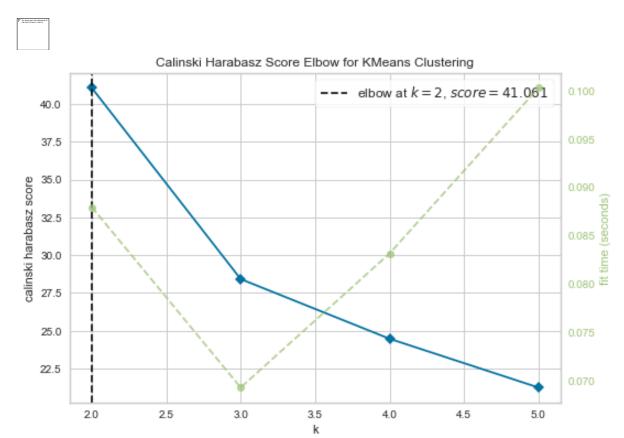
## **COMBINING PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS (CAPSTONE PROJECT)**

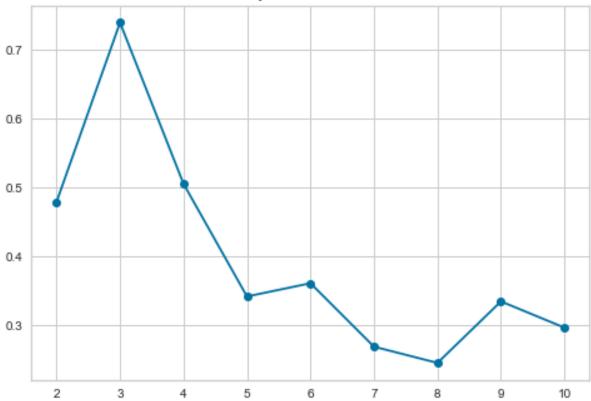
Task 1: Determine Store Formats for Existing Stores

## What is the optimal number of store formats? How did you arrive at that number?

The optimal number of store formats is 3, this can be shown by using the Calinski Harabasz Score and the Silhouette Visualization Method. The Visuals are shown below:



### Adjusted Rand Index



#### How many stores fall into each store format?

After applying K Means Clustering, the following results were obtained for the clusters of the stores:

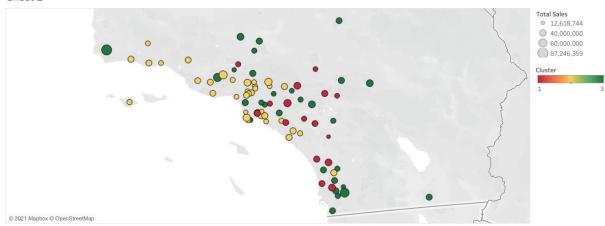
Store Format	No. of Stores
Cluster 1	25
Cluster 2	35
Cluster 3	25

Based on the results of the clustering model, what is one way that the clusters differ from one another?

Cluster 2 has a higher Total Sales amount than Cluster 1 and Cluster 3.

Please provide a Tableau Visualization (saved as a Tableau Public File) that shows the location of the stores, uses color to show cluster and size to show total sales.

The link for the Tableau Public File can be found here: https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/margaret.awojide/viz/UdacityProjectTask1/Sheet1

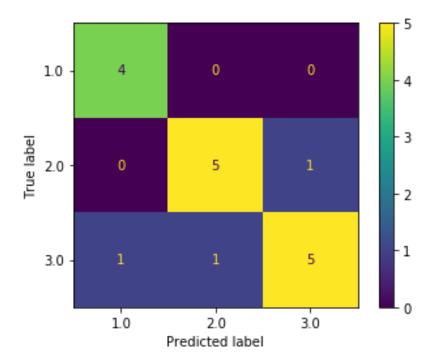


#### **Tableau Visualization**

# **Task 2: Store Format for New Stores**

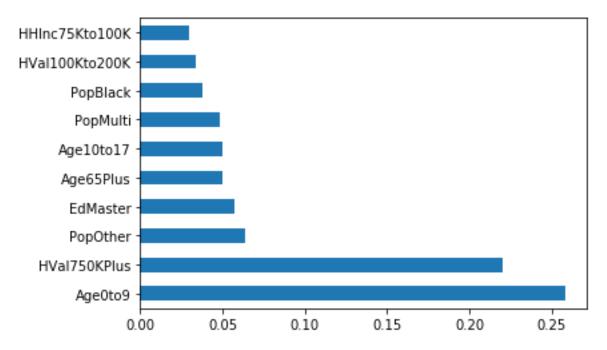
What methodology did you use to predict the best store format for the new store and why did you choose the methodology?

A 20% validation sample was created and 3 models were tested for the best store format: Decision Trees, Random Forest and the Gradient Boost Model. The Gradient Boost Model had the highest Model Accuracy Score(0.823) and F1 Score(0.830) and was selected as the model to be used for prediction of clusters.



