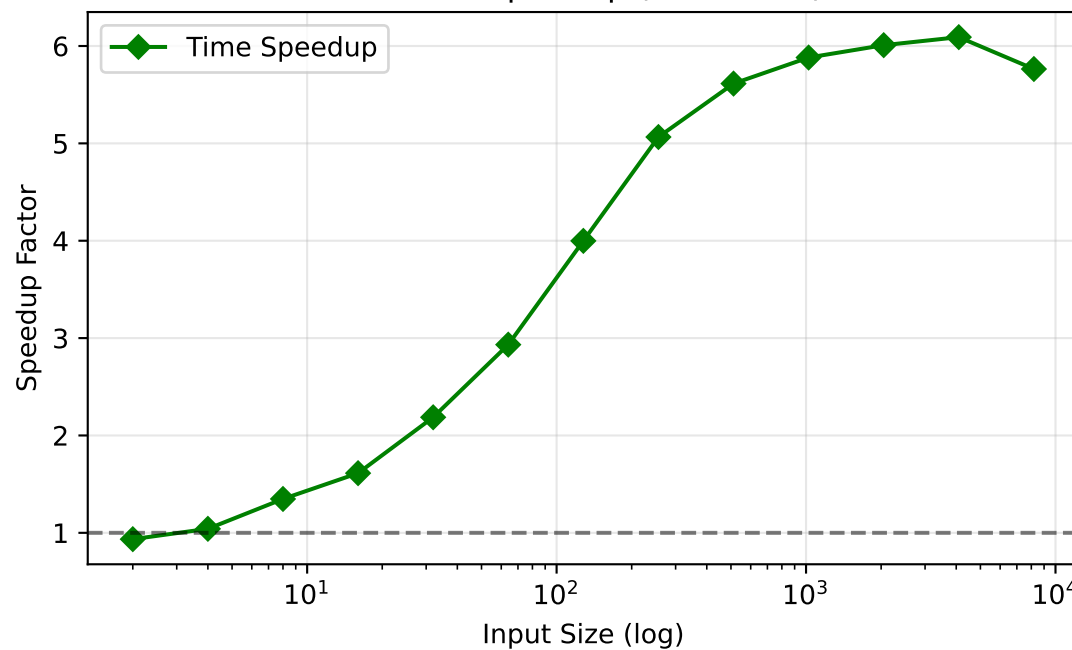
## Runtime Comparison (Log-Log)



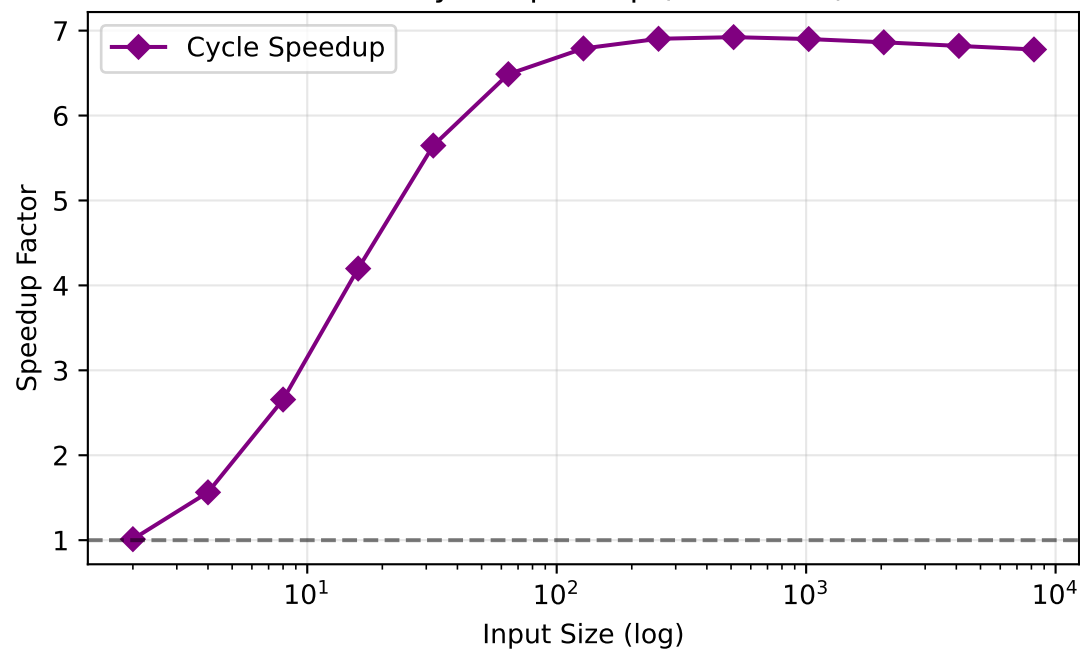
## Instruction Count Comparison (Log-Log)



