## MA 523: Homework 6

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CARLOS SALINAS PROBLEM 6.1

## Problem 6.1

For n=2 find Green's function for the quadrant  $\{\,x_1>0,x_2>0\,\}$  by repeated reflection.

SOLUTION. Set

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$$\varphi^{x}(y) := \Phi(x - y) + \Phi(x' - y) - \Phi(x'' - y).$$

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CARLOS SALINAS PROBLEM 6.2

## Problem 6.2

(Precise form of Harnack's inequality) Use Poisson's formula for the ball to prove

$$\frac{r^{n-2}(r-|x|)}{(r+|x|)^{n-1}}u(0) \le u(x) \le \frac{r^{n-2}(r+|x|)}{(r-|x|)^{n-1}}u(0)$$

whenever u is positive and harmonic in  $B(0,r) = \{\, x \in \mathbb{R}^n : |x| < r \,\}.$ 

SOLUTION.

CARLOS SALINAS PROBLEM 6.3

## Problem 6.3

Let  $P_k(x)$  and  $P_m(x)$  be homogeneous harmonic polynomials in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  of degrees k and m respectively; i.e.,

$$P_k(\lambda x) = \lambda^k P_k(x),$$
  $P_m(\lambda x) = \lambda^m P_m(x)$  for every  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $\lambda > 0$ ,  $\Delta P_k = 0$ ,  $\Delta P_m = 0$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

(a) Show that

$$\frac{\partial P_k}{\partial \nu} = k P_k(x), \qquad \frac{\partial P_m}{\partial \nu} = m P_m(x) \qquad \text{on } \partial B(0,1)$$

where  $B(0,1) = \{ x \in \mathbb{R}^n : |x| < 1 \}$  and  $\nu$  is the outward normal on  $\partial B(0,1)$ .

(b) Use (a) and Green's formula to prove that

$$\int_{\partial B(0,1)} P_k(x) P_m(x) d\sigma = 0, \quad \text{if } k \neq m.$$

SOLUTION.