# Bristol Bay Red King Crab Stock Assessment 2017

D'Arcy Webber<sup>1</sup>, Jie Zheng<sup>2</sup>, and James Ianelli<sup>3</sup>
<sup>1</sup>Quantifish, darcy@quantifish.co.nz
<sup>2</sup>Alaska Department of Fish and Game, jie.zheng@alaska.gov
<sup>3</sup>NOAA, jim.ianelli@noaa.gov

# April 2017

# **Executive Summary**

- 1. Stock: Red king crab (RKC), Paralithodes camtschaticus, in Bristol Bay, Alaska.
- 2. Catch: The domestic RKC fishery began to expand in the late 1960s and peaked in 1980 with a catch of 129.95 million lbs (58,943 t). The catch declined dramatically in the early 1980s and remained at low levels during the last three decades. The retained catch in 2015/16 was about 10 million lbs (4,500 t), similar to the catch in 2014/15. The magnitude of bycatch from groundfish trawl fisheries has been stable and small relative to stock abundance during the last 10 years.
- 3. Stock biomass: Estimated mature biomass increased dramatically in the mid 1970s and decreased precipitously in the early 1980s. Estimated mature crab abundance had increased during 1985-2009 with mature females being about three times more abundant in 2009 than in 1985 and mature males being about two times more abundant in 2009 than in 1985. Estimated mature abundance has steadily declined since 2009.
- 4. **Recruitment**: Estimated recruitment was high during the 1970s and early 1980s and has generally been low since 1985. During 1984-2016, in only 6 years were estimated recruitments above the historical average for 1976-2016. Estimated recruitment was low during the last 10 years.
- 5. Management performance: Status and catch specifications (1,000 t) (scenario 2) are given below. Total male catch has been estimated as the sum of fishery-reported retained catch, estimated male discard mortality in the directed fishery, and estimated male bycatch mortality in the Tanner crab and groundfish fisheries. The stock was above the minimum stock-size threshold (MSST) in 2016/17 and is hence not overfished. Overfishing did not occur in 2016/17 (Tables 1 and 2).

Table 1: Status and catch specifications (1000 tons) (scenario Gmacs base).

		Biomass		Retained	Total		
Year	MSST	$(MMB_{\rm mating})$	TAC	catch	catch	OFL	ABC
2012/13	$13.19^{A}$	$29.05^{A}$	3.56	3.62	3.9	7.96	7.17
2013/14	$12.85^{B}$	$27.12^{B}$	3.90	3.99	4.56	7.07	6.36
2014/15	$13.03^{C}$	$27.25^{C}$	4.49	4.54	5.44	6.82	6.14
2015/16	$12.89^{D}$	$27.68^{D}$	4.52	4.61	5.34	6.73	6.06
2016/17		$24.00^{D}$				6.64	5.97

Table 2: Status and catch specifications (million pounds) (scenario Gmacs base).

		Biomass		Retained	Total		
Year	MSST	$(MMB_{\rm mating})$	TAC	catch	catch	OFL	ABC
2012/13	$29.1^{A}$	$64.0^{A}$	7.85	7.98	8.59	17.55	15.8
2013/14	$28.3^{B}$	$59.9^{B}$	8.6	8.8	10.05	15.58	14.02
2014/15	$28.7^{C}$	$60.1^{C}$	9.99	10.01	11.99	15.04	13.53
2015/16	$28.4^{D}$	$61.0^{D}$	9.97	10.17	11.77	14.84	13.36
2016/17		$52.9^{D}$				14.63	13.17

#### Notes:

- A Calculated from the assessment reviewed by the Crab Plan Team in September 2013
- B Calculated from the assessment reviewed by the Crab Plan Team in September 2014
- C Calculated from the assessment reviewed by the Crab Plan Team in September 2015
- D Calculated from the assessment reviewed by the Crab Plan Team in September 2016
  - 6. Basis for the OFL: Estimated mature-male biomass (MMB) on 15 February is used as the measure of biomass for this Tier 4 stock, with males measuring 105 mm CL or more considered mature. The  $B_{MSY}$  proxy is obtained by averaging estimated MMB over a specific reference time period, and current CPT/SSC guidance recommends using the full assessment time frame as the default reference period (Table 3).

Table 3: Basis for the OFL (1000 tons) (scenario **Gmacs base**).

			Biomass					Natural
Year	Tier	$B_{MSY}$	$(MMB_{\mathrm{mating}})$	$B/B_{MSY}$	$F_{OFL}$	$\gamma$	Basis for $B_{MSY}$	mortality
2012/13	3b	27.5	26.3	0.96	0.31	1.0	1984-2012	0.18
2013/14	3b	26.4	25.0	0.95	0.27	1.0	1984-2013	0.18
2014/15	3b	25.7	24.7	0.96	0.28	1.0	1984-2014	0.18
2015/16	3b	26.1	24.7	0.95	0.27	1.0	1984-2015	0.18
2016/17	3b	25.8	24.0	0.93	0.27	1.0	1984-2016	0.18

Table 4: Basis for the OFL (millions of lbs ) (scenario Gmacs base).

			Biomass	•	, ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Natural
Year	Tier	$B_{MSY}$	$(MMB_{\rm mating})$	$B/B_{MSY}$	$F_{OFL}$	$\gamma$	Basis for $B_{MSY}$	mortality
2012/13	3b	60.7	58.0	0.96	0.31	1.0	1984-2012	0.18
2013/14	3b	58.2	55.0	0.95	0.27	1.0	1984-2013	0.18
2014/15	3b	56.7	54.4	0.96	0.28	1.0	1984-2014	0.18
2015/16	3b	57.5	54.4	0.95	0.27	1.0	1984-2015	0.18
2016/17	3b	56.8	52.9	0.93	0.27	1.0	1984-2016	0.18

# A. Summary of Major Changes

# Changes in Management of the Fishery

There were no new changes in management of the fishery.

# Changes to the Input Data

- a. The new 2016 NMFS trawl survey data and BSFRF side-by-side trawl survey data during 2013-2016 were used.
- b. Catch and biomass data were updated to include the 2016/17 information.
- c. The Tanner crab fishery was split out from the directed fishery bycatch data.
- d. The groundfish "fixed-gear" fishery was split from the trawl-gear bycatch data.

## Changes in Assessment Methodology

This assessment was done using Gmacs. There are several differences between the Gmacs assessment model and the previous model. One of the major differences being that natural and fishing mortality are continuous within 4 discrete seasons. Season length in Gmacs is controlled by changing the proportion of natural mortality that is applied during each season. A detailed outline of the Gmacs implementation of the BBRKC model is provided in Appendix A.

## Changes in Assessment Results

Results from the alternative models are qualitatively very similar to those conducted using the current assessment approach.

# B. Responses to SSC and CPT Comments

### CPT and SSC Comments on Assessments in General

Comment:

Response:

# CPT and SSC Comments Specific to the BBRKC Stock Assessment

Comment: The SSC and CPT requested the following models for review at the spring 2017 meeting:

- 1. Base: try to match 2016 model
- 2. Free q
- 3. Evaluate M

### Response:

Models 1, 2, and 3 are all included and evaluated in this document as the **Gmacs base**, **Free q**, and **Variable M** scenarios.

## C. Introduction

### Scientific Name

Red king crab (RKC), Paralithodes camtschaticus, in Bristol Bay, Alaska.

### Distribution

Red king crab inhabit intertidal waters to depths >200 m of the North Pacific Ocean from British Columbia, Canada, to the Bering Sea, and south to Hokkaido, Japan, and are found in several areas of the Aleutian Islands, eastern Bering Sea, and the Gulf of Alaska.

### Stock Structure

The State of Alaska divides the Aleutian Islands and eastern Bering Sea into three management registration areas to manage RKC fisheries: Aleutian Islands, Bristol Bay, and Bering Sea (Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) 2012). The Bristol Bay area includes all waters north of the latitude of Cape Sarichef (54°36' N lat.), east of 168°00' W long., and south of the latitude of Cape Newenham (58°39' N lat.) and the fishery for RKC in this area is managed separately from fisheries for RKC outside of this area; i.e., the red king crab in the Bristol Bay area are assumed to be a separate stock from red king crab outside of this area. This report summarizes the stock assessment results for the Bristol Bay RKC stock.

# Life History

Red king crab have a complex life history. Fecundity is a function of female size, ranging from several tens of thousands to a few hundreds of thousands (Haynes 1968; Swiney et al. 2012). The eggs are extruded by females, fertilized in the spring, and held by females for about 11 months (Powell and Nickerson 1965). Fertilized eggs are hatched in the spring, most during April-June (Weber 1967). Primiparous females are bred a few weeks earlier in the season than multiparous females. Larval duration and juvenile crab growth depend on temperature (Stevens 1990; Stevens and Swiney 2007). Male and female RKC mature at 5–12 years old, depending on stock and temperature (Loher et al. 2001; Stevens 1990) and may live >20 years (Matsuura and Takeshita 1990). Males and females attain a maximum size of 227 and 195 mm carapace length (CL), respectively (Powell and Nickerson 1965). Female maturity is evaluated by the size at which females are observed to carry egg clutches. Male maturity can be defined by multiple criteria including spermataphore production and size, chelae vs. carapace allometry, and participation in mating in situ (reviewed by Webb 2014). For management purposes, females >89 mm CL and males >119 mm CL are assumed to be mature for Bristol Bay RKC. Juvenile RKC molt multiple times per year until age 3 or 4; thereafter, molting continues annually in females for life and in males until maturity. Male molting frequency declines after attaining functional maturity.

### **Fishery**

The RKC stock in Bristol Bay, Alaska, supports one of the most valuable fisheries in the United States. A review of the history of the Bristol Bay RKC fishery is provided in Fitch et al. (2012) and Otto (1989). The Japanese fleet started the fishery in the early 1930s, stopped fishing from 1940 to 1952, and resumed the fishery from 1953 until 1974. The Russian fleet fished for RKC from 1959 to 1971. The Japanese fleet employed primarily tanglenets with a very small proportion of catch from trawls and pots. The Russian fleet used only tanglenets. United States trawlers started fishing Bristol Bay RKC in 1947, but the effort and catch declined in the 1950s. The domestic RKC fishery began to expand in the late 1960s and peaked in 1980 with a catch of 129.95 million lbs (58,943 t), worth an estimated \$115.3 million ex-vessel value. The catch

declined dramatically in the early 1980s and has remained at low levels during the last two decades (Table 1). After the early 1980s stock collapse, the Bristol Bay RKC fishery took place during a short period in the fall (usually lasting about a week) with the catch quota based on the stock assessment conducted the previous summer (Zheng and Kruse 2002). Beginning with the 2005/2006 season, new regulations associated with fishery rationalization resulted in an increase in the duration of the fishing season (October 15 to January 15). With the implementation of crab rationalization, historical guideline harvest levels (GHL) were changed to a total allowable catch (TAC). Before rationalization, the implementation errors were quite high for some years and total actual catch from 1980 to 2007 was about 6% less than the sum of GHL/TAC over that period.

# Fisheries Management

King and Tanner crab stocks in the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands are managed by the State of Alaska through a federal king and Tanner crab fishery management plan (FMP). Under the FMP, management measures are divided into three categories: (1) fixed in the FMP, (2) frame worked in the FMP, and (3) discretion of the State of Alaska. The State of Alaska is responsible for determining and establishing the GHL/TAC under the framework in the FMP. Harvest strategies for the Bristol Bay RKC fishery have changed over time. Two major management objectives for the fishery are to maintain a healthy stock that ensures reproductive viability and to provide for sustained levels of harvest over the long term (ADF&G 2012). In attempting to meet these objectives, the GHL/TAC is coupled with size-sex-season restrictions. Only males 6.5-in carapace width (equivalent to 135-mm carapace length, CL) may be harvested and no fishing is allowed during molting and mating periods (ADF&G 2012). Specification of TAC is based on a harvest rate strategy. Before 1990, harvest rates on legal males were based on population size, abundance of prerecruits to the fishery, and postrecruit abundance, and rates varied from less than 20% to 60% (Schmidt and Pengilly 1990). In 1990, the harvest strategy was modified, and a 20% mature male harvest rate was applied to the abundance of mature-sized (120-mm CL) males with a maximum 60% harvest rate cap of legal (135-mm CL) males (Pengilly and Schmidt 1995). In addition, a minimum threshold of 8.4 million mature-sized females (90-mm CL) was added to existing management measures to avoid recruitment overfishing (Pengilly and Schmidt 1995). Based on a new assessment model and research findings (Zheng et al. 1995a, 1995b, 1997a, 1997b), the Alaska Board of Fisheries adopted a new harvest strategy in 1996. That strategy had two mature male harvest rates: 10% when effective spawning biomass (ESB) is between 14.5 and 55.0 million lbs and 15% when ESB is at or above 55.0 million lbs (Zheng et al. 1996). The maximum harvest rate cap of legal males was changed from 60% to 50%. A threshold of 14.5 million lbs of ESB was also added. In 1997, a minimum threshold of 4.0 million lbs was established as the minimum GHL for opening the fishery and maintaining fishery manageability when the stock abundance is low. The Board modified the current harvest strategy by adding a mature harvest rate of 12.5% when the ESB is between 34.75 and 55.0 million lbs in 2003 and eliminated the minimum GHL threshold in 2012. The current harvest strategy is illustrated in Figure ??).

## D. Data

### **Summary of New Information**

Data used in this assessment have been updated to include the most recently available fishery and survey numbers. The NMFS and BSFRF trawl survey data were updated to include the survey data in 2016. Catch and biomass data were updated to 2016/17. Groundfish fisheries bycatch data during 2009-2016 were updated and separated into trawl fisheries and fixed gear. Bycatch of BBRKC in the directed Tanner crab pot fishery were also included. Survey and fishery size composition data were also updated and the extent of all different data sources is shown in Figure 2.

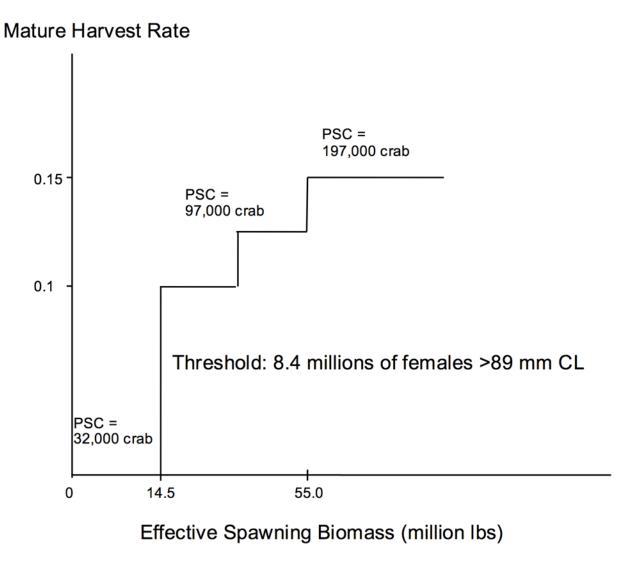


Figure 1: Current harvest rate strategy (line) for the Bristol Bay red king crab fishery and annual prohibited species catch (PSC) limits (numbers of crab) of Bristol Bay red king crab in the groundfish fisheries in zone 1 in the eastern Bering Sea. Harvest rates are based on current-year estimates of effective spawning biomass (ESB), whereas PSC limits apply to previous-year ESB.