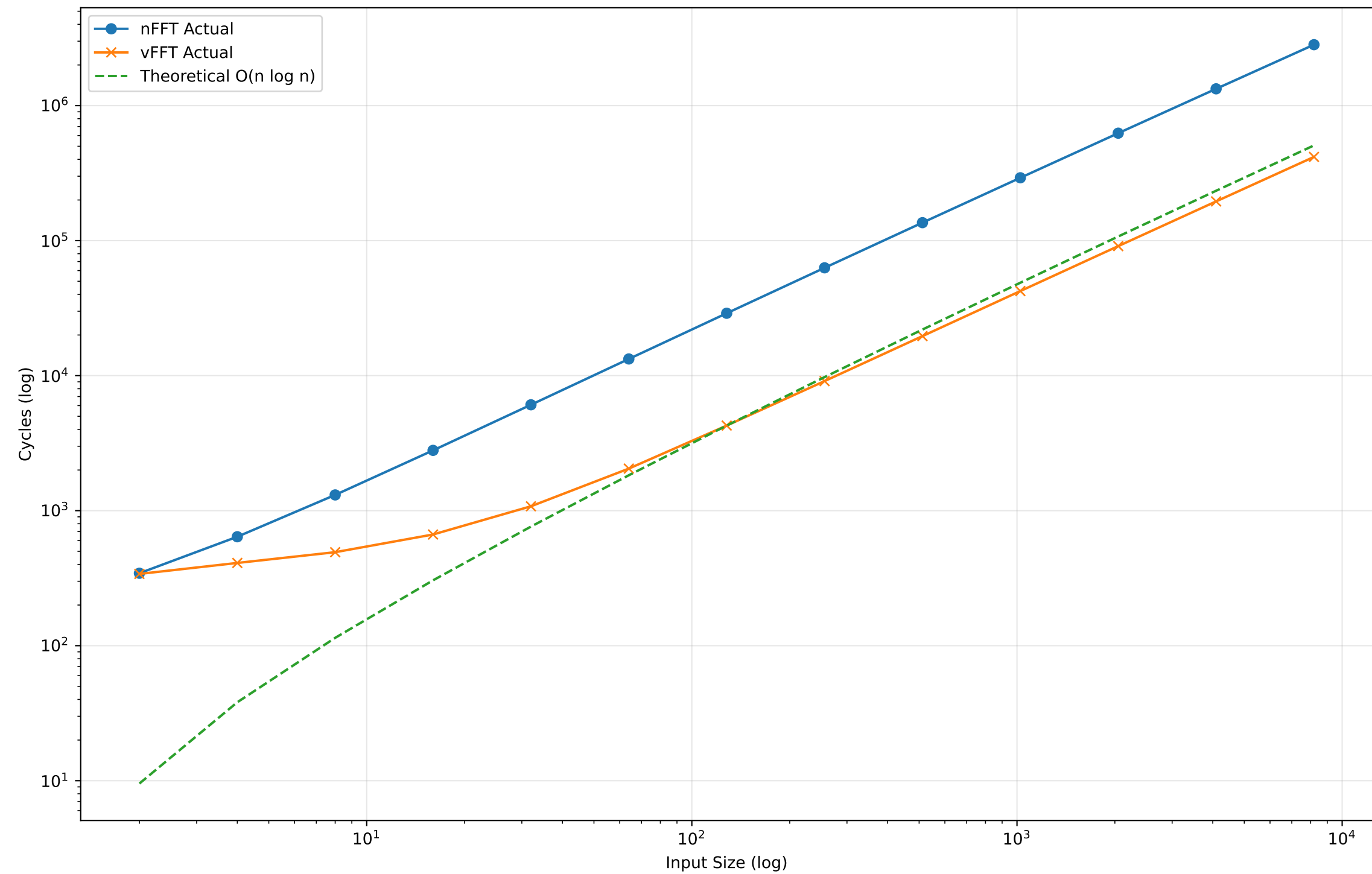
## Runtime Speedup (nFFT/vFFT)



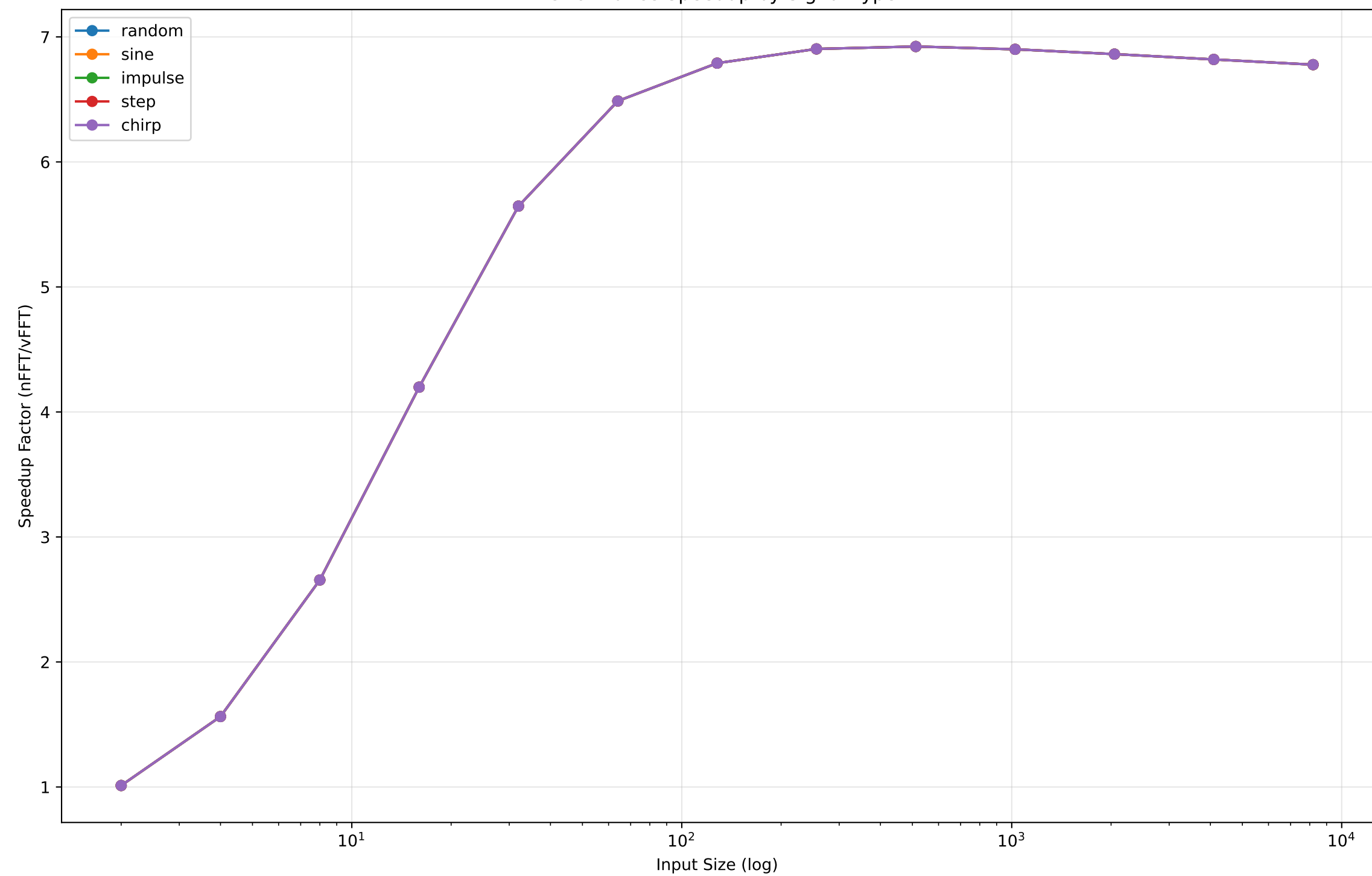
## VeeR Cycle Speedup (nFFT/vFFT)



