Consequences of parasite specificity: fish parasites in Mexico

This analysis uses the data from García-Prieto et al. (2022) to study consequences of parasite specificity.

First, we read in the host-parasite data

```
f <- read_csv("~/Dropbox/andrew/RCN/data/mexicanFish/FISH_PARASITE_DATASET.csv")
```

Next, we read in a fish phylogenetic tree

```
library(ape)
tree <- ape::read.tree("~/Dropbox/andrew/RCN/data/mexicanFish/actinopt_12k_raxml.tre")</pre>
```

In this analysis, we focus on adult stages of the parasites, and their associations with host species. Q1: are there differences between larval-host associations? - i.e., are these hosts sometimes intermediate vs definitive hosts? I think I found 8 instances where the same host-parasite interaction was recorded for Adult and Larva parasite stages. Perhaps there could be separate 'intermediate' vs 'definitive' host case studies.

```
f %<>%
    mutate(Stage = stringr::str_replace_all(Stage, "Adulto", "Adult"))
f %<>%
    dplyr::filter(Stage == "Adult")
# remove host or parasite taxa not identified to species
f %<>%
    dplyr::filter(grepl("sp\\.", Host_species) == F)
f %<>%
    dplyr::filter(grepl("sp\\.", Parasite_species) == F)
```

We create a host-parasite matrix

```
# matrix of host-(adult)parasite associations
m <- as.data.frame.matrix(table(f$Parasite_species, f$Host_species))</pre>
```

There are 57 fish species in this analysis where the Latin binomial in the host-parasite database doesn't match to the fish phylogeny data. Q2: Can someone help explore synonyms or confirm missing species from phylogeny?

```
# probably a fish synonym issue, but for now remove host species not in fish
# phylo
missingFish <- setdiff(colnames(m), tree$tip.label)</pre>
missingFishFormatted <- gsub("_", " ", missingFish)</pre>
library(rfishbase)
synCheck <- rfishbase::synonyms(missingFishFormatted)</pre>
synCheck %<>%
    dplyr::filter(Status %in% c("misapplied name", "synonym")) %>%
    dplyr::select(synonym, Species)
synCheck %<>%
    dplyr::mutate(across(.cols = everything(), ~str_replace_all(., " ", "_")))
idx.1 <- which(f$Host_species == synCheck$synonym[1])</pre>
idx.2 <- which(f$Host_species == synCheck$synonym[2])</pre>
f$Host_species[idx.1] <- synCheck$Species[1]</pre>
# f$Host_species[idx.2] <- synCheck$Species[2]# we don't run this line because
# even the synonym isn't in the tree
# recalculate matrix of host-(adult)parasite associations
m <- as.data.frame.matrix(table(f$Parasite_species, f$Host_species))</pre>
# for now we remove from host-parasite data those fish species that are not
# found in the phylogenetic tree
f %<>%
    dplyr::filter(!Host_species %in% missingFish)
# reCalc fParas now some species removed
fParas <- f %>%
    dplyr::select(Parasite_species) %>%
    distinct() %>%
    pull()
```

We calculate each parasite's phylogenetic specificity

We examine specificity as a function of parasite taxonomy

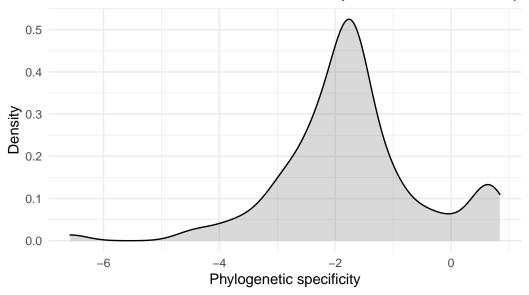
```
load("get_z.Rda")
z %<>%
    mutate(Parasite_species = rownames(.))
paraPhylum <- f %>%
    dplyr::select(Parasite_species, Phylum_parasite) %>%
    distinct()

z %<>%
    left_join(., paraPhylum)

# z %>%

# ggplot(.,aes(x=Phylum_parasite,y=mpd.obs.z))+geom_boxplot()+xlab('Parasite)
# phylum')+ylab('Parasite specificity')
z %>%
    dplyr::filter(Phylum_parasite == "Platyhelminthes") %>%
    ggplot(., aes(x = mpd.obs.z)) + geom_density(fill = "gray50", alpha = 0.3) +
    xlab("Phylogenetic specificity") + ylab("Density") + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("Platyhelminthes")
```