### Data by type and year

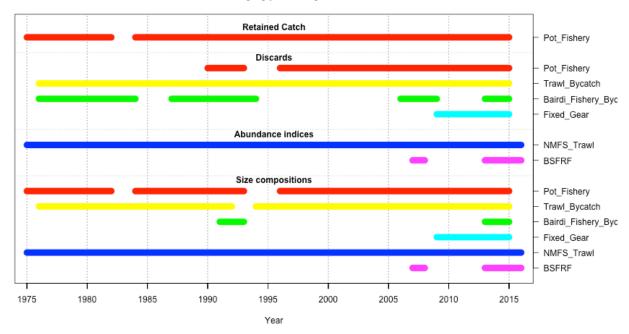


Figure 2: Data extent for the BBRKC assessment.

# Major Data Sources

### **Fishery**

Data on landings of Bristol Bay RKC by length and year and catch per unit effort from 1960 to 1973 were obtained from annual reports of the International North Pacific Fisheries Commission (Hoopes et al. 1972; Jackson 1974; Phinney 1975) and from the ADF&G from 1974 to 2015. Bycatch data are available starting from 1990 and were obtained from the ADF&G observer database and reports (Gaeuman 2013). Sample sizes for catch by length and shell condition are summarized in Table 7. Relatively large samples were taken from the retained catch each year. Sample sizes for trawl bycatch were the annual sums of length frequency samples in the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) database.

#### Catch by fishery

Estimated retained catch and bycatch are summarized in Table 5). Catch estimates from the directed fishery include the general, open-access fishery (prior to rationalization), or the individual fishery quota (IFQ) fishery (after rationalization), as well as the Community Development Quota (CDQ) fishery and the ADF&G cost-recovery harvest. Starting in 1973, the fishery generally occurred during the late summer and fall. Before 1973, a small portion of retained catch in some years was caught from April to June. Because most crab bycatch from the groundfish trawl fisheries occurred during the spring, the years in Table 5) are one year less than those from the NMFS trawl bycatch database to approximate the annual bycatch for reporting years defined as June 1 to May 31; e.g., year 2002 in Table 5 for trawl bycatch corresponds to what is reported for year 2003 in the NMFS database. Bycatch data for the cost-recovery fishery before 2006 were unavailable. In this report, pot fisheries are distinguished between the directed fishery and the Tanner crab fishery.

#### Catch size composition

Retained catch by length and shell condition and bycatch by length, shell condition, and sex were obtained for stock assessments. From 1960 to 1966, only retained catch length compositions from the Japanese fishery were available. Retained catch from the Russian and U.S. fisheries were assumed to have the same length compositions as the Japanese fishery during this period. From 1967 to 1969, the length compositions from the Russian fishery were assumed to be the same as those from the Japanese and U.S. fisheries. After 1969, foreign catch declined sharply and only length compositions from the U.S. fishery were used to distribute catch by length.

#### Surveys

NMFS annual trawl surveys of the eastern Bering Sea began in 1968. Two vessels, each towing an eastern otter trawl with an 83 ft headrope and a 112 ft footrope, conducted this multispecies, crab-groundfish survey during the summer. Stations were sampled in the center of a systematic 20 X 20 nm grid overlaid in an area of 140,000 nm<sup>2</sup>. Since 1972, the trawl survey has covered the full stock distribution except in nearshore waters. The survey in Bristol Bay occurs primarily during late May and June. Tow-by-tow trawl survey data for Bristol Bay RKC during 1975-2016 were provided by NMFS.

Abundance estimates by sex, carapace length, and shell condition were derived from survey data using an area-swept approach. Until the late 1980s, NMFS used a post-stratification approach, but subsequently treated Bristol Bay as a single stratum; If multiple tows were made for a single station in a given year, the average of the abundances from all tows within that station was used as the estimate of abundance for that station. The new time series since 2015 discards all "hot spot" tows. We used the new area-swept estimates provided by NMFS in 2016.

In addition to standard surveys, NMFS also conducted some surveys after the standard surveys to better assess mature female abundance. In addition to the standard surveys conducted in early June (late May to early June in 1999 and 2000), a portion of the distribution of Bristol Bay RKC was re-surveyed in 1999, 2000, and 2006-2012. "Resurveys" performed in late July, about six weeks after the standard survey, included 31 stations (1999), 23 stations (2000), 31 stations (2006, 1 bad tow and 30 valid tows), 32 stations (2007-2009), 23 stations (2010) and 20 stations (2011 and 2012) with high female density. The resurveys were necessary because a high proportion of mature females had not yet molted or mated when sampled by the standard survey. Differences in area- swept estimates of abundance between the standard surveys and resurveys of these same stations are attributed to survey measurement errors or to seasonal changes in distribution between survey and resurvey. More large females were observed in the resurveys than during the standard surveys in 1999 and 2000 because most mature females had not molted prior to the standard surveys. As in 2006, area-swept estimates of males >89 mm CL, mature males, and legal males within the 32 resurvey stations in 2007 were not significantly different (P=0.74, 0.74 and 0.95; paired t-test of sample means) between the standard survey and resurvey tows. However, similar to 2006, area-swept estimates of mature females within the 32 resurvey stations in 2007 were significantly different (P=0.03; paired t-test) between the standard survey and resurvey tows. Resurvey stations were close to shore during 2010-2012, and mature and legal male abundance estimates were lower for the re-tow than the standard survey. Following the CPT recommendation, we used the standard survey data for male abundance estimates and only the resurvey data, plus the standard survey data outside the resurveyed stations, to assess female abundances during these resurvey years.

## Other data sources and excluded data sources

Catch per unit effort (CPUE) is defined as the number of retained crab per tan (a unit fishing effort for tanglenets) for the Japanese and Russian tanglenet fisheries and the number of retained crab per potlift for the U.S. fishery. Soak time, while an important factor influencing CPUE, is difficult to standardize. Furthermore, complete historical soak time data from the U.S. fishery are unavailable. Based on the approach of Balsiger (1974), all fishing effort from Japan, Russia, and U.S. were standardized to the Japanese tanglenet from 1960 to 1971, and the CPUE was standardized as crab per tan. Except for the peak-to-crash years of late 1970s and early 1980s the correspondence between U.S. fishery CPUE and area-swept survey abundance is poor.

Due to the difficulty in estimating commercial fishing catchability commercial CPUE data were ommitted used in the model.

Table 5: Bristol Bay red king crab annual catch and bycatch mortality biomass (t) from June 1 to May 31. A handling mortality rate of 20% for the directed pot, 25% for the Tanner fishery, and 80% for trawl was

assumed to estimate by catch mortality biomass.

