

MA553: Qual Preparation

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May 10, 2016

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# MA 553 Spring 2016

This is material from the course MA 533 as it was taught in the spring of 2016.

## 1.1 Homework

Most of the homework is Ulrich original (or as original as elementary exercises in abstract algebra can be). However, an excellent resource and one that I will often quote on these solutions is [3]. Other resources include [1] and (to a lesser extent) [2].

### 1.1.1 Homework 1

**Problem 1.** Let  $G$  be a group,  $a \in G$  an element of finite order  $m$ , and  $n$  a positive integer. Prove that

$$|a^n| = \frac{m}{\gcd(m, n)}.$$

*Proof.* Without loss of generality, we may assume  $n < m$ ; otherwise, by the fundamental theorem of arithmetic, there exist  $q$  and  $r$  with  $r < m$  such that  $n = qm + r$  so  $a^n = a^{qm+r} = a^{qm}a^r = a^r$ . ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $G$  be a group, and let  $a, b$  be elements of finite order  $m, n$  respectively. Show that if  $ba = ab$  and  $\langle a \rangle \cap \langle b \rangle = \{e\}$ , then  $|ab| = \text{lcm}(m, n)$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $G$  be a group and  $H, K$  normal subgroups with  $H \cap K = \{e\}$ . Show that

- (a)  $hk = kh$  for every  $h \in H, k \in K$ .
- (b)  $HK$  is a subgroup of  $G$  with  $HK \simeq H \times K$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** Show that  $A_4$  has no subgroup of order 6 (although  $6 \mid 12 = |A_4|$ ).

*Proof.*

■

### 1.1.2 Homework 2

**Problem 1.** Let  $G$  be the group of order  $2^3 \cdot 3$ ,  $n \geq 2$ . Show that  $G$  has a normal 2-subgroup  $\neq \{e\}$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $G$  be a group of order  $p^2q$ ,  $p$  and  $q$  primes. Show that the Sylow  $p$ -Sylow subgroup or the  $q$ -Sylow subgroup of  $G$  is normal in  $G$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $G$  be a subgroup of order  $pqr$ ,  $p < q < r$  primes. Show that the  $r$ -Sylow subgroup of  $G$  is normal in  $G$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** Let  $G$  be a group of order  $n$  and let  $\varphi: G \rightarrow S_n$  be given by the action of  $G$  on  $G$  via translation.

- (a) For  $a \in G$  determine the number and the lengths of the disjoint cycles of the permutation  $\varphi(a)$ .
- (b) Show that  $\varphi(G) \not\subseteq A_n$  if and only if  $n$  is even and  $G$  has a cyclic 2-Sylow subgroup.
- (c) If  $n = 2m$ ,  $m$  odd, show that  $G$  has a subgroup of index 2.

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 5.** Show that the only simple groups  $\neq \{e\}$  of order  $< 60$  are the groups of prime order.

*Proof.* ■

**1.1.3 Homework 3**

**Problem 1.** Let  $G$  be a finite group,  $p$  a prime number,  $N$  the intersection of all  $p$ -Sylow subgroups of  $G$ . Show that  $N$  is a normal  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$  and that every normal  $p$ -subgroup of  $G$  is contained in  $N$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $G$  be a group of order 231 and let  $H$  be an 11-Sylow subgroup of  $G$ . Show that  $H \subset Z(G)$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $G = \{e, a_1, a_2, a_3\}$  be a non-cyclic group of order 4 and define  $\varphi: S_3 \rightarrow \text{Aut}(G)$  by  $\varphi(\sigma)(e) = e$  and  $\varphi(\sigma)(a_1) = a_{\sigma(i)}$ . Show that  $\varphi$  is well-defined and an isomorphism of groups.

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** Determine all groups of order 18.

*Proof.* ■

#### 1.1.4 Homework 4

**Problem 1.** Let  $p$  be a prime and let  $G$  be a nonAbelian group of order  $p^3$ . Show that  $G' = Z(G)$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $p$  be an odd prime and let  $G$  be a nonAbelian group of order  $p^3$  having an element of order  $p^2$ . Show that there exists an element  $b \notin \langle a \rangle$  of order  $p$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $p$  be an odd prime. Determine all groups of order  $p^3$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** Show that  $(S_n)' = A_n$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 5.** Show that every group of order  $< 60$  is solvable.