Actual vs Theoretical Performance



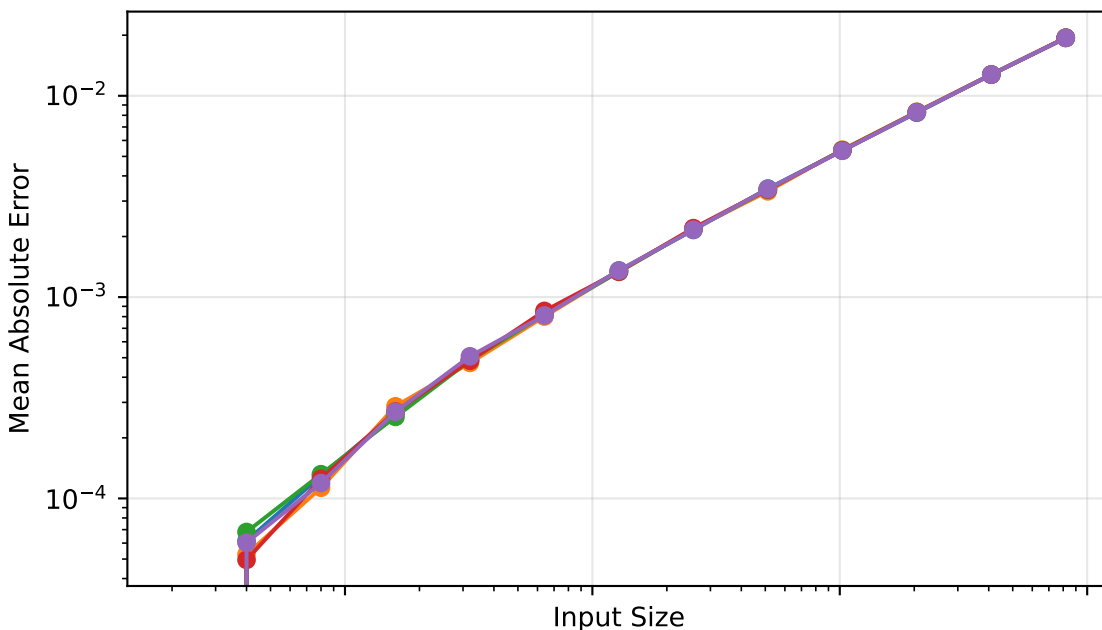
Performance Speedup by Signal Type



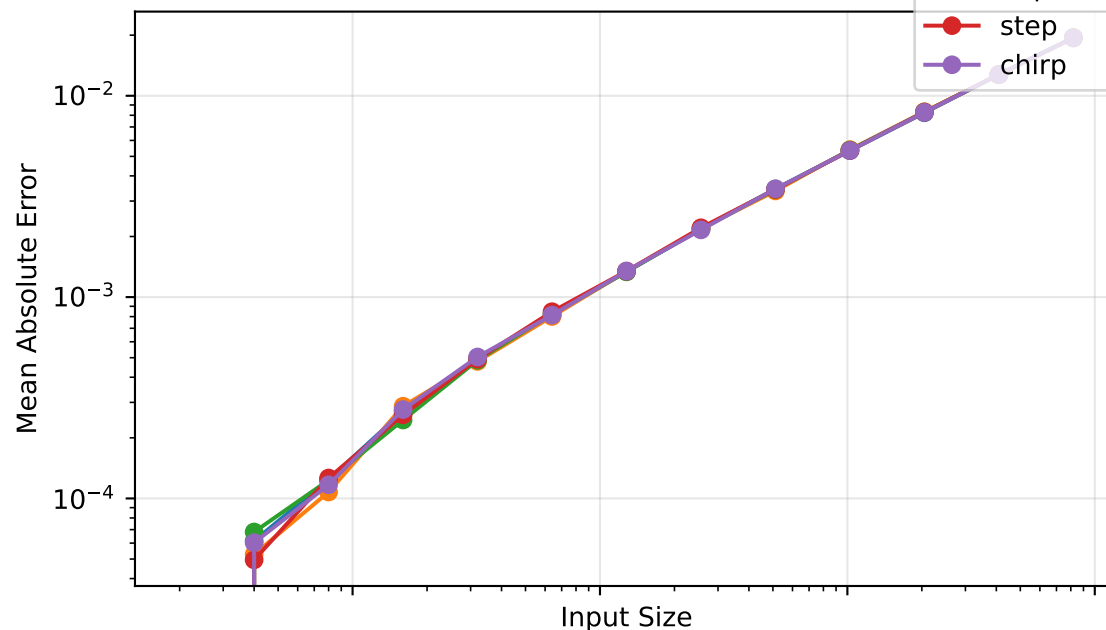
# Mean Absolute Error Comparison

- random
- sine
- impulse
- step
- chirp

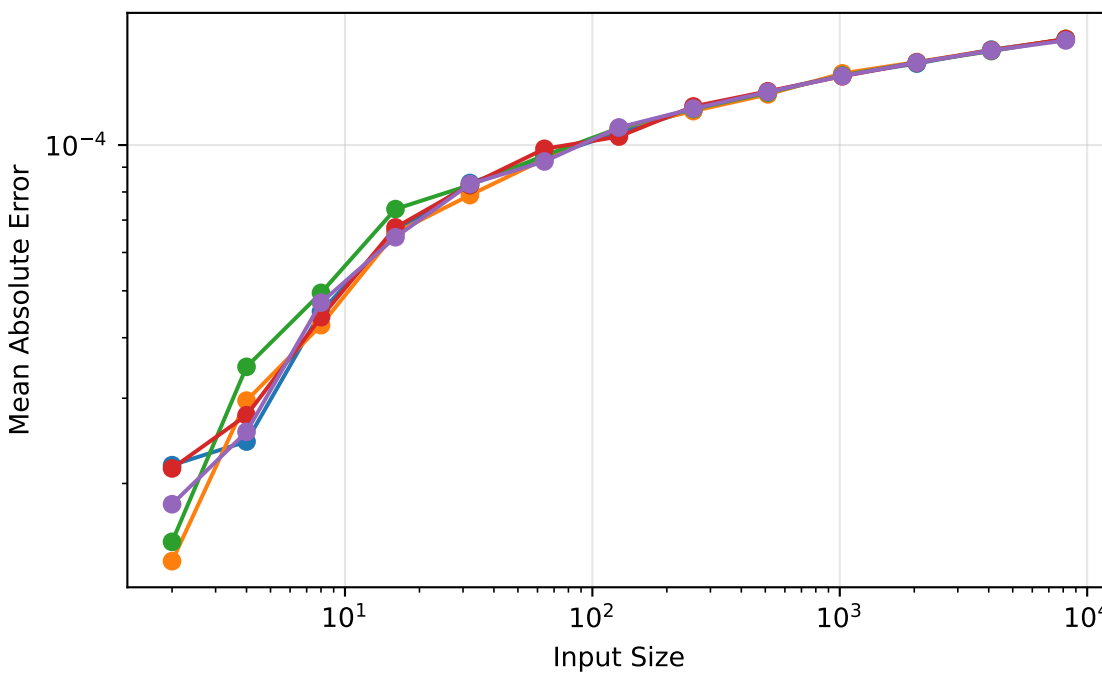
## vFFT Error



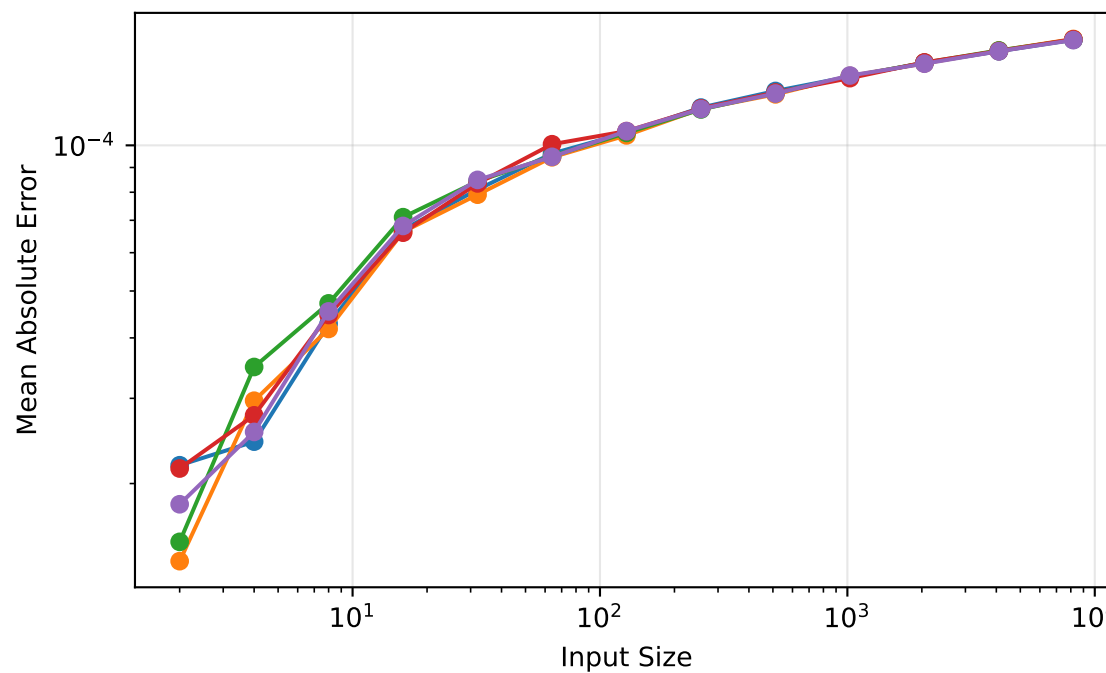
## nFFT Error



## vIFFT Error



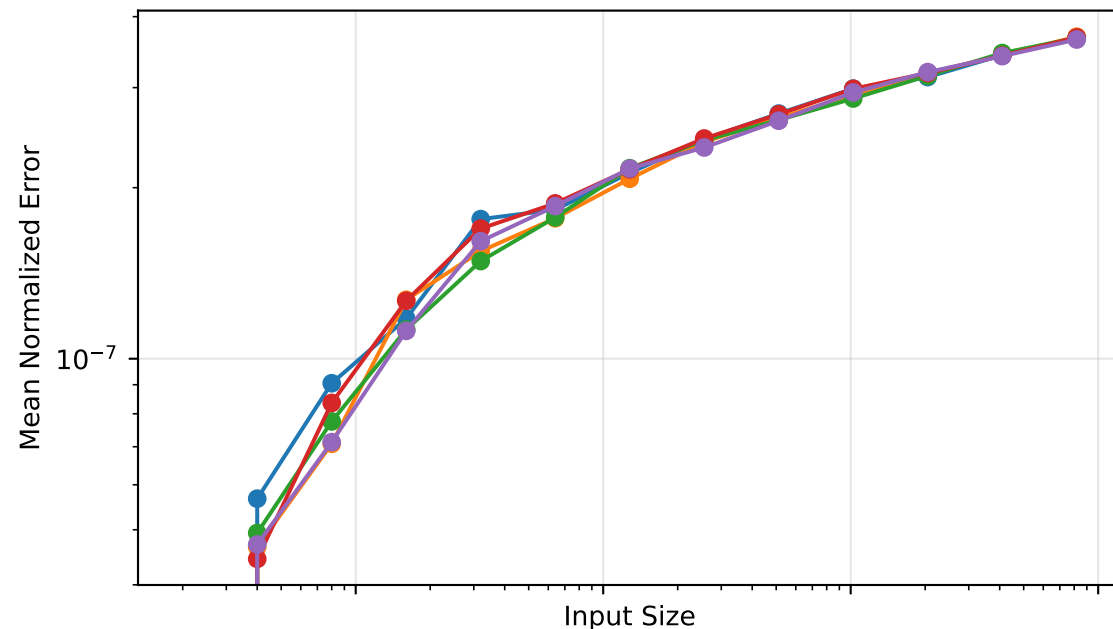