Year         Netalined Catch         Pool Byeach         Serales         Byeach         Ramer Pishey         Cotch Catch           1953         1331,3         1331,3         470.56         600.9		ea to estii	mate bycatch mortality bi	omass.					
1954   1149.9   3720.4   4870.2   487	Year		Retained Catch		Pot 1	Bycatch	Trawl	Tanner Fishery	Total
1954   1149		U.S.	Cost-Recovery Foreign	Total	Males	Females	Bycatch	Bycatch	Catch
1954   1149.9   3720.4   4870.2   4870.2   4870.2   4870.2   4741.9   474	$\overline{1953}$	1331.3		6036.9			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
1955         1029.2         3712.7         4741.9         4566.4         4566.4         4566.4         4566.4         1957         339.7         3718.1         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4057.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8         4059.8			3720.4						4870.2
1956									
1957         339.7         3718.1         4957.8         4957.8         4957.8         3541.8         1959         0         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         1959         0         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         1959         1         2472.9         12472.9         12472.9         12472.9         1961         133.7         20226.6         20402.3         2049.0         20402.3									
1958         3.2         3541.6         3544.8         3544.8         3606.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         6062.3         20420.3									
1959									
1990									
1961         193.7         20226.6         20420.3         24619.6         24619.6         24619.6         24619.6         24619.6         24619.6         24619.6         24619.6         25227         22527         22527         22527         22527         22528         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25758.8         25759.8									
1996									
1963         296.2         24930.8         25227         25227           1964         373.3         26385.5         26758.8         26758.8           1965         648.2         18730.6         19378.8         26758.8           1966         452.2         19212.4         1964.6         1967.6           1967         1.407         1.5237         16664.1         16664.1           1968         339.9         1.2457.7         16939.6         16396.6           1969         4718.7         6524         11242.7         1242.7           1971         3882.3         5880.4         2711.7         1242.7           1972         9863.4         2141         12004.3         1241.9           1972         9863.4         2141         12004.3         1231.2           1973         12207.8         103.4         12311.2         12311.2           1975         23281.2         0 23281.2         23281.2         12311.2           1967         23781.2         25993.6         682.8         22676.4           1977         31736.9         31736.9         1249.9         32986.8           1978         39743         0 349.0         1336.1									
1994         373.3         26385.5         26758.8         19378.8         19378.8         19378.8         19378.8         19378.8         19378.8         19378.8         1966.6         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.1         1969.2         1971.7         1973.8         1934.1         1933.6         1938.7         1938.8         1939.8         1									
1966         648.2         1873.6         19378.8         19378.8           1966         452.2         1921.24         19664.6         1967         1407         15257         16664.1         16664.1         16664.1           1968         3339.9         12457.7         1639.6         1639.6         1639.6         1639.6         1639.6           1970         382.3         588.4         171.7         1242.7         971.7         1721.7         1721.7         5872.2         2782.3         8654.5         8654.5         8654.5         8654.5         1204.3         1204.3         1204.3         1201.3         1227.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         13357.6         8654.5         8654.5         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         13357.6         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         23281.2         1366.3         1331.9         23286.8 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1968         3939.9         12459.7         16399.6         16399.6         16399.6         11242.7         11242.7         11242.7         11242.7         1970         3882.3         5889.4         9771.7         9771.7         9771.7         9771.7         1971         5872.2         2782.3         8664.5         12004.3         12311.2         12004.3         12311.2         12004.3         12311.2         12004.3         12311.2         12004.3         12311.2         12311.2         12004.3         1231.2         12311.2         12311.2         12311.2         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1232.6         1242.9         1232.6         1242.9         1232.6         1406.3         1249.9         1232.6         1406.3         1292.9         1249.9         1232.2         1292.6         1252.8         1292.4									
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				16664.1					
1970	1968	3939.9		16399.6					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1969	4718.7	6524	11242.7					11242.7
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1970	3882.3	5889.4	9771.7					9771.7
1973         12207.8         103.4         12311.2         19387.6         19387.6         19387.6         19387.6         19387.6         23281.2         232	1971	5872.2	2782.3	8654.5					8654.5
1973         12207.8         103.4         12311.2         19387.6         19387.6         19387.6         19387.6         19387.6         23281.2         232	1972	9863.4	2141	12004.3					12004.3
1974   1917.17			103.4						
1975   23281.2									
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1977   31736.9							682.8		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1979									
1980         58943.6         0         58943.6         1036.5         59980.1           1981         15236.8         0         15236.8         219.4         15456.2           1982         1361.3         0         1361.3         574.9         1396.2           1983         0         0         0         420.4         420.4           1984         1897.1         1094         22901.1           1985         1893.8         0         1893.8         390.1         2283.8           1986         5168.2         0         5168.2         200.6         5586.8           1987         5574.2         0         5574.2         186.4         5760.7           1988         3351.1         0         3351.1         597.8         3948.9           1990         9236.2         36.6         0         9272.8         526.9         651.5         247.6         10698.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7885.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10085.7           1992         3648.2         33.6         0         3681.8         552.4         418.5         335.4         2244.4         532.									
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1983         0         0         1897.1         1094         2991.1           1985         1893.8         0         1893.8         390.1         2283.8           1986         5168.2         0         5168.2         200.6         5368.8           1987         5574.2         0         5574.2         186.4         5760.7           1988         3351.1         0         3351.1         597.8         3948.9           1989         4656         0         4656         174.1         4830.1           1990         9236.2         36.6         0         9272.8         526.9         651.5         247.6         10698.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7855.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10085.7           1992         3648.2         33.6         0         3681.8         552         418.5         335.4         244.4         5232.2           1993         6635.4         24.1         0         6650.6         763.2         637.1         426.6         54.6         8541           1994         0         36.4         3.3         1.6         194.2         0         23									
1984         1897.1         0         1897.1         1094         2991.1           1985         1893.8         0         1893.8         30.1         2283.8           1986         5168.2         0         5576.2         200.6         55368.8           1987         5574.2         0         5574.2         186.4         5760.7           1988         3351.1         0         3551.1         597.8         3948.9           1990         9236.2         36.6         0         9272.8         526.9         651.5         247.6         10698.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7885.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10085.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7885.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10085.7           1992         3648.2         33.6         0         3681.8         552         418.5         335.4         244.4         5232.2           1993         6635.4         24.1         0         6659.6         763.2         637.1         426.6         54.6         8541           1994         0         36.4									
1985       1893.8       0       1893.8       390.1       2283.8         1986       5168.2       0       5168.2       200.6       5368.8         1987       5574.2       186.4       5760.7       1988       3351.1       0       3351.1       597.8       3948.9         1989       4656       0       4656       174.1       4830.1       1989.9         1991       7791.8       93.4       0       7885.1       407.8       75       316       1401.8       10698.7         1991       7791.8       93.4       0       7885.1       407.8       75       316       1401.8       10698.7         1992       3648.2       33.6       0       3681.8       552       418.5       335.4       244.4       5232.2         1993       6635.4       24.1       0       6659.6       763.2       637.1       426.6       54.6       854.1         1994       0       32.3       1.9       88.9       10.8       147.8         1995       0       36.4       0       36.4       3.3       1.6       194.2       0       235.5         1996       3812.7       49       0       366									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1988         3351.1         0         3351.1         597.8         3948.9           1989         4656         0         4656         174.1         4830.1           1990         9236.2         36.6         0         9272.8         526.9         651.5         247.6         10698.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7885.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10085.7           1992         3648.2         33.6         0         3681.8         552         418.5         335.4         244.4         5232.2           1993         6635.4         24.1         0         6659.6         763.2         637.1         426.6         54.6         8541           1994         0         42.3         3.8         1.9         88.9         10.8         147.8           1995         0         36.4         0         36.4         3.3         1.6         194.2         0         235.5           1996         3812.7         49         0         3861.7         164.6         1         106.5         0         4133.9           1997         3971.9         70.2         0         4042.1									
1989         4656         0         9272.8         526.9         651.5         247.6         10698.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7885.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10698.7           1992         3648.2         33.6         0         3681.8         552         418.5         335.4         244.4         5232.2           1993         6635.4         24.1         0         6659.6         763.2         637.1         426.6         54.6         8541           1994         0         42.3         0         42.3         3.8         1.9         88.9         10.8         147.8           1995         0         36.4         0         36.4         3.3         1.6         194.2         0         235.5           1996         3812.7         49         0         3861.7         164.6         1         106.5         0         4133.9           1997         3971.9         70.2         0         4042.1         244.7         19.6         73.4         0         4379.8           1998         6693.8         85.4         0         6779.2         959.7         864.9 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
1990         9236.2         36.6         0         9272.8         526.9         651.5         247.6         10698.7           1991         7791.8         93.4         0         7885.1         407.8         75         316         1401.8         10085.7           1992         3648.2         33.6         0         3681.8         552         418.5         335.4         244.4         5232.2           1993         6635.4         24.1         0         6659.6         763.2         637.1         426.6         54.6         8541           1994         0         42.3         0         42.3         3.8         1.9         88.9         10.8         147.8           1995         0         36.4         0         36.4         3.3         1.6         194.2         0         235.5           1996         3812.7         49         0         3861.7         164.6         1         106.5         0         413.3         1999.7         3971.9         70.2         0         4042.1         244.7         19.6         73.4         0         4379.8           1998         6693.8         85.4         0         6779.2         959.7         864.9									
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
1993         6635.4         24.1         0         6659.6         763.2         637.1         426.6         54.6         8541           1994         0         42.3         0         42.3         3.8         1.9         88.9         10.8         147.8           1995         0         36.4         0         36.4         3.3         1.6         194.2         0         235.5           1996         3812.7         49         0         3861.7         164.6         1         106.5         0         4133.9           1997         3971.9         70.2         0         4042.1         244.7         19.6         73.4         0         4379.8           1998         6693.8         85.4         0         6779.2         959.7         864.9         159.8         0         8763.7           1999         5293.5         84.3         0         5377.9         314.2         8.8         201.6         0         5902.4           2001         3811.5         54.6         0         3866.2         417.9         173.5         164.6         0         4622.1           2002         4340.9         43.6         0         4384.5         442.7 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7885.1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				7885.1					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1992	3648.2	33.6 0	3681.8	552	418.5	335.4	244.4	5232.2
1995         0         36.4         0         36.4         3.3         1.6         194.2         0         235.5           1996         3812.7         49         0         3861.7         164.6         1         106.5         0         4133.9           1997         3971.9         70.2         0         4042.1         244.7         19.6         73.4         0         4379.8           1998         6693.8         85.4         0         6779.2         959.7         864.9         159.8         0         8763.7           1999         5293.5         84.3         0         5377.9         314.2         8.8         201.6         0         5902.4           2000         3698.8         39.1         0         3737.9         360.8         40.5         100.4         0         4239.5           2001         3811.5         54.6         0         3866.2         417.9         173.5         164.6         0         4622.1           2002         4340.9         43.6         0         4384.5         442.7         7.3         155.1         0         4989.6           2003         7120         15.3         0         7135.3         918		6635.4		6659.6		637.1		54.6	8541
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1994	0	42.3 0	42.3	3.8	1.9	88.9	10.8	147.8
1997         3971.9         70.2         0         4042.1         244.7         19.6         73.4         0         4379.8           1998         6693.8         85.4         0         6779.2         959.7         864.9         159.8         0         8763.7           1999         5293.5         84.3         0         5377.9         314.2         8.8         201.6         0         5902.4           2000         3698.8         39.1         0         3737.9         360.8         40.5         100.4         0         4239.5           2001         3811.5         54.6         0         3866.2         417.9         173.5         164.6         0         4622.1           2002         4340.9         43.6         0         4384.5         442.7         7.3         155.1         0         4989.6           2003         7120         15.3         0         7135.3         918.9         430.4         172.3         0         8656.9           2004         6915.2         91.4         0         7006.7         345.5         187         119.6         0         7658.8           2005         8305         94.7         0         8399.7	1995	0	36.4 0	36.4	3.3	1.6	194.2	0	235.5
1998       6693.8       85.4       0       6779.2       959.7       864.9       159.8       0       8763.7         1999       5293.5       84.3       0       5377.9       314.2       8.8       201.6       0       5902.4         2000       3698.8       39.1       0       3737.9       360.8       40.5       100.4       0       4239.5         2001       3811.5       54.6       0       3866.2       417.9       173.5       164.6       0       4622.1         2002       4340.9       43.6       0       4384.5       442.7       7.3       155.1       0       4989.6         2003       7120       15.3       0       7135.3       918.9       430.4       172.3       0       8656.9         2004       6915.2       91.4       0       7006.7       345.5       187       119.6       0       7658.8         2005       8305       94.7       0       8399.7       1359.5       498.3       155.2       0       10412.8         2006       7005.3       137.9       0       7143.2       563.8       37       116.7       3.8       7864.4         2007       9237.9	1996	3812.7	49 0	3861.7	164.6	1	106.5	0	4133.9
1998       6693.8       85.4       0       6779.2       959.7       864.9       159.8       0       8763.7         1999       5293.5       84.3       0       5377.9       314.2       8.8       201.6       0       5902.4         2000       3698.8       39.1       0       3737.9       360.8       40.5       100.4       0       4239.5         2001       3811.5       54.6       0       3866.2       417.9       173.5       164.6       0       4622.1         2002       4340.9       43.6       0       4384.5       442.7       7.3       155.1       0       4989.6         2003       7120       15.3       0       7135.3       918.9       430.4       172.3       0       8656.9         2004       6915.2       91.4       0       7006.7       345.5       187       119.6       0       7658.8         2005       8305       94.7       0       8399.7       1359.5       498.3       155.2       0       10412.8         2006       7005.3       137.9       0       7143.2       563.8       37       116.7       3.8       7864.4         2007       9237.9	1997	3971.9	70.2 0	4042.1	244.7	19.6	73.4	0	4379.8
1999       5293.5       84.3       0       5377.9       314.2       8.8       201.6       0       5902.4         2000       3698.8       39.1       0       3737.9       360.8       40.5       100.4       0       4239.5         2001       3811.5       54.6       0       3866.2       417.9       173.5       164.6       0       4622.1         2002       4340.9       43.6       0       4384.5       442.7       7.3       155.1       0       4989.6         2003       7120       15.3       0       7135.3       918.9       430.4       172.3       0       8656.9         2004       6915.2       91.4       0       7006.7       345.5       187       119.6       0       7658.8         2005       8305       94.7       0       8399.7       1359.5       498.3       155.2       0       10412.8         2006       7005.3       137.9       0       7143.2       563.8       37       116.7       3.8       7864.4         2007       9237.9       66.1       0       9303.9       1001.3       186.1       138.5       1.8       10631.6         2008       92	1998			6779.2	959.7	864.9	159.8	0	
2000         3698.8         39.1         0         3737.9         360.8         40.5         100.4         0         4239.5           2001         3811.5         54.6         0         3866.2         417.9         173.5         164.6         0         4622.1           2002         4340.9         43.6         0         4384.5         442.7         7.3         155.1         0         4989.6           2003         7120         15.3         0         7135.3         918.9         430.4         172.3         0         8656.9           2004         6915.2         91.4         0         7006.7         345.5         187         119.6         0         7658.8           2005         8305         94.7         0         8399.7         1359.5         498.3         155.2         0         10412.8           2006         705.3         137.9         0         7143.2         563.8         37         116.7         3.8         7864.4           2007         9237.9         66.1         0         9303.9         1001.3         186.1         138.5         1.8         10631.6           2008         9216.1         0         0         9216.1<	1999	5293.5	84.3 0		314.2	8.8	201.6	0	
2001         3811.5         54.6         0         3866.2         417.9         173.5         164.6         0         4622.1           2002         4340.9         43.6         0         4384.5         442.7         7.3         155.1         0         4989.6           2003         7120         15.3         0         7135.3         918.9         430.4         172.3         0         8656.9           2004         6915.2         91.4         0         7006.7         345.5         187         119.6         0         7658.8           2005         8305         94.7         0         8399.7         1359.5         498.3         155.2         0         10412.8           2006         705.3         137.9         0         7143.2         563.8         37         116.7         3.8         7864.4           2007         9237.9         66.1         0         9303.9         1001.3         186.1         138.5         1.8         10631.6           2008         9216.1         0         0         9216.1         1165.5         148.4         159.5         4         10693.5           2009         7226.9         45.5         0         7272	2000	3698.8	39.1 0	3737.9	360.8	40.5	100.4	0	4239.5
2002       4340.9       43.6       0       4384.5       442.7       7.3       155.1       0       4989.6         2003       7120       15.3       0       7135.3       918.9       430.4       172.3       0       8656.9         2004       6915.2       91.4       0       7006.7       345.5       187       119.6       0       7658.8         2005       8305       94.7       0       8399.7       1359.5       498.3       155.2       0       10412.8         2006       7005.3       137.9       0       7143.2       563.8       37       116.7       3.8       7864.4         2007       9237.9       66.1       0       9303.9       1001.3       186.1       138.5       1.8       10631.6         2008       9216.1       0       0       9216.1       1165.5       148.4       159.5       4       10693.5         2009       7226.9       45.5       0       7272.5       888.1       85.2       103.7       1.6       8351.2         2010       6728.5       33       0       6761.5       797.5       122.6       85.3       0       7767         2012       3560								0	
2003         7120         15.3         0         7135.3         918.9         430.4         172.3         0         8656.9           2004         6915.2         91.4         0         7006.7         345.5         187         119.6         0         7658.8           2005         8305         94.7         0         8399.7         1359.5         498.3         155.2         0         10412.8           2006         7005.3         137.9         0         7143.2         563.8         37         116.7         3.8         7864.4           2007         9237.9         66.1         0         9303.9         1001.3         186.1         138.5         1.8         10631.6           2008         9216.1         0         0         9216.1         1165.5         148.4         159.5         4         10693.5           2009         7226.9         45.5         0         7272.5         888.1         85.2         103.7         1.6         8351.2           2010         6728.5         33         0         6761.5         797.5         122.6         85.3         0         7767           2011         3553.3         53.8         0         3607.				4384.5				0	
2004         6915.2         91.4         0         7006.7         345.5         187         119.6         0         7658.8           2005         8305         94.7         0         8399.7         1359.5         498.3         155.2         0         10412.8           2006         7005.3         137.9         0         7143.2         563.8         37         116.7         3.8         7864.4           2007         9237.9         66.1         0         9303.9         1001.3         186.1         138.5         1.8         10631.6           2008         9216.1         0         0         9216.1         1165.5         148.4         159.5         4         10693.5           2009         7226.9         45.5         0         7272.5         888.1         85.2         103.7         1.6         8351.2           2010         6728.5         33         0         6761.5         797.5         122.6         85.3         0         7767           2011         3553.3         53.8         0         3607.1         395         24         68.8         0         4094.9           2012         3560.6         61.1         0         3621.7 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
2005         8305         94.7         0         8399.7         1359.5         498.3         155.2         0         10412.8           2006         7005.3         137.9         0         7143.2         563.8         37         116.7         3.8         7864.4           2007         9237.9         66.1         0         9303.9         1001.3         186.1         138.5         1.8         10631.6           2008         9216.1         0         0         9216.1         1165.5         148.4         159.5         4         10693.5           2009         7226.9         45.5         0         7272.5         888.1         85.2         103.7         1.6         8351.2           2010         6728.5         33         0         6761.5         797.5         122.6         85.3         0         7767           2011         3553.3         53.8         0         3607.1         395         24         68.8         0         4094.9           2012         3560.6         61.1         0         3621.7         205.2         12.3         61.2         0         3900.5           2013         3901.1         89.9         0         3991									
2006       7005.3       137.9       0       7143.2       563.8       37       116.7       3.8       7864.4         2007       9237.9       66.1       0       9303.9       1001.3       186.1       138.5       1.8       10631.6         2008       9216.1       0       0       9216.1       1165.5       148.4       159.5       4       10693.5         2009       7226.9       45.5       0       7272.5       888.1       85.2       103.7       1.6       8351.2         2010       6728.5       33       0       6761.5       797.5       122.6       85.3       0       767         2011       3553.3       53.8       0       3607.1       395       24       68.8       0       4094.9         2012       3560.6       61.1       0       3621.7       205.2       12.3       61.2       0       3900.5         2013       3901.1       89.9       0       3991       310.6       99.8       136.2       28.5       4566         2014       4530       8.6       0       4538.6       584.7       86.2       221.9       42       5473.4									
2007         9237.9         66.1         0         9303.9         1001.3         186.1         138.5         1.8         10631.6           2008         9216.1         0         0         9216.1         1165.5         148.4         159.5         4         10693.5           2009         7226.9         45.5         0         7272.5         888.1         85.2         103.7         1.6         8351.2           2010         6728.5         33         0         6761.5         797.5         122.6         85.3         0         7767           2011         3553.3         53.8         0         3607.1         395         24         68.8         0         4094.9           2012         3560.6         61.1         0         3621.7         205.2         12.3         61.2         0         3900.5           2013         3901.1         89.9         0         3991         310.6         99.8         136.2         28.5         4566           2014         4530         8.6         0         4538.6         584.7         86.2         221.9         42         5473.4									
2008     9216.1     0     9216.1     1165.5     148.4     159.5     4     10693.5       2009     7226.9     45.5     0     7272.5     888.1     85.2     103.7     1.6     8351.2       2010     6728.5     33     0     6761.5     797.5     122.6     85.3     0     7767       2011     3553.3     53.8     0     3607.1     395     24     68.8     0     4094.9       2012     3560.6     61.1     0     3621.7     205.2     12.3     61.2     0     3900.5       2013     3901.1     89.9     0     3991     310.6     99.8     136.2     28.5     4566       2014     4530     8.6     0     4538.6     584.7     86.2     221.9     42     5473.4									
2009     7226.9     45.5     0     7272.5     888.1     85.2     103.7     1.6     8351.2       2010     6728.5     33     0     6761.5     797.5     122.6     85.3     0     7767       2011     3553.3     53.8     0     3607.1     395     24     68.8     0     4094.9       2012     3560.6     61.1     0     3621.7     205.2     12.3     61.2     0     3900.5       2013     3901.1     89.9     0     3991     310.6     99.8     136.2     28.5     4566       2014     4530     8.6     0     4538.6     584.7     86.2     221.9     42     5473.4									
2010     6728.5     33     0     6761.5     797.5     122.6     85.3     0     7767       2011     3553.3     53.8     0     3607.1     395     24     68.8     0     4094.9       2012     3560.6     61.1     0     3621.7     205.2     12.3     61.2     0     3900.5       2013     3901.1     89.9     0     3991     310.6     99.8     136.2     28.5     4566       2014     4530     8.6     0     4538.6     584.7     86.2     221.9     42     5473.4									
2011     3553.3     53.8     0     3607.1     395     24     68.8     0     4094.9       2012     3560.6     61.1     0     3621.7     205.2     12.3     61.2     0     3900.5       2013     3901.1     89.9     0     3991     310.6     99.8     136.2     28.5     4566       2014     4530     8.6     0     4538.6     584.7     86.2     221.9     42     5473.4									
2012     3560.6     61.1     0     3621.7     205.2     12.3     61.2     0     3900.5       2013     3901.1     89.9     0     3991     310.6     99.8     136.2     28.5     4566       2014     4530     8.6     0     4538.6     584.7     86.2     221.9     42     5473.4									
2013     3901.1     89.9     0     3991     310.6     99.8     136.2     28.5     4566       2014     4530     8.6     0     4538.6     584.7     86.2     221.9     42     5473.4									
2014 4530 8.6 0 4538.6 584.7 86.2 221.9 42 5473.4									
<u>2015</u> <u>4522.3</u> <u>91.4</u> <u>0 4613.7 266.1 222.9 149.4 84.2 5336.3</u>									
	2015	4522.3	91.4 0	4613.7	266.1	222.9	149.4	84.2	5336.3

Table 6: Annual retained catch (millions of crab) and catch per unit effort of the Bristol Bay red king crab fishery.

