```
### Computational Policy and Project Analysis
                                            ########
### Lecture title: Lecture 02. Programming Basics
                                            ########
### Developed by. KKIM
                                            ########
?rpart
library(rpart)
install.packages('rpart')
?rpart
library(rpart)
?rpart
### Help
print("Kim")
help(print)
?print
print('ABC')
### Comments
# Welcome to CPPA Lecture.
# Enjoy!
### Operators
1 + 2
    ## addition
1 - 3
     ## substraction
1 * 3
    ## mulitiplication
2 / 3 ## division
1 %% 3 ## remainder
       ## inequality
1 > 2
1*2 == 2 ## equality
!(1 > 2) ## negation
(2 > 1) & (2 > 3) ## logical AND
(1 > 2) \mid (1 > 3) \# \log C OR
### Assign value to variable
myVariable <- 2.4
a <- 123
b <- 234
myVariable
b
### Variable Name
name <-1
name.first <- 1
file23 <- 1
23 <- 1
23jordan <- 1
.3Ace <- 1
.Ace <- 1
_2323jordan <- 1
a2323jordan <- 1
### Data Type
typeof(TRUE)
typeof("Hello")
typeof(3.14)
typeof(1)
```

typeof(1L)

```
?numeric
?integer
?double
?character
?factor
### Character
 'Yonsei'
123
'''Life is too short, You need love'''
Yonsei is my girlfiend's university
'Yonsei is my girlfiend's university'
                                       ' # (X)
'Yonsei is my girlfiend"s university'
                                        # (0)
'Yonsei is my girlfriend\' university'
                                         # (0)
### Factor
typeof(sex_vector)
factor(sex_vector)
factor_sex_vector <- factor(sex_vector)</pre>
print(factor_sex_vector)
# factor_sex_vector <- factor(c("Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Male"))</pre>
# print(factor_sex_vector)
factor_sex_vector
typeof(factor_sex_vector)
str(factor_sex_vector)
levels(factor_sex_vector)
sex_vector
typeof(sex_vector)
str(sex_vector)
levels(sex_vector)
### Factor - Changing Levels
survey_vector <- c("M", "F", "F", "M", "M")
factor_survey_vector <- factor(survey_vector)</pre>
factor_survey_vector
# str(factor_survey_vector)
# Specify the levels of factor_survey_vector
levels(factor_survey_vector)
levels(factor_survey_vector) <- c('Female', 'Male')</pre>
levels(factor_survey_vector)
# factor_survey_vector
# str(factor_survey_vector)
### Factor - Summarizing a factor
# Generate summary for survey_vector
summary(survey_vector)
# Generate summary for factor_survey_vector
summary(factor_survey_vector)
### Changing Levels with Orders
tier_factor <- factor(tier)
tier_factor
str(tier_factor)
tier_factor_ed <- factor(tier,
                        levels=c("Iron", "Bronze", "Silver", "Gold", "Platinum",
                                 # "Diamond",
                                 "Master", "GMaster", "Challenger"))
tier_factor_ed
```

```
str(tier_factor_ed)
tier_factor_ed
tier_factor_ed[1] < tier_factor_ed[2]</pre>
tier_factor_ed_or <-
  factor(tier, ordered=TRUE,
         levels=c("Iron", "Bronze", "Silver", "Gold", "Platinum"
                   "Diamond","Master","GMaster","Challenger"))
tier_factor_ed_or
str(tier_factor_ed_or)
tier_factor_ed_or[1] < tier_factor_ed_or[2]</pre>
### Boolean
TRUE
FALSE
Т
True
False
### Data Type Check
is.numeric('123')
is.integer(123.0)
is.double(123)
is.character(123)
is.factor(123)
### Data Type Conversion
as.numeric('123')
class(as.numeric('123'))
as.integer(123.0)
as.double(123)
as.character(123)
as.factor(123)
as.numeric(c("-.1"," 2.7 ","B"))
as.integer(c("-.1"," 2.7 ","B"))
### Quiz
# 1) Create a variable called "MyLottery" with 7 numbers: 8, 11, 15, 16, 17, 37, 36
MyLottery \leftarrow c(8, 11, 15, 16, 17, 37, 36)
MyLottery
# 2) Write down a R command that checks the data type of MyLottery
typeof(MyLottery)
# 3) Convert all values in MyLottery to character
as.character(MyLottery)
MyLottery
MyLottery <- as.character(MyLottery)</pre>
MyLottery
# 4) What is the result of the following code?
sum(c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, T, F, T))
pools <- read.csv(file="R file/R file_LEC02/pools.csv")</pre>
str(pools)
head(pools)
pools_ed <- read.csv(file="R file/R file_LECO2/pools.csv",</pre>
                     stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
str(pools_ed)
head(pools_ed)
pools_ed <-
```

```
read.csv(file="R file/R file_LECO2/pools.csv",
           stringsAsFactors = TRUE,
           header = FALSE)
head(pools_ed)
## Import table
hotdogs <-
  read.table('R file/R file_LECO2/hotdogs.txt',
            sep = '\t')
head(hotdogs)
hotdogs <-
  read.table('R file/R file_LECO2/hotdogs.txt',
             sep = 'Wt',
             col.names = c("type", "calories", "sodium"))
head(hotdogs)
## Export .csv
# hotdogs$cal.type <- ifelse(hotdogs$calories >= 150,
#
                             'heavy',
#
                             'light')
hotdogs_meat <-
 hotdogs[hotdogs$type=="Meat",]
head(hotdogs_meat)
write.csv(hotdogs_meat,
          file = "R file/R file_LECO3/newhotdog_meat.csv")
write.csv(hotdogs[hotdogs$type!="Meat",],
          file = "R file/R file_LECO3/newhotdog_notmeat.csv",
          row.names = FALSE)
## Export .table
write.table(hotdogs_meat,
            "R file/R file_LECO3/newhotdog_meat.tsv",
            row.names = FALSE,
            sep = '\t')
my.var <- 10
my.var2 \leftarrow c(1,4,6,22,3)
my.var3 <- c('John', 'Bob', 'Alice')</pre>
my.var4 \leftarrow data.frame(A = 1:3, B = 9:11)
save(my.var, my.var2, my.var3, my.var4,
     file = "R file/R file_LECO2/myVariables.RData")
load(file = "R file/R file_LECO2/myVariables.RData")
my.var <- 10
my.var2 \leftarrow c(1,4,6,22,3)
my.var3 <- c('John', 'Bob', 'Alice')</pre>
my.var4 \leftarrow data.frame(A = 1:3, B = 9:11)
save(list=ls().
     file = "R file/R file_LECO3/myVariables.RData")
load(file = "R file/R file_LECO3/myVariables.RData")
```