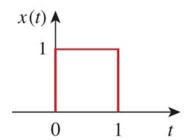
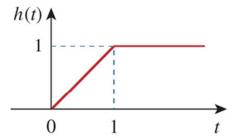
# Homework #8 (Due in class: March 30, 2015) Name:

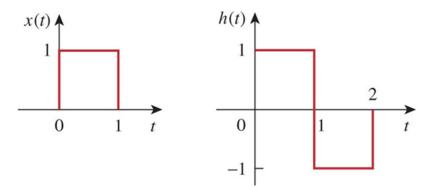
- 1. (Prob. 15.43a in text) Find y(t) = x(t) \* h(t) (convolution of x(t) and h(t)) for x(t) and h(t) in the figure below:
  - a. Solve using the graphical method (evaluate the integral to find the area under the curve).
  - b. Solve by multiplying in the s-domain (use the Laplace Transform & Inverse Laplace transform):





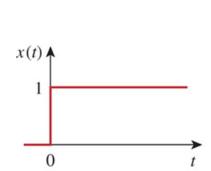
### Homework #8 (Due in class: March 30, 2015) Name:

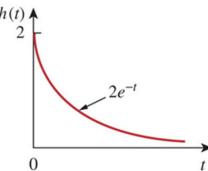
- 2. (Prob. 15.44a from Text) Find y(t) = x(t) \* h(t) (convolution of x(t) and h(t)) for x(t) and h(t) in the figure below:
  - a. Solve using the graphical method (evaluate the integral to find the area under the curve).
  - b. Solve by multiplying in the s-domain (use the Laplace Transform & Inverse Laplace transform):



### Homework #8 (Due in class: March 30, 2015) Name:

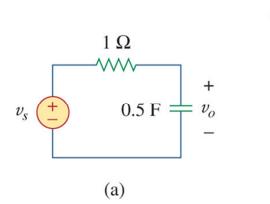
- 3. (Prob. 15.43b from Text) Find y(t) = x(t) \* h(t) for the paired x(t) and h(t) below using two methods:
  - a. Solve using the graphical method (evaluate the integral to find the area under the curve).
  - b. Solve by multiplying in the s-domain (use the Laplace Transform & Inverse Laplace transform):

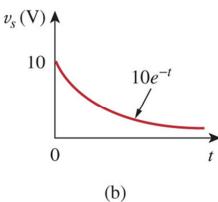




### Homework #8 (Due in class: March 30, 2015) Name:

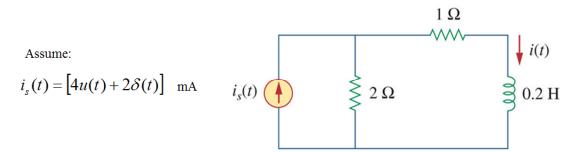
4. (Practice problem 15.14 from Text) Use convolution to find  $v_0(t)$  in the circuit below in figure (a) when the excitation is the signal shown in figure (b). Verify your answer by performing the equivalent operation in the s-domain.





Homework #8 (Due in class: March 30, 2015) Name:

5. (Prob. 16.14 from Text) Find i(t) for t > 0 for the circuit shown below:



## Homework #8 (Due in class: March 30, 2015) Name:

6. (Prob. 16.16 from Text) The capacitor in the circuit below is initially uncharged. Find  $v_0(t)$  for t > 0:

