

# **SASKATCHEWAN RYE FORECASTING & PEA CLUSTERING**

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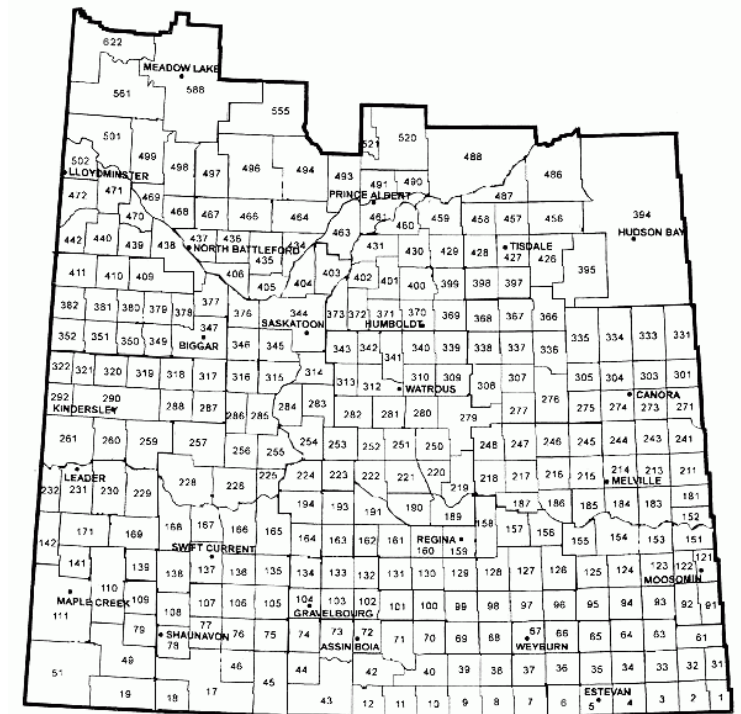
# Problem Statement

- Is it possible to predict Fall Rye yield based solely on historical data?
- Can we find clusters of similar RMs for Pea yield in Saskatchewan?