Year	Japanes	e Tanglenet	Russiar	1 Tanglenet	U.S.	Pot/Trawl	Standardized
	Catch	Crab/tan	Catch	Crab/tan	Catch	Crab/Potlift	Crab/tan
1960	1.949	15.2	1.995	10.4	0.088		15.8
1961	3.031	11.8	3.441	8.9	0.062		12.9
1962	4.951	11.3	3.019	7.2	0.010		11.3
1963	5.476	8.5	3.019	5.6	0.101		8.6
1964	5.895	9.2	2.800	4.6	0.123		8.5
1965	4.216	9.3	2.226	3.6	0.223		7.7
1966	4.206	9.4	2.560	4.1	0.140	52	8.1
1967	3.764	8.3	1.592	2.4	0.397	37	6.3
1968	3.853	7.5	0.549	2.3	1.278	27	7.8
1969	2.073	7.2	0.369	1.5	1.749	18	5.6
1970	2.080	7.3	0.320	1.4	1.683	17	5.6
1971	0.886	6.7	0.265	1.3	2.405	20	5.8
1972	0.874	6.7	0.200	1.5	2.405 $2.405$	20	5.6
		0.7				25 25	
1973	0.228				4.826		
1974	0.476				7.710	36	
1975					8.745	43	
1976					10.603	33	
1977					11.733	26	
1978					14.746	36	
1979					16.809	53	
1980					20.845	37	
1981					5.308	10	
1982					0.541	4	
1983					0.000		
1984					0.794	7	
1985					0.796	9	
1986					2.100	12	
1987					2.122	10	
1988					1.236	8	
1989					1.685	8	
1990					3.130	12	
1991					2.661	12	
1992					1.208	6	
1993					2.270	9	
1994					0.015	· ·	
1995					0.014		
1996					1.264	16	
1997					1.338	15	
1998					2.238	15	
1999					1.923	12	
2000					1.923 $1.272$	12	
2001					1.287	19	
2002					1.484	20	
2003					2.510	18	
2004					2.272	23	
2005					2.763	30	
2006					2.477	31	
2007					3.154	28	
2008					3.064	22	
2009					2.553	21	
2010					2.410	18	
2011					1.298	28	
2012					1.176	30	
2013					1.272	27	
2014					1.501	26	
2015					1.527	31	

Table 7: Annual sample sizes (>64 mm CL) in numbers of crab for trawl surveys, retained catch and pot and trawl fishery by catch of Bristol Bay red king crab.

and trav			Bristol Bay r			(ID 1.1	1 1	TT.	1 , 1
		l survey	Retained		oycatch		bycatch		bycatch
Year	Males	Females	Catch	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
1975	2,943	2,139	29,570			2 22-	a==		
1976	4,724	2,956	26,450			2,327	676		
1977	3,636	4,178	32,596			14,014	689		
1978	4,132	3,948	27,529			8,983	1,456		
1979	$5,\!807$	4,663	27,900			$7,\!228$	2,821		
1980	2,412	1,387	34,747			47,463	39,689		
1981	3,478	4,097	18,029			42,172	49,634		
1982	2,063	2,051	$11,\!466$			84,240	47,229		
1983	1,524	944	0			$204,\!464$	104,910		
1984	2,679	1,942	4,404			357,981	147,134		
1985	792	415	4,582			169,767	30,693		
1986	1,962	367	5,773			1,199	284		
1987	1,168	1,018	4,230			723	927		
1988	1,834	546	9,833			437	275		
1989	1,257	550	$32,\!858$			$3{,}147$	194		
1990	858	603	7,218	873	699	761	$1,\!570$		
1991	1,378	491	36,820	1,801	375	208	396	885	$2,\!198$
1992	513	360	$23,\!552$	3,248	$2,\!389$	214	107	280	685
1993	1,009	534	32,777	$5,\!803$	5,942			232	265
1994	443	266	0	0	0	330	247		
1995	2,154	1,718	0	0	0	103	35		
1996	835	816	8,896	230	11	1,025	968		
1997	1,282	707	15,747	4,102	906	1,202	483		
1998	1,097	1,150	$16,\!131$	11,079	$9,\!130$	1,627	915		
1999	764	540	$17,\!666$	1,048	36	2,154	858		
2000	731	1,225	14,091	8,970	$1,\!486$	994	671		
2001	611	743	$12,\!854$	9,102	$4,\!567$	4,393	$2,\!521$		
2002	1,032	896	15,932	9,943	302	3,372	$1,\!464$		
2003	1,669	1,311	16,212	17,998	10,327	1,568	1,057		
2004	2,871	1,599	20,038	$8,\!258$	4,112	1,689	1,506		
2005	1,283	1,682	21,938	55,019	26,775	1,815	1,872		
2006	1,171	2,672	18,027	$32,\!252$	3,980	1,481	1,983		
2007	1,219	2,499	22,387	59,769	12,661	1,011	1,097		
2008	1,221	3,352	$14,\!567$	49,315	8,488	$1,\!867$	1,039		
2009	830	1,857	16,708	$52,\!359$	6,041	1,482	870		
2010	705	1,633	20,137	36,654	6,868	734	846		
2011	525	994	10,706	20,629	1,920	600	1,069		
2012	580	707	8,956	7,206	561	1,577	1,752		
2013	633	560	10,197	13,828	6,048	4,681	4,198	218	596
2014	1,106	1,255	9,618	13,040	1,950	1,966	2,580	256	381
2015	600	677	11,746	8,037	5,889	1,126	3,704	726	2163
2016	374	803							

# E. Analytic Approach

# History of Modeling Approaches for this Stock

To reduce annual measurement errors associated with abundance estimates derived from the area-swept method, ADF&G developed a length-based analysis (LBA) in 1994 that incorporates multiple years of data and multiple data sources in the estimation procedure (Zheng et al. 1995a). Annual abundance estimates of the Bristol Bay RKC stock from the LBA have been used to manage the directed crab fishery and to set crab bycatch limits in the groundfish fisheries since 1995. An alternative LBA (research model) was developed in 2004 to include small size groups for federal overfishing limits. The crab abundance declined sharply during the early 1980s. The LBA estimated natural mortality for different periods of years, whereas the research model estimated additional mortality beyond a basic constant natural mortality during 1976-1993. In this report, we present only the research model that was fit to the data from 1975 to 2016.

This assessment represents the implementation of a third modeling framework based on Gmacs (Anon. 2015).

## Model Description

The original LBA model was described in detail by Zheng et al. (1995a, 1995b) and Zheng and Kruse (2002). The model combines multiple sources of survey, catch, and bycatch data using a maximum likelihood approach to estimate abundance, recruitment, selectivities, catches, and bycatch of the commercial pot fisheries and groundfish trawl fisheries. A full model description is provided in Appendix A.

- The base natural mortality is constant over shell condition and length and was estimated assuming a maximum age of 25 and applying the 12005).
- Survey and fisheries selectivities are a function of length and were constant over shell condition. Selectivities are also a function of sex except for trawl bycatch selectivities, which are the same for both sexes. Two different survey selectivities were estimated: (1) 1975-1981 and (2) 1982-2016, based on modifications to the trawl gear used in the assessment survey.
- Growth is a function of length and is assumed to not change over time for males. For females, growth-per-molt increments as a function of length were estimated for three periods (1975-1982, 1983-1993, and 1994-2016) based on sizes at maturity. Once mature, female red king crab grow with a much smaller growth increment per molt.
- Molting probabilities are an inverse logistic function of length for males. Females molt annually,
- Annual fishing seasons for the directed fishery are short.
- The prior of survey catchability (Q) was estimated to be 0.896, based on a trawl experiment by Weinberg et al. (2004) with a standard deviation of 0.025 for some scenarios. Q is assumed to be constant over time and is estimated in the model.
- Males mature at sizes 120 mm CL. For convenience, female abundance was summarized at sizes 90 mm CL as an index of mature females.
- Measurement errors were assumed to be normally distributed for length compositions and were lognormally distributed for biomasses.

The aim when developing this model was to provide a fit to the data that best matched the 2017 BBRKC stock assessment model. A detailed description of the Gmacs model and its implementation is presented in Appendix A.

### Model Selection and Evaluation

The following elements required for crab stock assessments follow.

### Alternative model configurations

Three different Gmacs model scenarios were considered, in this document results from these models and the 2017 model are compared. The Gmacs models include:

- 1. **Gracs base**: includes removals by the directed BBRKC fishery, Tanner crab trawl and fixed gear fisheries (separated). The model uses the NMFS trawl and BSFRF surveys as abudance indees. The BSFRF survey catchability coefficient is fixed at q=1.0 in this model run. The estimated parameters include the average recruitment  $(\bar{R})$ , the recruitment deviations  $(\delta_y^R)$ , sex-specific natural mortality deviations in year  $t_m$ ,  $(\delta_{t_m}^M)$ , and the fishing mortalities for the directed pot fishery, the trawl bycatch fishery, the tanner crab bycatch fishery, and the fixed-gear bycatch fishery  $(\bar{F}^{\text{df}}, \bar{F}^{\text{tcb}}, \bar{F}^{\text{fcb}}, \bar{F}^{\text{fgb}}, \delta_{t,y}^{\text{df}}, \delta_{t,y}^{\text{tcb}}, \delta_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}}, \delta_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}}, \delta_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}}, \delta_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}})$ .
- 2. Free q: is similar to the scenario above except that it estimates the BSFRF survey catchability coefficient q rather than fixing it at q = 1.0.
- 3. Variable M: is similar to the Gmacs base scenario except that it allows M to change as a random walk with a log-normal distribution penalty with  $\sigma_M$  set to 0.25.

Table 8 outlines the major features of each of the models.

Table 8: Outline of the major features of the five different Gmacs scenarios.

Scenario	Estimate BSFRF $q$	Random walk natural mortality
Gmacs base	No	No
Free q	Yes	No
Variable M	No	Yes

### **Evaluation**

Progression of results is based on comparison of previous assessment modeling approaches; the extent that these models strike an appropriate balance between realism and simplicity was not evaluated. Convergence status/criteria was based on the ADMB default convergence criteria (minimum gradients and positive definite Hessian matrix).

Sample sizes for length composition data observed sample sizes are summarized in Table xx. Estimated implied sample sizes and effective sample sizes are available via Francis weight computations (Francis 2011). Residual patterns are evaluated graphically.

#### Results

Results for all Gmacs scenarios are provided with comparisons to the 2016/17 model. The **Gmacs base** scenario provides the best fit to the data and is most consistent with previous model specifications.

### a. Effective sample sizes and weighting factors

Observed and estimated effective sample sizes are compared in Table 10. Effective sample sizes are also shown on size-composition plots (Figures 12, ??, and ??).

Data weighting factors, SDNRs, and MARs are presented in Table ??.

#### b. Tables of estimates

Model parameter estimates for each of the Gmacs scenarios are summarized in Tables 11, 12, and ??. These parameter estimates are compared in Table ??. Negative log-likelihood values and management measures for each of the Gmacs scenarios are compared in Tables 13 and 9.

There is little difference in the parameter estimates within the different scenarios as reflected in the log-likelihood components and the management quantities. The parameter estimates in the **Variable M** scenario are a little different to the previous scenarios (see Table ??).

### c. Graphs of estimates.

Estimated (and fixed) selectivities are compared in Figures 6 and 7.

The various model fits to total male (> 89 mm CL) trawl survey biomass are compared in Figures 8 and 9. Standardized residuals of total male trawl survey biomass and pot survey CPUE are plotted in Figures 10 and 11.

Fits to stage compositions for trawl survey, pot survey, and commercial observer data are shown in Figures 12, ??, and ?? for the all scenarios. Bubble plots of stage composition residuals for trawl survey, pot survey, and commercial observer data are shown for the **Gmacs base**, **Gmacs M**, **Gmacs Francis**, and **Gmacs force** scenarios in Figures ??, ??, and ??, respectively.

Fits to retained catch numbers and bycatch biomass are shown for all Gmacs scenarios in Figure 25.

Estimated recruitment is compared in Figure 26. Estimated abundances by stage and mature male biomasses for all scenarios (including the 2015 model) are shown in Figures 29 and 27. Estimated natural mortality each year  $(M_t)$  is presented in Figure 30.

#### d. Graphic evaluation of the fit to the data.

There is little difference between model estimated survey biomass in the gmacs scenarios when compared with the 2015 model (Figures 8 and 9). Looking at the model fits to the NMFS trawl survey biomass (Figure 8), the **Base** scenario is the most similar to the 2017 model, as are the other model configuratios. the **variable M** model was constructed for contrast and to evaluate an intentionally overparameterized model. Interestingly, the pattern conforms to the general pattern of the pre-specified M-varying blocks.

Estimated recruitment to the model is variable over time and generally consistent among model configurations (Figure 26). Estimated recruitment during recent years is low in all scenarios. Estimated mature male biomass on 15 February also varies a bit in recent years and is consistent over model configurations (Figure 27).

#### e. Retrospective and comparisons with past analyses.

[placeholder]

### f. Uncertainty and sensitivity analyses.

Estimated standard deviations of parameters and selected management measures for the five Gmacs scenarios are summarized in Tables 11, 11, and ??. Probabilities for mature male biomass and OFL in 2016 are shown in Section F.

### g. Comparison of alternative model scenarios.

All model scenarios gave qualitatively similare results in terms of stock trends and values of mature male biomass (Figure 27). For management purposes a more complete analysis or some ensemble approach might be considered.

## F. Calculation of the OFL and ABC

The overfishing level (OFL) is the fishery-related mortality biomass associated with fishing mortality  $F_{OFL}$ . The BBRKC stock is currently managed as Tier 3 (2016 SAFE), and only a Tier 3 analysis is presented here. Thus given stock estimates or suitable proxy values of  $B_{MSY}$  and  $F_{MSY}$ , along with two additional parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ,  $F_{OFL}$  is determined by the control rule [needs checking]

$$F_{OFL} = \begin{cases} F_{MSY}, & \text{when } B/B_{MSY} > 1\\ F_{MSY} \frac{(B/B_{MSY} - \alpha)}{(1 - \alpha)}, & \text{when } \beta < B/B_{MSY} \le 1 \end{cases}$$

$$F_{OFL} < F_{MSY} \text{ with directed fishery } F = 0 \text{ when } B/B_{MSY} \le \beta$$

$$(1)$$

where B is quantified as mature-male biomass (MMB) at mating with time of mating assigned a nominal date of 15 February. Note that as B itself is a function of the fishing mortality  $F_{OFL}$  (therefore numerical approximation of  $F_{OFL}$  is required). As implemented for this assessment, all calculations proceed according to the model equations given in Appendix A.  $F_{OFL}$  is taken to be full-selection fishing mortality in the directed pot fishery and groundfish trawl and fixed-gear fishing mortalities set at their model geometric mean values over years for which there are data-based estimates of bycatch-mortality biomass.

The currently recommended Tier 3 convention is to use the full assessment period, currently 1984-2016, to define a  $B_{MSY}$  proxy in terms of average estimated MMB and to set  $\gamma=1.0$  with assumed stock natural mortality  $M=0.18~{\rm yr}^{-1}$  in setting the  $F_{MSY}$  proxy value  $\gamma M$ . The parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are assigned their default values  $\alpha=0.10$  and  $\beta=0.25$ . The  $F_{OFL}$ , OFL, ABC, and MMB in 2016 for all scenarios are summarized in Table 9. ABC is 80% of the OFL.

Table 9: Comparisons of management measures for the three Gmacs model scenarios. Biomass and OFL are in tons.

Component	Base	Free q	Time-varying M
$\overline{\mathrm{MMB}_{2016}}$	29296.679	29520.541	24601.478
$B_{ m MSY}$	26136.307	26825.830	25988.611
$F_{ m OFL}$	0.178	0.174	0.147
$OFL_{2016}$	1572.677	1537.558	997.107
$ABC_{2016}$	1258.141	1230.046	797.686

# G. Rebuilding Analysis

This stock is not currently subject to a rebuilding plan.

# H. Data Gaps and Research Priorities

- 1. Growth increments and molting probabilities as a function of size.
- 2. Trawl survey catchability and selectivities.

- 3. Temporal changes in spatial distributions near the island.
- 4. Natural mortality.

