

CPSC 501 – Assignment 1

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Overview

The project that was refactored for this assignment is [iKeirNez/assessment-loan-system](#). To perform refactoring on the project, the following fork was created [awave1/assessment-loan-system](#). The fork contains two branches: `master` and `refactor`. The initial work is left untouched in `master` branch and the refactoring was done in `refactor` branch. To simplify the access, `refactor` branch is default (main) branch.

Original project did not include any README or instructions how to get up and running with the project, therefore I included [README](#), describing the steps necessary to build, run, and test the code. To make it easier to manage dependencies and to build the project, I added support for [gradle](#).

Refactoring structure

The refactorings that were made in the project, can be categorized into three categories: **minor**, **medium** and **major**. **Minor** refactorings were usually made together with **major** and **minor** refactorings, thus no commits were directly dedicated to **minor** refactorings.

Major changes

This section explains and displays the number of **major** changes that were made to the project during refactoring process. Each major change is associated with commit hash.

Using Visitor pattern to eliminate instanceof checking (2534ae1e)

This substantial refactoring was done at the end when I noticed a block of instanceof checks that were doing the same thing. To eliminate such code smell and make the code more robust, we make use Visitor pattern. That is, we'll create a special Visitor class that will "visit" all required methods, thus removing instanceof checking and abstracting the functionality. To implement this pattern, I added an abstract method to abstract Item class:

```
public abstract class Item {  
    // ...  
    public abstract SelectItem<? extends Item> accept(MenuVisitor  
        visitor);  
}
```

As you can see, there's a parameter that will need to be passed, MenuVisitor visitor. MenuVisitor is our visitor that will be calling specific functions, declared in the MenuVisitor class. For example:

```
// MenuVisitor.java  
public class MenuVisitor implements Visitor {  
    // ...  
    @Override  
    public SelectItem<Book> addBook(Book book) {  
        return new SelectItem<>(book, BOOK_MANAGER, BOOK_MANIPULATOR);  
    }  
}  
  
// Book.java  
public class Book extends Item {  
    // ...  
    @Override  
    public SelectItem<Book> addBook(Book book) {  
        return new SelectItem<>(book, BOOK_MANAGER, BOOK_MANIPULATOR);  
    }  
}
```

Therefore, now instead of performing explicit instanceof checks, we can do this:

```
MenuVisitor menuVisitor = new MenuVisitor();  
menuVisitor.build(menu, stockRepo.getAll());
```

and MenuVisitor will take care of which object to create.

As was stated above, this improves the code by removing excessive instanceof checking with much cleaner pattern that could be used in other potential places where a lot of instanceof's is used. This improves the readability of the code by encapsulating the details of implementation.

To perform this refactor, MenuVisitor and Visitor were introduced. MenuVisitor class implements the Visitor interface that contains "visit" methods. Therefore, we introduced a new class and a new interface to Replace Conditional with Polymorphism.

The following files were changed and added as a result of this refactoring:

- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/item/Book.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/item/Disc.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/item/Item.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/item/Journal.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/item/Video.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/menu/option/stock/EditStockOption.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/menu/option/stock/SelectItem.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/util/MenuVisitor.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/util/Visitor.java](#)

To test this code, I added test Items that allowed to build the menu with these items and to test visit methods. For example,

```
Menu menu = new Menu("Test Menu");  
menuVisitor.build(menu, stockRepository.getAll());  
  
assertFalse(menu.getItems().isEmpty());  
  
for (int i = 0; i < stockRepository.getAll().size(); i++) {  
    assertNotNull(menu.getItems().get(Integer.toString(i)));  
}
```

The rest of the methods were simply tested to make sure that they do not return null, since Menu class relies on this MenuVisitor class.

With this refactoring applied, code smell has been removed and the code became more OO. We no longer do instanceof checks, which is considered bad design. As well as in the future, this codebase can now use Visitor pattern thus getting rid of "100 line" if statements.

Abstracting busy waiting for user input (bd538f0)

The application relies on input from keyboard. In classes, where the user input is required, the original code included use of `do { ... } while(...);` loops, to wait for valid user input. User input is required in `Property<T>` (and its subclasses), `Menu` and `Controller`. As a result, `do { ... } while(...);` loop has been moved to separate class called `ConsoleInput<T>`, in method `public Optional<T> waitForInput(InputWait<T> inputWait)`. `InputWait<T>` is an interface with only one method, passing it as a parameter allows us to pass anonymous lambda function (e.g. `arg -> { /* function body */ }`) as a parameter, instead of implementing a method, that was declared in the interface. The following is the implementation of `waitForInput` method:

```
public Optional<T> waitForInput(InputWait<T> inputWait) {
    Optional<T> fetchedObj;
    do {
        fetchedObj = inputWait.getInput(this.scanner);
    } while (!fetchedObj.isPresent());

    return fetchedObj;
}
```

When `waitForInput` is called, we have to supply instance of `InputWait`, for example:

```
// Set the scanner
setScanner(scanner);
Optional<Option> option = waitForInput(scnr -> {
    /*
     * Do all the necessary things here, using Scanner scnr variable
     */

    // Return Optional object result
    return Optional.of(obj);
});
```

`//... Optional<Option> option can later be safely unwrapped and used`

By abstracting the `do{...} while()` loop into a separate method, we got rid of duplicated code and made it more readable. Also other simple classes that need to wait for user input can now inherit this class and call `waitForInput`.

To do this refactoring, **Replace Method with Method object** technique was used. For example, with this technique applied, we got rid of `processLogin` method in `User` class, so the following code:

```
private User processLogin() {
    User user;
    do {
        System.out.println("Please enter your username.");
        String username = scanner.next();

        System.out.println("Please enter your password.");
        String password = scanner.next();

        user = model.getUserRepository().getExact(username, password);

        if (user == null) { // invalid credentials
            System.out.println("Invalid credentials, please try again.");
        }
    } while (user == null);

    return user;
}
```

was replaced with:

```
Optional<User> user = waitForInput(s -> {
    User usr;
    System.out.println("Please enter your username.");
    String username = scanner.next();

    if (user != null) {
        System.out.println("Please enter your password.");
        String password = scanner.next();
        usr = model.getUserRepository().getExact(username, password);
        if (usr == null) { // invalid credentials
            System.out.println("Invalid credentials, please try again.");
        }
    }
});
```

```

    }

    return Optional.of(usr);
});

```

The following files were changed and added as a result of this refactoring:

- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/manipulation/property/type/Property.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/menu/Menu.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/runtime/Controller.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/runtime/Controller.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/util/ConsoleInput.java](#)
- [src/main/java/com/keirnellyer/glencaldy/util/InputWait.java](#)

To test `ConsoleInput<T>`, I had to mock user input, using `ByteArrayInputStream`. There are four tests for this class, located in `ConsoleInputTest`. Two tests are used to test `ConsoleInput<User>` and one more to test and display functionality using built in object `ConsoleInput<String>`.

Adding `ConsoleInput<T>` allows us to add ability to use busy-waiting on any class, by utilizing Java Generics.

TODO ([fcaddaa8](#), [8fb88595](#))

Medium changes

TODO ([67287c0](#))

TODO ([aef6c56](#))

TODO ([b6b0c98](#), [8a898a0](#))

TODO ([ad3147](#))