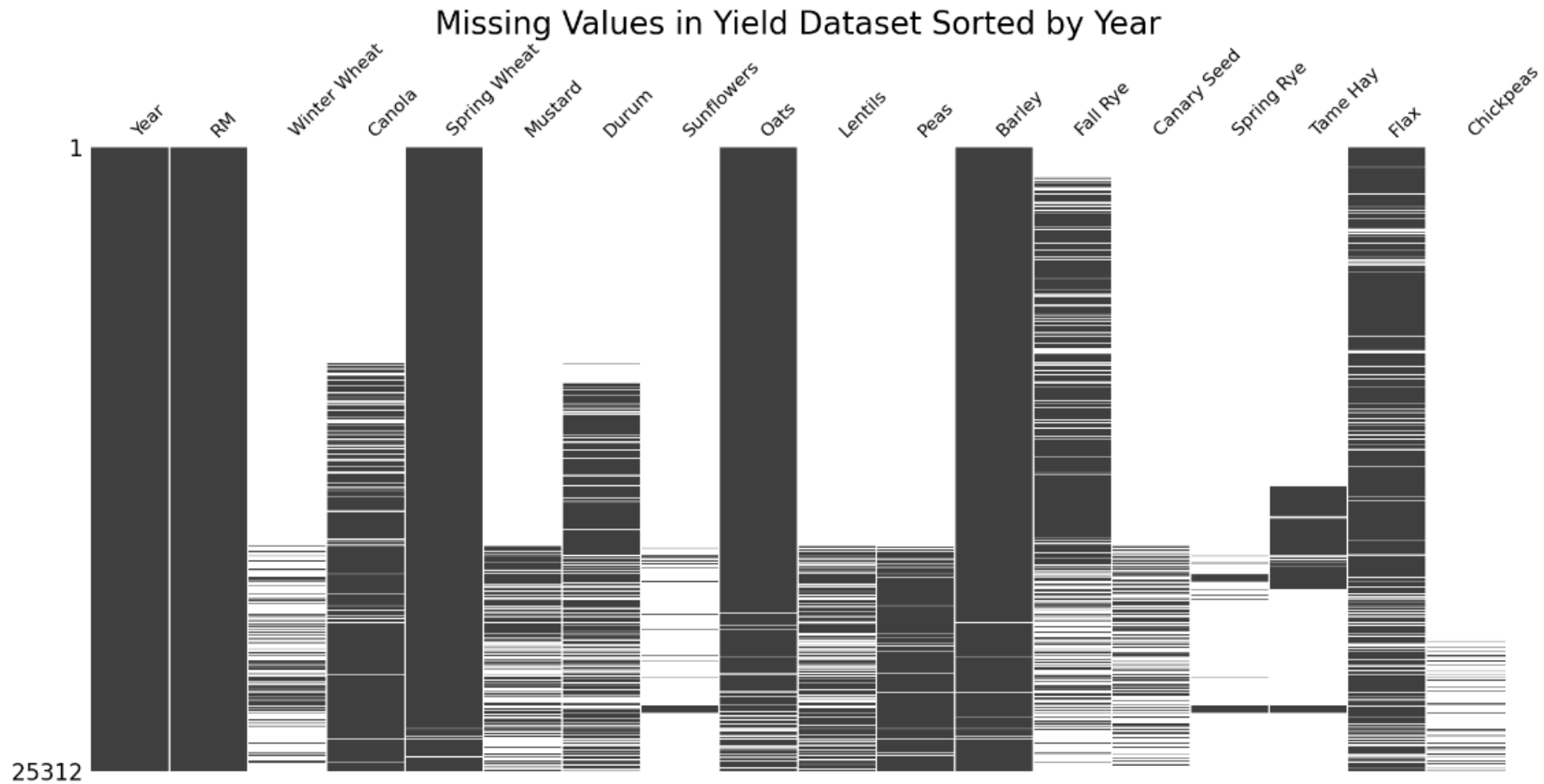


# Data Collection and Preprocessing

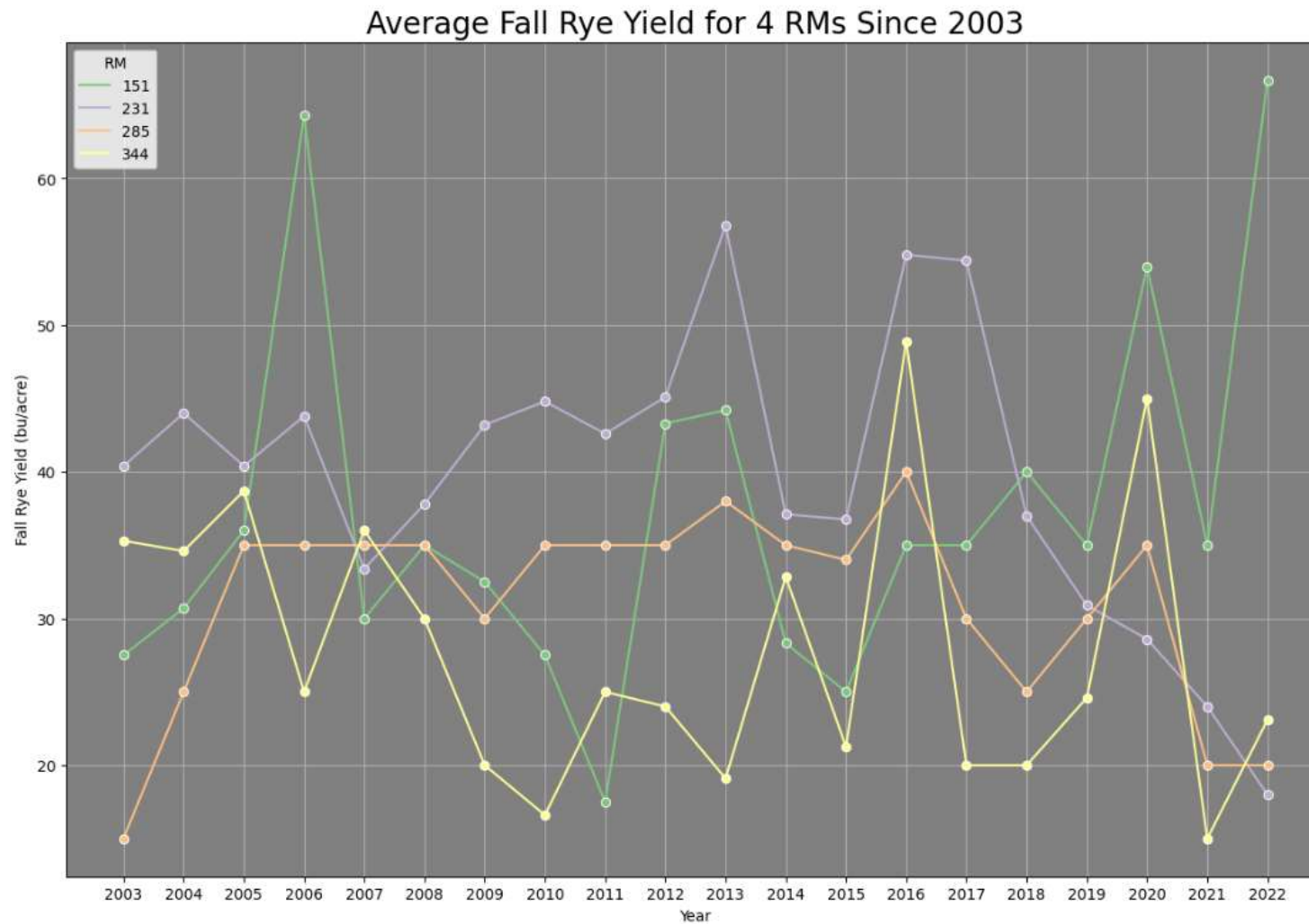
- Historical RM yield data for 16 crops from 1938 -2022  
<https://dashboard.saskatchewan.ca/agriculture/rm-yields/rm-yields-data>
