

## MA 523: Homework 7

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## PROBLEM 7.1

Solve the Dirichlet problem for the Laplace equation in  $\mathbb{R}^2$

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0 & \text{in } 1 < |x| < 2, \\ u = x_1 & \text{on } |x| = 1, \\ u = 1 + x_1 x_2 & \text{on } |x| = 2. \end{cases}$$

(Hint: Use Laurent series.)

*Solution.*

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## PROBLEM 7.2

Let  $\Omega$  be a bounded domain with a  $C^1$  boundary,  $g \in C^2(\partial\Omega)$  and  $f \in C(\bar{\Omega})$ . Consider the so called *Neumann problem*

$$\begin{cases} -\Delta u = f & \text{in } \Omega, \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} = g & \text{on } \partial\Omega, \end{cases} \quad (*)$$

where  $\nu$  is the outer normal on  $\partial\Omega$ . Show that the solution of  $(*)$  in  $C^2(\Omega) \cap C^1(\bar{\Omega})$  is unique up to a constant; i.e., if  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  are both solutions of  $(*)$ , then  $u_2 = u_1 + \text{const.}$  in  $\Omega$ .

(Hint: Look at the proof of the uniqueness for the Dirichlet problem by energy methods [E, 2.2.5a].)

*Solution.* Suppose  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  are solutions to the Neumann problem  $(*)$ . Set  $v := u_1 - u_2$ . Then  $v$  is harmonic in  $\Omega$  ■

## PROBLEM 7.3

Write down an explicit formula for a solution of

$$\begin{cases} u_t - \Delta u + cu = f & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty), \\ u = g & \text{on } \mathbb{R}^n \times \{t = 0\}, \end{cases}$$

where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(Hint: Rewrite the problem in terms of  $v(x, t) := e^{ct} u(x, t)$ .)

*Solution.*

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