Platyhelminthes exhibit a wide range of phylogenetic specificity values < -1.96 mean hosts statistically more related than expe

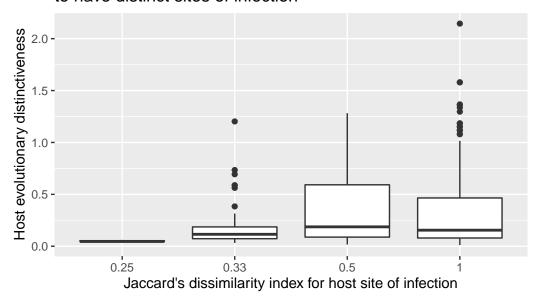


We relate sites of infection (in/on host) to host evolutionary distinctiveness. The idea here is that if the host species is unrelated to the other hosts, this could be associated with atypical infection (i.e., maladaptive virulence)

```
library(phyloregion)
for (i in 1:length(h3)) {
    # go through all relevant parasites (those with at least 3 host species)
    f_ <- f %>%
        dplyr::filter(Parasite species == h3[i]) # reduce full dataframe to only this par
    f_ %<>%
        dplyr::select(Parasite_species, Host_species, Site_of_infection) %>%
        distinct() #select only columns: host, parasite, site of infection
    f_hosts <- f_ %>%
        dplyr::select(Host_species) %>%
        distinct() %>%
        pull() # identify all the hosts for this parasite
    tree_ <- drop.tip(tree, tree$tip.label[-match(f_hosts, tree$tip.label)]) # make a min
    ed <- phyloregion::evol_distinct(tree_, type = "equal.splits", use.branch.lengths = T)
    f_ %<>%
        left_join(., data.frame(ed, Host_species = names(ed))) # add evolutionary distinct
    f_ %<>%
        mutate(dj = -999) # create placeholder column to store jaccard distances for site
    for (j in 1:dim(f_)[1]) {
        # cycle through each host
        a <- f_ %>%
            dplyr::filter(Host_species == f_$Host_species[j]) %>%
            dplyr::select(Site_of_infection) %>%
            distinct() %>%
            pull() #sites of infection for this host
        b <- f_ %>%
            dplyr::filter(Host_species != f_$Host_species[j]) %>%
            dplyr::select(Site_of_infection) %>%
            distinct() %>%
            pull() #sites of infection for all other hosts
        f_$dj[j] <- jaccard(a, b) #jaccard distance for sites of infection
    }
    s %<>%
        bind_rows(., f_) #add this new case to dataframe 's'
}
z4merge <- z %>%
    dplyr::select(Parasite_species, mpd.obs.z) #prep specificity data to join to s
s %<>%
   left_join(., z4merge)
```

```
# plots
library(scales)
s %<>%
    left_join(., paraPhylum)
s %<>%
    mutate(sg = if_else(mpd.obs.z > (-1.96), "g", "s"))
s %<>%
    mutate(dj = round(dj, digits = 2))
s %>%
    dplyr::filter(Phylum_parasite == "Platyhelminthes" & dj > 0) %>%
    ggplot(., aes(x = as.factor(dj), y = ed)) + geom_boxplot() + ylab("Host evolutionary downward)
    xlab("Jaccard's dissimilarity index for host site of infection") + ggtitle("Evolutionary)
```

Evolutionarily distinct hosts are more likely to have distinct sites of infection



Are the parasites of exotic fish species (that are also parasites of native fish species) a non-random sample?