# I. Ecosystem considerations

[placeholder]

# J. Projections and Future Outlook

With the recent long-term low levels of recruitment, the expectation of average or above average levels for stock improvements seems unlikely.

# K. Acknowledgements

We thank the crab Plan Team and SSC for their recommendations for code modifications.

## L. References

Anon. 2016. Implementation of the GMACS model...

Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G). 2012. Commercial king and Tanner crab fishing regulations, 2012-2013. Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Commercial Fisheries, Juneau. 170 pp.

Balsiger, J.W. 1974. A computer simulation model for the eastern Bering Sea king crab. Ph.D. dissertation, Univ. Washington, Seattle, WA. 198 pp.

Fitch, H., M. Deiman, J. Shaishnikoff, and K. Herring. 2012. Annual management report for the commercial shellfish fisheries of the Bering Sea, 2010/11. In Fitch, H. M. Schwenzfeier, B. Baechler, T. Hartill, M. Salmon, M. Deiman, E. Evans, E. Henry, L. Wald, J. Shaishnikoff, K. Herring, and J. Wilson. 2012. Annual management report for the commercial and subsistence fisheries of the Aleutian Islands, Bering Sea and the Westward Region's shellfish observer program, 2010/11. Alaska Dpeartment of Fihs and Game, Fishery Management report No. 12-22, Anchorage.

Fournier, D.A., J. Hampton, and J.R. Sibert. 1998. MULTIFAN-CL: a length-based, age-structured model for fisheries stock assessment, with application to South Pacific albacore, Thunnus alalunga. Can.J.Fish.Aquat. Sci., 55:2105-2116.

Fournier, D.A., H.J. Skaug, J. Ancheta, J. Ianelli, A. Magnusson, M.N. Maunder, A. Nielsen, and J. Sibert. 2012. AD Model Builder: using automatic differentiation for statistical inference of highly parameterized complex nonlinear models. Optim. Methods Softw. 27:233-249.

Gaeuman, W.G. 2013. Summary of the 2012/13 mandatory crab observer program database for the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands commercial crab fisheries. Alaska Department of Fish and game, Fishery Data Series No. 13-54, Anchorage.

Gray, G.W. 1963. Growth of mature female king crab Paralithodes camtschaticus (Tilesius). Alaska Dept. Fish and Game, Inf. Leafl. 26. 4 pp.

Griffin, K. L., M. F. Eaton, and R. S. Otto. 1983. An observer program to gather in-season and post-season on-the-grounds red king crab catch data in the southeastern Bering Sea. Contract 82-2, North Pacific Fishery Management Council, Anchorage, 39 pp.

Haynes, E.B. 1968. Relation of fecundity and egg length to carapace length in the king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus. Proc. Nat. Shellfish Assoc. 58: 60-62.

Hoopes, D.T., J.F. Karinen, and M. J. Pelto. 1972. King and Tanner crab research. Int. North Pac. Fish. Comm. Annu. Rep. 1970:110-120.

Ianelli, J.N., S. Barbeaux, G. Walters, and N. Williamson. 2003. Eastern Bering Sea walleye Pollock stock assessment. Pages 39-126 in Stock assessment and fishery evaluation report for the groundfish resources of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands regions. North Pacific Fishery Management Council, Anchorage.

Jackson, P.B. 1974. King and Tanner crab fishery of the United States in the Eastern Bering Sea, 1972. Int. North Pac. Fish. Comm. Annu. Rep. 1972:90-102.

Loher, T., D.A. Armstrong, and B.G. Stevens. 2001. Growth of juvenile red king crab (Paralithodes camtschaticus) in Bristol Bay (Alaska) elucidated from field sampling and analysis of trawl-survey data. Fish. Bull. 99:572-587.

Matsuura, S., and K. Takeshita. 1990. Longevity of red king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus, revealed by long-term rearing study. Pages 247-266 in Proceedings of the International Symposium on King and Tanner Crabs. University Alaska Fairbanks, Alaska Sea Grant College Program Report 90-04, Fairbanks. 633 pp.

McCaughran, D.A., and G.C. Powell. 1977. Growth model for Alaskan king crab (Paralithodes camtschaticus). J. Fish. Res. Board Can. 34:989-995.

North Pacific Fishery Management Council (NPFMC). 2007. Environmental assessment for proposed amendment 24 to the fishery management plan for Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands king and Tanner crabs to revise overfishing definitions. A review draft.

Otto, R.S. 1989. An overview of eastern Bering Sea king and Tanner crab fisheries. Pages 9–26 in Proceedings of the International Symposium on King and Tanner Crabs, Alaska Sea Grant Collecge Program Report No. 90-04.

Parma, A.M. 1993. Retrospective catch-at-age analysis of Pacific halibut: implications on assessment of harvesting policies. Pages 247-266 in G. Kruse, D.M. Eggers, R.J. Marasco, C. Pautzke, and T.J. Quinn II (eds.). Proceedings of the international symposium on management strategies for exploited fish populations. University of Alaska Fairbanks, Alaska Sea Grant Rep. 90-04.

Paul, J.M., and A.J. Paul. 1990. Breeding success of sublegal size male red king crab Paralithodes camtschaticus (Tilesius, 1815) (Decapopa, Lithodidae). J. Shellfish Res. 9:29-32.

Paul, J.M., A.J. Paul, R.S. Otto, and R.A. MacIntosh. 1991. Spermatophore presence in relation to carapace length for eastern Bering Sea blue king crab (Paralithodes platypus, Brandt, 1850) and red king crab (P. camtschaticus, Tilesius, 1815). Journal of Shellfish research, Vol. 10, No. 1, 157-163.

Pengilly, D., S.F. Blau, and J.E. Blackburn. 2002. Size at maturity of Kodiak area female red king crab. Pages 213-224 in A.J. Paul, E.G. Dawe, R. Elner, G.S. Jamieson, G.H. Kruse, R.S. Otto, B. Sainte-Marie, T.C. Shirley, and D. Woodby (eds.). Crabs in Cold Water Regions: Biology, Management, and Economics. University of Alaska Sea Grant, AK-SG-02-01, Fairbanks.

Pengilly, D., and D. Schmidt. 1995. Harvest strategy for Kodiak and Bristol Bay red king crab and St. Matthew Island and Pribilof Islands blue king crab. Alaska Dep. Fish and Game, Comm. Fish. Manage. and Dev. Div., Special Publication 7. Juneau, AK. 10 pp.

Phinney, D.E. 1975. United States fishery for king and Tanner crabs in the eastern Bering Sea, 1973. Int. North Pac. Fish. Comm. Annu. Rep. 1973: 98-109.

Powell, G.C. 1967. Growth of king crabs in the vicinity of Kodiak, Alaska. Alaska Dept. Fish and Game, Inf. Leafl. 92. 106 pp.

Powell, G. C., and R.B. Nickerson. 1965. Aggregations among juvenile king crab (Paralithodes camtschaticus, Tilesius) Kodiak, Alaska. Animal Behavior 13: 374–380.

Schmidt, D., and D. Pengilly. 1990. Alternative red king crab fishery management practices: modeling the effects of varying size-sex restrictions and harvest rates, p.551-566. In Proc. Int. Symp. King & Tanner Crabs, Alaska Sea Grant Rep. 90-04.

Sparks, A.K., and J.F. Morado. 1985. A preliminary report on diseases of Alaska king crabs, p.333-340. In Proc. Int. Symp. King & Tanner Crabs, Alaska Sea Grant Rep. 85-12.

Stevens, B.G. 1990. Temperature-dependent growth of juvenile red king crab (Paralithodes camtschaticus), and its effects on size-at-age and subsequent recruitment in the eastern Bering Sea. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 47: 1307-1317.

Stevens, B.G., and K. Swiney. 2007. Hatch timing, incubation period, and reproductive cycle for primiparous and multiparous red king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus. J. Crust. Bio. 27(1): 37-48.

Swiney, K. M., W.C. Long, G.L. Eckert, and G.H. Kruse. 2012. Red king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus, size-fecundity relationship, and interannual and seasonal variability in fecundity. Journal of Shellfish Research, 31:4, 925-933.

Webb. J. 2014. Reproductive ecology of commercially important Lithodid crabs. Pages 285-314 In B.G. Stevens (ed.): King Crabs of the World: Biology and Fisheries Management. CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, New York.

Weber, D.D. 1967. Growth of the immature king crab Paralithodes camtschaticus (Tilesius). Int. North Pac. Fish. Comm. Bull. 21:21-53.

Weber, D.D., and T. Miyahara. 1962. Growth of the adult male king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus (Tilesius). Fish. Bull. U.S. 62:53-75.

Weinberg, K.L., R.S. Otto, and D.A. Somerton. 2004. Capture probability of a survey trawl for red king crab (Paralithodes camtschaticus). Fish. Bull. 102:740-749.

Zheng, J. 2005. A review of natural mortality estimation for crab stocks: data-limited for every stock? Pages 595-612 in G.H. Kruse, V.F. Gallucci, D.E. Hay, R.I. Perry, R.M. Peterman, T.C. Shirley, P.D. Spencer, B. Wilson, and D. Woodby (eds.). Fisheries Assessment and Management in Data-limited Situation. Alaska Sea Grant College Program, AK-SG-05-02, Fairbanks.

Zheng, J., and G.H. Kruse. 2002. Retrospective length-based analysis of Bristol Bay red king crabs: model evaluation and management implications. Pages 475-494 in A.J. Paul, E.G. Dawe, R. Elner, G.S. Jamieson, G.H. Kruse, R.S. Otto, B. Sainte-Marie, T.C. Shirley, and D. Woodby (eds.). Crabs in Cold Water Regions: Biology, Management, and Economics. University of Alaska Sea Grant, AK-SG-02-01, Fairbanks.

Zheng, J., M.C. Murphy, and G.H. Kruse. 1995a. A length-based population model and stock-recruitment relationships for red king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus, in Bristol Bay, Alaska. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 52:1229-1246.

Zheng, J., M.C. Murphy, and G.H. Kruse. 1995b. Updated length-based population model and stock-recruitment relationships for red king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus, in Bristol Bay, Alaska. Alaska Fish. Res. Bull. 2:114-124.

Zheng, J., M.C. Murphy, and G.H. Kruse. 1996. Overview of population estimation methods and recommended harvest strategy for red king crabs in Bristol Bay. Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Reg. Inf. Rep. 5J96-04, Juneau, Alaska. 37 pp.

Zheng, J., M.C. Murphy, and G.H. Kruse. 1997a. Analysis of the harvest strategies for red king crab, Paralithodes camtschaticus, in Bristol Bay, Alaska. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 54:1121-1134.

Zheng, J., M.C. Murphy, and G.H. Kruse. 1997b. Alternative rebuilding strategies for the red king crab Paralithodes camtschaticus fishery in Bristol Bay, Alaska. J. Shellfish Res. 16:205-217.

# Tables

Table 10: Observed and assumed sample sizes for observer data from the directed pot fishery, the NMFS trawl survey, and the BSFRF survey.

trawl survey, and the BSFRF survey.						
		bserved sample s		Assumed sa		
Year	Observer pot	NMFS survey	BSFRF survey	Observer pot	NMFS survey	BSFRF survey
1978		157			50	
1979		178			50	
1980		185			50	
1981		140			50	
1982		271			50	
1983		231			50	
1984		105			50	
1985		93			46.5	
1986		46			23	
1987		71			35.5	
1988		81			40.5	
1989		208			50	
1990	150	170		15	50	
1991	3393	197		25	50	
1992	1606	220		25	50	
1993	2241	324		25	50	
1994	4735	211		25	50	
1995	663	178	4624	25	50	100
1996	489	285		25	50	
1997	3195	296		25	50	
1998	1323	243	4812	25	50	100
1999		52			26	
2000		61			30.5	
2001		91	3255		45.5	100
2002		38			19	
2003		65			32.5	
2004		48	640		24	100
2005		42			21	
2006		126			50	
2007		250	3319		50	100
2008		167			50	
2009	19802	251		50	50	
2010	45466	388	3920	50	50	100
2011	58667	318		50	50	
2012	57282	193		50	50	
2013		74	2167		37	100
2014	9906	181		50	50	
2015	3248	153	1077	50	50	100
2016		108	777		50	100

Table 11: Model parameter estimates, selected derived quantities, and their standard deviations (SD) for the **Gmacs base** model.

Parameter	Estimate	SD
M deviation $(\delta_{1980}^M)$	1.475	0.030
$\log(ar{R})$	15.858	0.065
$\log(\hat{q_{nmfs}})$	0.968	0.021
$\log(ar{F}^{\mathrm{df}})$	-1.408	0.031
$\log(ar{F}^{ ext{tgb}})$	-4.783	0.050
$\log(ar{F}^{\mathrm{fgb}})$	-6.033	0.046
$\log(ar{F}^{ ext{tcb}})$	-7.231	0.092
$F_{ m OFL}$	0.178	0.009
OFL	1572.700	153.010

Table 12: Model parameter estimates, selected derived quantities, and their standard deviations (SD) for the **Gmacs base** model.

Parameter	Estimate	SD
M deviation $(\delta_{1980}^M)$	1.468	0.030
$\log(ar{R})$	15.865	0.065
$\log(q_{N\hat{M}FS})$	0.962	0.021
$\log(q_{B\hat{SF}RF})$	0.834	0.072
$\log(ar{F}^{ ext{df}})$	-1.429	0.032
$\log(ar{F}^{ ext{tgb}})$	-4.810	0.050
$\log(ar{F}^{\mathrm{fgb}})$	-6.045	0.045
$\log(ar{F}^{ ext{tcb}})$	-7.228	0.087
$F_{ m OFL}$	0.174	0.009
OFL	1537.600	150.840

Table 13: Comparisons of negative log-likelihood values for the Gmacs model scenarios.

Component	Gmacs base	Free q	Variable M
Pot Retained Male Catch	41.32	42.12	29.18
Pot Discarded Male Catch	182.51	183.75	184.28
Pot Discarded Female Catch	-55.20	-55.21	-55.20
Trawl bycatch Discarded Aggregate Catch	-92.00	-92.00	-92.01
TC bycatch Discarded Male Catch	-33.26	-33.26	-33.27
TC bycatch Discarded Female Catch	-33.26	-33.26	-33.26
Fixed Bycatch Discarded Aggregate Catch	-9.70	-9.70	-9.70
NMFS Trawl Survey	-25.20	-24.77	-29.60
BSFRF Survey	-8.04	-9.03	-8.13
Directed Pot LF	-1413.25	-1412.66	-1421.13
NMFS Trawl LF	-879.14	-889.94	-891.47
BSFRF LF	-1774.75	-1770.68	-1781.29
Recruitment deviations	182.01	180.73	165.32
F penalty	18.95	18.95	18.95
M penalty	63.75	63.64	13.84
Prior	166.98	166.19	169.28
Total	-3668.28	-3675.13	-3774.22
Total estimated parameters	498.00	499.00	574.00

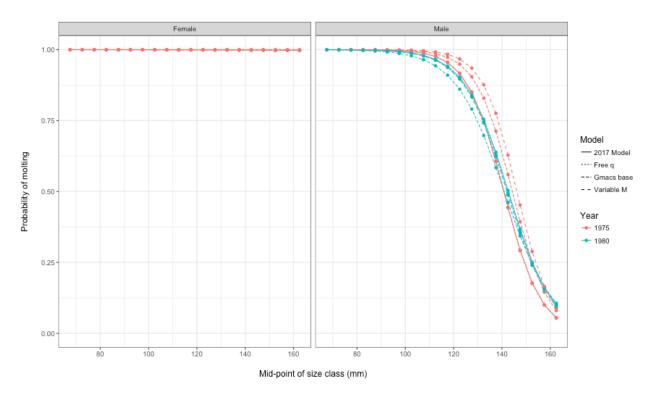


Figure 3: Comparisons of the estimated molting probabilities.