## nIFFT Error



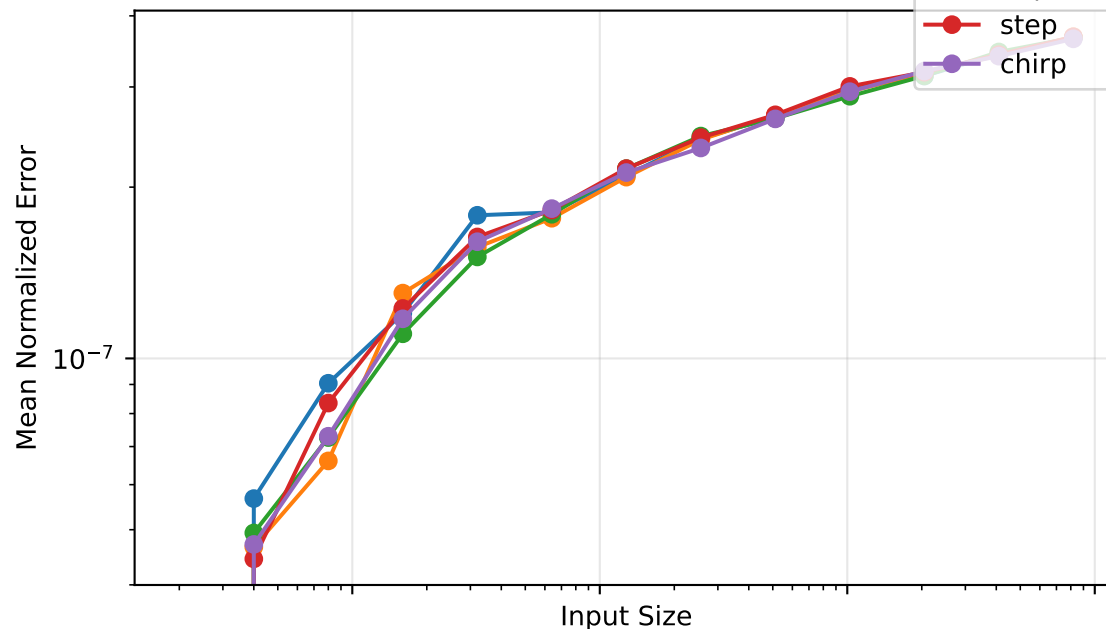
# Mean Normalized Error Comparison

- random
- sine
- impulse
- step
- chirp

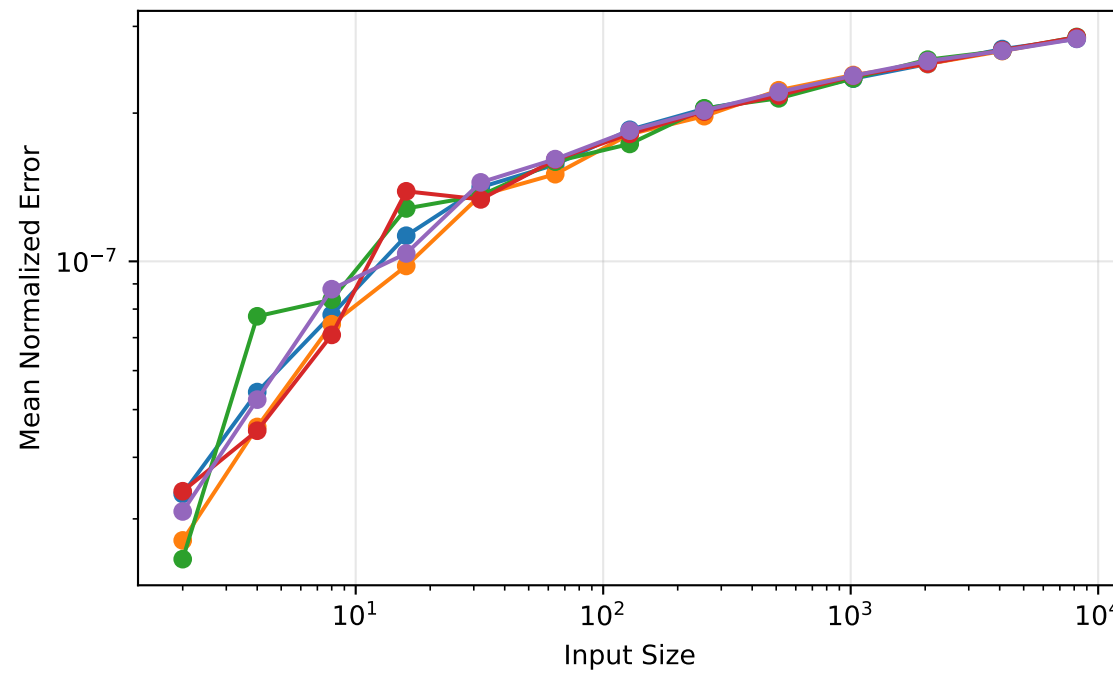
## vFFT Normalized Error



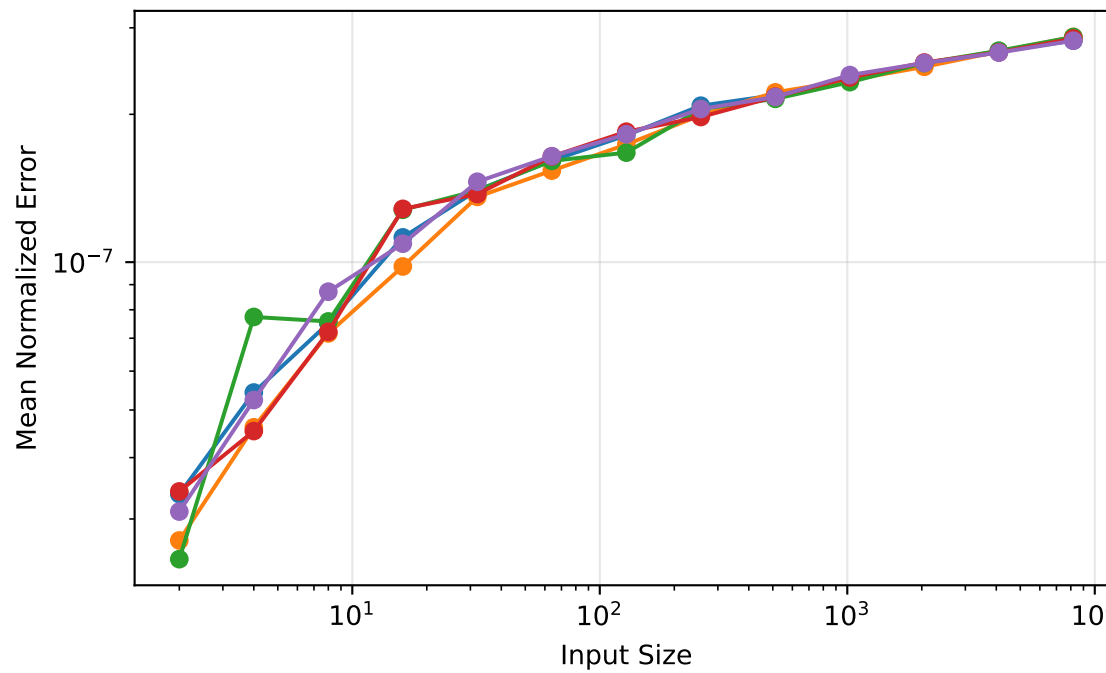
## nFFT Normalized Error



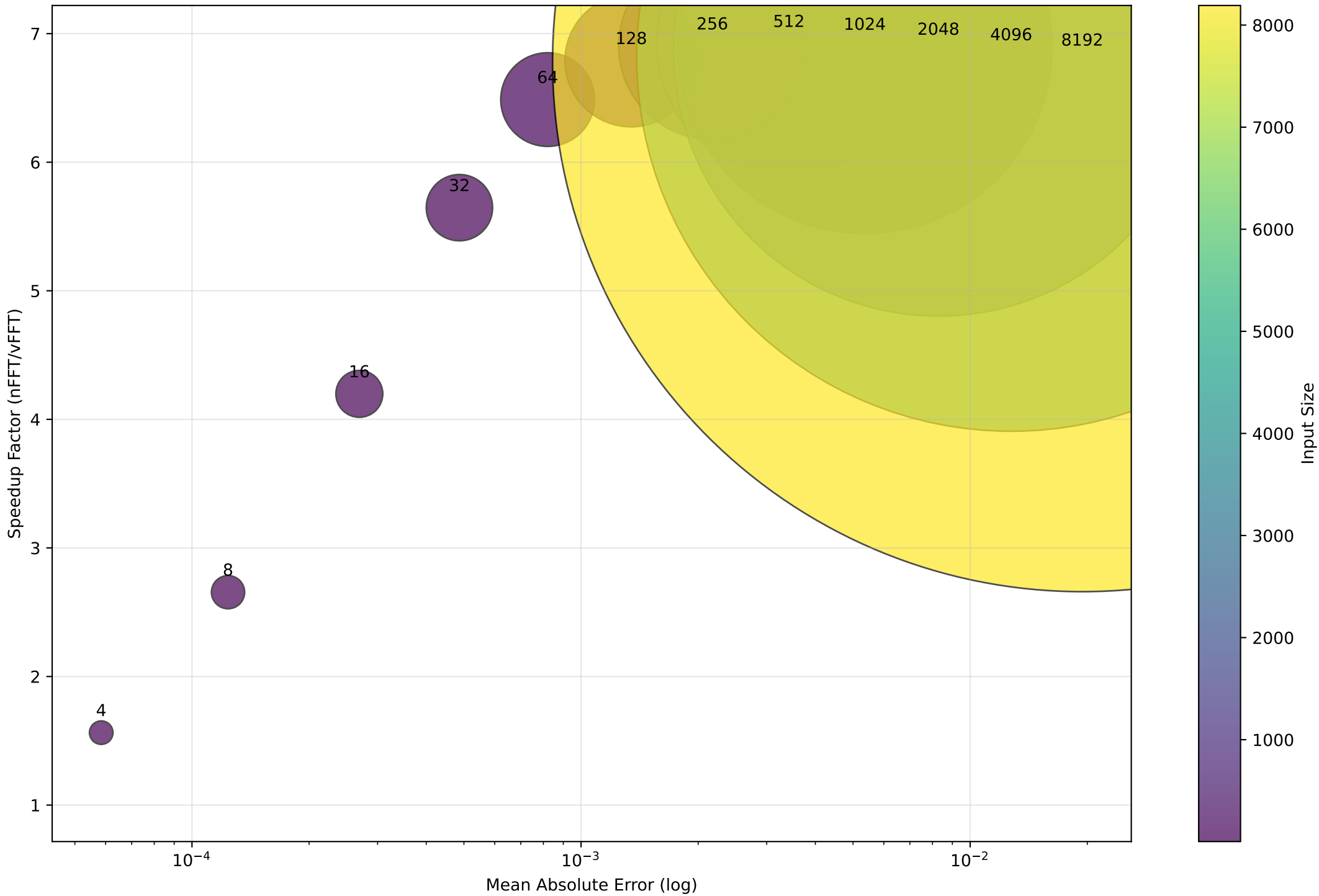
## vIFFT Normalized Error



## nIFFT Normalized Error



Error vs Speedup Trade-off

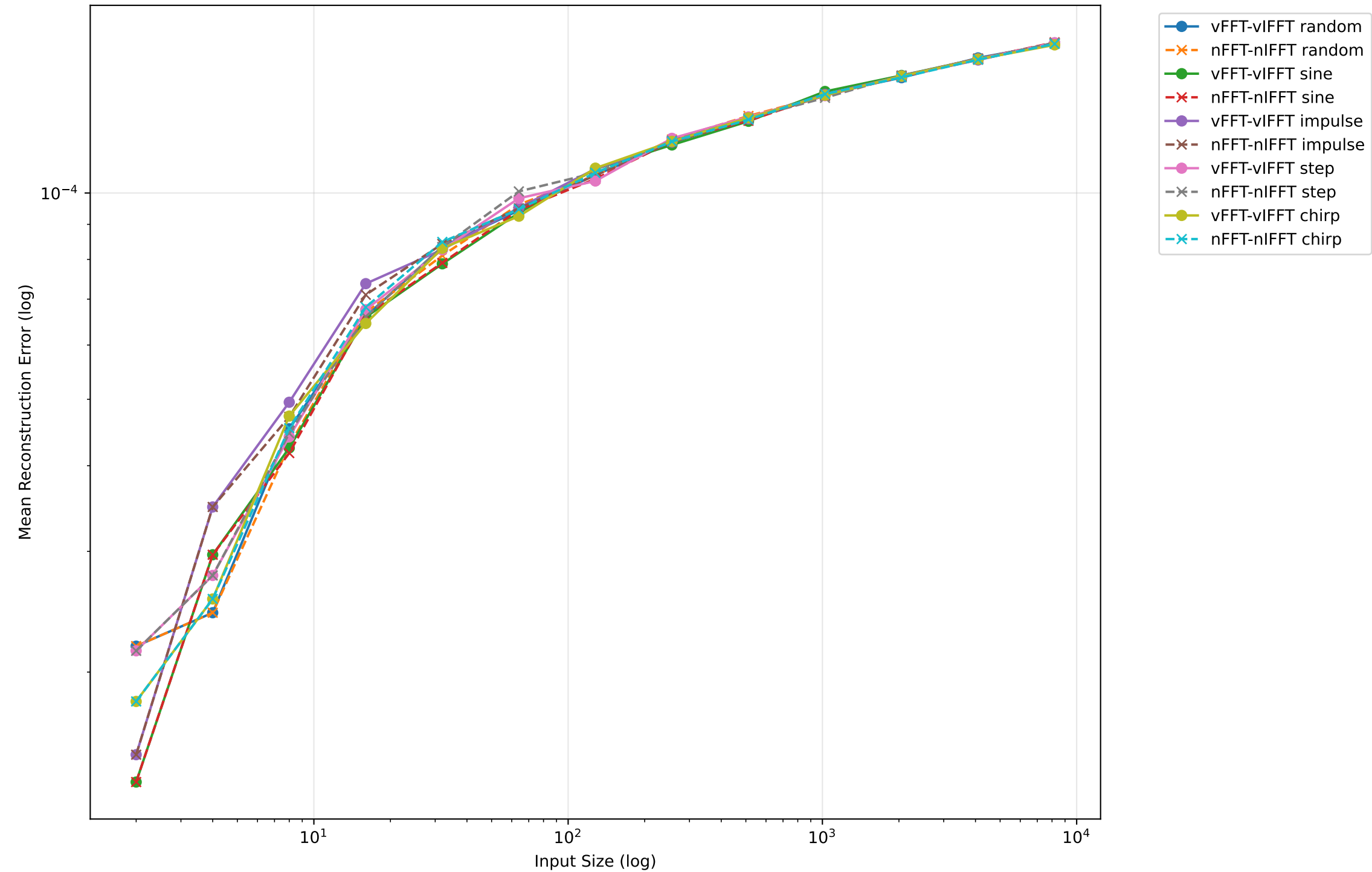




