

MA 519 Fall 2016 (Aaron N. K. Yip)

Homework 5

Due: Thursday, Nov. 17, in class

Ross, 9th edition, Chapter 5:

Problems: #16, 20, 23, 26, 30;

Theoretical Exercises: #11, 31;

Self-Test: #20

Additional Problem:

1. Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_1^2}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_1^2}}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_2^2}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}}$ . Show that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(y)g(x-y) dy = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}}.$$

(Hint: there are many methods to do this problem. One, outlined in class, is to first combine the exponentials and then complete the square for the quadratic function in the exponential.)

2. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be independent random variables with a common mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Let  $M_n = \frac{X_1 + \dots + X_n}{n}$  be the sample mean and  $\Sigma_n = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - M_n)^2}{n}$  be the sample variance. Note that both  $M_n$  and  $\Sigma_n$  are random variables.

Compute  $EM_n$  and  $E\Sigma_n$ . (Express your answers in terms of  $\mu, \sigma^2$  and  $n$ .)