- Geographical boundaries of Saskatchewan Rural Municipalities from  
[https://github.com/ruhdm/Palette\\_Cohort\\_3\\_Data](https://github.com/ruhdm/Palette_Cohort_3_Data)



# Exploratory Data Analysis

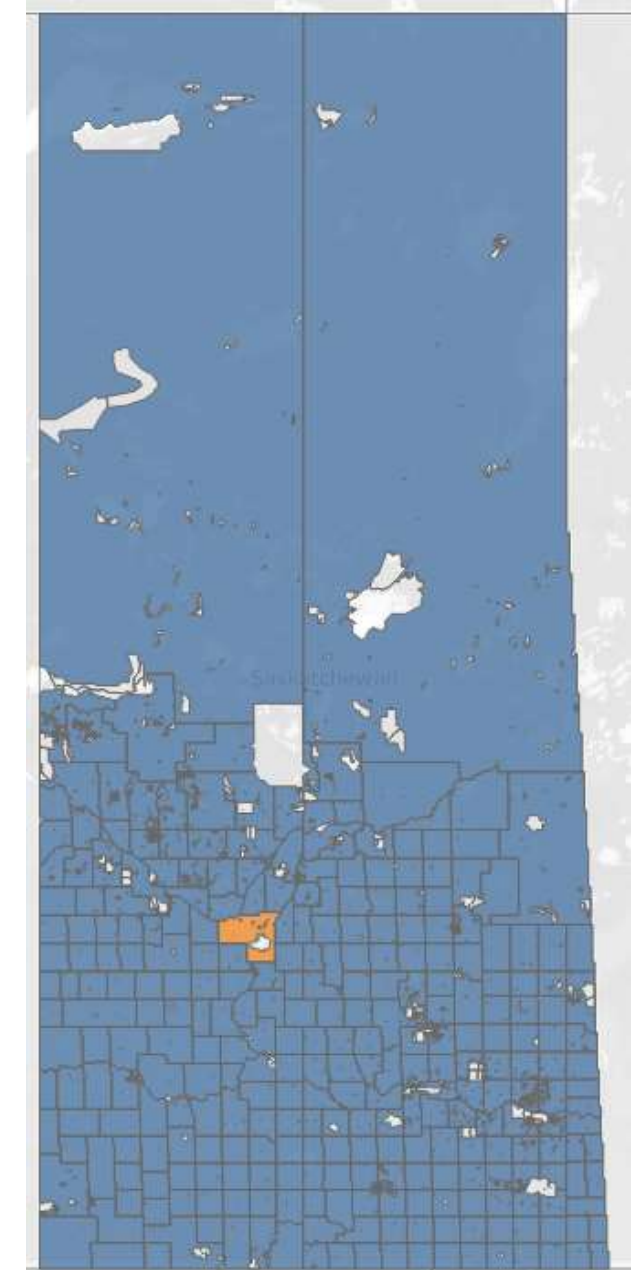
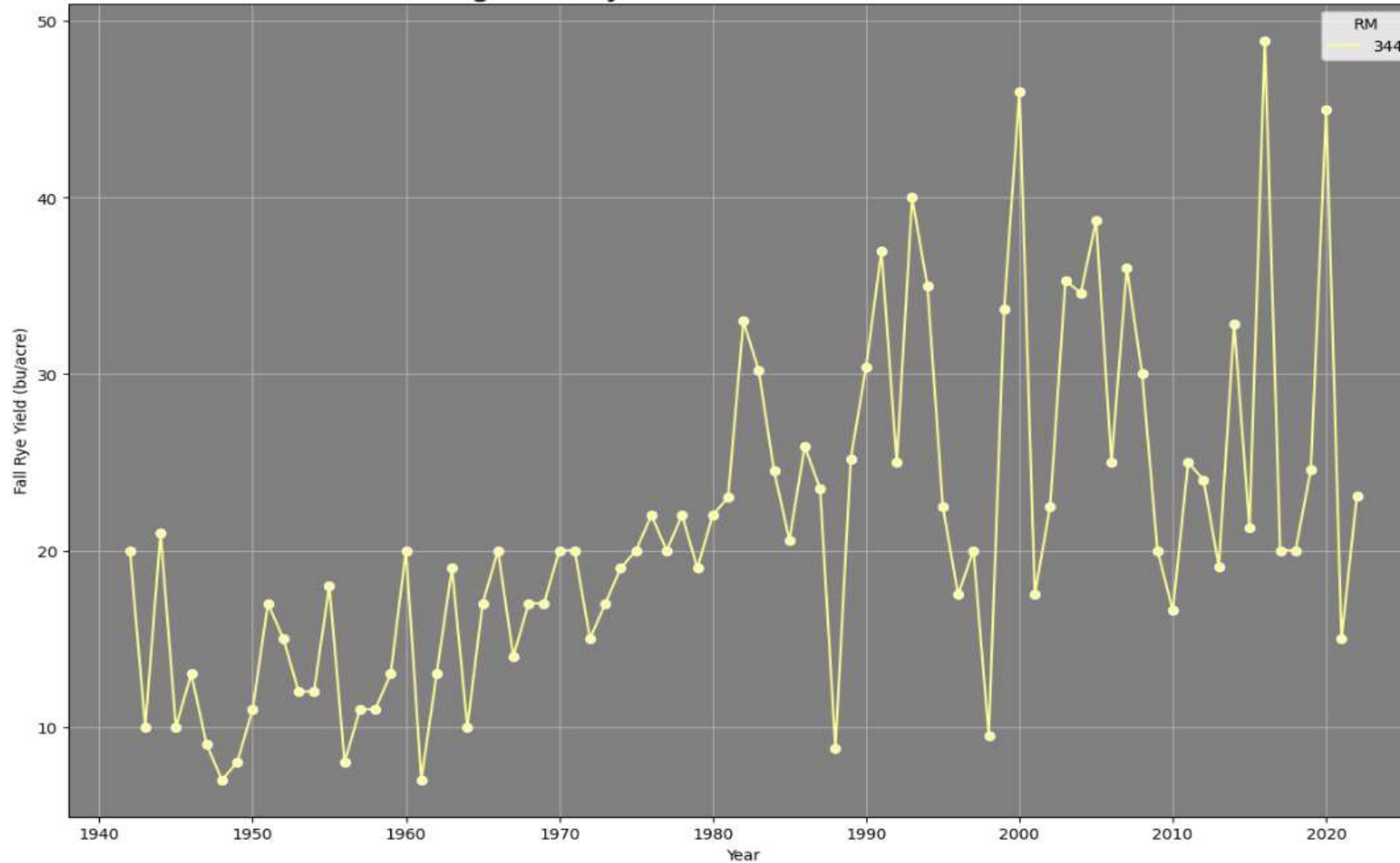


