# Eclipse Scout Migration Guide

Scout Team

Version 6.1

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## **API Changes (Java)**

#### **Text Provider Service**

The method AbstractDynamicNlsTextProviderService#getDynamicNlsBaseName has been made public. Adjust the method in your text provider service accordingly.

#### **Mnemonics**

Mnemonics are not supported anymore. All affected texts were either edited or removed because they are not used anymore.

Migration: Remove all mnemonics (8) from your text files as they will not be considered anymore. Replace 88 with 8. (88 was used to escape the mnemonic behaviour and display a single 8 in a text.)

The following methods were or will be removed:

- StringUtility.removeMnemonic
- StringUtility.getMnemonic
- IAction.PROP\_TEXT\_WITH\_MNEMONIC
- IAction.PROP\_MNEMONIC
- IAction.getTextWithMnemonic
- IAction.getMnemonic
- strings.removeMnemonic
- strings.removeAmpersand

#### getFocusOwner

Method getFocusOwner() was removed from IDesktop, IForm and DesktopEvent. Since replacing the old rich client ui technologies (swing, swt) with the modern html ui, this method didn't work correctly anymore.

There are no plans to implement correctly because of multiple reasons. It would increase network traffic between browser and ui server and also would be quite unreliable. The old behaviour was a synchronious result from the ui (swing, swt), which was feasible in rich client environments. But with a distant browser, a realtime result is hard to achieve and might already by outdated by its arrival at the ui server.

If such functionality is needed, it has to be programmed with java script within the browser.

#### **FinalValue**

setIfAbsent has been renamed to setIfAbsentAndGet. setIfAbsent now returns a boolean denoting, if a value was set or not.

#### @PostConstruct

A method annotated with <code>@PostConstruct</code> in a Bean is now guaranteed to run exactly once. The constructor may still run more than once.

#### Tree

The method AbstractTree#execAutoCheckChildNodes got two new parameters and the default implementation now considers enabledNodesOnly and does not always ignore disabled nodes.

## CookieUtility

CookieUtility was moved from org.eclipse.scout.rt.ui.html to org.eclipse.scout.rt.server.commons. Migrate by updating your imports. The Method addCookie() is now called addPersistentCookie(). Additional methods are available (to add a session cookie, or delete an existing cookie).

#### Pair

The Pair class was made abstract and two default implementations for a mutable pair (class MutablePair) and immutable pair (ImmutablePair) were added. Since the former Pair class was immutable, all occurences were changed to use the new ImmutablePair class. Migrate by update all occurences to use the new ImmutablePair.

#### **Customizing CSP directives**

The method org.eclipse.scout.rt.server.commons.servlet.HttpServletControl.getCspDirectives() is no longer available. CSP directives are now configured by the the bean org.eclipse.scout.rt.server.commons.servlet.ContentSecurityPolicy. To customize the rules, replace this bean with your own implementation and override the method initDirectives(). The bean provides fluent-style withXXX() methods.

#### StringUtility.contains() deprecated

The method StringUtility.contains() was marked as deprecated and will be removed in the P-release. The method was often used incorrectly due to poor documentation and unconventional implementation. The utility provides multiple new methods that can be used as a replacement:

containsString()

null-safe variant of String.contains()

containsStringIgnoreCase()

like containsString(), but ignores capitalization. Make sure to read the JavaDoc!

containsRegEx()

checks if the given regular expression matches part of the given string (essentially, this method automatically adds .\* on both sides of the regular expression)

null-safe variant of String.matches(), also allows to set the pattern flags

#### **BrowserInfo**

The class <code>BrowserInfo</code> was renamed to a more generic <code>HttpClientInfo</code> name, since the HTTP client can either be a browser, but may also be another server using the built-in HTTP client of the VM.

Futher the HttpClientInfo instance for each request is cached on the current HTTP session, if a session is available. Use the new HttpClientInfo get(HttpServletRequest request) method to get the cached HTTP client info.

#### **Virtual Tree Node**

The Virtual tree node has been deleted. The main reason for this was because of table pages: If an AbstractPageWithTable contains a lot of rows, for each of them a child page is created. To have these child pages as lightweight as possible the virtual node was introduced. This node was created for each row and only after activating a row (click by the user) the real child page has been created.

Now instead of creating a virtual node first an probably the real page afterwards the real page is created directly. Therefore the instance creation of pages below table pages should be very fast and not perform any backend calls. To assure this it is recommended to move any expensive operation currently implemented in the execInit() method to execCreateChildPages() or execPageActivated().

#### **Enabled Property of Form Fields**

The inheritance of the enabled property of form fields has been changed so that changing this property on a composite field does no longer automatically propagate the value to the children. Instead a form field is only considered to be enabled if all parent fields are enabled too.

To have the same behaviour you can use the method formField.setEnabled(yourValue, true /\* update parents \*/, true /\* update children \*/) which also propagates the value to parent and child fields. The same method also exists for the enabled-granted property: formField.setEnabledGranted(yourValue, true, true). However often it may no longer be required to actively propagate the new value to children. Therefore it is recommended to check the business logic manually where possible.

Furthermore the meaning of property change listeners changed. Check all the listeners using the org.eclipse.scout.rt.client.ui.form.fields.IFormField.PROP\_ENABLED property. This property is now only fired if the state of the form field itself has changed. If the enabled state of a parent field is modified, this property change event will no longer be fired. The actual enabled state of the field could have changed even though because the parents have an influence now. If the listener should also be notified about changes of the parents use the new property org.eclipse.scout.rt.client.ui.form.fields.IFormField.PROP\_ENABLED\_COMPUTED.

## NumberUtility.nvl(), DateUtility.nvl(), StringUtility.nvl()

The nvl() methods on NumberUtility, DateUtility and StringUtility were moved to a generic ObjectUtility.nvl(). The existing methods were deprecated and will be removed with next Scout release. Additionally the existing methods were restricted to use Number respectively Date only.

## StringUtility.substituteWhenEmpty()

The existing methods was deprecated and will be removed with next Scout release. Use StringUtility.hasText() and StringUtility.emptyIfNull() or StringUtility.nullIfEmpty() instead.

#### **CompareUtility**

The various null-safe compare methods on CompareUtility were moved to the new generic ObjectUtility. The existing methods were deprecated and will be removed with next Scout release.

## ThreadInterrupted-, TimedOut- and FutureCancelled-Exception (extends java.lang.RuntimeException) are now PlatofromErrors (extends java.lang.Error)

There were circumstances where the cancellation of long-running actions did not work or lead to unpleasant behaviors (for example multiple ExceptionForm, that is displayed after a cancellation by the user). Most of time caught exceptions where the reason for such behaviors.

In order to get rid of those problems, we have decided that the former RuntimeExceptions will become Errors and therefore should no longer be swallowed by catch(RuntimeException e). See **Eclipse Scout: Technical Guide** for more information about the new Throwable hierarchy.

## **API Changes (JS)**

## scout.graphics.prefSize()

The signature of JavaScript method scout.graphics.prefSize() has changed:

- Old: scout.graphics.prefSize(\$elem, includeMargin, options)
- New: scout.graphics.prefSize(\$elem, options)

The argument *includeMargin* was moved to the options object. See code documentation for a description of all options.

#### scout.ModelAdapter

If you have not created any custom widgets, you can skip this. If you only used BeanFields for customizing you can skip it as well.

Previously every widget with a corresponding part on the server extended scout.ModelAdapter. A model adapter is the connector with the server, it takes the events sent from the server and calls the corresponding methods on the widget. It also sends events to the server whenever an action happens on the widget. To make the widgets usable without a server, they don't extend from scout.ModelAdapter anymore but directly from scout.Widget. That means every widget with a server counter part have been separated into widget and model adapter, similarly to the server side where a IJsonAdapter exists for every model object. The model adapter creates the widget and attaches itself to it meaning it listens for events triggered by the widget and sends elected ones to the server. It also takes the events from the server and calls the corresponding methods of the widget.

So if you created custom widgets you have to separate them as well. Create for each widget a separate file called the same way as the Widget + 'Adapter'. That adapter extends either directly from scout. Model Adapter or from the corresponding adapter of the parent widget.