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 6.** Show that every group of order 60 that is simple (or not solvable) is isomorphic to  $A_5$ .

*Proof.* ■

**1.1.5 Homework 5**

**Problem 1.** Find all composition series and the composition factors of  $D_6$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $T$  be the subgroup of  $\text{GL}(n, \mathbf{R})$  consisting of all upper triangular invertible matrices. Show that  $T$  is solvable.

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $p \in \mathbf{Z}$  be a prime number. Show:

- (a)  $(p-1)! \equiv -1 \pmod{p}$ .
- (b) If  $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$  then  $X^2 \equiv -1 \pmod{p}$  for some  $X \in \mathbf{Z}$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** (a) Show that the following are equivalent for an odd prime number  $p \in \mathbf{Z}$ :

- (i)  $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ .
- (ii)  $p = a^2 + b^2$  for some  $a, b$  in  $\mathbf{Z}$ .
- (iii)  $p$  is not prime in  $\mathbf{Z}[i]$ .

- (b) Determine all prime ideals of  $\mathbf{Z}[i]$ .

*Proof.* ■

**1.1.6 Homework 6**



### 1.1.7 Homework 7

**Problem 1.** Let  $k \subset K$  and  $k \subset L$  be finite field extensions contained in some field. Show that:

- (a)  $[KL : L] \leq [K : k]$ .
- (b)  $[KL : k] \leq [K : k][L : k]$ .
- (c)  $K \cap L = k$  if equality holds in (b).

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $k$  be a field of characteristic  $\neq 2$  and  $a, b$  elements of  $k$  so that  $a, b, ab$  are not squares in  $k$ . Show that  $[k(\sqrt{a}, \sqrt{b}) : k] = 4$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $R$  be a UFD, but not a field, and write  $K := \text{Quot}(R)$ . Show that  $[\bar{K} : k] = \infty$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** Let  $k \in K$  be an algebraic field extension. Show that every  $k$ -homomorphism  $\delta : K \rightarrow K$  is an isomorphism.

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 5.** Let  $K$  be the splitting field of  $X^6 - 4$  over  $\mathbf{Q}$ . Determine  $K$  and  $[K : \mathbf{Q}]$ .

*Proof.* ■

**1.1.8 Homework 8**

## 1.1.9 Homework 9

**Problem 1.** Let  $k \subset K$  be a finite extension of fields of characteristic  $p > 0$ . Show that if  $p \nmid [K : k]$ , then  $k \subset K$  is separable.

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 2.** Let  $k \subset K$  be an algebraic extension of fields of characteristic  $p > 0$ , let  $L$  be an algebraically closed field containing  $K$ , and let  $\delta: k \rightarrow L$  be an embedding. Show that  $k \subset K$  is purely inseparable if and only if there exists exactly one embedding  $\tau: K \rightarrow L$  extending  $\delta$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 3.** Let  $k \subset K = k(\alpha, \beta)$  be an algebraic extension of fields of characteristic  $p > 0$ , where  $\alpha$  is separable over  $k$  and  $\beta$  is purely inseparable over  $k$ . Show that  $K = k(\alpha + \beta)$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 4.** Let  $f(X) \in \mathbf{F}_q[X]$  be irreducible. Show that  $f(X) \mid X^{q^n} - X$  if and only if  $\deg f(X) \mid n$ .

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 5.** Show that  $\text{Aut}_{\mathbf{F}_q}(\bar{\mathbf{F}}_q)$  is an infinite Abelian group which is torsionfree (i.e.,  $\delta^n = \text{id}$  implies  $\delta = \text{id}$  or  $n = 0$ ).

*Proof.* ■

**Problem 6.** Show that in a finite field, every element can be written as a sum of two perfect squares.

*Proof.* ■

**1.1.10 Homework 10**

**1.1.11 Homework 11**

**1.1.12 Homework 12**

### 1.1.13 Homework 13

# Bibliography

- [1] D.S. Dummit and R.M. Foote. *Abstract Algebra*. Wiley, 2004.
- [2] I.N. Herstein. *Topics in algebra*. Xerox College Pub., 1975.
- [3] T.W. Hungerford. *Algebra*. Graduate Texts in Mathematics. Springer New York, 2003.