# Exploratory Data Analysis



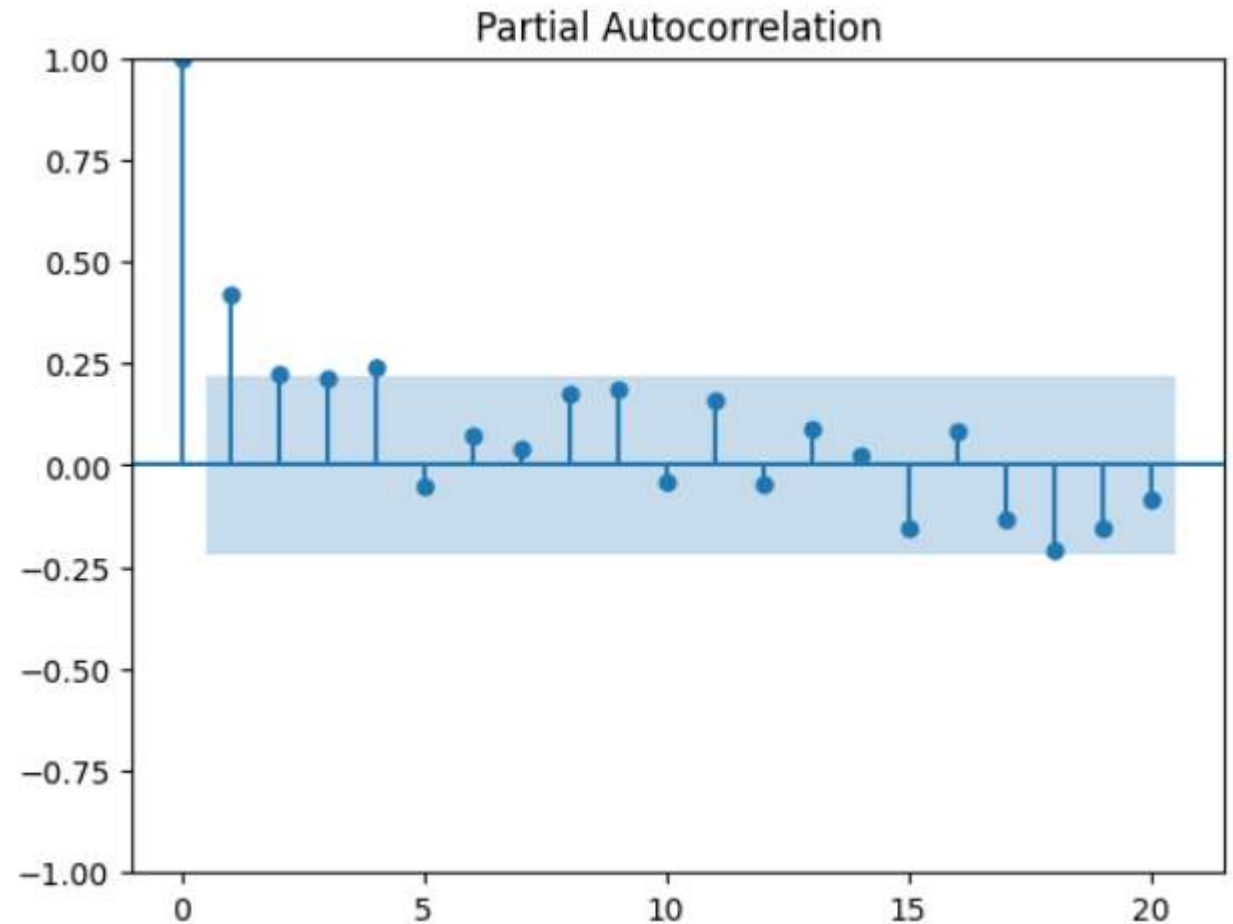
# Exploratory Data Analysis

Average Fall Rye Yield for RM 344 Since 1942



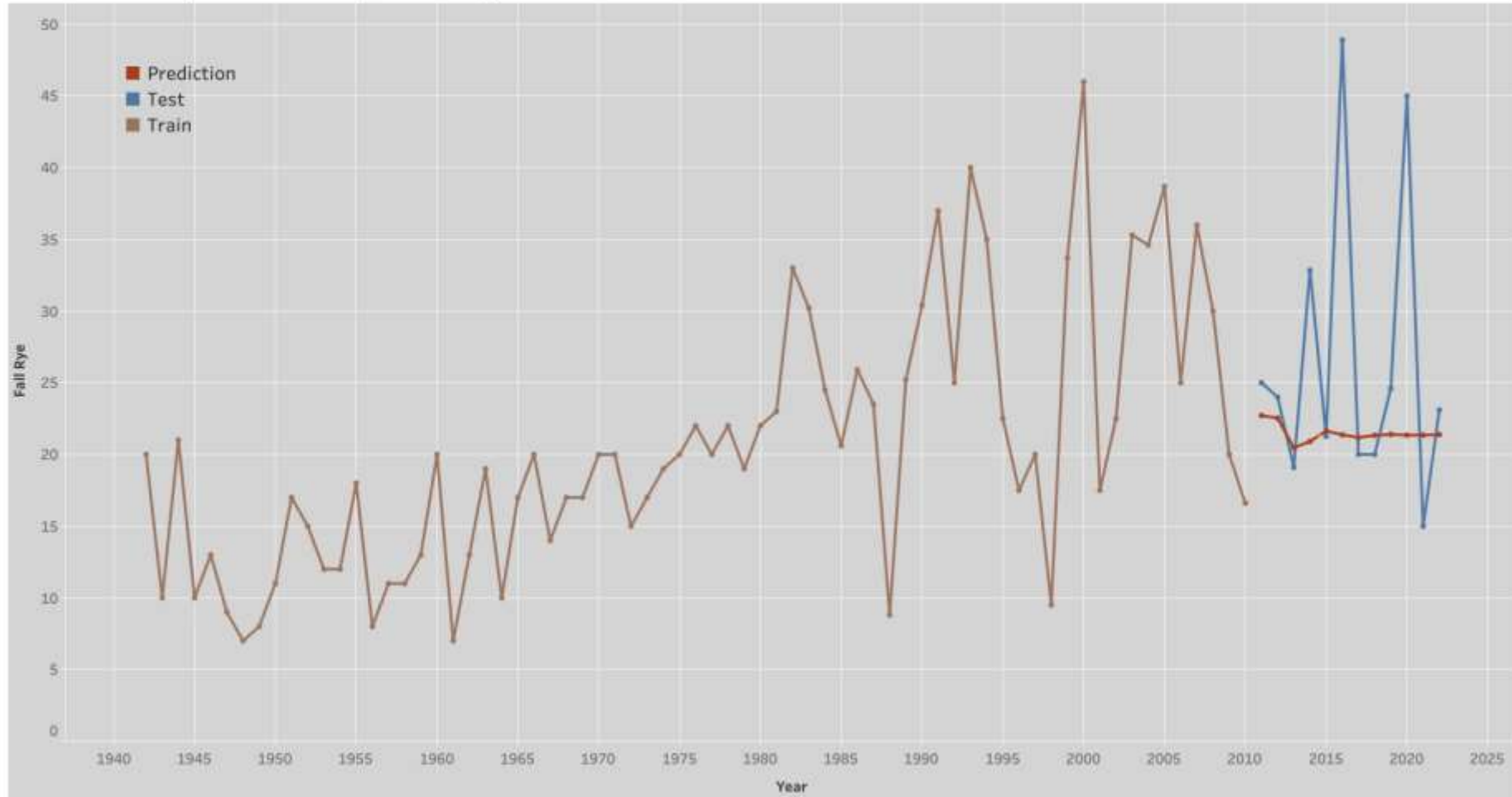
# Time Series Analysis

- Partial autocorrelation function to help decide how many lags make sense to use for an AR model
- 4 lags seems reasonable for this analysis