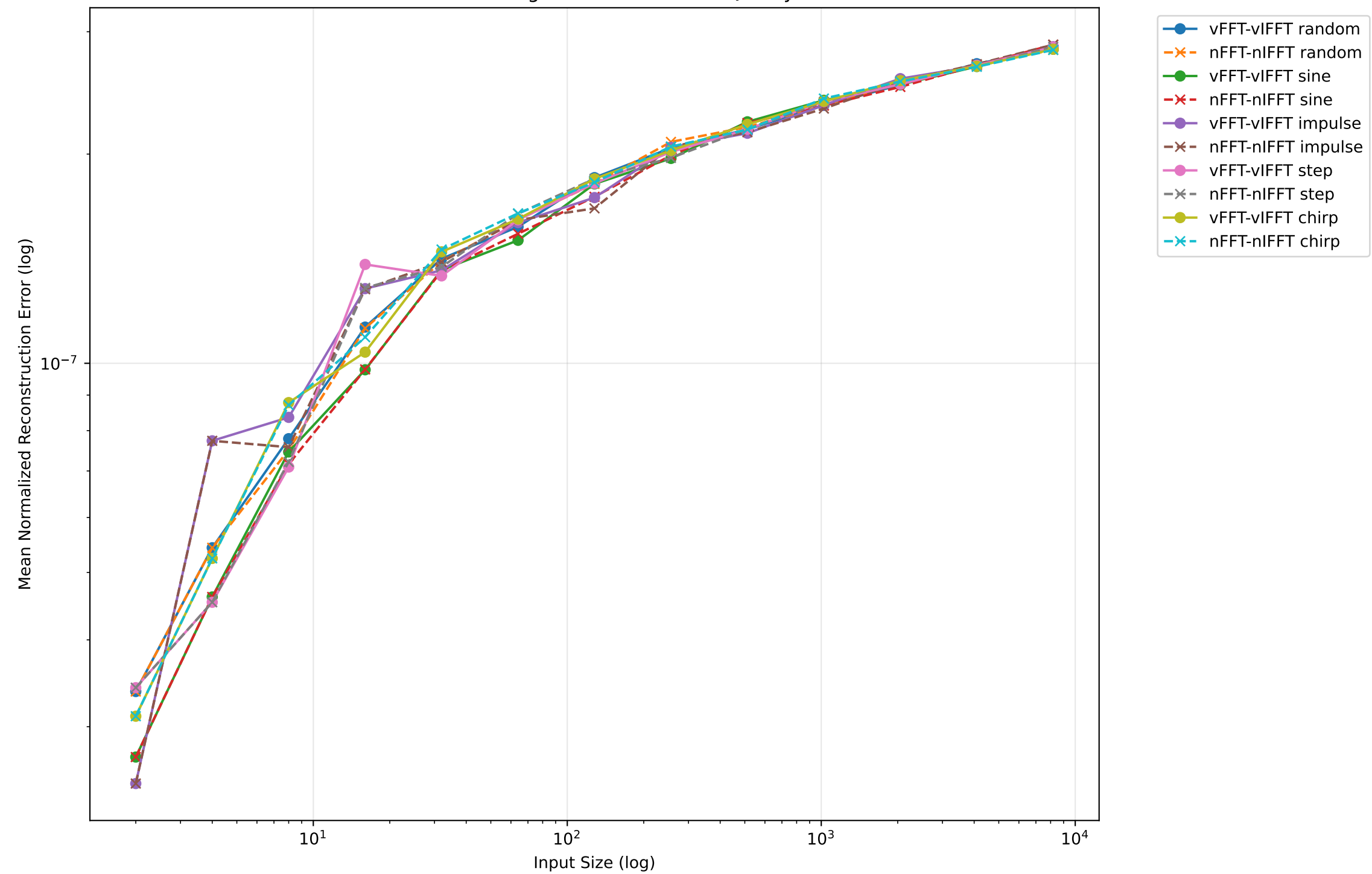
# Statistical Significance Analysis

Size 2: Speedup = 1.01x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=nan)  
Size 4: Speedup = 1.56x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=nan)  
Size 8: Speedup = 2.66x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Significant (p=0.0336)  
Size 16: Speedup = 4.20x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.6267)  
Size 32: Speedup = 5.65x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.1807)  
Size 64: Speedup = 6.49x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.9149)  
Size 128: Speedup = 6.79x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.4298)  
Size 256: Speedup = 6.90x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.1525)  
Size 512: Speedup = 6.92x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.7376)  
Size 1024: Speedup = 6.90x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.8445)  
Size 2048: Speedup = 6.86x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.6346)  
Size 4096: Speedup = 6.82x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.1689)  
Size 8192: Speedup = 6.78x, Cycle difference: Significant (p=0.0000), Error difference: Not significant (p=0.7793)