Example: You have created a XyField.js which extends from FormField.js. Now create a file called XyFieldAdapter.js and extend it from FormFieldAdapter.js.

You now have to move the server event handling methods to the adapter, if there are any at all. If your widget does not contain a method called onModelAction, you are fine. Beside these action events the server may send property change events as well. For every property change event the adapter will automatically call the corresponding setter method. If there is none it will call the generic method Widget.setProperty which eventually calls the \_sync and \_render methods of the property. So if your widget contains \_sync methods they will still be called on a server property change like before. But now you should create a JS property event to inform other widgets by using Widget.\_setProperty (note the \_). This was previously done automatically for every property which is still done if there is no \_sync method. If there is one you have to take care of it by yourself.

For the opposite direction meaning events from UI to server you have to more or less replace the calls of \_send() with trigger(). In the adapter you have to handle these widget events and call the \_send() method accordingly. If it is a property change event it is even simpler. Just call \_addRemoteProperties in the constructor of the model adapter for every property which should be sent to the server.

#### scout.ModelAdapter.\_send()

The signature of JavaScript method scout. ModelAdapter. send() has changed:

- Old: scout.ModelAdapter.\_send(type, data, delay, coalesceFunc, noBusyIndicator)
- New: scout.ModelAdapter.\_send(type, data, options)

Instead of passing individual arguments, pass all but the first two arguments in an options object: \* delay \* coalesce \* showBusyIndicator

Old:

```
this._send('selected', eventData, null, function() { ... });
```

New:

```
this._send('selected', eventData, {
  coalesce: function() { ... }
});
```

#### scout.Widget

If you have not created any custom widgets, you can skip this.

#### destroy()

With the separation of widget and model adapter the destroy handling has been refactored. This means every widget may now be destroyed. Previously only the widgets which extended from scout.ModelAdapter could be destroyed. The big advantage is that every widget now behaves the same and that there finally is a counter part for the \_init() called \_destroy() which makes it possible to do cleanup like removing listeners.

For you it means you have to decide whether you want to destroy or only remove your widgets. A widget knows the following states:

- 1. initialized
- 2. rendered
- 3. removed
- 4. destroyed

You can remove and render the same widget as many times you want, but if you destroy it you may not use it again and you would have to create a new one. It eventually has to be destroyed though for a proper cleanup. Normally this is done by the parent widget, but in some rare cases you have to take care of it by your own.

So check all the occurrences of YourWidget.remove() and maybe replace them with destroy.

#### **EventSupport**

Every widget now installs the event support by default. Previously \_addEventSupport had to be called in the constructor of the widget. This may now be removed.

#### KeyStrokeContext

The method \_addKeyStrokeContextSupport has been removed. If your widget needs keystroke support override \_createKeyStrokeContext and provide one. You can probably use the default scout.KeyStrokeContext. The parameter of \_initKeyStrokeContext has been removed as well. Just use

### Changes in "objectType" syntax and scout.create()

The "objectType" is a string describing which JavaScipt "class" to use when creating an object instance using <code>scout.create()</code> (roughly similar to a Java class name). To make the object factory more robust, the separator between the type and the model variant (e.g. defined by <code>@ModelVariant</code> annotation in Java) was change from . to :. The namespace separator remains .. This allows the following forms of object types:.

- "StringField": name without namespace, i.e. a type in the default namespace (resolves to scout.StringField)
- "myproject.StringField": namespace qualified name
- "StringField:MyVariant": type with variant (resolves to scout.MyVariantStringField), can also be combined with a namespace

**Migration:** Check your *objectFactories.js* and *defaultValues.json* files (if you have any in your project) for types with variant and convert the separator from . to :.

## Changed behavior of scout.HtmlComponent() constructor function

The constructor function scout.HtmlComponent() no longer links the \$comp to the new instance. Instead, the static function scout.HtmlComponent.install() should be used to create a new HtmlComponent and link it to \$comp. The constructor function should never be used anymore in custom code. (If you do, you will get errors.)

The new static method makes it clearer that it will alter the state of \$comp. For a normal constructor, such behavior is unexpected and thus discouraged.