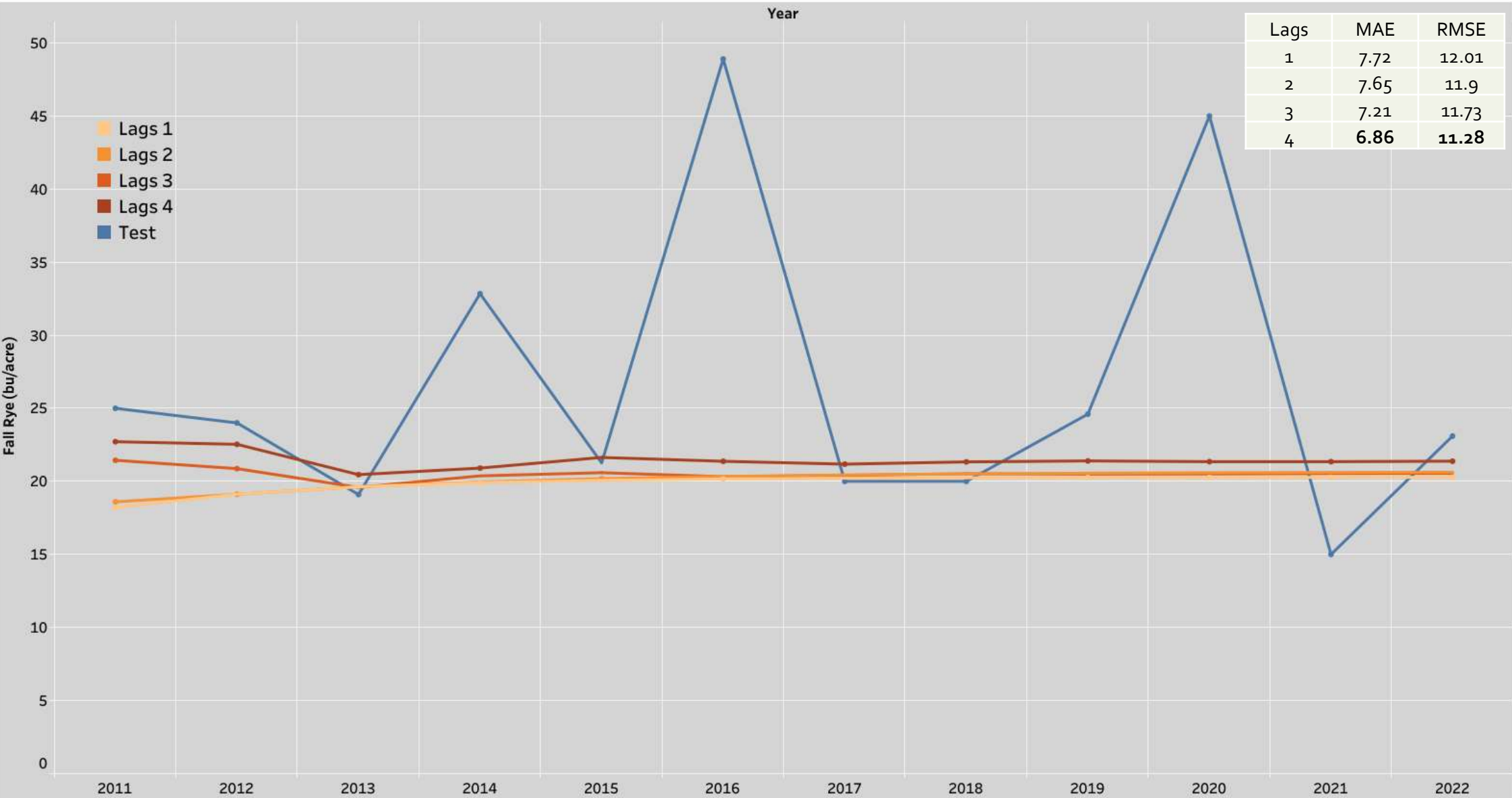
# AR Modelling

AR Model with 4 Lags for RM 344 Fall Rye Forecasting

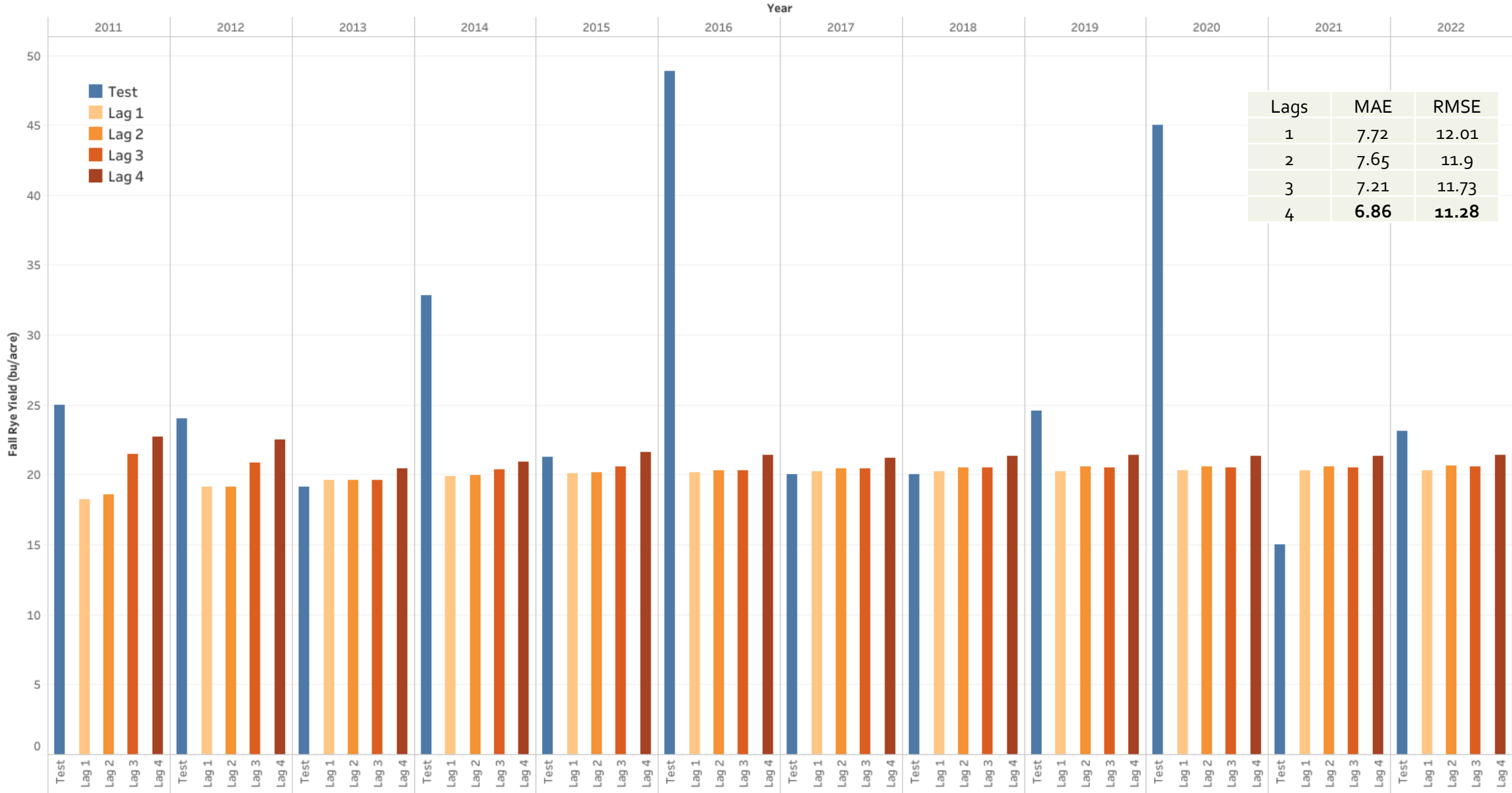




AR Model Comparison for RM 344 Fall Rye Forecasting



Test Data vs AR Model Comparisons



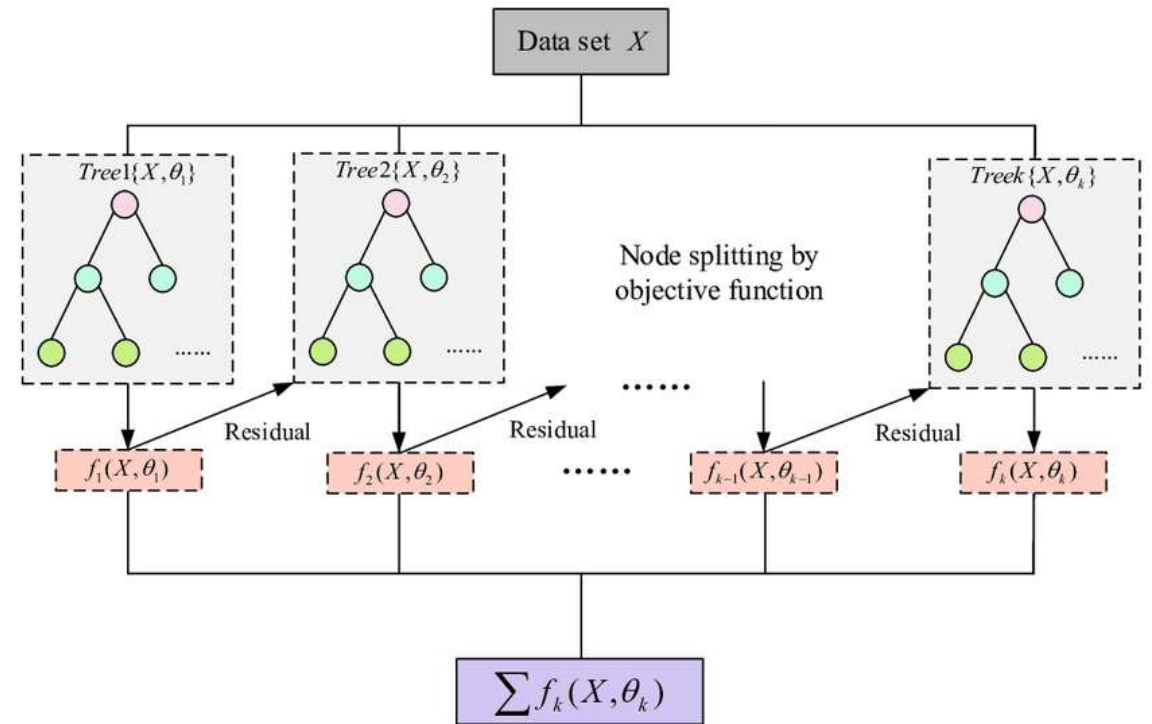
ARIMA Model Comparison for RM 344 Fall Rye Forecasting