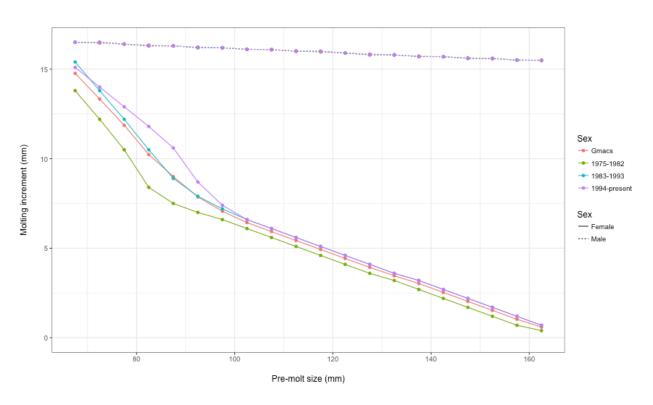


Figure 4: Comparisons of the molting increments.

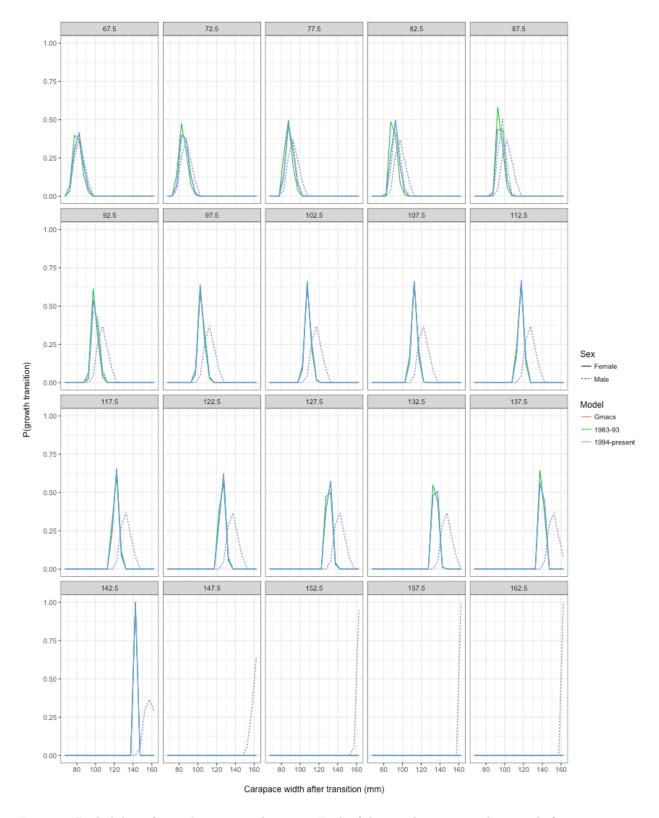


Figure 5: Probability of growth transition by stage. Each of the panels represent the stage before a transition. The x-axes represent the stage after a transition. The size transition matrix was provided as an input directly to Gmacs (as it was during the 2017 BBRKC assessment).

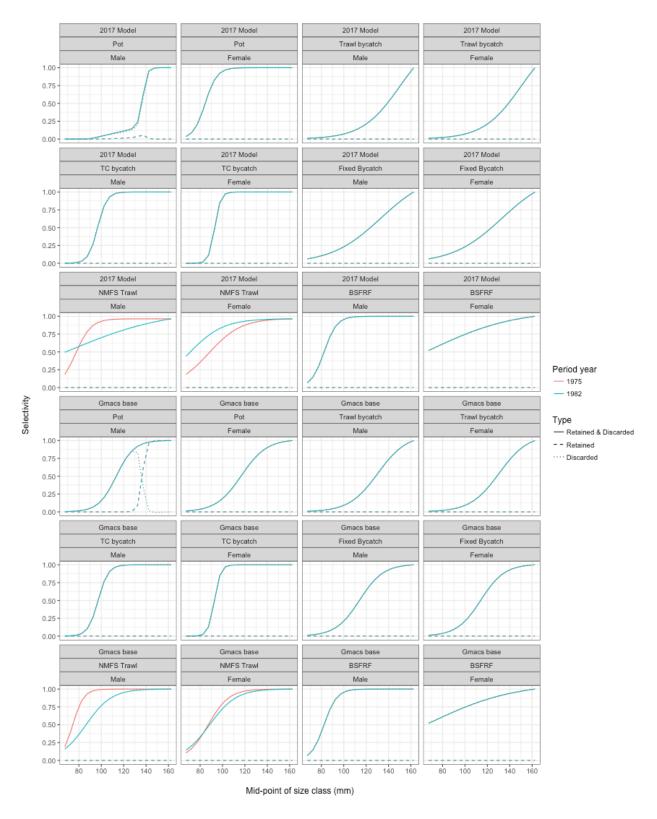


Figure 6: Comparisons of the estimated selectivities for each of the different model scenarios. Estimated selectivities are shown for the directed pot fishery, the trawl bycatch fishery, the tanner crab bycatch fishery, the fixed bycatch fishery, the NMFS trawl survey, and the BSFRF survey. Two selectivity periods are estimated in the NMFS trawl survey, from 1975-1981 and 1982-2016.

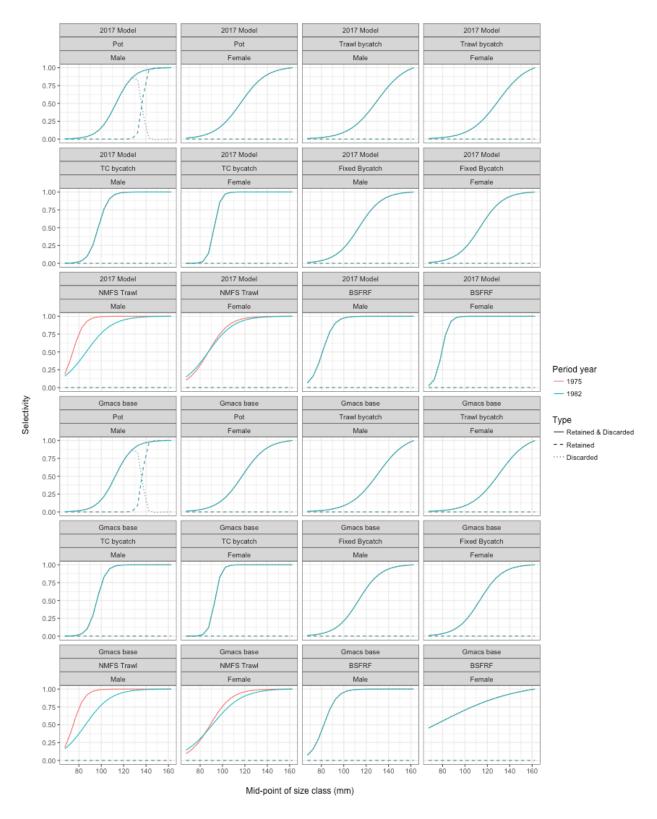


Figure 7: Comparisons of the estimated selectivities for each of the different model scenarios. Estimated selectivities are shown for the directed pot fishery, the trawl bycatch fishery, the tanner crab bycatch fishery, the fixed bycatch fishery, the NMFS trawl survey, and the BSFRF survey. Two selectivity periods are estimated in the NMFS trawl survey, from 1975-1981 and 1982-2016.

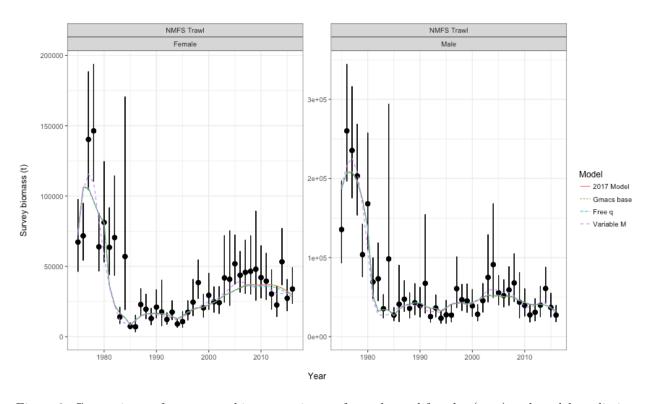


Figure 8: Comparisons of area-swept biomass estimates for males and females (tons) and model predictions for the NMFS trawl survey showing the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios. The error bars represent plus and minus 2 standard deviations.

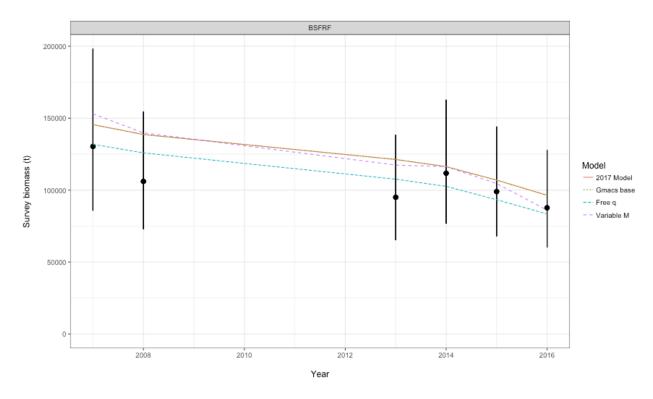


Figure 9: Comparisons of area-swept biomass estimates (tons) for the BSFRF survey showing the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios. The error bars represent plus and minus 2 standard deviations derived using the original survey CVs.

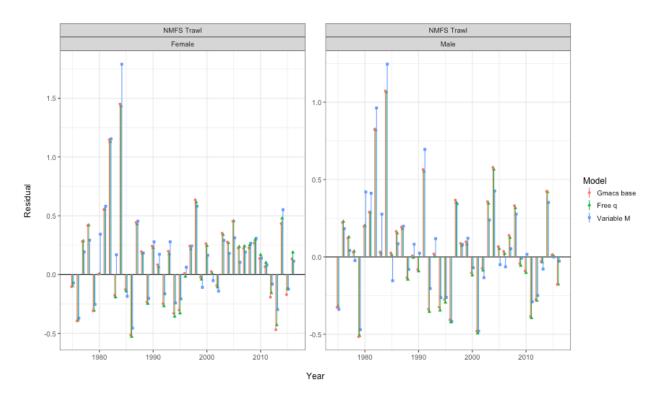


Figure 10: Standardized residuals for area-swept biomass estimates for males and females (tons) for the NMFS trawl survey showing each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

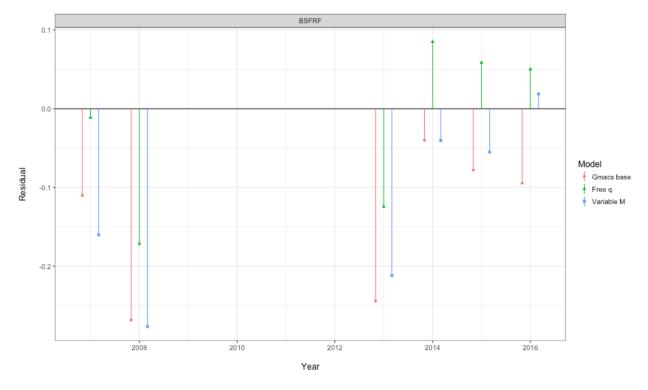


Figure 11: Standardized residuals for area-swept biomass estimates for males and females (tons) for the NMFS trawl survey showing each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

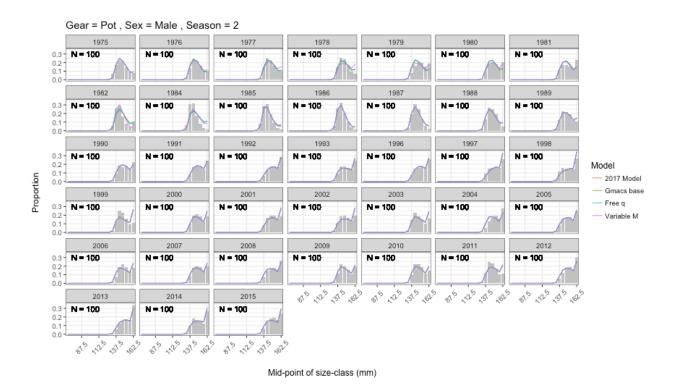


Figure 12: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of male BBRKC by year retained in the directed pot fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

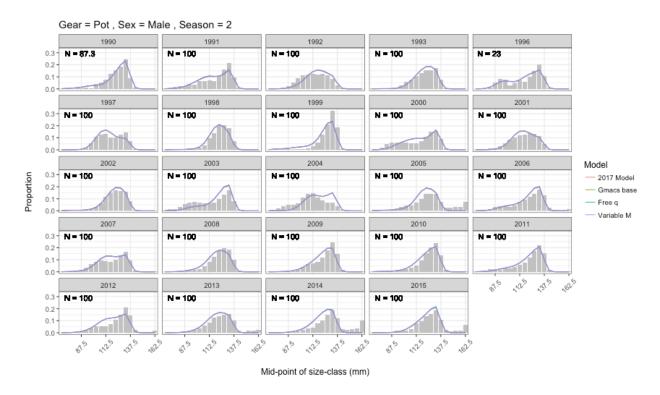


Figure 13: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded male BBRKC by year in the directed pot fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

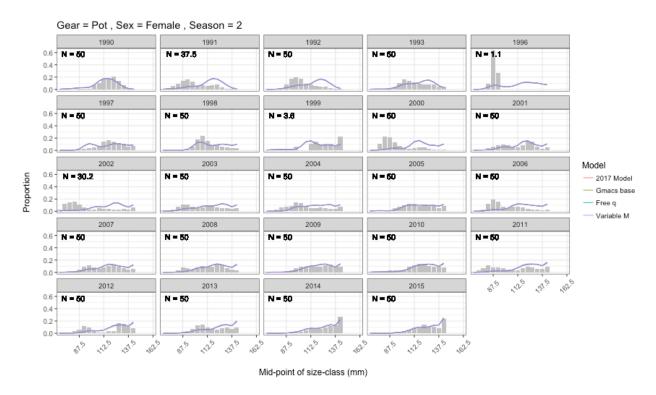


Figure 14: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded female BBRKC by year in the directed pot fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

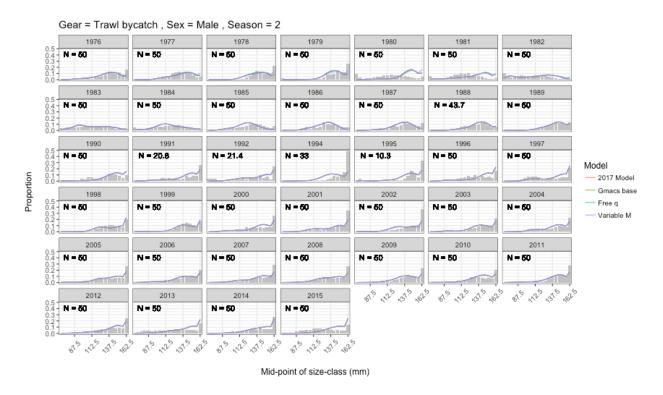


Figure 15: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded male BBRKC by year in the trawl by catch fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