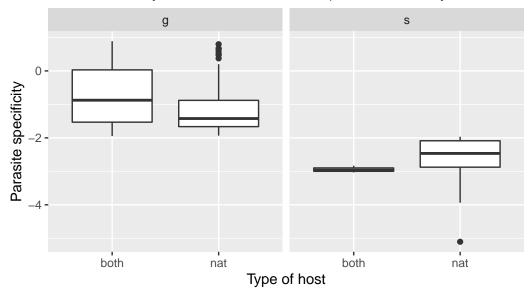
```
# first we reload the data and remove parasites only of the exotic species
# (fER=fishEnemyRelease)
fER <- read_csv("~/Dropbox/andrew/RCN/data/mexicanFish/FISH_PARASITE_DATASET.csv")
exoParas <- fER %>%
    dplyr::filter(Exotic_or_native == "Exotic") %>%
```

```
dplyr::select(Parasite_species) %>%
    distinct() %>%
    pull()
natParas <- fER %>%
    dplyr::filter(Exotic_or_native == "Native") %>%
    dplyr::select(Parasite_species) %>%
    distinct() %>%
    pull()
onlyExoParas <- setdiff(exoParas, natParas)</pre>
fER %<>%
    dplyr::filter(!Parasite_species %in% onlyExoParas)
natBoth <- tibble(Parasite_species = exoParas, natBoth = "both")</pre>
natBoth2 <- tibble(Parasite_species = natParas, natBoth = "nat")</pre>
natBoth %<>%
    bind_rows(., natBoth2)
doubleCounted <- natBoth %>%
    group_by(Parasite_species) %>%
    summarize(n = n()) \%>\%
    dplyr::filter(n > 1) %>%
    pull(Parasite_species)
forTheChop <- NULL</pre>
for (i in 1:dim(natBoth)[1]) {
    if (natBoth$Parasite_species[i] %in% doubleCounted & natBoth$natBoth[i] == "nat") {
        forTheChop <- c(forTheChop, i)</pre>
}
natBoth %<>%
    slice(-forTheChop)
# need parasite specificity measured only in native species note fER is not
# filtered to adult stage only (as f is)
fER2 <- fER %>%
    dplyr::filter(Exotic_or_native == "Native")
```

```
mNat <- as.data.frame.matrix(table(fER2$Parasite_species, fER2$Host_species))</pre>
# reduce phydist to host species in fish database
idx <- which(rownames(phydist) %in% fER2$Host_species)</pre>
phydist.nat <- phydist[idx, idx]</pre>
# reduce HP association matrix to fish in phydist
idx <- which(colnames(mNat) %in% colnames(phydist.nat))</pre>
mNat <- mNat[, idx]</pre>
idx <- which(rowSums(mNat) != 0)</pre>
mNat <- mNat[idx, ]</pre>
zNat <- picante::ses.mpd(mNat, phydist.nat, null.model = "independentswap", runs = 1000,</pre>
    abundance.weighted = F)
save(zNat, file = "get_zNat.Rda")
load("get_zNat.Rda")
zNat %<>%
    mutate(Parasite_species = rownames(.))
zNat %<>%
    left_join(., paraPhylum)
zNat %<>%
    left_join(., natBoth)
zNat %<>%
    drop_na(Phylum_parasite, mpd.obs.z)
# zNat %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(as.factor(natBoth),y=mpd.obs.z))+geom_boxplot()+facet_wrap(~Phylum_parasite
# platyhelminthes
zNatPlat <- zNat %>%
    dplyr::filter(Phylum_parasite == "Platyhelminthes")
zNatPlat %<>%
    mutate(sg = if_else(mpd.obs.z > (-1.96), "g", "s"))
# zNatPlat %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(as.factor(natBoth),y=mpd.obs.z))+geom_boxplot()+facet_wrap(~sg)
# zNatPlat %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(as.factor(natBoth),y=ntaxa))+geom_boxplot()+facet_wrap(~sg)
```

```
plot1 <- zNatPlat %>%
    ggplot(., aes(as.factor(natBoth), y = mpd.obs.z)) + geom_boxplot() + facet_wrap(~sg) +
    ggtitle("Extreme generalist (g) and specialist (s) platyhelminthes\nare more likely to
    xlab("Type of host") + ylab("Parasite specificity")
# zNatPlat %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(x=mpd.obs.z,fill=as.factor(natBoth)))+geom_density(alpha=0.3)
# nematoda
zNatNem <- zNat %>%
    dplyr::filter(Phylum_parasite == "Nematoda")
zNatNem %<>%
    mutate(sg = if_else(mpd.obs.z > (-1.96), "g", "s"))
# ggplot(.,aes(as.factor(natBoth),y=mpd.obs.z))+geom_boxplot()+facet_wrap(~sg)
# zNatNem %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(as.factor(natBoth),y=ntaxa))+geom_boxplot()+facet_wrap(~sg)
plot2 <- zNatNem %>%
    ggplot(., aes(as.factor(natBoth), y = mpd.obs.z)) + geom_boxplot() + facet_wrap(~sg) +
    ggtitle("Nematoda") + xlab("Type of host") + ylab("Parasite specificity")
# zNatNem %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(x=mpd.obs.z,fill=as.factor(natBoth)))+geom_density(alpha=0.3)
library(patchwork)
plot1
```

