## MA 523: Homework 7

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CARLOS SALINAS PROBLEM 7.1

## Problem 7.1

Solve the Dirichlet problem for the Laplace equation in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = 0 & \text{in } 1 < |x| < 2, \\ u = x_1 & \text{on } |x| = 1, \\ u = 1 + x_1 x_2 & \text{on } |x| = 2. \end{cases}$$

(Hint: Use Laurent series.)

SOLUTION.

CARLOS SALINAS PROBLEM 7.2

## Problem 7.2

Let  $\Omega$  be a bounded domain with a  $C^1$  boundary,  $g \in C^2(\partial \Omega)$  and  $f \in C(\bar{\Omega})$ . Consider the so called *Neumann problem* 

$$\begin{cases}
-\Delta u = f & \text{in } \Omega, \\
\frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} = g & \text{on } \partial \Omega,
\end{cases}$$
(\*)

where  $\nu$  is the outer normal on  $\partial\Omega$ . Show that the solution of (\*) in  $C^2(\Omega) \cap C^1(\bar{\Omega})$  is unique up to a constant; i.e., if  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  are both solutions of (\*), then  $u_2 = u_1 + \text{const.}$  in  $\Omega$ . (*Hint:* Look at the proof of the uniqueness for the Dirichlet problem by energy methods [E, 2.2.5a].)

SOLUTION. Suppose  $u_1$  and  $u_2$  are solutions to the Neumann problem (\*). Set  $v := u_1 - u_2$ . Then v is harmonic in  $\Omega$  and  $\frac{\partial v}{\partial \nu} = 0$  on the boundary of  $\Omega$ . Now, consider the energy functional

$$I[v] = \int_{\Omega} \frac{1}{2} |Dv|^2 \, dx$$

CARLOS SALINAS PROBLEM 7.3

## Problem 7.3

Write down an explicit formula for a solution of

$$\begin{cases} u_t - \Delta u + cu = f & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty), \\ u = g & \text{on } \mathbb{R}^n \times \{ t = 0 \}, \end{cases}$$

where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(*Hint:* Rewrite the problem in terms of  $v(x,t) := e^{ct}u(x,t)$ .)

SOLUTION.