

# MA 572: Homework 5

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**PROBLEM 5.1 (HATCHER §2.2, EX. 3)**

Let  $f: S^n \rightarrow S^n$  be a map of degree zero. Show that there exists points  $x, y \in S^n$  with  $f(x) = x$  and  $f(y) = -y$ . Use this to show that if  $F$  is a continuous vector field defined on the unit ball  $D^n$  in  $\mathbf{R}^n$  such that  $F(x) \neq 0$  for all  $x$ , then there exists a point on  $\partial D$  where  $F$  points radially outward and another point on  $\partial D^n$  where  $F$  points radially inward.

*Proof.*

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**PROBLEM 5.2 (HATCHER §2.2, EX. 7)**

For an invertible linear transformation  $f: \mathbf{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^n$  show that the induced map  $H_n(\mathbf{R}^n, \mathbf{R}^n \setminus \{0\}) \cong \tilde{H}_{n-1}(\mathbf{R}^n \setminus \{0\}) \cong \mathbf{Z}$  is  $\text{Id}$  or  $-\text{Id}$  according to whether the determinant of  $f$  is positive or negative. [Use Gaussian elimination to show that the matrix of  $f$  can be joined by a path of invertible matrices to a diagonal matrix with  $\pm 1$ 's on the diagonal.]

*Proof.*

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**PROBLEM 5.3 (HATCHER §2.2, EX. 13)**

Let  $X$  be the 2-complex obtained from  $S^1$  with its usual cell structure by attaching two 2-cells by maps of degrees 2 and 3, respectively.

- (a) Compute the homology groups of all the subcomplexes  $A \subset X$  and the corresponding quotient complexes  $X/A$ .
- (b) Show that  $X \simeq S^2$  and that the only subcomplex  $A \subset X$  for which the quotient map  $X \rightarrow X/A$  is a homotopy equivalence is the trivial subcomplex, the 0-cell.

*Proof.*

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**PROBLEM 5.4**

*Proof.*