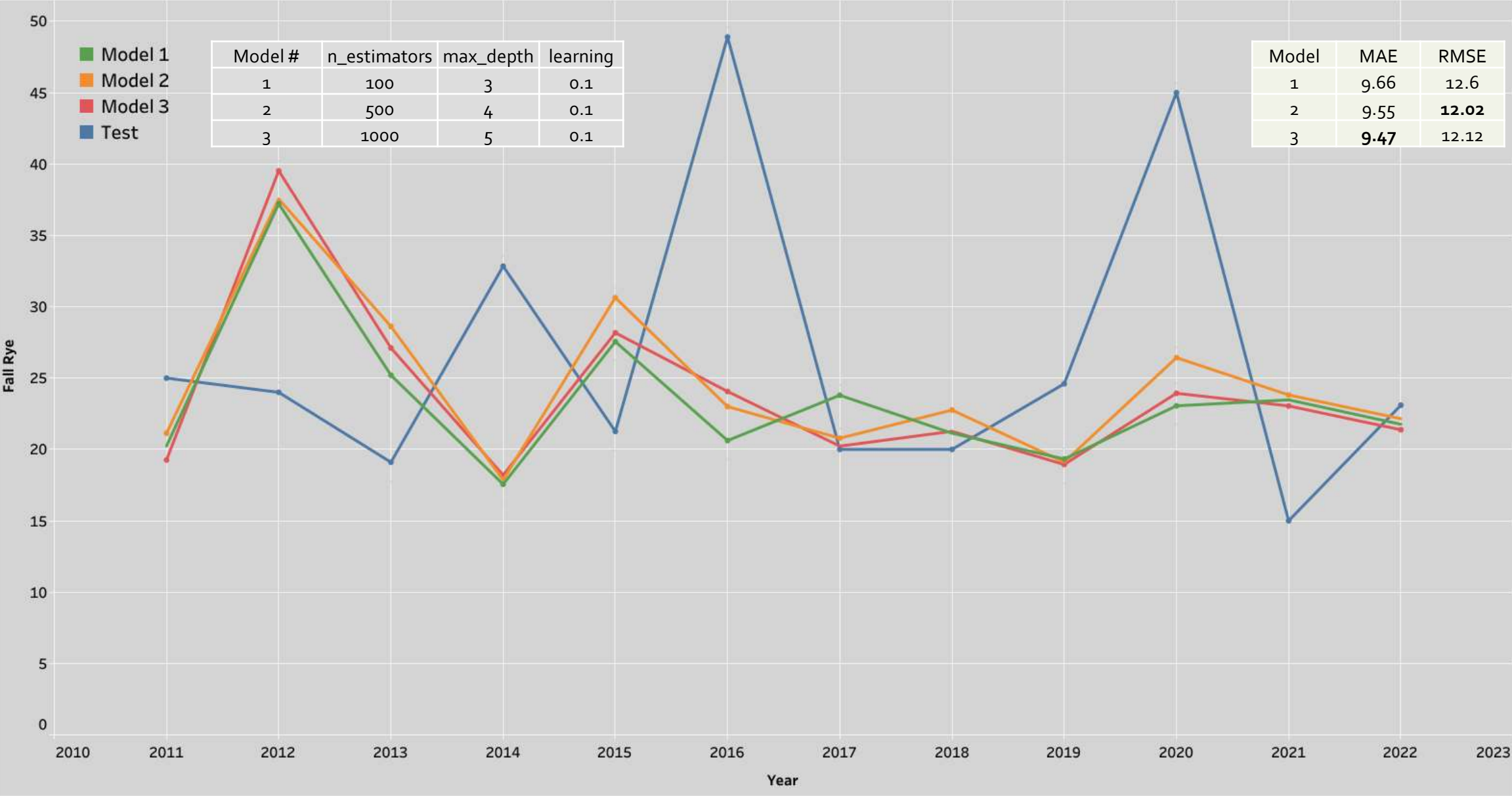
# XGBoost Modelling

- Utilized 4 Lags as Features
- Built 3 Different XGBoost Models

Model #	n_estimators	max_depth	learning
1	100	3	0.1
2	500	4	0.1
3	1000	5	0.1



XGBoost Model Comparison for RM 344 Fall Rye Forecasting



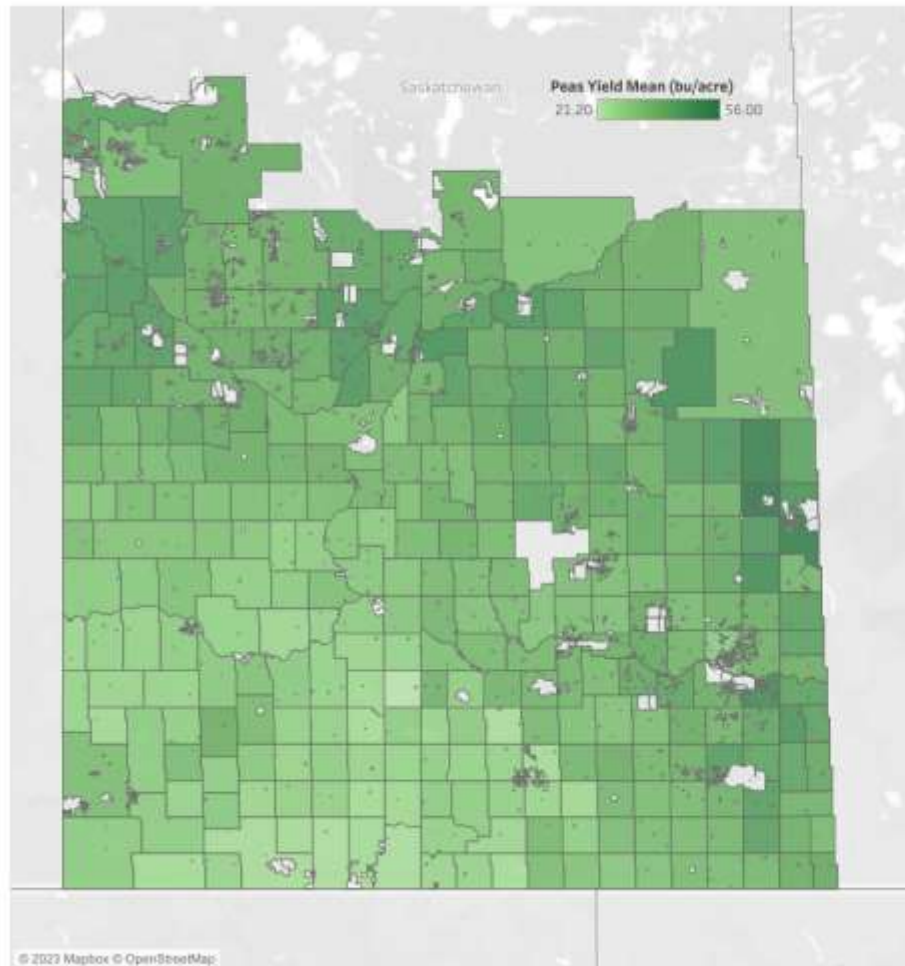
# Results Summary and Next Steps

- AR model with 4 lags had the lowest MAE
- ARIMA model with order (4,1,1) had the lowest RMSE
- Look into improving XGBoost models through more thorough hyperparameter tuning (GridSearch or Optuna)
- Consider adding more features
  - Yields for nearby RMs
  - Weather forecast data
  - Soil property data
- Try forecasting for other RMs and compare results

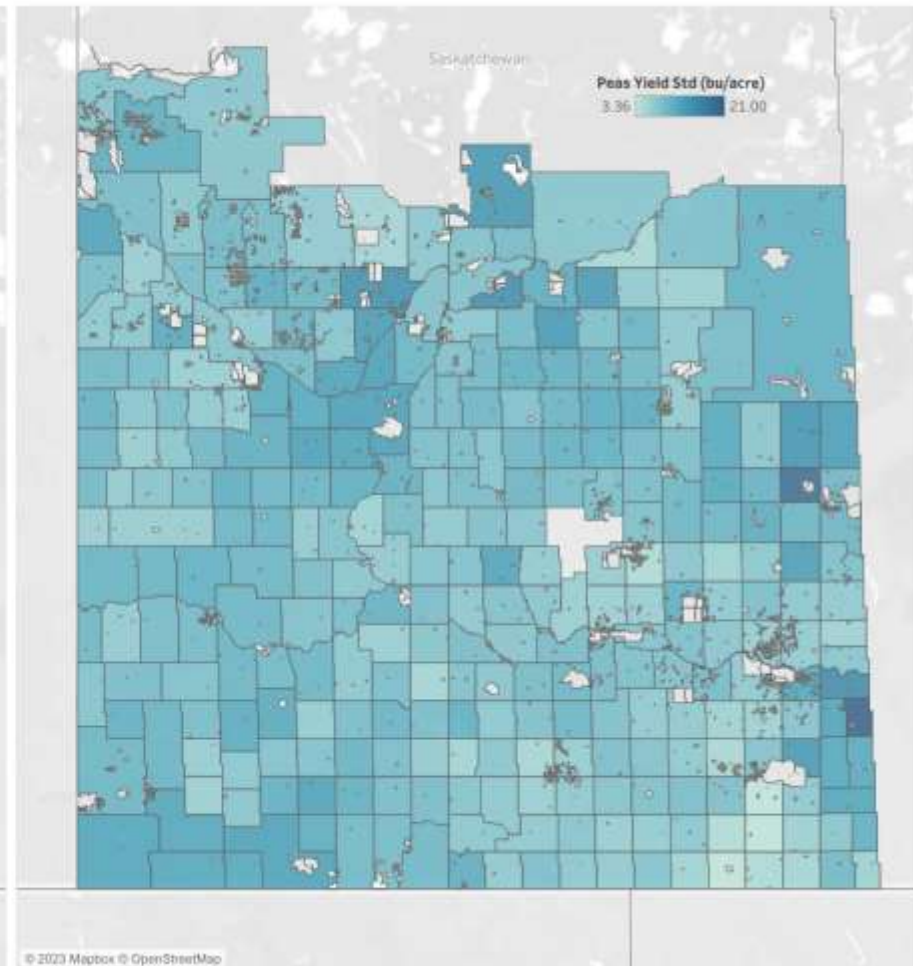
Model	MAE	RMSE
AR 1	7.72	12.01
AR 2	7.65	11.9
AR 3	7.21	11.73
AR 4	<b>6.86</b>	11.28
ARIMA (4,0,1)	6.93	10.26
ARIMA (4,0,2)	6.96	10.24
ARIMA (4,1,1)	7.83	<b>10.03</b>
ARIMA (4,1,2)	9.96	11.31
XGBoost #1	9.66	12.6
XGBoost #2	9.55	12.02
XGBoost #3	9.47	12.12

# Unsupervised Learning Analysis

Saskatchewan RM Pea Yield Means from 2013-2022



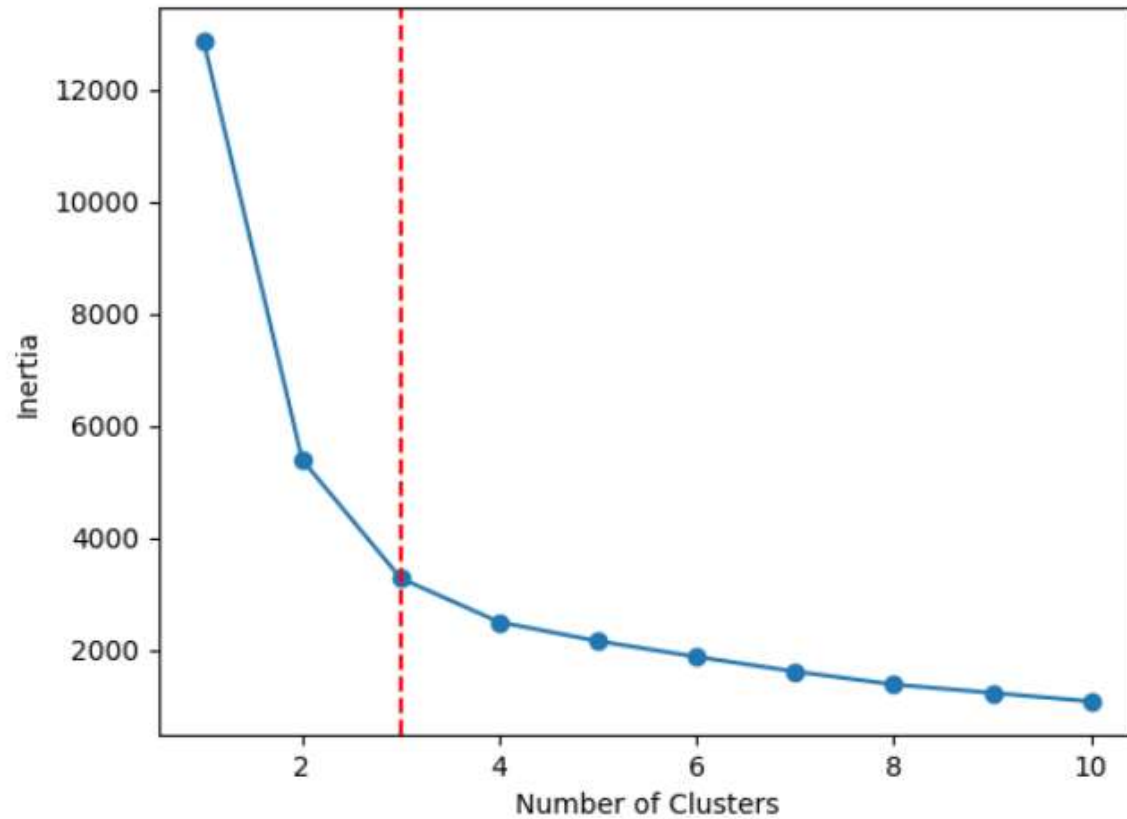
Saskatchewan RM Pea Yield Standard Deviations from 2013-2022



