Introduction to Big Data

- · Developed by Dr. Keungoui KIM
- https://awekim.github.io/portfolio/

Lecture 4. Data Manipulation with Pandas II

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
sample_1 = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/[Lecture]/IntBigData/BigData_Python/O4_DataManipulation/IBC
employee = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/[Lecture]/IntBigData/BigData_Python/O4_DataManipulation/IBC
```

DataFrame Check

```
sample_1.head()
sample_1.shape
sample_1_row, sample_1_col = sample_1.shape
print(sample_1_row)
print(sample_1_col)
sample_1.size
len(sample_1)
sample_1.info()
sample_1.sort_values(by=['Name'], ascending = True)
sample_1.sort_values(by=['score'], ascending = False)
```

DataFrame Manipulation

```
sample_1_sample
sample_1_sample.transpose()

sample_1_sample.columns

sample_1_sample.columns[[0,1,4,2,3]]

sample_1_sample.columns = sample_1_sample.columns[[0,1,4,5,2,3]]

sample_1_sample.head()
```

Checking Missing Values

```
sample_1
sample_1.isnull()
sample_1.notnull()
sample_1.isnull().any()
sample_1.isnull().any()
```

Checking Frequency of Missing Values

```
1 == True
0 == False
sample_1.isnull()
sample_1.isnull().sum()
type(sample_1.isnull())
type(sample_1.isnull().sum())
sample_1.notnull().sum()
sample_1.notnull().sum()
sample_1.notnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=True)
sample_1.notnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

Finding Missing Values

```
sample_1

pd.Series([True,False]*5)

sample_1[pd.Series([True,False]*5)]
```

```
sample_1
sample_1['score'].isnull()
sample_1[sample_1['score'].isnull()]
sample_1[sample_1['score'].notnull()]
sample_1['grade']
sample_1['grade']=='A'
sample_1[sample_1['grade']=='A']
sample_1.loc[sample_1['grade']=='A']
sample_1['score']>80
sample_1[sample_1['score']>80]
sample_1.loc[sample_1['score']>80]
```

Handling Missing Values

.dropna()

```
sample_1.dropna()
sample_1.dropna(axis=0)
sample_1.dropna(axis=1)
sample_1.dropna(how='any')
sample_1.dropna(how='all')
sample_1.dropna(inplace=False)
sample_1.dropna(inplace=False)
```

✓ .fillna()

```
sample_1.fillna(0)
sample_1.fillna(method='backfill')
sample_1.fillna(method='bfill')
sample_1.fillna(method='pad')
sample_1.fillna(method='ffill')
```

.replace()

.interpolate()

```
sample_1.interpolate(method = 'linear')
```

DataFrame Reshape

Reshape with DataFrame (pandas)

```
sample_1_wide = sample_1
sample_1_wide
sample_1_wide.melt(id_vars='Name',
                   value_vars=['age', 'major',
                                'score', 'grade'])
sample_1_wide.melt(id_vars='Name',
                   value_vars=['age', 'major', 'score', 'grade'],
                   var_name='VariableType',
                   value_name='Amount').head()
sample_1_long = sample_1_wide.melt(id_vars='Name',value_vars=['age','major','score','grade'])
sample_1_long.rename(columns={'variable':'attribute','value':'amount'}, inplace=True)
sample_1_long.sort_values('Name').head()
sample_1_long.pivot(index='Name',
                    columns='attribute',
                    values='amount')
sample_1_long_wide = sample_1_long.pivot(index='Name',
                                          columns='attribute',
                                          values='amount')
sample_1_long_wide
sample_1_long_wide.columns
```