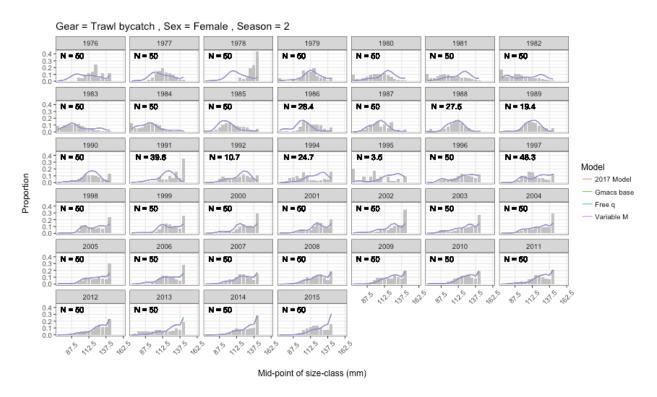


Figure 16: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded female BBRKC by year in the trawl by catch fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

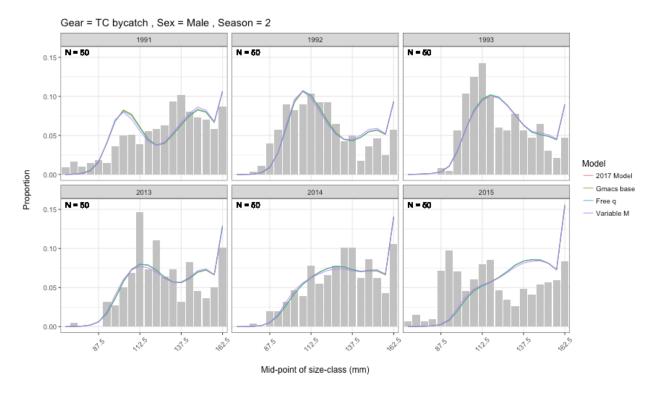


Figure 17: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded male BBRKC by year in the tanner crab by catch fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

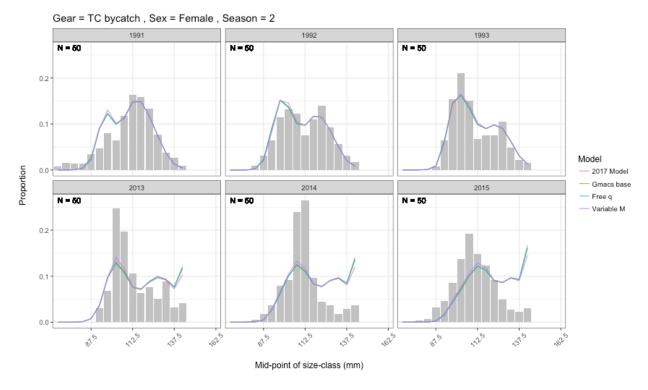


Figure 18: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded female BBRKC by year in the tanner crab by catch fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

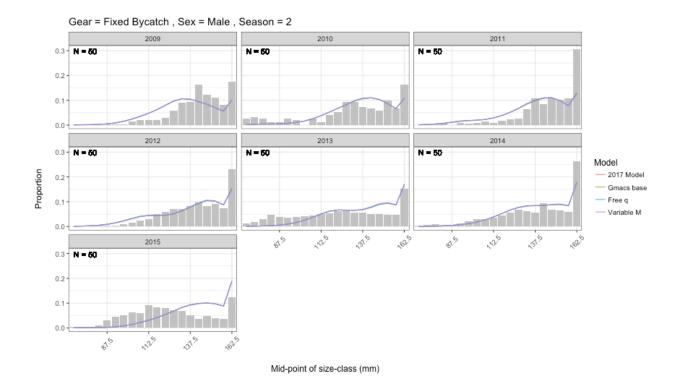


Figure 19: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded male BBRKC by year in the fixed by catch fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

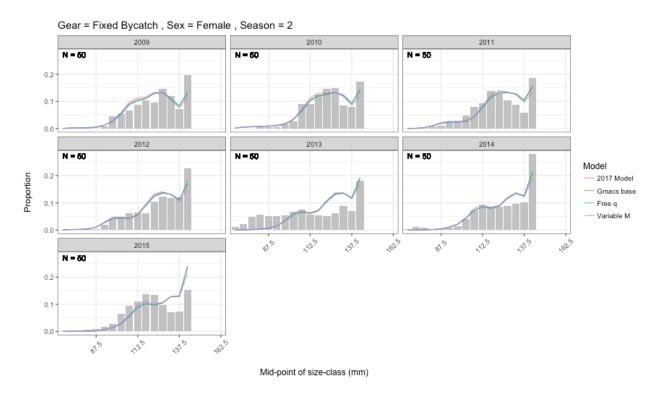


Figure 20: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded female BBRKC by year in the fixed by catch fishery for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

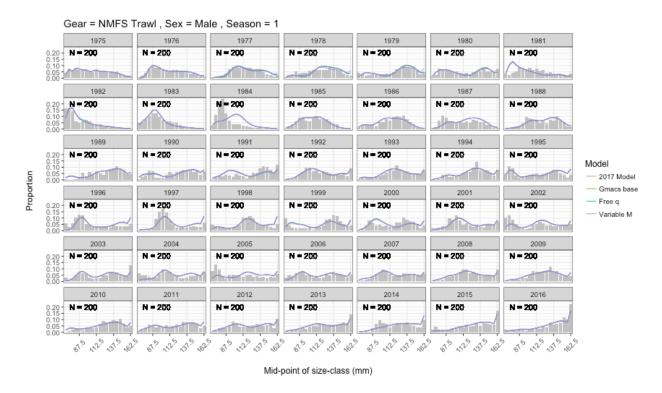


Figure 21: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded male BBRKC by year in the NMFS trawl survey for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

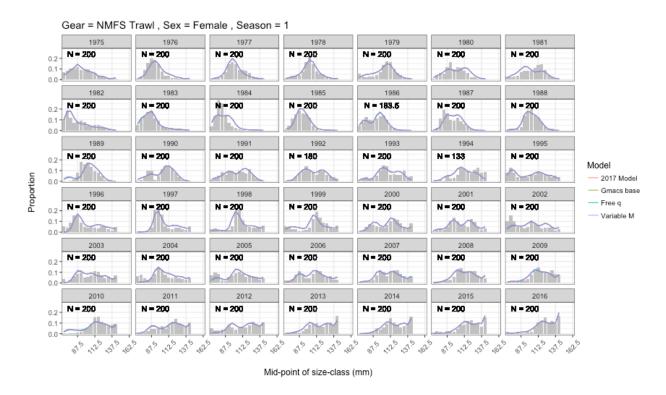


Figure 22: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded female BBRKC by year in the NMFS trawl survey for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

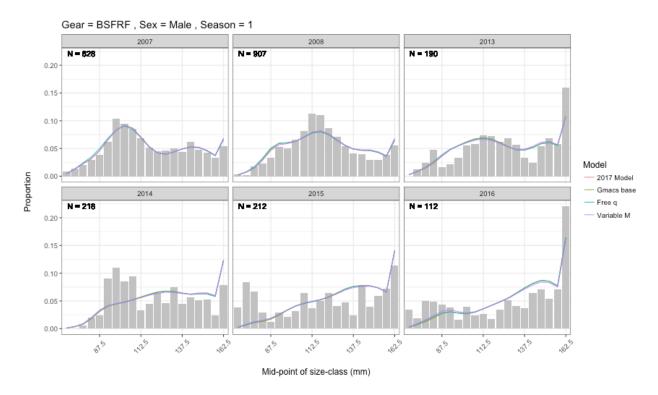


Figure 23: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded male BBRKC by year in the BSFRF survey for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

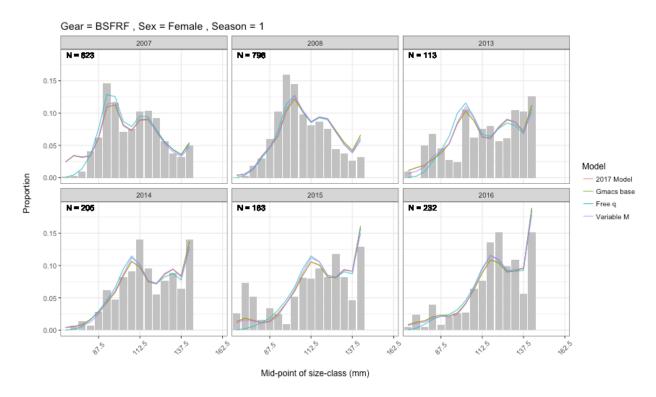


Figure 24: Observed and model estimated size-frequencies of discarded female BBRKC by year in the BSFRF survey for the 2017 model and each of the Gmacs model scenarios.

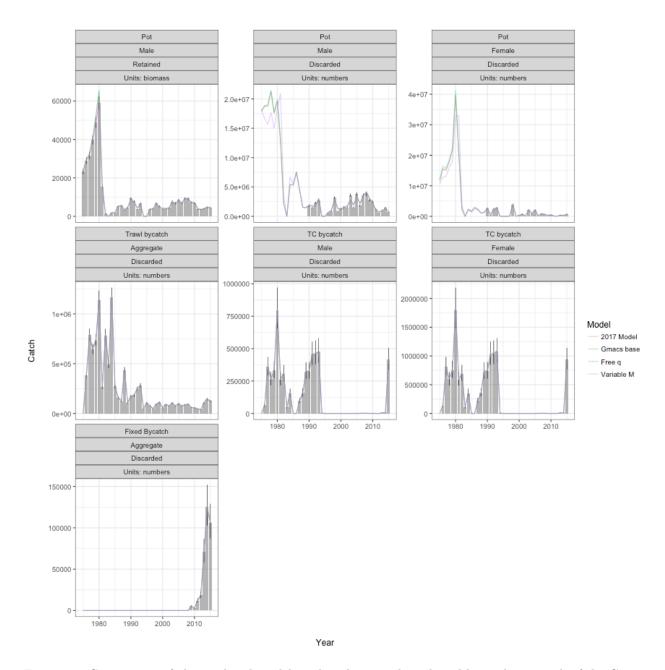


Figure 25: Comparison of observed and model predicted retained catch and bycatches in each of the Gmacs models. Note that difference in units between each of the panels, some panels are expressed in numbers of crab, some as biomass (tons).

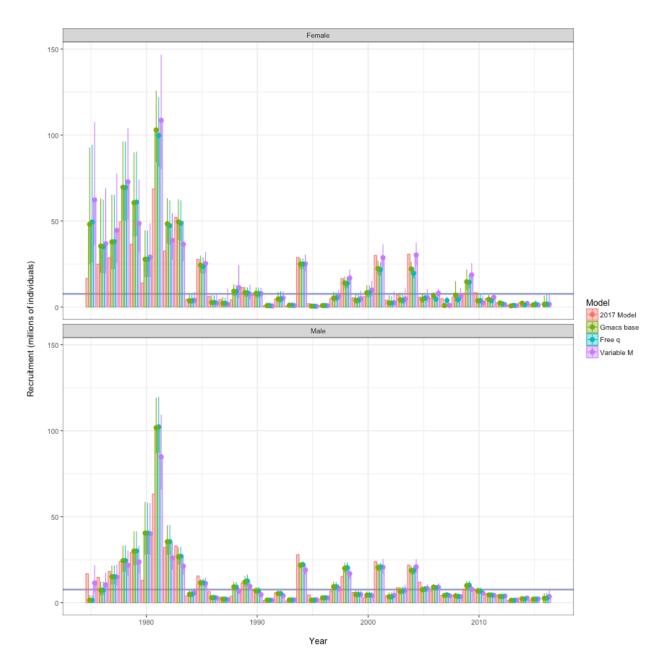


Figure 26: Comparisons of estimated recruitment time series during 1975-2016 in each of the scenarios. The solid horizontal lines in the background represent the estimate of the average recruitment parameter  $(\bar{R})$  in each model scenario.

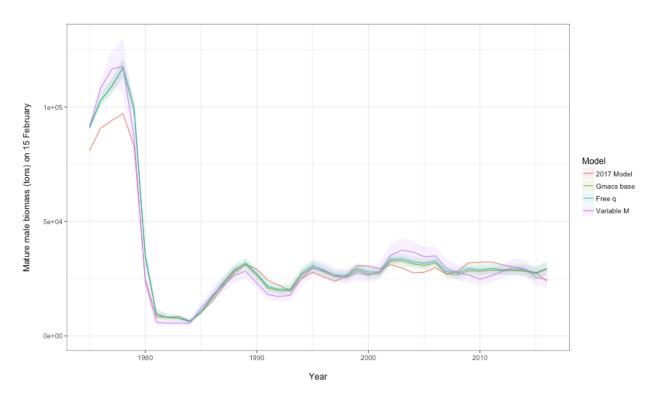


Figure 27: Comparisons of estimated mature male biomass (MMB) time series on 15 February during 1975-2016 for each of the model scenarios.

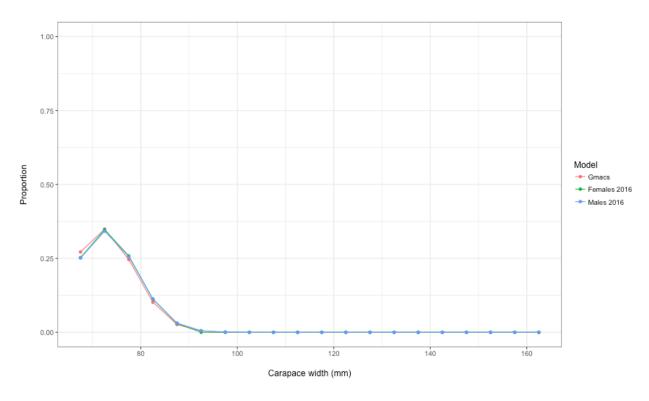


Figure 28: Distribution of carapace width (mm) at recruitment.

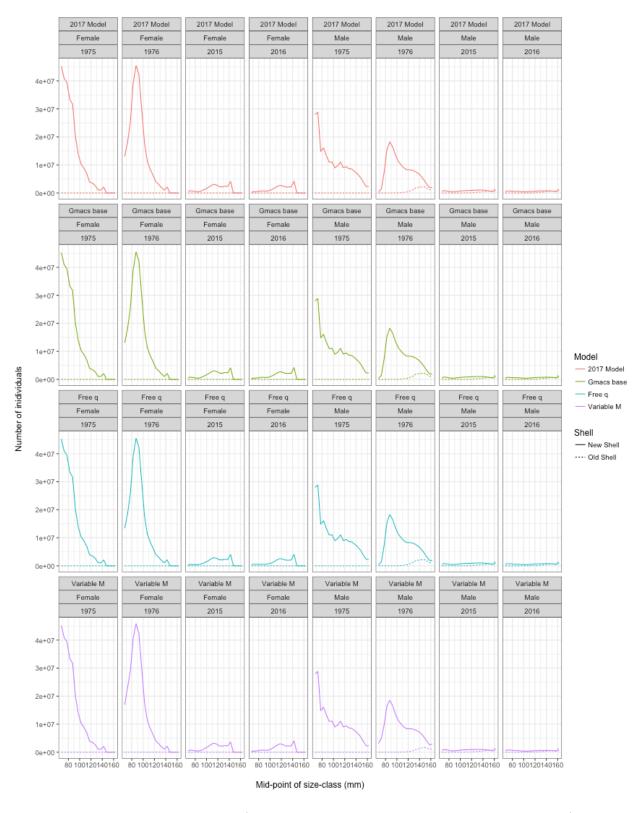


Figure 29: Numbers by stage each year (at the beginning of the model year, i.e. 1 July, season 1) in each of the models including the 2017 model.