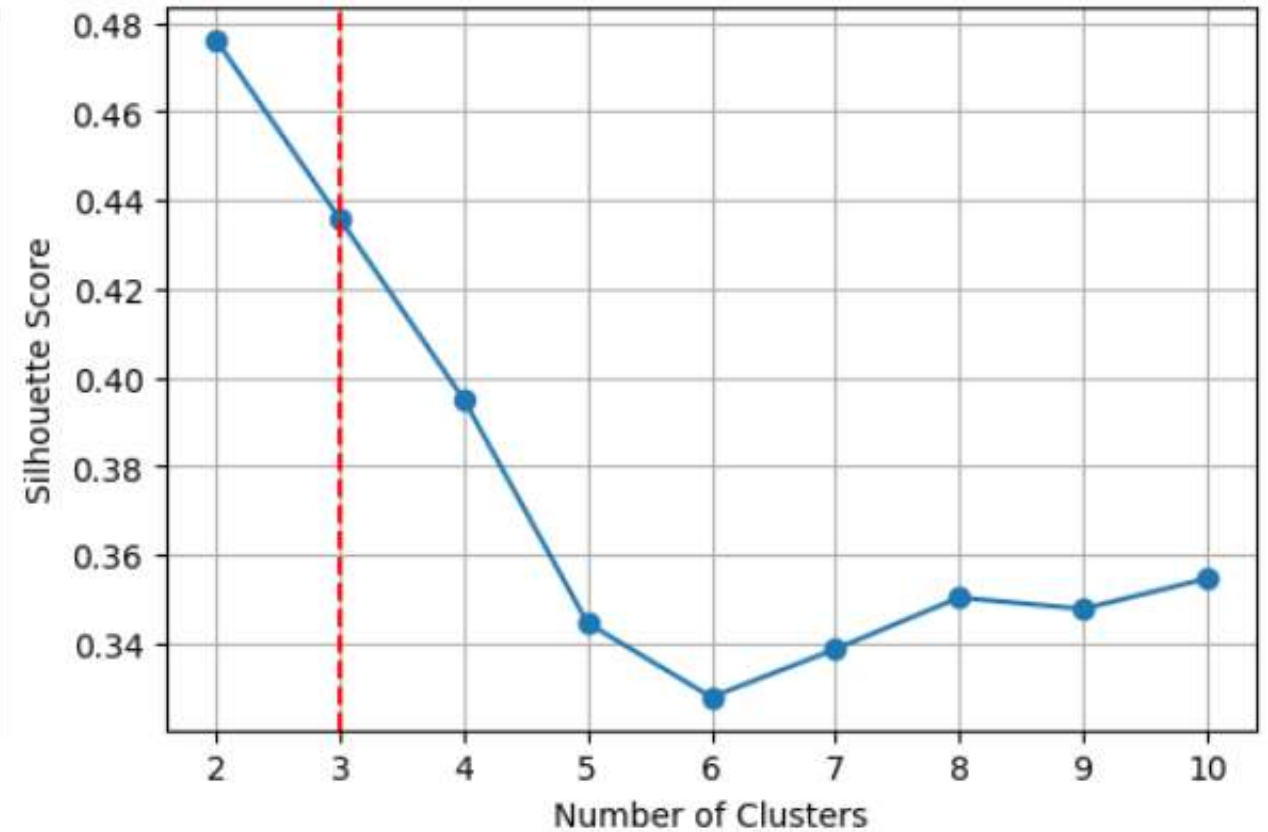


# K Means Clustering

Elbow Method



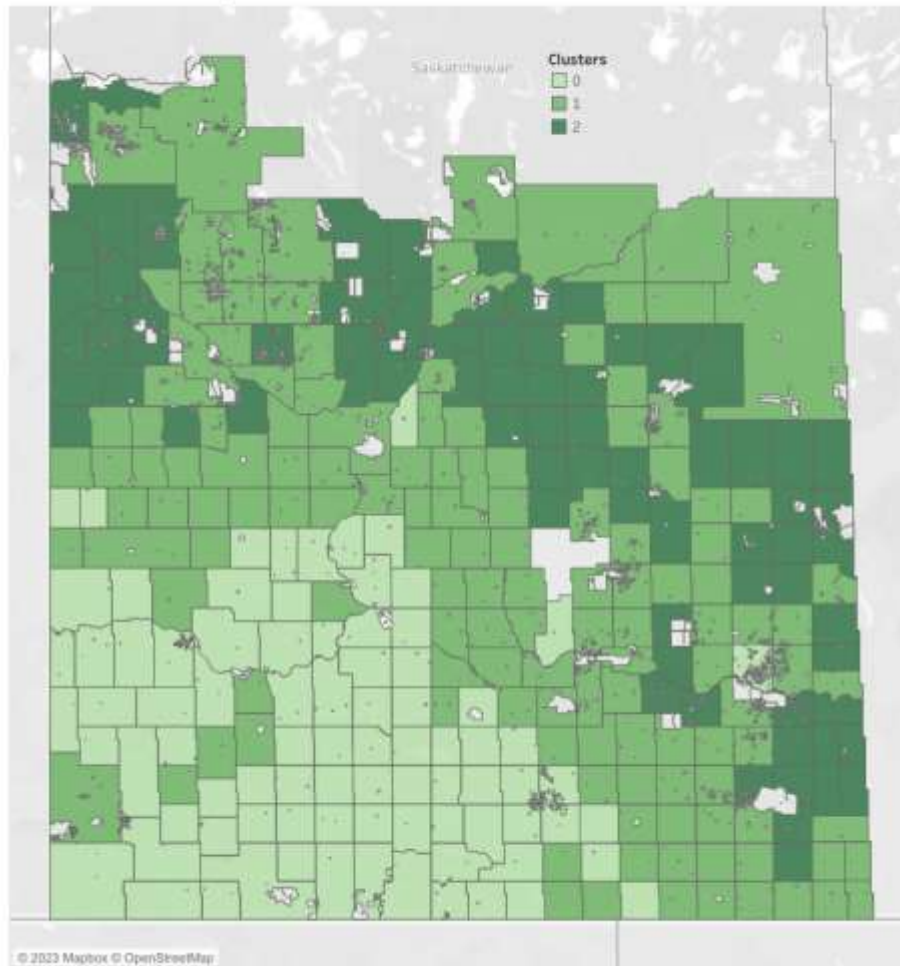
Silhouette Score Method



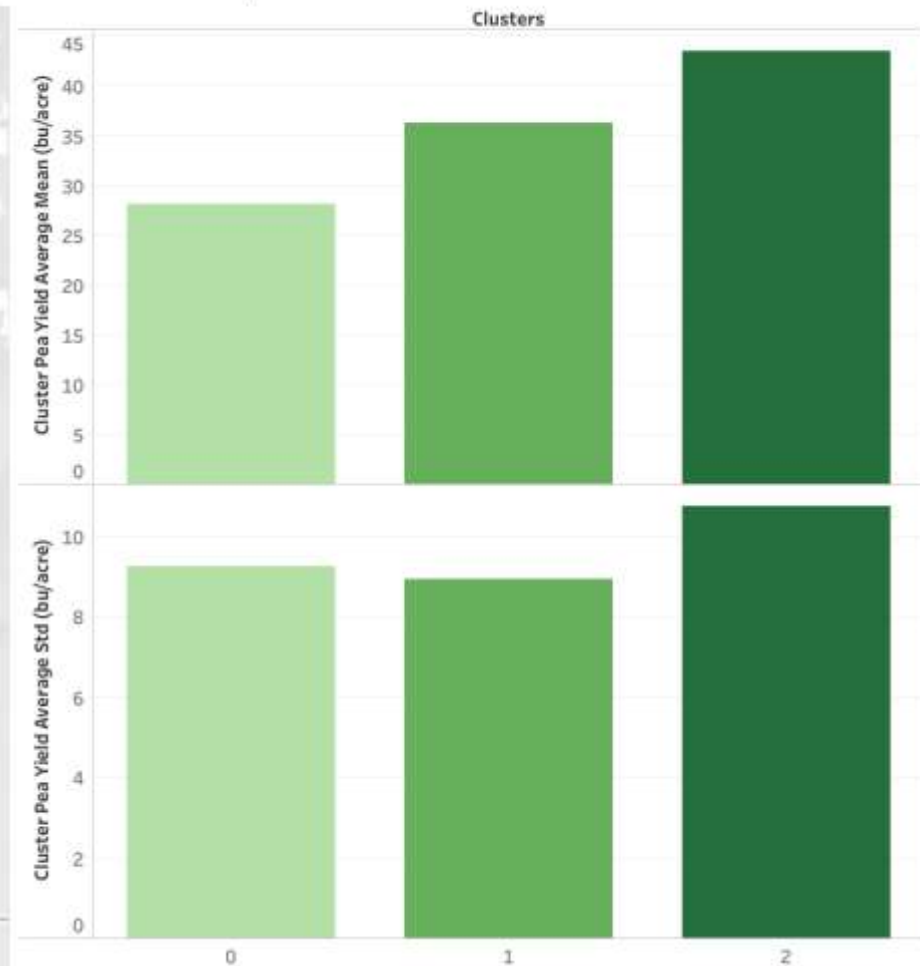


# K Means Clustering

Pea Yield Clustering for Saskatchewan RMs

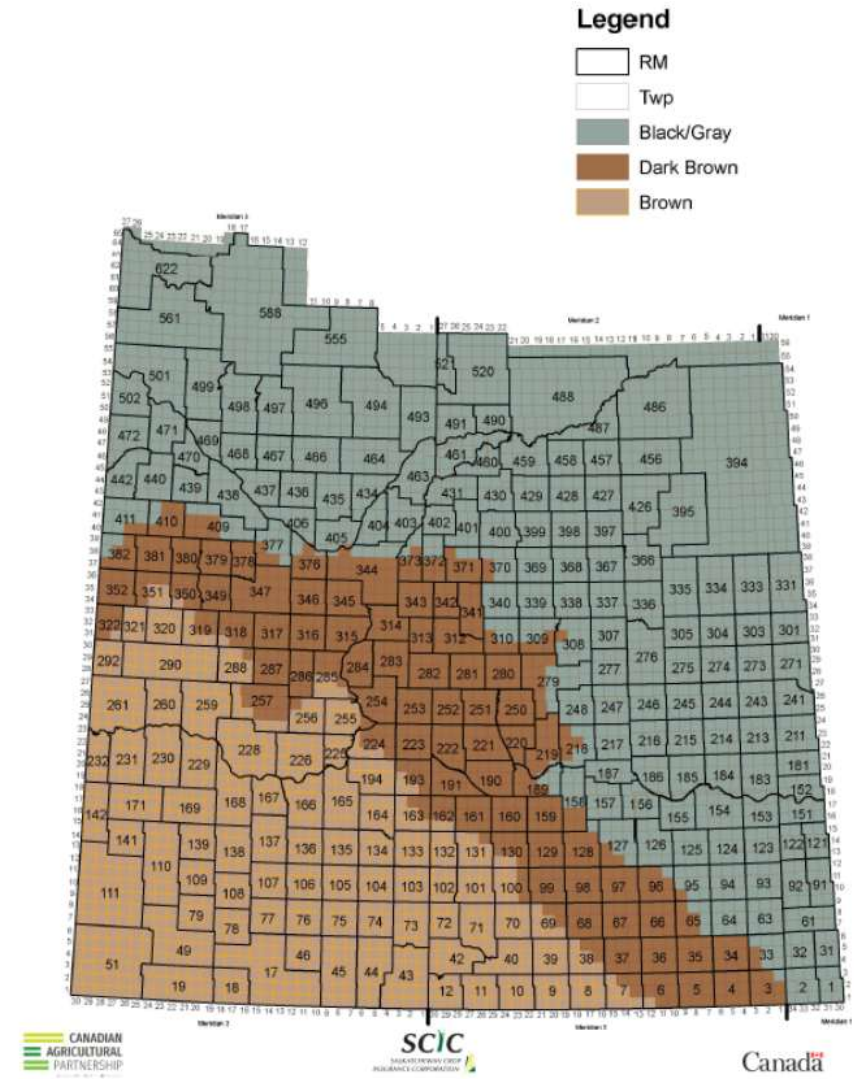