Review

- Import employee.csv to variable called employee
- 2. What are the names of columns?
- 3. How many number of rows and columns are there?
- 4. Is there any missing value?
- 5. If so, which column?
- 6. Find the rows where the value of RACE is missing.
- 7. Convert this table into long table.

```
import pandas as pd
employee = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/[Lecture]/IntBigData/BigData_Python/04_DataManipulation/IBD
employee
employee.columns
employee.shape
employee.isnull().any().any()
employee.isnull().any()
employee[employee.RACE.isnull()]
employee.melt(id_vars='UNIQUE_ID',
              value_vars=['POSITION_TITLE', 'DEPARTMENT', 'BASE_SALARY', 'RACE', 'EMPLOYMENT_TYPE',
                           'GENDER', 'EMPLOYMENT_STATUS', 'HIRE_DATE', 'JOB_DATE'],
              var_name='VariableType',
              value_name='Value').head()
employee = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/[Lecture]/IntBigData/BigData_Python/04_DataManipulation/IB(
employee.columns
employee.shape
employee.isnull().any().any()
employee.isnull().any()
employee[employee.RACE.isnull()]
var_list = ['POSITION_TITLE', 'DEPARTMENT', 'BASE_SALARY', 'RACE',
            'EMPLOYMENT_TYPE', 'GENDER', 'EMPLOYMENT_STATUS',
            'HIRE_DATE', 'JOB_DATE']
employee.melt(id_vars='UNIQUE_ID',
              value_vars=var_list,
              var_name='VariableType',
              value_name='Value').head()
```

Variable Conversion

DataFrame Summarise

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

hack_sal = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/[Lecture]/IntBigData/BigData_Python/04_DataManipulation/II
hack_sal.head()
```



```
hack_sal['job_title_category'].unique()
hack_sal['job_title_category'].nunique()
type(hack_sal)
hack_sal_group = (
    hack_sal.
    groupby('job_title_category')
type(hack_sal_group)
hack_sal_group
hack_sal_group.groups
hack_sal_group.ngroups
hack_sal_group.size()
hack_sal_group.get_group('Data')
hack_sal_group2 = (
    hack_sal.groupby(
        ['job_title_category',
          'total_experience_years_d'])
type(hack_sal_group2)
```

```
hack_sal_group2.groups

hack_sal_group2.size()

hack_sal_group2.first()

# hack_sal_group2.last()

(
    hack_sal_group2.
get_group(['Data', 'overDecade'])
)

(hack_sal_group2.
get_group(('Data', 'overDecade'))
)
```

Aggregating DataFrame

import pandas as pd

```
hack_sal = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/[Lecture]/IntBigData/BigData_Python/04_DataManipulation/II
hack\_sal\_group = (
    hack_sal.
    groupby('job_title_category')
hack_sal_group2 = (
    hack_sal.groupby(
        ['job_title_category',
         'total_experience_years_d'])
hack_sal_group.head(1)
hack_sal_group2.groups
hack_sal.iloc[[342, 388, 611, 627, 1444, 1643],]
hack_sal_group.annual_base_pay.max()
hack_sal_group[['annual_base_pay','signing_bonus']].max()
hack_sal_group2.annual_base_pay.max()
(
    hack_sal_group2.annual_base_pay.
agg(['max', 'min', 'count', 'median', 'mean'])
standardization = lambda x: (x - x.mean()) / x.std()
hack_sal_group2.annual_base_pay.apply(standardization).head()
hack_sal_group2.signing_bonus.apply(standardization)
hack_sal_group2.head()
```

```
(
    hack_sal_group2['annual_base_pay','signing_bonus','annual_bonus'].
apply(standardization).head()
)
hack_sal.head()
```

Apply exercise

```
import pandas as pd
df_sample = {'type':['a','a','b','b'],'var_1':[1,2,3,4],
             'var_2':[1,1,1,1]}
df_sample = pd.DataFrame(df_sample)
df_sample
df_sample['var_1_mean'] = df_sample['var_1'].mean()
df_sample['var_2_mean'] = df_sample['var_2'].mean()
df_sample
len(df_sample.type)
df_sample.type.apply(len)
df_sample.var_1.mean()
df_sample.var_1.apply("mean")
df_sample_gr = (
    df_sample.groupby('type')#, group_keys=True)
import numpy as np
df_sample['var_1'].apply(np.mean)
df_sample_gr['var_1'].apply(np.mean)
df_sample.var_1.transform(lambda x: x - x.mean())
df_sample.var_1.apply(lambda x: x - df_sample['var_1'].mean())
df_sample_gr.var_1.apply(lambda x: x - x.mean()).reset_index()
df_sample_gr.var_1.transform(lambda x: x - x.mean()).reset_index()
```