CV_HW4

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Language and Tool

- Python3.6
- Numpy
- PIL

Kernel

Input and binarize lena picture

```
# origin
img = Image.open('lena.bmp')
img_array = np.array(img)
Image.fromarray(img_array).save('lena.jpg')

# binary
print("Binarize the origin picture..\n")
img_b_array = np.uint8(np.copy(img_array)>=128)*255
Image.fromarray(img_b_array).save('lena_bin_128.jpg')
```





lena lena_bin_128

Problem1 Dilation

I trace all the pixels of the binary picture, and make the pixel dilated by the kernel.

```
img_array:numpy array,the array of a picture
kernel:list,the kernel I use
pixel:int, the value of pixel we process
img_b_array:array,the array of the binary picture
def dilation(img_array,kernel,pixel):
    img d = np.copy(img array)
    for i in range(img_array.shape[0]):
        for j in range(img_array.shape[1]):
            if(img_array[i][j]==pixel):
                for k in kernel:
                    new x = i + k[0]
                    new_y = j + k[1]
                    if(new_x >=0 and new_x<img_array.shape[0] and</pre>
new_y>=0 and new_y<img_array.shape[1]):</pre>
                         img_d[new_x][new_y] = pixel
    return img d
img_d = dilation(img_b_array,kernel,255)
Image.fromarray(img_d).save('lena_bin_dil.jpg')
```



lena_dil

Problem2 Erosion

During tracing all pixels of the binary picture, I count how many kernel pixels value in the binary picture is 'pixel'. If the counting number is the same as the length of kernel, the pixel value will be 'pixel'.

```
img_array:numpy array,the array of the binary picture
kernel:list,the kernel I use
pixel:int, the value of pixel we process
img_b_array:array,the array of the binary picture
def erosion(img_array,kernel,pixel):
    img_e = np.copy(img_array)
    length = len(kernel)
    for i in range(img_array.shape[0]):
        for j in range(img_array.shape[1]):
            count = 0
            for k in kernel:
                new_x = i + k[0]
                new_y = j + k[1]
                if(new_x >=0 and new_x<img_array.shape[0] and new_y>=0
and new y<img array.shape[1] and img array[new x][new y]==pixel):</pre>
                    count += 1
            if(count < length):</pre>
                img e[i][j] = 255-pixel
            if(count == length):
                img e[i][j] = pixel
    return img e
img_e = erosion(img_b_array,kernel,255)
Image.fromarray(img_e).save('lena_bin_ero.jpg')
```



lena_ero

Problem 3&4 Opening and Closing

To perform opening on the binary picture, I do erosion first and then do dilation.

To perform closing on the binary picture, I do dilation first and then do erosion.

```
img_array:numpy array,the array of the binary picture
kernel:list,the kernel I use
pixel:int,the value of pixel we process

img_b_array:array,the array of the binary picture

def opening(img_array,kernel,pixel):
    return dilation(erosion(img_array,kernel,pixel),kernel,pixel)
img_open = opening(img_b_array,kernel,255)
Image.fromarray(img_open).save('lena_bin_open.jpg')

def closing(img_array,kernel,pixel):
    return erosion(dilation(img_array,kernel,pixel),kernel,pixel)
img_close = closing(img_b_array,kernel,255)
Image.fromarray(img_close).save('lena_bin_close.jpg')
```





lena_open

lena_close

Problem5 Hit-and-Miss

```
First, I get the erosions of the binary picture by kernel_J and kernel_K
on white and black pixels separately.
Second, I do the union operation on the two array above.
img_array:numpy array,the array of the binary picture
kernel_J,kernel_K:list,the kernel I use
pixel:int, the value of pixel we process
img_b_array:array,the array of the binary picture
def hit_and_miss(img_array,kernel_J,kernel_K,pixel):
    img_e_positive = erosion(img_array,kernel_J,pixel)
    img_e_negative = erosion(img_array,kernel_K,255-pixel)
    img_h_a_m = np.copy(img_e_positive)
    for i in range(img_array.shape[0]):
        for j in range(img array.shape[1]):
            if(img_h_a_m[i][j] == pixel):
                if(img_e_negative[i][j] != 255-pixel):
                    img_h_a_m[i][j] = 255-pixel
    return img_h_a_m
img_h_a_m = hit_and_miss(img_b_array,kernel_J,kernel_K,255)
Image.fromarray(img_h_a_m).save('lena_bin_ham.jpg')
```



lena_hit_and_miss