

## 1 4-Bit Adder Subtractor

In this assignment, we had to design a 4-Bit Ripple Carry Adder-Subtractor using Structural Description in VHDL.

### 1.1 Structural Description

We were given the Full-Adder design as reference. I created an entity encompassing the *Full-Adder* and *XOR Gate* to perform single bit addition or subtraction. 4 such components were cascaded to generate the 4-bit result.

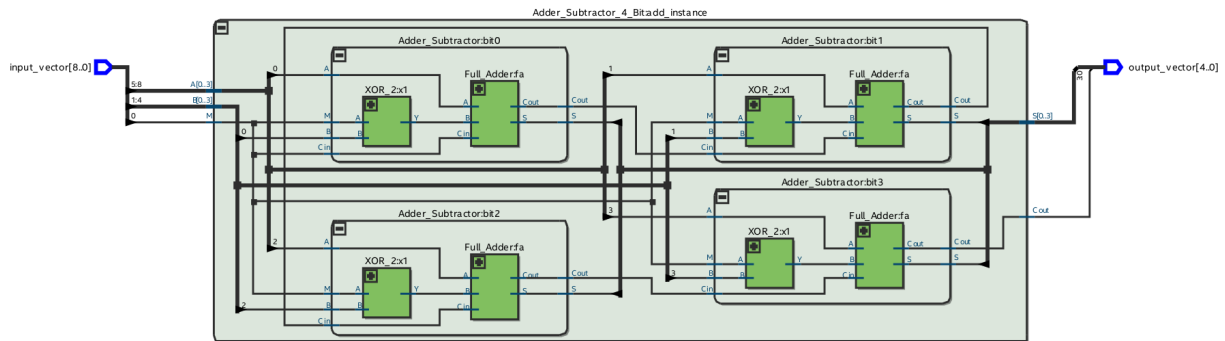


Figure 1: RTL View of Model

### 1.2 Circuit Functionality

The input signal  $M$  determines whether the circuit performs addition or subtraction. Each bit of number  $B$  is XORed with  $M$ .  $M$  is also passed as the input carry to the circuit.

#### 1.2.1 Case I: $M = 0$

When  $M$  is equal to 0,  $B$  is passed to the Full-Adder block since  $b \oplus 0 = b$ . The input carry to the circuit is 0 which leads to addition.

#### 1.2.2 Case I: $M = 1$

When  $M$  is equal to 1,  $\neg B$  is copied to the output since  $b \oplus 1 = \neg b$ . One's complement of  $B$  is passed to the Full-Adder Block. The input carry to the circuit is 1 which can be identified as computing the two's complement of  $B$ . Addition with two's complement is equivalent to subtraction.

### 1.3 Simulation

RTL and Gate Level Simulation were performed using *ModelSim*. Due to larger circuit size, I needed to increase the time for the circuit to settle down from 10ns to 20ns between test cases.