**Migration:** Check all \**js* files in your project for occurences of new scout.HtlmComponent and replace them with scout.HtmlComponent.install.

```
// Old, do not use anymore!
this.$container = $parent.appendDiv('my-widget');
new scout.HtmlComponent(this.$container, this.session);

// New, change your code to this (no change in first line):
this.$container = $parent.appendDiv('my-widget');
scout.HtmlComponent.install(this.$container, this.session);
```

## **Other Changes**

#### **CSP report URL**

By default, the report-uri for CSP violations is now called /csp-report (instead of /csp.cgi).

### Reorganized \*.html files due to strict CSP rules

The \*.html files (index.html, login.html, logout.html etc.) have been changed to comply with the default Content Security Policy (CSP) rules.

The simplest way to migrate these files is to create them anew using the Scout SDK or maven archetype and compare them with your files. Otherwise, following this guide:

By default, inline <script> tags in HTML files are prohibited by CSP rules. Bootstrapping JavaScript code was therefore moved to dedicated \*.js files in the WebContent/res folder. Existing projects using CSP have to manually perform the following steps:

- 1. Open each \*.html file in your.project.ui.html/src/main/resources/WebContent folder and check if there are any inline script parts. Only <script> tags with embedded JavaScript code are considered "inline". Tags with a src attribute don't need to be changed.
- 2. Transfer the content of each script part to a \*js file in the res subdirectory (e.g. index.html ⇒ res/index.js) and delete the now empty <script> part.
- 4. If the extracted \*:js file contains <scout:message> tags, they have to be moved back to the <body> of the corresponding \*:html file (because the NLS translation can only process HTML files). The attribute style has to be changed from javascript to tag.

Example:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
 <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>Contacts Application</title>
    <scout:include template="head.html" />
    <scout:stylesheet src="res/scout-login-module.css" />
    <scout:script src="res/jquery-all-macro.js" />
    <scout:script src="res/scout-login-module.js" />
    <script> ①
      $(document).ready(function() {
        scout.login.init({texts: <scout:message style="javascript" key="ui.Login" key</pre>
="ui.LoginFailed" key="ui.User" key="ui.Password" /> });
      });
    </script>
 </head>
 <body>
    <scout:include template="no-script.html" />
 </body>
</html>
```

1 Prohibited inline script.

Listing 2. login.html after migration (Scout 6.1)

```
<!DOCTYPF html>
<html>
 <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>Contacts Application</title>
    <scout:include template="head.html" />
   <scout:stylesheet src="res/scout-login-module.less" />
   <scout:script src="res/jquery-all-macro.js" />
    <scout:script src="res/scout-login-module.js" />
    <scout:script src="res/login.js" /> ①
 </head>
 <body>
    <scout:include template="no-script.html" />
    <scout:message style="tag" key="ui.Login" key="ui.LoginFailed" key="ui.User" key=</pre>
"ui.Password" /> ②
 </body>
</html>
```

- 1 External script reference allowed by CSP.
- ② Moved from JavaScript call to <body>, changed style to tag.

```
$(document).ready(function() {
   scout.login.init(); ①
});
```

1 Translated texts are extracted automatically from DOM.

#### Renamed \*.css files to \*.less

Because the former \*:css files actually were LESS files, we've changed the wrong file extension from .css to .less. This allows editors with LESS support/validation to properly work with the LESS syntax and simplifies the usage of the LESS @import clause, since the (less) hint is not required anymore.

Steps required to migrate from an older Scout version to version 6.1:

- Rename all \*.css files in directory /WebContent/res to \*.less
- Chane the include syntax in \*-macro.less and \*-module.less:

```
Old: //@include("scout-module.css")New: @import "scout-module.less";
```

- In each \*.html file in directory /WebContent, use \*.less extension in stylesheet tag:
  - Old: <scout:stylesheet src="res/bsicrm-all-macro.css" />
  - New: <scout:stylesheet src="res/bsicrm-all-macro.less" />



Importing regular .css files in module files (\*-module.less) is still supported, and required in some cases. Just make sure that all stylesheets using LESS do have a \*.less file extension. Macros and modules must always be LESS files.



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