MA 519: Homework 11

Max Jeter, Carlos Salinas November 10, 2016

PROBLEM 11.1 (DASGUPTA 7.2 (A), (B), (C), (D), (E))

- (a) Suppose $E|X_n-c|^{\alpha}\to 0$, where $0<\alpha<1$. Does X_n necessarily converge in probability to c?
- (b) Suppose $a_n(X_n \theta) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$. Under what condition on a_n can we conclude that $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}} \theta$?

 (c) $o_p(1) + O_p(1) =$?
- (d) $o_p(1)O_p(1) = ?$
- (e) $o_p(1) + o_p(1)O_p(1) = ?$

PROBLEM 11.2 (DASGUPTA 7.3 [MONTE CARLO])

Consider the purely mathematical problem of finding a definite integral f(x) dx for some (possibly complicated) function f(x). Show that the SLLN provides a method for approximately finding the value of the integral by using appropriate averages $\frac{1}{n}\sum_{k=1}^{n}f(X_k)$. Numerical analysts call this Monte Carlo integration.

PROBLEM 11.3 (DASGUPTA 7.4 (A), (B))

Suppose X_1, \ldots , are i.i.d. and that $E(X_1) = \mu \neq 0$, $Var(X_1) = \sigma^2 < \infty$. Let $S_{m,p} = \sum_{k=1}^m X_k^p$, $m \geq 1, p = 1, 2$.

- (a) Identify with proof the almost sure limit of $S_{m,1}/S_{n,1}$ for fixed m, and $n \to \infty$.
- (b) Identify with proof the almost sure limit of $S_{n-m,1}/S_{n,1}$ for fixed m, and $n \to \infty$.

PROBLEM 11.4 (DASGUPTA 7.5 (A))

Let $A_n, n \ge 1$, A be events with respect to a common sample space Ω .

(a) Prove that $I_{A_n} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} I_A$ if and only if $P(A_n) \to P(A)$.

PROBLEM 11.5 (DASGUPTA 7.11 [SAMPLE MAXIMUM])

Let X_k , $k \ge 1$, be an i.i.d. sequence, and $X_{(n)}$ the maximum of X_1, \ldots, X_n . Let $\xi(F) = \sup\{x : F(x) < 1\}$, where F is the common CDF of the X_k . Prove that $X_{(n)} \xrightarrow{\text{a.s.}} \xi(F)$.

Problem 11.6 (DasGupta 7.14 (a))

Suppose X_k are i.i.d. standard Cauchy. Show that

(a) $P(|X_n| > n \text{ infinitely often}) = 1.$

PROBLEM 11.7 (DASGUPTA 7.16 [COUPON COLLECTION])

Cereal boxes contain independently and with equal probability exactly one of n different celebrity pictures. Someone having the entire set of n pictures can cash them in for money. Let W_n be the minimum number of cereal boxes one would need to purchase to own a complete set of the pictures. Find a sequence a_n such that $W_n/a_n \stackrel{\mathcal{P}}{\longrightarrow} 1$. (*Hint:* Approximate the mean of W_n .)

PROBLEM 11.8 (DASGUPTA 7.17)

Let $X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$. Show that $(X_n/n)^2$ and $X_n(X_n-1)/(n(n-1))$ both converging in probability to p^2 . Do they converge almost surely?

PROBLEM 11.9 (DASGUPTA 7.21)

Let X_1, X_2, \ldots , be i.i.d. U[0, 1]. Let

$$G_n = (X_1 \cdots X_n)^{1/n}.$$

Find c such that $G_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}} c$.

Solution.

PROBLEM 11.10 (DASGUPTA 7.30 [CONCEPTUAL])

Suppose $X_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} X$, and also $Y_n \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} X$. Does this mean that $X_n - Y_n$ converge in distribution to (the point mass at) zero?

PROBLEM 11.11 (DASGUPTA 7.31 (A))

(a) Suppose $a_n(X_n - \theta) \to \mathcal{N}(0, \tau^2)$; what can be said about the limiting distribution of $|X_n|$, when $\theta \neq 0$, $\theta = 0$?