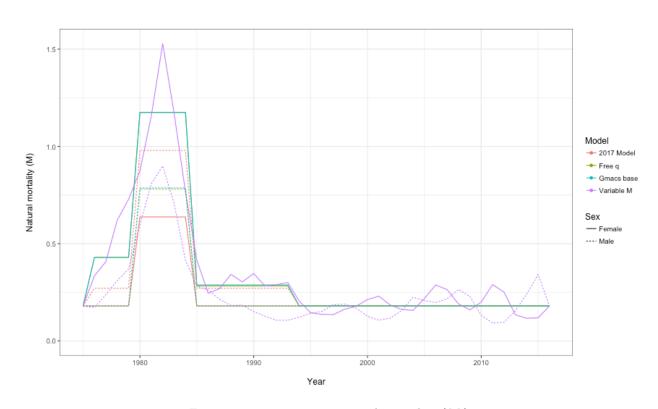


Figure 30: Time-varying natural mortality  $(M_t)$ .

# Appendix A: BBRKC Model Description

### 1. Introduction

The Gmacs model has been specified to account for newshell and oldshell, male and female crab. These are partitioned into 20 stages (size-classes) determined by carapace length (CL) measurements from 65-70 mm through to 160-165 mm.

The following description of model structure reflects the Gmacs base model configuration.

### 2. Model Population Dynamics

Within the model, the beginning of the crab year is assumed contemporaneous with the NMFS trawl survey, nominally assigned a date of 1 July. Although the timing of the fishery is different each year, MMB is measured 15 February, which is the reference date for calculation of federal management biomass quantities. To accommodate this, each model year is split into 4 seasons (t) and a proportion of the natural mortality ( $\tau_t$ ) is applied in each of these seasons where  $\sum_{t=1}^{t=4} \tau_t = 1$ . Each model year consists of the following processes:

#### 1. Season 1

- Beginning of the BBRKC fishing year (1 July)
- $\tau_1 = 0.01$
- Surveys

#### 2. Season 2

- $\tau_2$  ranges from 0.2329 to 0.3507 depending on the time of year the fishery begins each year (i.e. a higher value indicates the fishery begins later in the year; see Table 5)
- Fishing mortality applied

#### 3. Season 3

- $\tau_3 = 1 (\tau_1 + \tau_2 + \tau_4)$
- Calculate MMB (15 February)

#### 4. Season 4

- $\tau_4 = 0.306$
- Growth and molting
- Recruitment (all to stage-1)

The proportion of natural mortality ( $\tau_t$ ) applied during each season in the model is provided in Table 14. The beginning of the year (1 July) to the date that MMB is measured (15 February) is 63% of the year. Therefore 63% of the natural mortality must be applied before the MMB is calculated. Because the timing of the fishery is different each year  $\tau_2$  is different each year and thus  $\tau_3$  differs each year.

With boldface lower-case letters indicating vector quantities we designate the vector of stage abundances during season t and year y as

$$\mathbf{n}_{t,y} = n_{l,t,y} = [n_{1,t,y}, n_{2,t,y}, \cdots, n_{L,t,y}]^{\top}.$$
 (2)

The number of new crab, or recruits, of each stage entering the model each season t and year y is represented as the vector  $\mathbf{r}_{t,y}$ . The BBRKC formulation of Gmacs specifies recruitment to several stages during season t = 4, thus the recruitment size distribution is

$$\phi_l = \Gamma(\alpha, \beta),\tag{3}$$

and the recruitment is

$$\mathbf{r}_{t,y} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 4\\ \bar{R}\phi_l \delta_y^R & \text{for } t = 4. \end{cases}$$
 (4)

where  $\bar{R}$  is the average annual recruitment and  $\delta_y^R$  are the recruitment deviations each year y

$$\delta_{u}^{R} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_{R}^{2}\right). \tag{5}$$

Using boldface upper-case letters to indicate a matrix, we describe the size transition matrix G as

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \pi_{12} - \pi_{13} & \pi_{12} & \pi_{1...} \\ 0 & 1 - \pi_{23} & \pi_{2...} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$
(6)

with  $\pi_{jk}$  equal to the proportion of stage-j crab that molt and grow into stage-k within a season or year. The natural mortality each season t and year y is

$$M_{t,y} = \bar{M}\tau_t + \delta_y^M \text{ where } \delta_y^M \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_M^2\right)$$
 (7)

Fishing mortality by year y and season t is denoted  $F_{t,y}$  and calculated as

$$F_{t,y} = F_{t,y}^{\text{df}} + F_{t,y}^{\text{tb}} + F_{t,y}^{\text{tcb}} + F_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}}$$
(8)

where  $F_{t,y}^{\text{df}}$  is the fishing mortality associated with the directed fishery,  $F_{t,y}^{\text{tb}}$  is the fishing mortality associated with the trawl by catch fishery,  $F_{t,y}^{\text{tc}}$  is the fishing mortality associated with the tanner crab by catch fishery, and  $F_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}}$  is the fishing mortality associated with the fixed gear by catch fishery. Each of these are derived as

$$F_{t,y}^{\text{df}} = \bar{F}^{\text{df}} + \delta_{t,y}^{\text{df}} \quad \text{where} \quad \delta_{t,y}^{\text{df}} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_{\text{df}}^{2}\right),$$

$$F_{t,y}^{\text{tb}} = \bar{F}^{\text{tb}} + \delta_{t,y}^{\text{tb}} \quad \text{where} \quad \delta_{t,y}^{\text{tb}} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_{\text{tb}}^{2}\right),$$

$$F_{t,y}^{\text{tcb}} = \bar{F}^{\text{tcb}} + \delta_{t,y}^{\text{tcb}} \quad \text{where} \quad \delta_{t,y}^{\text{tcb}} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_{\text{tcb}}^{2}\right),$$

$$F_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}} = \bar{F}^{\text{fgb}} + \delta_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}} \quad \text{where} \quad \delta_{t,y}^{\text{fgb}} \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sigma_{\text{fgb}}^{2}\right),$$

$$(9)$$

where  $\delta^{\mathrm{df}}_{t,y}$ ,  $\delta^{\mathrm{tb}}_{t,y}$ ,  $\delta^{\mathrm{tcb}}_{t,y}$ , and  $\delta^{\mathrm{fgb}}_{t,y}$  are the fishing mortality deviations for each of the fisheries, each season t during each year y,  $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{df}}$ ,  $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{tb}}$ ,  $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{tcb}}$ , and  $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{fgb}}$  are the average fishing mortalities for each fishery. The total mortality  $Z_{l,t,y}$  represents the combination of natural mortality  $M_{t,y}$  and fishing mortality  $F_{t,y}$  during season t and year y

$$Z_{t,y} = Z_{l,t,y} = M_{t,y} + F_{t,y}. (10)$$

The survival matrix  $S_{t,y}$  during season t and year y is

$$\mathbf{S}_{t,y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - e^{-Z_{1,t,y}} & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0\\ 0 & 1 - e^{-Z_{2,t,y}} & 0 & \cdots & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1 - e^{-Z_{3,t,y}} & \cdots & 0\\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots\\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 1 - e^{-Z_{L,t,y}} \end{bmatrix}. \tag{11}$$

The basic population dynamics underlying Gmacs can thus be described as

$$n_{t+1,y} = S_{t,y} n_{t,y},$$
 if  $t < 4$   
 $n_{t,y+1} = G S_{t,y} n_{t,y} + r_{t,y}$  if  $t = 4$ . (12)

### 3. Model Data

Data inputs used in model estimation are listed in Table 15.

### 4. Model Parameters

Table 16 lists fixed (externally determined) parameters used in model computations.

Estimated parameters are listed in Table 17 and include an estimated natural mortality deviation parameter in 1998/99 ( $\delta_{1998}^{M}$ ) assuming an anomalous mortality event in that year, as hypothesized by Zheng and Kruse (2002), with natural mortality otherwise fixed at 0.18 yr<sup>-1</sup>.

## 5. Model Objective Function and Weighting Scheme

The objective function consists of the sum of several "negative log-likelihood" terms characterizing the hypothesized error structure of the principal data inputs (Table 13). A lognormal distribution is assumed to characterize the catch data and is modelled as

$$\sigma_{t,y}^{\text{catch}} = \sqrt{\log\left(1 + \left(CV_{t,y}^{\text{catch}}\right)^2\right)}$$
 (13)

$$\delta_{t,y}^{\text{catch}} = \mathcal{N}\left(0, \left(\sigma_{t,y}^{\text{catch}}\right)^2\right)$$
 (14)

where  $\delta_{t,y}^{\text{catch}}$  is the residual catch. The relative abundance data is also assumed to be lognormally distributed

$$\sigma_{t,y}^{I} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \sqrt{\log \left( 1 + \left( CV_{t,y}^{I} \right)^{2} \right)} \tag{15}$$

$$\delta_{t,y}^{\mathrm{I}} = \log\left(I^{\mathrm{obs}}/I^{\mathrm{pred}}\right)/\sigma_{t,y}^{\mathrm{I}} + 0.5\sigma_{t,y}^{\mathrm{I}} \tag{16}$$

and the likelihood is

$$\sum \log \left(\delta_{t,y}^{\mathrm{I}}\right) + \sum 0.5 \left(\sigma_{t,y}^{\mathrm{I}}\right)^{2} \tag{17}$$

Gmacs calculates standard deviation of the normalised residual (SDNR) values and median of the absolute residual (MAR) values for all abundance indices and size compositions to help the user come up with resonable likelihood weights. For an abundance data set to be well fitted, the SDNR should not be much greater than 1 (a value much less than 1, which means that the data set is fitted better than was expected, is not a cause for concern). What is meant by "much greater than 1" depends on m (the number of years in the data set). Francis (2011) suggests upper limits of 1.54, 1.37, and 1.26 for m = 5, 10, and 20, respectively. Although an SDNR not much greater than 1 is a necessary condition for a good fit, it is not sufficient. It is important to plot the observed and expected abundances to ensure that the fit is good.

Gmacs also calculates Francis weights for each of the size composition data sets supplied (Francis 2011). If the user wishes to use the Francis iterative re-weighting method, first the weights applied to the abundance indices should be adjusted by trial and error until the SDNR (and/or MAR) are adequte. Then the Francis weights supplied by Gmacs should be used as the new likelihood weights for each of the size composition data sets the next time the model is run. The user can then iteratively adjust the abundance index and size composition weights until adequate SDNR (and/or MAR) values are achieved, given the Francis weights.

### 6. Estimation

The model was implemented using the software AD Model Builder (Fournier et al. 2012), with parameter estimation by minimization of the model objective function using automatic differentiation. Parameter estimates and standard deviations provided in this document are AD Model Builder reported values assuming maximum likelihood theory asymptotics.

Table 14: Proportion of the natural mortality  $(\tau_t)$  that is applied during each season (t) in the model.

	urar mortan			
Year	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3	Season 4
1975	0.01	0.23	0.45	0.31
1976	0.01	0.28	0.40	0.31
1977	0.01	0.32	0.36	0.31
1978	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1979	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1980	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1981	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1982	0.01	0.24	0.45	0.31
1983	0.01	0.24	0.44	0.31
1984	0.01	0.27	0.41	0.31
1985	0.01	0.24	0.44	0.31
1986	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1987	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1988	0.01	0.24	0.44	0.31
1989	0.01	0.25	0.43	0.31
1990	0.01	0.35	0.33	0.31
1991	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1992	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1993	0.01	0.35	0.34	0.31
1994	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1995	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1996	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1997	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1998	0.01	0.34	0.34	0.31
1999	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2000	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2001	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2002	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2003	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2004	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2005	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2006	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2007	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2008	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2009	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2010	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2011	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2012	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2013	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2014	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2015	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31
2016	0.01	0.30	0.38	0.31

Table 15: Data inputs used in model estimation.

Data	Years	Source			
Directed pot-fishery retained-catch number	1978/79 - 1998/99	Fish tickets			
(not biomass)	2009/10 - 2015/16	(fishery closed $1999/00 - 2008/09$ )			
Groundfish trawl bycatch biomass	1992/93 - 2015/16	NMFS groundfish observer program			
Groundfish fixed-gear bycatch biomass	1992/93 - 2015/16	NMFS groundfish observer program			
NMFS trawl-survey biomass index					
(area-swept estimate) and CV	1978-2016	NMFS EBS trawl survey			
BSFRF survey biomass abundance index					
(CPUE) and CV	Triennial 1995-2016	BSFRF survey biomass			
NMFS trawl-survey stage proportions					
and total number of measured crab	1978-2016	NMFS EBS trawl survey			
BSFRF survey stage proportions					
and total number of measured crab	Triennial 1995-2016	BSFRF survey			
Directed pot-fishery stage proportions	1990/91 - 1998/99	ADF&G crab observer program			
and total number of measured crab	2009/10 - 2015/16	(fishery closed $1999/00 - 2008/09$ )			

Table 16: Fixed model parameters for all scenarios.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Source/rationale
BSFRF survey catchability	q	1.0	Default
Natural mortality	M	$0.18 \ {\rm yr}^{-1}$	NPFMC (2007)
Stage-1 and stage-2 mean weights	$w_1, w_2$	0.7, 1.2  kg	Length-weight equation (B. Foy, NMFS) applied to stage midpoints
Stage-3 mean weight	$w_{3,y}$	Depends on year	Fishery reported average retained weight
		Table ??	from fish tickets, or its average, and mean weights of legal males
Recruitment SD	$\sigma_R$	1.2	High value
Natural mortality SD	$\sigma_{M}$	10.0	High value (basically free parameter)
Directed fishery		0.2	2010 Crab SAFE
handling mortality			
Groundfish trawl		0.8	2010 Crab SAFE
handling mortality			
Groundfish fixed-gear		0.5	2010 Crab SAFE
handling mortality			

Table 17: The lower bound (LB), upper bound (UB), initial value, prior, and estimation phase for each estimated model parameter.

Parameter	LB	Initial value	UB	Prior	Phase
Average recruitment $\log(\bar{R})$	-10	14.0	20	Uniform(-10,20)	1
BSFRF trawl survey catchability $q$	0	4.0	5	Uniform(0,5)	1
Stage-1 directed fishery selectivity 1978-2008	0	0.4	1	Uniform(0,1)	3
Stage-2 directed fishery selectivity 1978-2008	0	0.7	1	Uniform(0,1)	3
Stage-1 directed fishery selectivity 2009-2015	0	0.4	1	Uniform(0,1)	3
Stage-2 directed fishery selectivity 2009-2015	0	0.7	1	Uniform(0,1)	3
Stage-1 NMFS trawl survey selectivity	0	0.4	1	Uniform(0,1)	4
Stage-2 NMFS trawl survey selectivity	0	0.7	1	Uniform(0,1)	4
Stage-1 ADF&G pot survey selectivity	0	0.4	1	Uniform(0,1)	4
Stage-2 ADF&G pot survey selectivity	0	0.7	1	Uniform(0,1)	4
Natural mortality deviation during 1998 $\delta_{1998}^{M}$	-3	0.0	3	$Normal(0, \sigma_M^2)$	4
Recruitment deviations $\delta_y^R$	-7	0.0	7	Normal $(0, \sigma_R^2)$	3
Average directed fishery fishing mortality $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{df}}$	-	0.2	-	-	1
Average trawl by catch fishing mortality $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{tb}}$	-	0.001	-	-	1
Average fixed gear by catch fishing mortality $\bar{F}^{\mathrm{fb}}$	-	0.001	-	-	1