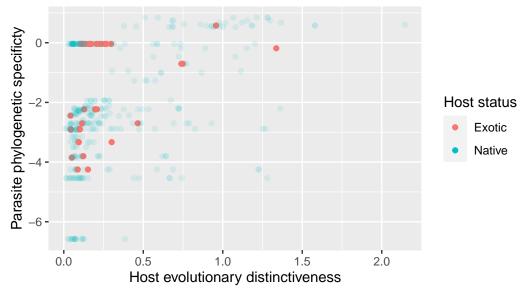
Extreme generalist (g) and specialist (s) platyhelminthes are more likely to infect exotic hosts (nat=native only, both=native)



```
# plot1|plot2
exo4join <- f %>%
    dplyr::select(Host_species, Exotic_or_native) %>%
    distinct()
exEdByZ <- s %>%
    dplyr::select(Host_species, Parasite_species, ed) %>%
    distinct()
exEdByZ %<>%
    left_join(., exo4join)
exEdByZ %<>%
    dplyr::filter(Exotic_or_native == "Exotic")
exEdByZ %<>%
    left_join(., paraPhylum)
exEdByZ %<>%
    left_join(., z4merge)
# exEdByZ %>% dplyr::filter(Phylum_parasite=='Platyhelminthes') %>%
# ggplot(.,aes(x=ed,y=mpd.obs.z))+geom_point()+xlab('Exotic host evolutionary
# distinctiveness')+ylab('Parasite specificity')
```

```
x <- s %>%
    left_join(., exo4join)
x %<>%
    dplyr::select(Host_species, Parasite_species, ed, mpd.obs.z, sg, Exotic_or_native)
x %<>%
    left_join(., paraPhylum)
x %<>%
    dplyr::filter(Phylum_parasite == "Platyhelminthes")
x %<>%
    mutate(alphaLevel = if_else(Exotic_or_native == "Exotic", 1, 0.9))
x %>%
    ggplot(., aes(x = ed, y = mpd.obs.z, col = Exotic_or_native)) + geom_point(aes(alpha = xlab("Host evolutionary distinctiveness") + ylab("Parasite phylogenetic specificty") + guides(alpha = "none") + scale_color_discrete(name = "Host status") + ggtitle("Parasite")
```

Parasites of hosts tend to be more generalist as host evolutionary distinctiveness increases



```
x %>%
    dplyr::select(ed, Exotic_or_native) %>%
    distinct() %>%
    ggplot(., aes(x = Exotic_or_native, y = ed)) + geom_boxplot() + xlab("Host status") +
    ylab("Host evolutionary distinctivenes") + ggtitle("Overall, exotic host species are not approximately approximate
```

Overall, exotic host species are not more evolutionarily distinct than native species