❖ What are the 3 most important variables that help explain the relationship between demographic indicators and store formats? Please include a visualization.

After calculating using the Gradient Boost Model, it was discovered that the 3 most important variables are: Age0to9, HVal750KPlus and PopOther as seen in the feature importance bar chart below. The chart below shows the top 10 important variables using the Gradient Boost Model.



❖ What format do each of the 10 new stores fall into? Please provide a data table
The new store format for the 10 new stores are given in the table below:

STORE	STORE FORMAT
S0086	3
S0087	2
S0088	2
S0089	2
S0090	2
S0091	1
S0092	2
S0093	1
S0094	2
S0095	2

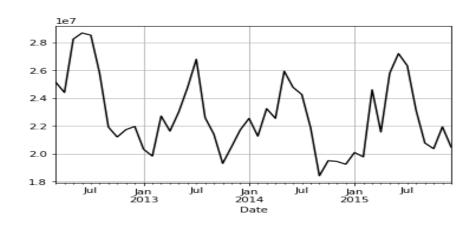
Task 3: Forecasting

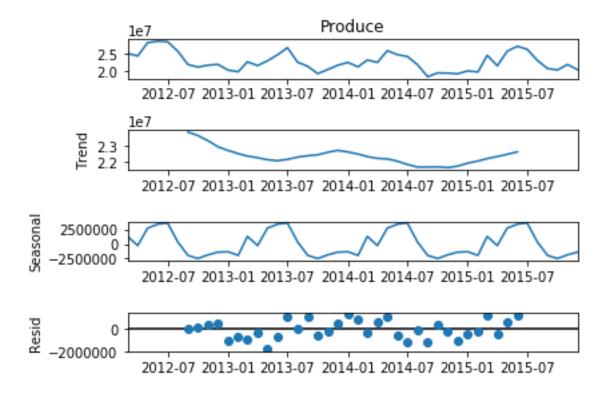
For forecasting, the ARIMA model was applied to forecast the product sales for the months of 2016 for the existing stores and new stores to be created. The time series ARIMA model used was the ARIMA (1,0,1) model.

Since we do not have data for the Produce Sales of the new stores, the values were forecasted using on the basis of the clusters they fall under.

The Augmented Dickey-Fuller test was used to check for the stationarity of the data.

## Statistical Results for the Existing Stores Forecast



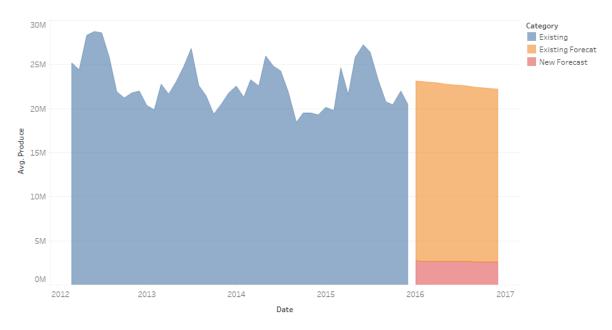


#### SARIMAX Results

	34	AKTMAX Kes	ults			
Dep. Variable:	Pro	oduce No	. Observatio	ns:	46	
Model:	SARIMAX(1, 0	9, 1) Lo	g Likelihood		-737.491	
Date:	Fri, 24 Jun	2022 AI	:C		1480.983	
Time:	20:4	14:46 B1	C.C.		1486.469	
Sample:	03-01-	-2012 HQ	IC		1483.038	
•	- 12-01-	-2015	•			
Covariance Type:		opg				
cc	ef std err		z P> z	[0.025	0.975]	
ar.L1 0.99	0.012	83.23	9 0.000	0.973	1.020	
ma.L1 -0.04	15 0.153	-0.27	2 0.786	-0.341	0.258	
sigma2 4.309e+	3.11e-15	1.38e+2	7 0.000	4.31e+12	4.31e+12	
Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):		0.01	. Jarque-Be	 ra (JB):		0.50
Prob(Q):		0.92	Prob(JB):			0.78
Heteroskedasticity	(H):	1.28	Skew:			0.17
Prob(H) (two-sided)	• •	0.64	Kurtosis:			2.62

Month	Existing Stores	New Stores
Jan-16	20440363.28	2672239.26
Feb-16	20362969.31	2661383.56
Mar-16	20285868.39	2650572.09
Apr-16	20209059.39	2639804.70
May-16	20132541.22	2629081.19
Jun-16	20056312.77	2618401.38
Jul-16	19980372.95	2607765.10
Aug-16	19904720.66	2597172.17

Sep-16	19829354.82	2586622.42
Oct-16	19754274.33	2576115.66
Nov-16	19679478.13	2565651.71
Dec-16	19604965.12	2555230.42



**Tableau Link**