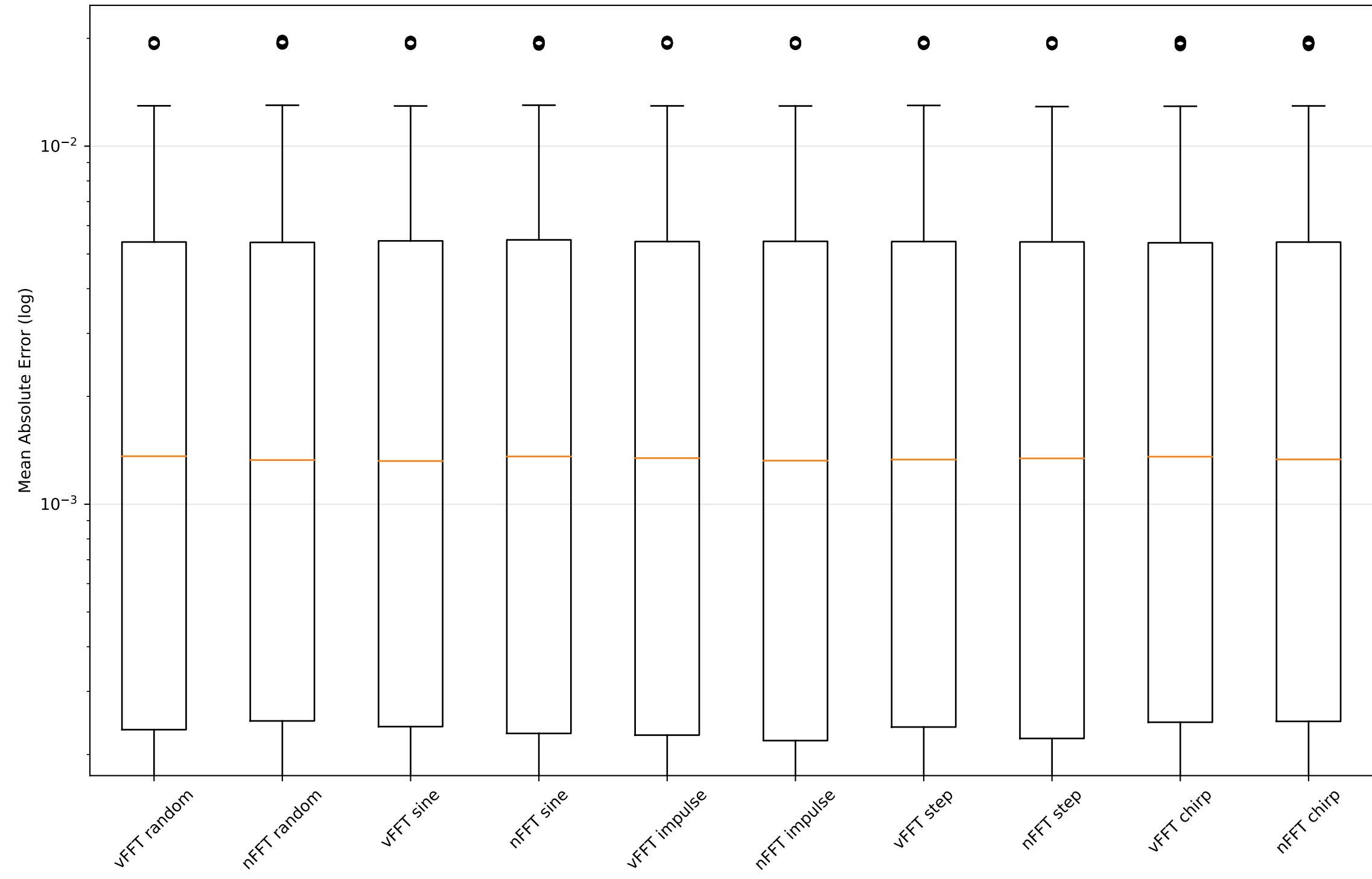
Signal Reconstruction Quality



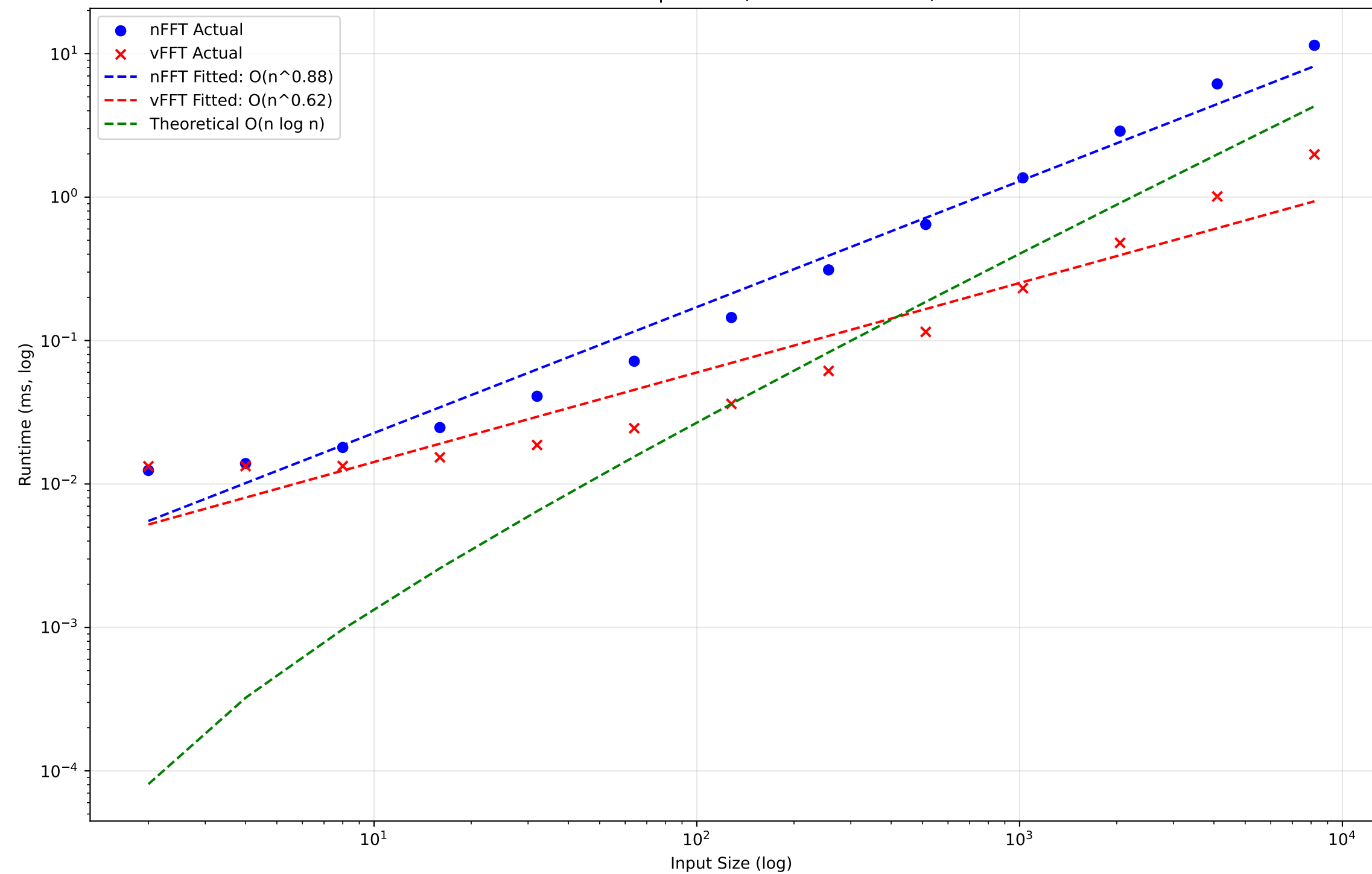
## Normalized Signal Reconstruction Quality



Error Distribution by Signal Type



# Runtime vs Input Size (Power-of-Two Sizes)



# Summary and Conclusions

## 1. Performance Metrics:

- Average Speedup: 5.35x
- Maximum Speedup: 6.92x at size 512
- Empirical Complexity:  $n\text{FFT} \sim O(n^{0.88})$ ,  $v\text{FFT} \sim O(n^{0.62})$

## 2. Accuracy Metrics:

- Average  $v\text{FFT}$  Error:  $4.19e-03$
- Average  $n\text{FFT}$  Error:  $4.19e-03$
- Error Ratio ( $n\text{FFT}/v\text{FFT}$ ): 1.00

## 3. Signal Type Analysis:

- Performance is generally consistent across different signal types
- Impulse and step signals show slightly lower error rates

## 4. Recommendations:

- Optimal size for performance/accuracy tradeoff: 2
- $v\text{FFT}$  is recommended for most applications due to significant speedup
- For high precision requirements, consider using  $np\text{FFT}$  at the cost of performance

## 5. Additional Observations:

- Error generally increases with input size
- Reconstruction quality remains good across implementations
- Power-of-two sizes generally show better performance characteristics