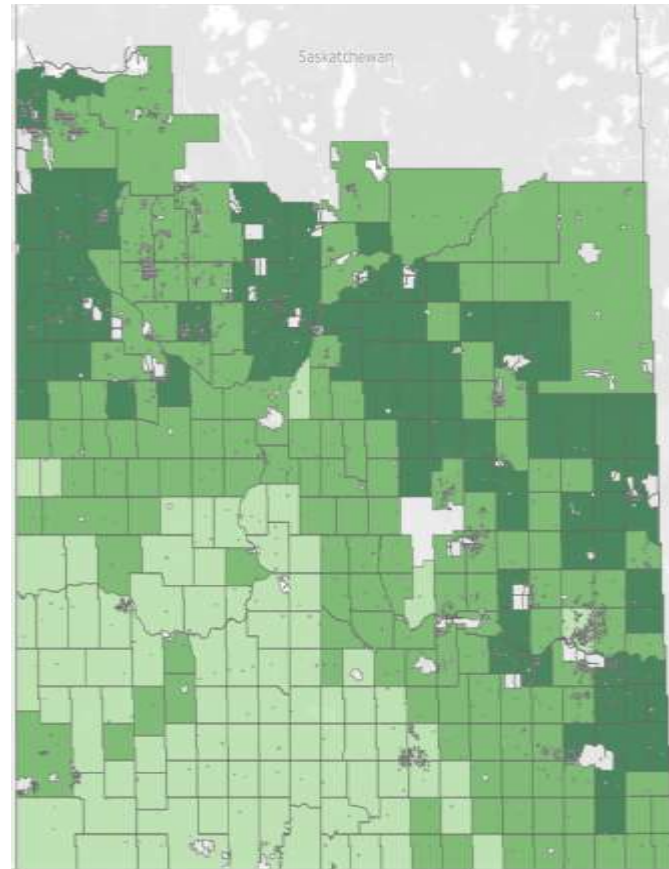


Pea Yield Cluster Properties



# Summary and Future Work

- Able to find 3 distinct clusters of pea yields in Saskatchewan
- Experiment with adding soil data, weather data, etc.
- Try K Means clustering with other pulses and compare results



# Thank You

