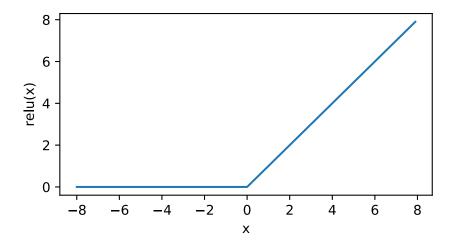
## **Activation Functions**

## **ReLU Function**

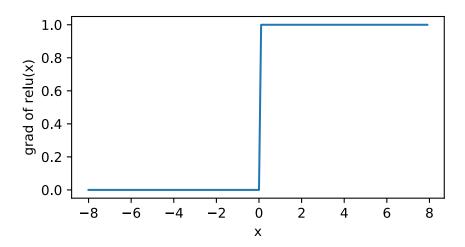
ReLU(x) = max(x, 0).

```
In [2]: x = nd.arange(-8.0, 8.0, 0.1)
x.attach_grad()
with autograd.record():
    y = x.relu()
xyplot(x, y, 'relu')
```



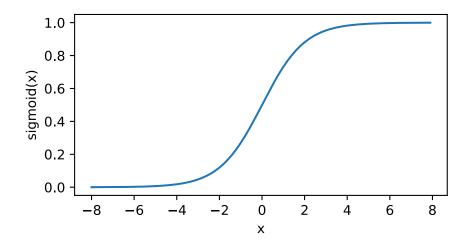
## The Sub-derivative of ReLU

```
In [3]: y.backward()
xyplot(x, x.grad, 'grad of relu')
```



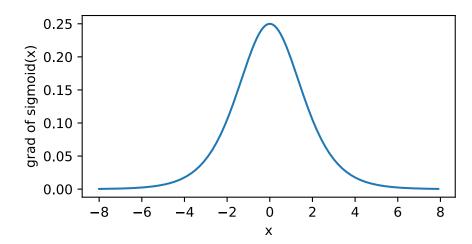
# **Sigmoid Function**

$$sigmoid(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-x)}.$$



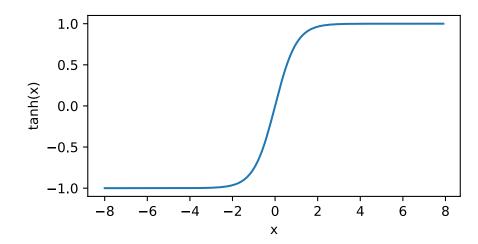
The Derivative of Sigmoid 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{sigmoid}(x) = \frac{\exp(-x)}{(1 + \exp(-x))^2} = \operatorname{sigmoid}(x) (1 - \operatorname{sigmoid}(x)).$$

```
In [5]:
     y.backward()
     xyplot(x, x.grad, 'grad of sigmoid')
```



#### **Tanh Function**

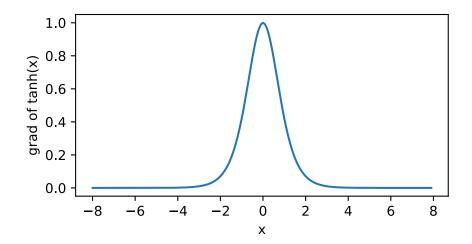
$$\tanh(x) = \frac{1 - \exp(-2x)}{1 + \exp(-2x)}.$$



## The derivative of Tanh

$$\frac{d}{dx}\tanh(x) = 1 - \tanh^2(x).$$

```
In [7]: y.backward()
xyplot(x, x.grad, 'grad of tanh')
```



```
In [ ]:
```